

United States Department of Agriculture



Natural Resources Conservation Service In cooperation with United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service; Missouri Department of Natural Resources; Missouri Department of Conservation; Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station; and Bollinger County Soil and Water Conservation District

Soil Survey of Bollinger County, Missouri



How To Use This Soil Survey

General Soil Map

The general soil map, which is a color map, shows the survey area divided into groups of associated soils called general soil map units. This map is useful in planning the use and management of large areas.

To find information about your area of interest, locate that area on the map, identify the name of the map unit in the area on the color-coded map legend, then refer to the section **General Soil Map Units** for a general description of the soils in your area.

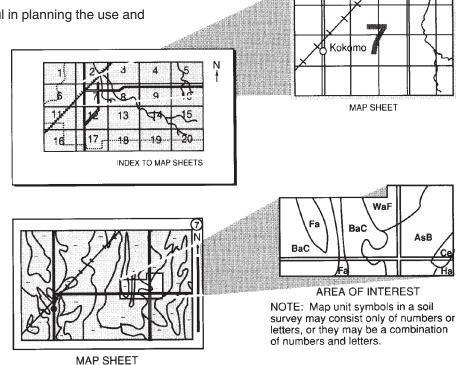
Detailed Soil Maps

The detailed soil maps can be useful in planning the use and management of small areas.

To find information about your area of interest, locate that area on the **Index to Map Sheets**. Note the number of the map sheet and turn to that sheet.

Locate your area of interest on the map sheet. Note the map unit symbols that are in that area. Turn to the **Contents**, which lists the map units by symbol and name and shows the page where each map unit is described.

The **Contents** shows which table has data on a specific land use for each detailed soil map unit. Also see the **Contents** for sections of this publication that may address your specific needs.



This soil survey is a publication of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (formerly the Soil Conservation Service) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Major fieldwork for this soil survey was completed in 2001. Soil names and descriptions were approved in 2002. Unless otherwise indicated, statements in this publication refer to conditions in the survey area in 2002. This survey was made cooperatively by the Natural Resources Conservation Service and the United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service; Missouri Department of Natural Resources; Missouri Department of Conservation; Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station; and Bollinger County Soil and Water Conservation District. The survey is part of the technical assistance furnished to the Bollinger County Soil and Water Conservation District.

Soil maps in this survey may be copied without permission. Enlargement of these maps, however, could cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping. If enlarged, maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a larger scale.

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Cover: A typical landscape of the Wrengart-Alred-Hildebrect association.

Additional information about the Nation's natural resources is available on the Natural Resources Conservation Service home page on the World Wide Web. The address is http://www.nrcs.usda.gov.

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Issued 2006

Foreword

This soil survey contains information that affects land use planning in this survey area. It contains predictions of soil behavior for selected land uses. The survey also highlights soil limitations, improvements needed to overcome the limitations, and the impact of selected land uses on the environment.

This soil survey is designed for many different users. Farmers, ranchers, foresters, and agronomists can use it to evaluate the potential of the soil and the management needed for maximum food and fiber production. Planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers can use the survey to plan land use, select sites for construction, and identify special practices needed to ensure proper performance. Conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, wildlife management, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the survey to help them understand, protect, and enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. The information in this report is intended to identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. Statements made in this report are intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are shallow to bedrock. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

These and many other soil properties that affect land use are described in this soil survey. Broad areas of soils are shown on the general soil map. The location of each soil is shown on the detailed soil maps. Each soil in the survey area is described. Information on specific uses is given for each soil. Help in using this publication and additional information are available at the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or the Cooperative Extension Service.

Roger A. Hansen State Conservationist Natural Resources Conservation Service

Soil Survey of **Bollinger County, Missouri**

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United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service, in cooperation with

the United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service; the Missouri Department of Natural Resources; the Missouri Department of Conservation; the Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station; and the Bollinger County Soil and Water Conservation District

Bollinger County is located in the southeastern part of Missouri, about 90 miles south of St. Louis and 25 miles west of the Mississippi River (fig. 1). It is bordered on the east by Cape Girardeau County, on the south by Stoddard County, on the west by Wayne and Madison Counties, and on the north by Perry County. The total area of the county is 397,235 acres, or about 620 square miles. Marble Hill is the county seat. The population of the county was 12,029 in 2000.

General Nature of the County

This section gives general information concerning the county. It describes climate; physiography, relief, and drainage; history and development; and agriculture.

Climate

Table 1 gives data on temperature and precipitation for the survey area as recorded at Marble Hill in the period 1961 to 1990. Table 2 shows probable dates of the first freeze in fall and the last freeze in spring. Table 3 provides data on the length of the growing season.

In winter, the average temperature is 34.3 degrees F and the average daily minimum temperature is 23.3 degrees. The lowest temperature on record, which occurred at Marble Hill on February 2, 1951, was –27



Figure 1.—Location of Bollinger County in Missouri.

degrees. In summer, the average daily temperature is 75.4 degrees, and the average daily maximum temperature is 88 degrees. The highest temperature, which occurred at Marble Hill on July 18, 1954, was 108 degrees.

Growing degree days are shown in table 1. They are equivalent to "heat units." During the month, growing degree days accumulate by the amount that the

average temperature each day exceeds a base temperature (50 degrees F). The normal monthly accumulation is used to schedule single or successive plantings of a crop between the last freeze in spring and the first freeze in fall.

The average annual total precipitation is about 46.80 inches. Of this total, about 24.29 inches, or 52 percent, usually falls in April through September. The growing season for most crops falls within this period. The heaviest 1-day rainfall during the period of record was 6.30 inches at Marble Hill on March 28, 1977. Thunderstorms occur on about 60 days each year, and most occur between May and August.

The average seasonal snowfall is 13.4 inches. The greatest snow depth at any one time during the period of record was 14 inches recorded on February 26, 1979. On an average, 6 days per year have at least 1 inch of snow on the ground. The heaviest 1-day snowfall on record was 12 inches recorded on February 16, 1993.

The average relative humidity in midafternoon is about 58 percent. Humidity is higher at night, and the average at dawn is about 86 percent. The sun shines 68 percent of the time possible in summer and 47 percent in winter. The prevailing wind is from the southwest. Average windspeed is highest, around 9 miles per hour, from November to April.

Physiography, Relief, and Drainage

Bollinger County has two distinct physiographic regions within its borders. The Salem Plateau, which covers most of the county, is an extensive land region made of Ordovician age rocks that surrounds the St. Francois Mountains. In Bollinger County, these rocks are mostly cherty dolostone with some thin interbedded sandstone. A thin loess deposit covers the broader ridgetops. The plateau is highly dissected by numerous streams forming interconnecting ridges and steep hillslopes.

The Mississippi River alluvial delta area is in the southern part of Bollinger County. This area is primarily lowlands produced by the Mississippi River during a previous era. It is level and made up of terraces and intra-terrace flatlands.

The major river valleys drain to the southeast. The Whitewater River and the Little Whitewater River are in the northern part of the county. Crooked Creek, along which the town of Marble Hill is located, is in the middle part, and the Castor River is in the southwestern part of the county.

History and Development

Bollinger County was formed in 1851 from portions of Cape Girardeau, Madison, Stoddard, and Wayne Counties. It was named for George Frederick Bollinger, who came to this area in 1797 from North Carolina. He received a 640-acre land grant from Don Louis Lorimier, the Spanish commandant at Cape Girardeau. In return for the land, Bollinger agreed to develop the land and bring more settlers from the east. He returned to North Carolina and, in 1800, brought 20 families (including six of his brothers and their families) back to settle along the banks of the Whitewater River.

Bollinger also became involved in the political arena. Bollinger was a member of the first territorial assembly, which met in 1812 in St. Louis. When Missouri became a state, Bollinger became a senator. He was one of the original senators to meet at the First Missouri State Capitol in St. Charles and he was elected to serve as president pro tem of the Senate in 1828. Bollinger also had a hand in national politics when he was a member of the electoral college that elected President Andrew Jackson to his second term (1832 to 1837).

Agriculture

Clearing of the forests began in the early 1800s with the first European settlements in the river valleys and on the broader ridges. Several decades ago, significant acreages of corn and wheat were grown in the county. At the present time, very few acres in the county are devoted to annual crops. The cleared land is used to produce grass or grass and legume mixtures for pasture and hay. Nearly all of the pasture and hay is consumed by beef cattle. Many of the farmers in the county supplement their incomes with off-farm employment. Nearly 70 percent of the county is used for timber production. The harvesting of saw logs, primarily oak, is an important segment of the local economy. Most of the logs are processed locally into ties and pallet lumber.

How This Survey Was Made

This survey was made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The information includes a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location and a discussion of their suitability, limitations, and management for specified uses. Soil scientists

observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They dug many holes to study the soil profile, which is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area are in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept or model of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind

and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

The descriptions, names, and delineations of the soils in this survey area do not fully agree with those of the soils in adjacent survey areas. Differences are the result of a better knowledge of soils, modifications in series concepts, or variations in the intensity of mapping or in the extent of the soils in the survey areas.

General Soil Map Units

The general soil map in this publication shows broad areas that have a distinctive pattern of soils, relief, and drainage. These broad areas are called associations. Each association on the general soil map is a unique natural landscape. Typically, it consists of one or more major soils or miscellaneous areas and some minor soils or miscellaneous areas. It is named for the major soils or miscellaneous areas. The components of one association can occur in another but in a different pattern.

The general soil map can be used to compare the suitability of large areas for general land uses. Areas of suitable soils can be identified on the map. Likewise, areas where the soils are not suitable can be identified.

Because of its small scale, the map is not suitable for planning the management of a farm or field or for selecting a site for a road or building or other structure. The soils in any one association differ from place to place in slope, depth, drainage, and other characteristics that affect management.

1. Wrengart-Alred-Hildebrecht Association

Composition

Extent of the association in the survey area: 44 percent

Extent of the components in the association (fig. 2): Wrengart and similar soils—47 percent Alred and similar soils—32 percent Hildebrecht and similar soils—10 percent Soils of minor extent—11 percent

Soils of Minor Extent

 Rueter and Gepp, very deep fine-loamy soils, and very deep clayey-skeletal soils

Landscape

Wrengart—summits, backslopes, and footslopes Alred—shoulders and backslopes Hildebrecht—summits and shoulders

Parent Material

Wrengart—fine-silty loess over gravelly residuum derived from cherty limestone
Alred—gravelly colluvium derived from cherty dolostone over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Hildebrecht—loess over residuum derived from dolostone

Slope Range

Wrengart—2 to 35 percent Alred—8 to 35 percent Hildebrecht—5 to 15 percent

Major Land Uses

· Woodland, pasture and hayland, and cropland

2. Clarksville-Captina-Scholten Association

Composition

Extent of the association in the survey area: 29 percent

Extent of the components in the association (fig. 3): Clarksville and similar soils—32 percent Captina and similar soils—32 percent Scholten and similar soils—23 percent Soils of minor extent—13 percent

Soils of Minor Extent

 Alred, Poynor, very deep fine-loamy soils, very deep clayey-skeletal soils, Rueter, Tilk, and Cornwall

Landscape

Clarksville—narrow, rounded summits and backslopes Captina—moderately wide, rounded summits and shoulders

Scholten—narrow, rounded summits and backslopes

Parent Material

Clarksville—gravelly colluvium derived from cherty dolostone

Captina—loess over loamy material derived from dolostone

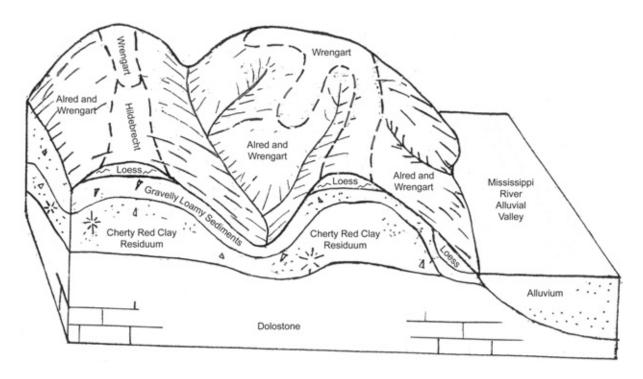


Figure 2.—Typical pattern of soils and parent material in the Wrengart-Alred-Hildebrecht association.

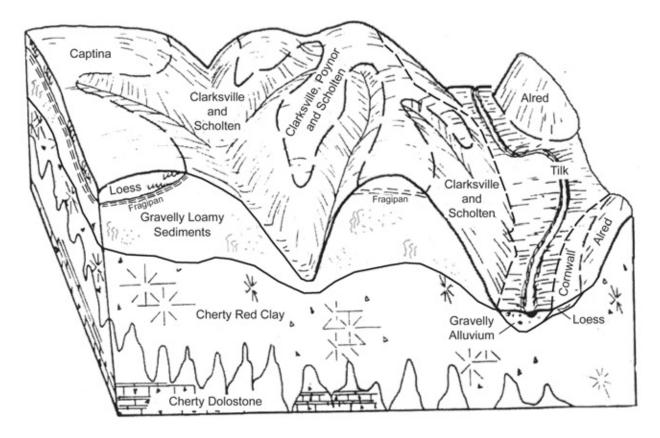


Figure 3.—Typical pattern of soils and parent material in the Clarksville-Captina-Scholten association.

Scholten—gravelly colluvium derived from cherty limestone

Slope Range

Clarksville—8 to 45 percent Captina—3 to 15 percent Scholten—3 to 45 percent

Major Land Uses

· Woodland, pasture, and hayland

3. Calhoun-Falaya-Forestdale Association

Composition

Extent of the association in the survey area: 11 percent

Extent of the components in the association (fig. 4): Calhoun and similar soils—58 percent

Falaya and similar soils—11 percent Forestale and similar soils—11 percent Soils of minor extent—20 percent

Soils of Minor Extent

Bosket, Dubbs, Malden, and Oaklimeter soils, and areas of water

Landscape

Calhoun—low terraces
Falaya—natural levees and low terraces
Forestdale—low terraces

Parent Material

Calhoun—silty alluvium or loess
Falaya—silty alluvium from loess
Forestdale—clayey and silty alluvium

Slope Range

Calhoun—0 to 1 percent

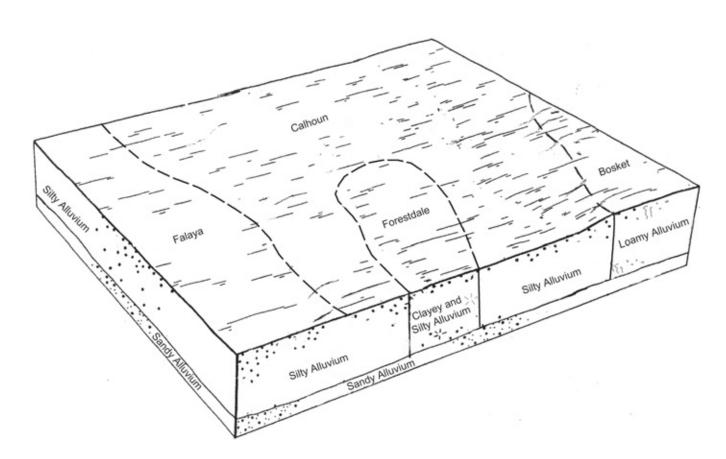


Figure 4.—Typical pattern of soils and parent material in the Calhoun-Falaya-Forestdale association.

Falaya—0 to 1 percent Forestdale—0 to 1 percent

Major Land Uses

Cropland

4. Tilk-Secesh-Cornwall Association

Composition

Extent of the association in the survey area: 7 percent

Extent of the components in the association (fig. 5): Tilk and similar soils—49 percent

Secesh and similar soils—19 percent Cornwall and similar soils—18 percent Soils of minor extent—14 percent

Soils of Minor Extent

 Bearthicket, Gladden, Higdon, Marquand, and Poynor

Landscape

Tilk—low stream terraces and flood plains Secesh—low stream terraces Cornwall—footslopes and high stream terraces

Parent Material

Tilk—loamy and sandy alluvium that has a high content of rock fragments

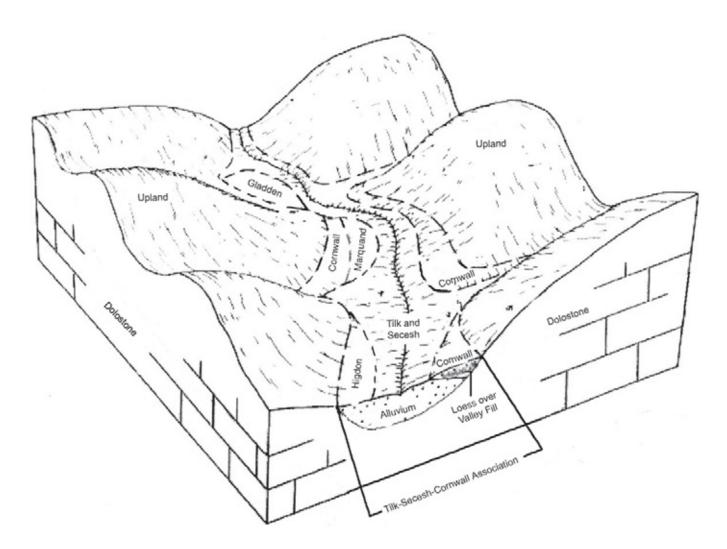


Figure 5.—Typical pattern of soils and parent material in the Tilk-Secesh-Cornwall association.

Secesh—about 2 feet of loamy material over gravelly residuum or alluvium

Cornwall—loess over valley fill materials

Slope Range

Tilk—0 to 3 percent Secesh—0 to 3 percent Cornwall—3 to 8 percent

Major Land Uses

· Pasture, hayland, and cropland

5. Haymond-Wakeland-Moniteau Association

Composition

Extent of the association in the survey area: 6 percent

Extent of the components in the association (fig. 6): Haymond and similar soils—24 percent Wakeland and similar soils—13 percent Moniteau and similar soils—13 percent Soils of minor extent—50 percent

Soils of Minor Extent

· Sandbur, Secesh, and Wideman

Landscape

Haymond—flood plains Wakeland—flood plains Moniteau—flood plains and stream terraces

Parent Material

Haymond—silty alluvium Wakeland—silty alluvium Moniteau—silty alluvium

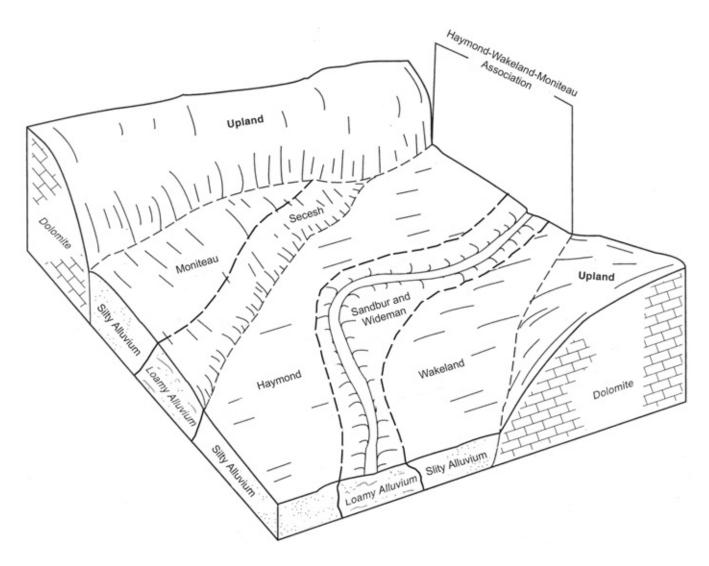


Figure 6.—Typical pattern of soils and parent material in the Haymond-Wakeland-Moniteau association.

Slope Range

Haymond—0 to 3 percent Wakeland—0 to 3 percent Moniteau—0 to 3 percent

Major Land Uses

· Pasture and hayland

6. Wrengart-Minnith Association

Composition

Extent of the association in the survey area: 2 percent

Extent of the components in the association (fig. 7):
Wrengart and similar soils—63 percent
Minnith and similar soils—27 percent
Soils of minor extent—10 percent

Soils of Minor Extent

· Alred, Elsah, and Haymond

Landscape

Wrengart—summits, backslopes, and footslopes Minnith—shoulders, backslopes, and footslopes

Parent Material

Wrengart—fine-silty loess over gravelly residuum derived from cherty limestone
Minnith—loess and loamy residuum from sandstone

Slope Range

Wrengart—2 to 35 percent Minnith—8 to 30 percent

Major Land Uses

· Woodland, pasture and hayland, and cropland

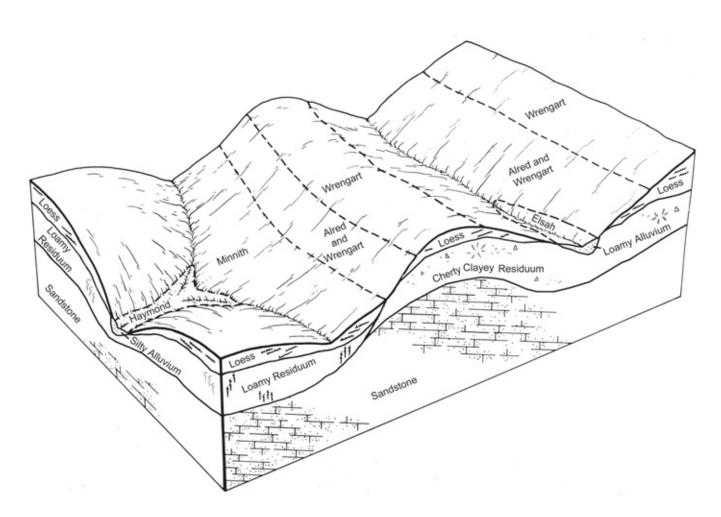


Figure 7.—Typical pattern of soils and parent material in the Wrengart-Minnith association.

7. Memphis-Alred-Wrengart Association

Composition

Extent of the association in the survey area: 1 percent Extent of the components in the association (fig. 8):
Memphis and similar soils—57 percent
Alred and similar soils—28 percent
Wrengart and similar soils—6 percent
Soils of minor extent—9 percent

Soils of Minor Extent

• Brussels, Gasconade, Rueter, and Gepp

Landscape

Memphis—summits and shoulders Alred—backslopes Wrengart—summits, backslopes, and footslopes

Parent Material

Memphis—loess

Alred—gravelly colluvium derived from cherty dolostone over clayey residuum derived from dolostone

Wrengart—fine-silty loess over gravelly residuum derived from cherty limestone

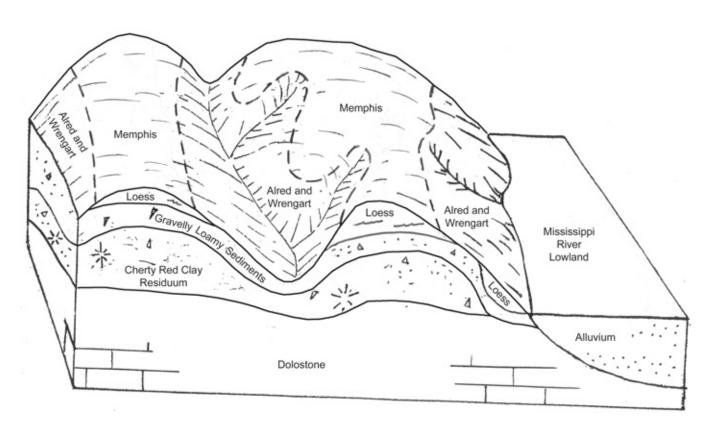


Figure 8.—Typical pattern of soils and parent material in the Memphis-Alred-Wrengart association.

Slope Range

Wrengart—2 to 35 percent

Major Land Uses

· Woodland, pasture and hayland, and cropland

Memphis—3 to 15 percent Alred—8 to 35 percent

Detailed Soil Map Units

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in this survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions in this section, along with the maps, can be used to determine the suitability and potential of a unit for specific uses. They also can be used to plan the management needed for those uses.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. The contrasting components are mentioned in the map unit descriptions. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives the principal hazards and limitations to be considered in planning for specific uses.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Captina silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, is a phase of the Captina series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes. A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alred-Rueter complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony, is an example.

Table 4 gives the acreage and proportionate extent of each map unit. Other tables give properties of the soils and the limitations, capabilities, and potentials for many uses. The Glossary defines many of the

terms used in describing the soils or miscellaneous areas.

60033—Wrengart silt loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes, eroded

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Shoulders and backslopes Parent material: Fine-silty loess over gravelly residuum derived from cherty limestone

Composition

Wrengart and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Winfield
- Hildebrecht

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silt loam BE—5 to 11 inches; silt loam Bt—11 to 34 inches; silty clay loam 2Btx—34 to 57 inches; silty clay loam

3Bt—57 to 62 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.2 to 0.6 inch per hour) Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 24 to 42 inches

60046—Minnith silt loam, 15 to 30 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Backslopes

Parent material: Fine-silty loess over loamy residuum

derived from sandstone

Composition

Minnith and similar soils—80 percent Minor components—20 percent

- Shallow, loamy soils
- Rock outcrop

- · Moderately deep, fine-loamy soils
- · Very deep, well drained, fine-loamy soils

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silt loam Bt1—5 to 35 inches; silt clay loam 2Bt2—35 to 80 inches; loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderately slow (0.2 to 0.6 inch per

hour)

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 36 to 72 inches

60053—Winfield silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded

Setting

Landform: Ridges

Position on the landform: Summits

Parent material: Loess

Composition

Winfield and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Very deep, well drained, fine-silty soils
- Wrengart
- Hildebrecht

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bt1—6 to 20 inches; silt loam

Bt2-20 to 26 inches; silty clay loam

Bt3-26 to 52 inches; silt loam

Bt4-52 to 60 inches; silt loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour) Available water capacity: Very high (more than 12

inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 20 to 30 inches

60054—Minnith silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Summits, shoulders, and

backslopes

Parent material: Fine-silty loess over loamy residuum

derived from sandstone

Composition

Minnith and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Moderately deep, loamy soils
- Very deep, loamy soils

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silt loam

Bt1-5 to 35 inches; silty clay loam

2Bt2-35 to 80 inches; loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderately slow (0.2 to 0.6 inch per

hour)

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 36 to 72 inches

60055—Winfield silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Ridges

Position on the landform: Summits

Parent material: Loess

Composition

Winfield and similar soils—92 percent Minor components—8 percent

Wrengart

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 9 inches; silt loam
BE—9 to 13 inches; silt loam
Bt—13 to 62 inches; silty clay loam
C—62 to 80 inches; silt loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour)

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches)
Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 24 to 42 inches

66000—Moniteau silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

Setting

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: High flood plains

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Composition

Moniteau and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Wakeland
- Wilbur

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 10 inches; silt loam E—10 to 18 inches; silt loam Btg1—18 to 34 inches; silt loam Btg2—34 to 75 inches; silt loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Permeability: Moderately slow (0.2 to 0.6 inch per

nour)

Available water capacity: Very high (more than 12

inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: Occasional (5 to 50 percent chance in any

year)

Depth to water table: 0 to 12 inches

66054—Wakeland silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded

Setting

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Low flood plains

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Composition

Wakeland and similar soils—85 percent

Minor components—15 percent

- Haymond
- Wideman
- Kaintuck

Typical Profile

A—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bw—6 to 24 inches; silt loam Bg—24 to 58 inches; silt loam Ab—58 to 80 inches; silt loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour) Available water capacity: Very high (more than 12

inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: Frequent (more than a 50 percent chance in

any year)

Depth to water table: 15 to 24 inches

66055—Haymond silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

Setting

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: High flood plains

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Composition

Haymond and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Sandbur
- Wakeland
- Relfe

Typical Profile

A—0 to 5 inches; silt loam Bw1—5 to 51 inches; silt loam Bw2—51 to 80 inches; silt loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour)

Available water capacity: Very high (more than 12 inches)

inches

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: Occasional (5 to 50 percent chance in any year)

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

73055—Alred-Rueter complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Backslopes

Parent material: Colluvium over residuum derived from

cherty dolostone

Composition

Alred and similar soils—45 percent Rueter and similar soils—35 percent Minor components—20 percent

- Gepp
- Very deep, fine-loamy soils
- Very deep, clayey-skeletal or clayey soils
- Coulstone
- Bender

Typical Profile

Alred

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A—1 to 7 inches; very gravelly silt loam

E—7 to 11 inches; gravelly silt loam

Bt1—11 to 30 inches; very gravelly silt loam

2Bt2-30 to 79 inches; cobbly clay

Rueter

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A—1 to 4 inches; very gravelly silt loam

E—4 to 17 inches; gravelly silt loam

Bt1—17 to 32 inches; very gravelly silt loam

2Bt2—32 to 43 inches; very gravelly silty clay

3Bt3—43 to 71 inches; very cobbly clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Alred—well drained; Rueter—

somewhat excessively drained

Permeability: Alred—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour) over slow (0.06 to 0.2 inch per hour);

Rueter—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour)

Available water capacity: Low

Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

73100—Wrengart silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Ridges

Position on the landform: Summits

Parent material: Fine-silty loess over clayey residuum

derived from dolostone

Composition

Wrengart and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Winfield
- Hildebrecht

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silt loam

Bt—8 to 36 inches; silty clay loam

2Btx—36 to 61 inches; silt loam 3Bt—61 to 80 inches; gravelly silt clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderately slow (0.2 to 0.6 inch per

hour)

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 24 to 42 inches

73101—Wrengart silt loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Ridges and hillslopes

Position on the landform: Summits and backslopes Parent material: Fine-silty loess over clayey residuum

derived from dolostone

Composition

Wrengart and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Winfield
- Hildebrecht

Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 8 inches; silt loam

Bt—8 to 36 inches; silty clay loam

2Btx-36 to 61 inches; silt loam

3Bt—61 to 80 inches; gravelly silty clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderately slow (0.2 to 0.6 inch per

hour)

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 24 to 42 inches

73139—Poynor-Clarksville-Scholten complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, stony

Setting

Landform: Ridges

Position on the landform: Summits

Parent material: Poynor—gravelly colluvium over clayey residuum from cherty dolostone;

Clarksville—gravelly colluvium derived from cherty dolostone; Scholten—gravelly colluvium derived

from cherty dolostone

Composition

Poynor and similar soils—35 percent Clarksville and similar soils—32 percent Scholten and similar soils—15 percent

Minor components—18 percent

- · Very deep, fine-loamy soils
- Yelton
- · Very deep, clayey-skeletal or clayey soils
- Bender

Typical Profile

Poynor

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A-1 to 4 inches; gravelly silt loam

E-4 to 13 inches; very gravelly silt loam

Bt1—13 to 24 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam

2Bt2-24 to 80 inches; clay

Clarksville

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A—1 to 5 inches; gravelly silt loam E—5 to 8 inches; gravelly silt loam

Bt1—8 to 18 inches; very gravelly loam

2Bt2—18 to 42 inches; very gravelly loam

3Bt3-42 to 65 inches; clay

Scholten

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A—1 to 3 inches; gravelly silt loam

E—3 to 8 inches; gravelly silt loam

Bt—8 to 17 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam 2Btx—17 to 41 inches; very gravelly silt loam 3Bt—41 to 80 inches; gravelly clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Drainage class: Poynor—well drained; Clarksville—
somewhat excessively drained; Scholten—
moderately well drained

Permeability: Poynor—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour); Clarksville—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour); Scholten—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour) over very slow (less than 0.06 inch per hour)

Available water capacity: Poynor—low (3 to 6 inches); Clarksville—low (3 to 6 inches); Scholten—very low (0 to 3 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Poynor—moderate (3 to 6 percent); Clarksville—low (0 to 3 percent); Scholten—moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: Poynor—more than 6 feet; Clarksville—more than 6 feet; Scholten—12 to 29 inches

73140—Clarksville-Scholten complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes, very stony

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Backslopes

Parent material: Gravelly colluvium derived from cherty

dolostone

Composition

Clarksville and similar soils—50 percent Scholten and similar soils—30 percent Minor components—20 percent

- Tilk
- Very deep, fine-loamy soils
- Poynor

Typical Profile

Clarksville

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A—1 to 6 inches; gravelly silt loam

E-6 to 13 inches; gravelly silt loam

Bt1—13 to 21 inches; very gravelly silt loam

2Bt2—21 to 43 inches; extremely gravelly clay loam

3Bt3—43 to 66 inches; very gravelly clay

Scholten

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A-1 to 6 inches; very gravelly silt loam

E—6 to 13 inches; very gravelly silt loam

Bt—13 to 34 inches; extremely gravelly clay loam

2Btx—34 to 58 inches; very gravelly loam

3Bt-58 to 80 inches; very gravelly clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Drainage class: Clarksville—somewhat excessively
drained; Scholten—moderately well drained

Permeability: Clarksville—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour); Scholten—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour) over very slow (less than 0.06 inch per hour)

Available water capacity: Low (3 to 6 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: Clarksville—more than 6 feet; Scholten—14 to 35 inches

73141—Firebaugh silt, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Ridges

Position on the landform: Summits

Parent material: Loess over loamy and clayey residuum derived from cherty dolostone

Composition

Firebaugh and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Scholten
- Clarksville

Typical Profile

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A—1 to 4 inches; silt

E-4 to 8 inches; silt

Bt—8 to 21 inches; silty clay loam

2Btx—21 to 36 inches; very gravelly silt loam

3Bt—36 to 71 inches; extremely cobbly clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour)

over slow (0.06 to 0.2 inch per hour)

Available water capacity: Moderate (6 to 9 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 18 to 26 inches

73145—Crider silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded

Setting

Landform: Basins

Position on the landform: Summits

Parent material: Loess over clayey residuum derived

from dolostone

Composition

Crider and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Very deep, fine soils
- Hildebrecht
- Caneyville
- Rock outcrop

Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 8 inches; silt loam

Bt1—8 to 32 inches; silty clay loam 2Bt2—32 to 74 inches; silty clay loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per

hour)

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

73146—Marquand silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes and basin floors Position on the landform: Footslopes

Parent material: Silty and loamy slope alluvium derived

from limestone and dolostone

Composition

Marquand and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Cornwall
- Bearthicket
- Higdon

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silt loam E—5 to 8 inches; silt loam

Bt1—8 to 22 inches; silty clay loam 2Bt2—22 to 43 inches; silty clay loam 3Bt3—43 to 80 inches; silty clay loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderately slow (0.2 to 0.6 inch per

hour)

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 24 to 30 inches

73150—Caneyville-Bucklick complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, rocky

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Backslopes

Parent material: Caneyville—clayey residuum derived from dolostone; Bucklick—loess over clayey

residuum derived from dolostone

Composition

Caneyville and similar soils—50 percent Bucklick and similar soils—35 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Gasconade
- Gepp
- Crider
- Rock outcrop

Typical Profile

Caneyville

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silt loam Bt1—8 to 18 inches; clay Bt2—18 to 30 inches; clay R—30 inches; bedrock

Bucklick

Ap—0 to 3 inches; silt loam Bt1—3 to 16 inches; silty clay 2Bt2—16 to 45 inches; clay 2R—45 inches; bedrock

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Caneyville—moderately deep (20 to 40 inches); Bucklick—deep (40 to 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Caneyville—slow (0.06 to 0.2 inch per hour); Bucklick—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour)

Available water capacity: Low (3 to 6 inches)
Shrink-swell potential: Caneyville—moderate (3 to 6 percent); Bucklick—high (6 to 9 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

73151—Caneyville-Gasconade-Bucklick complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes, rocky

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Backslopes

Parent material: Caneyville—clayey residuum derived from dolostone; Gasconade—residuum derived from dolostone; Bucklick—loess over clayey residuum derived from dolostone

Composition

Caneyville and similar soils—40 percent Gasconade and similar soils—30 percent Bucklick and similar soils—25 percent Minor components—5 percent

Rock outcrop

Typical Profile

Caneyville

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A—1 to 4 inches; silt loam
Bt1—4 to 11 inches; silty clay
Bt2—11 to 31 inches; silty clay
R—31 inches; bedrock

Gasconade

A—0 to 3 inches; silty clay

Bw-3 to 16 inches; very cobbly silty clay loam

R—16 inches; bedrock

Bucklick

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A—1 to 6 inches; silt loam Bt1—6 to 31 inches; silty clay 2Bt2—31 to 47 inches; clay 2R—47 inches; bedrock

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Caneyville—moderately deep (20 to 40 inches); Gasconade—very shallow and shallow (4 to 20 inches); Bucklick—deep (40 to 60 inches)

Drainage class: Caneyville—well drained; Gasconade—somewhat excessively drained;

Bucklick—well drained

Permeability: Caneyville—slow (0.06 inch to 0.2 inches per hour); Gasconade—moderately slow (0.2 to 0.6 inch per hour); Bucklick—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour)

Available water capacity: Caneyville—low (3 to 6 inches); Gasconade—very low (0 to 3 inches); Bucklick—low (3 to 6 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Caneyville—moderate (3 to 6 percent); Gasconade—moderate (3 to 6 percent); Bucklick—high (6 to 9 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

73156—Alred-Gepp complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, stony

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Summits and shoulders
Parent material: Alred—gravelly colluvium over clayey
residuum derived from dolostone; Gepp—clayey
residuum derived from dolostone

Composition

Alred and similar soils—55 percent Gepp and similar soils—20 percent Minor components—25 percent

- Clarksville
- · Very deep, clayey-skeletal soils
- Gasconade
- · Moderately deep, loamy-skeletal soils

Typical Profile

Alred

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material A—1 to 6 inches; very gravelly silt loam

E—6 to 11 inches; gravelly silt loam

Bt1—11 to 31 inches; very gravelly silt loam

2Bt2-31 to 79 inches; clay

Gepp

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A—1 to 6 inches; very gravelly silt loam

Bt1—6 to 12 inches; clay Bt2—12 to 67 inches; clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Alred—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches

per hour) over slow (0.06 to 0.2 inch per hour); Gepp—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour) Available water capacity: Low (3 to 6 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

73157—Captina silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Setting (fig. 9)

Landform: Ridges

Position on the landform: Summits

Parent material: Loess over loamy colluvium and

residuum derived from dolostone

Composition

Captina and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Scholten
- Clarksville
- · Very deep, fine-silty soils

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silt loam

Bt-5 to 25 inches; silty clay loam

2Btx—25 to 31 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam

3Bt—31 to 78 inches; gravelly clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour)

over slow (0.06 to 0.2 inch per hour)

Available water capacity: Low (3 to 6 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 18 to 36 inches

73223—Coulstone-Bender complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, very stony

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes



Figure 9.—Mixed hardwoods in an area of Captina silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes.

Position on the landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Coulstone—gravelly colluvium derived
from sandstone; Bender—residuum from
sandstone

Composition

Coulstone and similar soils—40 percent Bender and similar soils—25 percent Minor components—35 percent

- Clarksville
- Scholten
- Rock outcrop

Typical Profile

Coulstone

Oe—0 to 1 inch; moderately decomposed plant material

A—1 to 6 inches; extremely cobbly sandy loam Bt1—6 to 29 inches; extremely cobbly sandy loam 2Bt2—29 to 42 inches; extremely stony sandy loam 3Bt3—42 to 80 inches; extremely stony clay loam

Bender

Oe—0 to 1 inch; moderately decomposed plant material

A—1 to 5 inches; extremely cobbly sandy loam Bt1—5 to 21 inches; extremely cobbly sandy loam Bt2—21 to 31 inches; extremely stony sandy loam 2R—31 to 80 inches; bedrock

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Coulstone—very deep (more than 60 inches); Bender—moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained Permeability: Moderately rapid (2 to 6 inches per hour) Available water capacity: Very low (0 to 3 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent) Flooding: None

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

73264—Alred-Wrengart complex, 14 to 35 percent slopes, very stony, rocky

Setting (fig. 10)

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Alred—backslopes;

Wrengart—footslopes

Parent material: Alred—cherty colluvium over clayey residuum derived from cherty dolostone;
Wrengart—loess over residuum derived from cherty dolostone

Composition

Alred and similar soils—55 percent Wrengart and similar soils—15 percent Minor components—30 percent

- Rueter
- · Very deep, clayey-skeletal soils
- Scholten
- Very deep, fine-loamy soils
- Gepp
- Rock outcrop

Typical Profile

Alred

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A—1 to 3 inch; gravelly silt loam E—3 to 8 inches; gravelly silt loam

Bt1—8 to 22 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam

2Bt2—22 to 80 inches; gravelly clay

Wrengart

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A—1 to 10 inches; silt loam

Bt—10 to 30 inches; silt loam

Btx—30 to 53 inches; silty clay loam

2Bt—53 to 80 inches; very gravelly silty clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Drainage class: Alred—well drained; Wrengart—
moderately well drained

Permeability: Alred—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour) over slow (0.06 to 0.2 inch per hour); Wrengart—moderately slow (0.2 to 0.6 inch per hour)

Available water capacity: Alred—moderate (6 to 9 inches); Wrengart—high (9 to 12 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Alred—moderate (3 to 6 percent); Wrengart—low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: Alred—more than 6 feet; Wrengart—30 to 38 inches

73265—Captina-Scholten complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Ridges

Position on the landform: Captina—summits;

Scholten—shoulders

Parent material: Captina—loess over loamy colluvium and residuum derived from dolostone; Scholten—colluvium derived from cherty dolostone



Figure 10.—A typical land use pattern in an area of Alred-Wrengart complex, 14 to 35 percent slopes, very stony, rocky.

The less sloping areas are cleared and used for pasture and hayland, while the steeper areas remain forested.

Composition

Captina and similar soils—75 percent Scholten and similar soils—15 percent Minor components—10 percent

- · Very deep, fine-silty soils
- Clarksville
- Poynor

Typical Profile

Captina

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silt loam Bt—8 to 26 inches; silty clay loam

2Btx—26 to 43 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam

3Bt-43 to 80 inches; very cobbly clay

Scholten

A—0 to 2 inches; gravelly silt loam E—2 to 7 inches; gravelly silt loam

Bt—7 to 16 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam 2Btx—16 to 40 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam

3Bt—40 to 80 inches; very gravelly clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Captina—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour) over slow (less than 0.06 inch per hour);

Scholten—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per

hour) over very slow (0.06 to 0.2 inch per hour)

Available water capacity: Captina—low (3 to 6 inches); Scholten—very low (0 to 3 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: Captina—19 to 34 inches;

Scholten—12 to 29 inches

73266—Hildebrecht silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Loess over residuum derived from
dolostone

Composition

Hildebrecht and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

Wrengart

• Very deep, clayey-skeletal soils

Alred

Typical Profile

A-0 to 4 inches; silt loam

Bt—4 to 36 inches; silty clay loam Btx1—36 to 39 inches; silt loam

Btx2—39 to 62 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam

2Bt—62 to 80 inches; gravelly clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour) above the fragipan and very slow (less than 0.06

inch per hour) in the fragipan

Available water capacity: Moderate (6 to 9 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 24 to 36 inches

73267—Yelton-Scholten complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Shoulders and backslopes Parent material: Yelton—loess over colluvium from cherty dolostone and sandstone; Scholten colluvium derived from cherty dolostone

Composition

Yelton and similar soils—65 percent Scholten and similar soils—20 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Clarksville
- Poynor
- Very deep, moderately well drained, fine-silty soils

Typical Profile

Yelton

A—0 to 5 inches; silt loam E—5 to 11 inches; silt loam Bt—11 to 29 inches; clay loam 2Btx—29 to 42 inches; very gravelly loam

3Bt-42 to 80 inches; very gravelly sandy clay loam

Scholten

A—0 to 2 inches; gravelly silt loam E—2 to 7 inches; gravelly silt loam

Bt—7 to 16 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam 2Btx—16 to 40 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam

3Bt—40 to 80 inches; gravelly clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Yelton—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour) over very slow (less than 0.06 inch per hour); Scholten—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour) over slow (0.06 to 0.2 inch per hour)

Available water capacity: Yelton—low (3 to 6 inches);

Scholten—very low (0 to 3 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: Yelton—18 to 24 inches;

Scholten—12 to 29 inches

73269—Brussels-Gasconade-Rock outcrop complex, 30 to 90 percent slopes, very bouldery Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Brussels—backslopes; Gasconade—backslopes and shoulders Parent material: Brussels—gravelly colluvium over gravelly residuum derived from dolostone; Gasconade—gravelly residuum derived from dolostone

Composition

Brussels—40 percent
Gasconade and similar soils—30 percent
Rock outcrop—15 percent
Minor components—15 percent

- Poynor
- Caneyville
- Vertical bluffs

Typical Profile

Brussels

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material A—1 to 10 inches; gravelly silty clay loam Bw1—10 to 49 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam Bw2—49 to 70 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

Gasconade

A—0 to 9 inches; cobbly clay Bw—9 to 14 inches; very cobbly clay

R—14 inches; bedrock

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Brussels—very deep (more than 60 inches); Gasconade—very shallow and shallow (4 to 20 inches)

Drainage class: Brussels—well drained; Gasconade—somewhat excessively drained

Permeability: Moderately slow (0.2 to 0.6 inch per hour)

Available water capacity: Brussels—low (3 to 6 inches); Gasconade—very low (0 to 3 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

Description of Rock Outcrop

Kind of bedrock: Dolostone

73270—Wrengart silt loam, 9 to 14 percent slopes, eroded

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Backslopes

Parent material: Loess over residuum from cherty

limestone

Composition

Wrengart and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Alred
- Hildebrech
- · Very deep, clayey-skeletal or clayey soils

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bt—6 to 26 inches; silty clay loam Btx—26 to 45 inches; silt loam

2Bt1—45 to 60 inches; very gravelly silt loam

3Bt2-60 to 80 inches; gravelly clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderately slow (0.2 to 0.6 inch per

hour)

Available water capacity: Moderate (6 to 9 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 24 to 42 inches

73343—Captina silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded

Setting

Landform: Ridges

Position on the landform: Summits and shoulders Parent material: Loess over loamy colluvium and

residuum derived from dolostone

Composition

Captina and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Very deep, fine-silty soils
- Clarksville
- Scholten

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 4 inches; silt loam

Bt-4 to 20 inches; silty clay loam

2Btx—20 to 28 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam

3Bt—28 to 75 inches; gravelly clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour)

over slow (0.06 to 0.2 inch per hour)

Available water capacity: Low (3 to 6 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 19 to 33 inches

73344—Captina silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Shoulders and backslopes Parent material: Loess over loamy colluvium and

residuum derived from dolostone

Composition

Captina and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Poynor
- Clarksville
- Scholten

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam Bt—7 to 24 inches; silty clay loam

Btx—24 to 47 inches; gravelly silt clay loam 2Bt—47 to 75 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour)

over slow (0.06 to 0.2 inch per hour)

Available water capacity: Low (3 to 6 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 19 to 33 inches

73345—Hildebrecht silt loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes

Setting (fig. 11)

Landform: Ridges

Position on the landform: Summits

Parent material: Loess over loamy residuum derived from dolostone

Composition

Hildebrecht and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Wrengart
- Alred

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 11 inches; silt loam Bt—11 to 27 inches; silty clay loam 2Btx—27 to 44 inches; very gravelly silt loam 3Bt—44 to 60 inches; gravelly silty clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour)
over slow (0.06 to 0.2 inch per hour)
Available water capacity: Low (3 to 6 inches)
Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)



Figure 11.—A pasture on a narrow ridge in an area of Hildebrecht silt loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes.

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 24 to 30 inches

73346—Hildebrecht silt loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes, eroded

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Shoulders and backslopes Parent material: Loess over loamy residuum derived

from dolostone

Composition

Hildebrecht and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Wrengart
- Alred

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bt—6 to 31 inches; silty clay loam 2Btx—31 to 52 inches; gravelly silt loam

3Bt—52 to 80 inches; clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour)

over slow (0.06 to 0.2 inch per hour)

Available water capacity: Moderate (6 to 9 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 24 to 30 inches

74644—Deible silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: High stream terraces

Parent material: Loess over alluvium

Composition

Deible and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Higdon
- Moniteau

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam E—7 to 16 inches; silt loam

Btg1—16 to 40 inches; silty clay loam 2Btg2—40 to 65 inches; clay loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Permeability: Very slow (less than 0.06 inch per hour)

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches) Shrink-swell potential: High (6 to 9 percent)

Floodina: None

Depth to water table: 0 to 12 inches

74646—Cornwall silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Footslopes

Parent material: Loess over valley fill materials

Composition

Cornwall and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Marquand
- Higdon
- Tilk

Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 5 inches; silt loam

Bt—5 to 17 inches; silty clay loam

2Btx—17 to 39 inches; silt loam

3Bt—39 to 60 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderately slow (0.2 to 0.6 inch per

nour)

Available water capacity: Moderate (6 to 9 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 18 to 36 inches

74648—Aslinger silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Footslopes

Parent material: Loamy colluvium over loamy and

clayey alluvium

Composition

Aslinger and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Cornwall
- Clarksville

Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 4 inches; silt loam AB-4 to 8 inches: silt loam Bt-8 to 21 inches; silt loam

2Btx—21 to 29 inches; very gravelly silt loam 3Bt1—29 to 55 inches; very gravelly clay loam 4Bt2—55 to 70 inches; extremely cobbly clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderately slow (0.2 to 0.6 inch per

Available water capacity: Low (3 to 6 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 18 to 30 inches

74649—Aslinger-Waben complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Footslopes

Parent material: Aslinger—loamy colluvium over loamy and clayey alluvium; Waben—loamy alluvium

and/or loamy colluvium

Composition

Aslinger and similar soils—70 percent

Waben—20 percent

Minor components—10 percent

- Marguand
- Clarksville

Typical Profile

Aslinger

Ap-0 to 3 inches; silt loam AB-3 to 8 inches; silt loam Bt-8 to 20 inches; silty clay loam 2Btx—20 to 39 inches; gravelly silt loam 3Bt1—39 to 52 inches; gravelly loam 4Bt2—52 to 80 inches; gravelly clay

Waben

Ap-0 to 6 inches; gravelly silt loam Bt1—6 to 15 inches; very gravelly silt loam 2Bt2—15 to 54 inches; very gravelly loam 3Bt3—54 to 80 inches; very gravelly clay loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches) Drainage class: Aslinger—moderately well drained;

Waben—well drained

Permeability: Aslinger—moderately slow (0.2 to 0.6 inch per hour); Waben—moderately rapid (2 to 6 inches per hour)

Available water capacity: Low (3 to 6 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: Aslinger—18 to 30 inches; Waben—more than 6 feet

74679—Higdon silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded

Setting

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Low stream terraces

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Composition

Higdon and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Moniteau
- Bearthicket
- Deible
- Secesh

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam E-7 to 13 inches: silt loam Bt1—13 to 43 inches; silt loam 2Bt2-43 to 80 inches; silty clay loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches) Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Permeability: Moderately slow (0.2 to 0.6 inch per

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent) Flooding: Rare (1 to 5 percent chance in any year)

Depth to water table: 18 to 20 inches

74680—Moniteau silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded

Setting

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Low stream terraces

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Composition

Moniteau—85 percent

Minor components—15 percent

- Secesh
- Bearthicket
- Hiadon
- Deible

Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 6 inches; silt loam

Eg-6 to 15 inches; silt loam

Btg1—15 to 52 inches; silty clay loam

Btg2-52 to 78 inches; silt loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Permeability: Moderately slow (0.2 to 0.6 inch per

hour)

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches)
Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)
Flooding: Rare (1 to 5 percent chance in any year)

Depth to water table: 0 to 12 inches

74685—Auxvasse silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Ridges

Position on the landform: Summits

Parent material: Fine-silty loess over clayey residuum

derived from dolostone

Composition

Auxvasse—90 percent

Minor components—10 percent

- Wrengart
- Winfield

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam

AB—6 to 17 inches; silt loam

2Bt—17 to 51 inches; silty clay loam 2Btg—51 to 80 inches; silt loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Permeability: Very slow (less than 0.06 inch per hour)

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches) Shrink-swell potential: High (6 to 9 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 12 to 24 inches

75379—Kaintuck loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded

Setting

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Low flood plains

Parent material: Loamy alluvium over sandy alluvium

Composition

Kaintuck and similar soils—85 percent

Minor components—15 percent

- Elsah
- Relfe
- Haymond

Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 9 inches; loam

C1—9 to 36 inches; fine sandy loam C2—36 to 80 inches; loamy fine sand

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Moderately rapid (2 to 6 inches per hour)

Available water capacity: Moderate (6 to 9 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: Frequent (more than a 50 percent chance in

any year)

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

75381—Bearthicket silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded

Setting

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Low stream terraces

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Composition

Bearthicket and similar soils—85 percent

Minor components—15 percent

- Secesh
- Deible
- Marguand
- Higdon

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam AB—6 to 19 inches; silt loam Bt—19 to 45 inches; silt loam 2BC—45 to 64 inches; loam

2C-64 to 80 inches; coarse sandy loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per

hour)

Available water capacity: Very high (more than 12

inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: Rare (1 to 5 percent chance in any year)

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

75395—Jamesfin silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

Setting (fig. 12)

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: High flood plains

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Composition

Jamesfin and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Higdon
- Gladden
- Wideman

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam A—6 to 15 inches; silt loam Bw—15 to 53 inches; silt loam BC—53 to 62 inches; loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour) Available water capacity: Very high (more than 12

inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: Occasional (5 to 50 percent chance in any

Depth to water table: 48 to 72 inches

75408—Secesh silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded

Setting

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Low stream terraces
Parent material: About 2 feet of loamy alluvium over
gravelly residuum or alluvium

Composition

Secesh and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Relfe
- Bearthicket
- Tilk
- Gladden

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 4 inches; silt loam AB—4 to 10 inches; silt loam

Bt1—10 to 26 inches; gravelly silt loam

2Bt2—26 to 36 inches; gravelly loam

2C—36 to 80 inches; very gravelly coarse sandy loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour)
Available water capacity: Moderate (6 to 9 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: Rare (1 to 5 percent chance in any year)

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

75409—Relfe sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

Setting

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: High flood plains

Parent material: Gravelly alluvium

Composition

Relfe and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Gladden
- Wideman



Figure 12.—Fescue hayland in an area of Jamesfin silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded.

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; sandy loam

C-7 to 64 inches; extremely gravelly sand

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Excessively drained

Permeability: Rapid (6 to 20 inches per hour) Available water capacity: Low (3 to 6 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: Occasional (5 to 50 percent chance in any

year)

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

75411—Tilk very gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded

Setting

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Low stream terraces

Parent material: Loamy and sandy alluvium with a high content of rock fragments

Composition

Tilk and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Gladden
- Wideman
- Secesh

Typical Profile

A-0 to 8 inches; very gravelly sandy loam

E—8 to 16 inches; extremely gravelly loam

Bt—16 to 47 inches; very cobbly loam

2C—47 to 70 inches; extremely gravelly coarse sandy loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Moderately rapid (2 to 6 inches per hour)

Available water capacity: Low (3 to 6 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: Rare (1 to 5 percent chance in any year) Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

75416—Gladden loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

Setting

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: High flood plains

Parent material: Loamy alluvium

Composition

Gladden and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Relfe
- Jamesfin
- Secesh
- Wideman

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; loam A—5 to 26 inches; loam Bw—26 to 58 inches; loam

2C-58 to 77 inches; coarse sand

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 to 2 inches per hour)
Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches)
Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: Occasional (5 to 50 percent chance in any

year)

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

75417—Relfe-Sandbur complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded

Setting

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Low flood plains

Parent material: Relfe—sandy and gravelly alluvium;

Sandbur—loamy alluvium

Composition

Relfe and similar soils—40 percent Sandbur and similar soils—30 percent Minor components—30 percent

Sand and gravel bars

- Tilk
- Kaintuck
- Haymond
- Wideman
- Wakeland

Typical Profile

Relfe

Ap—0 to 6 inches; very gravelly sandy loam

C—6 to 80 inches; stratified extremely cobbly coarse sand to very gravelly loamy sand

Sandbur

Ap—0 to 8 inches; fine sandy loam

C-8 to 80 inches; stratified fine sand to silt loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Relfe—excessively drained;

Sandbur—somewhat excessively drained

Permeability: Rapid (6 to 20 inches per hour)

Available water capacity: Relfe—very low (0 to 3

inches); Sandbur—moderate (6 to 9 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: Frequent (more than a 50 percent chance in

any year)

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

75426—Gabriel silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded

Setting

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Low stream terraces

Parent material: Fine-silty alluvium

Composition

Gabriel and similar soils—90 percent

Minor components—10 percent

- Moniteau
- Higdon

Typical Profile

A-0 to 14 inches: silt loam

Btg1—14 to 46 inches; silty clay loam

Btg2-46 to 81 inches; silty clay loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Permeability: Moderately slow (0.2 to 0.6 inch per

hour)

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent) Flooding: Rare (1 to 5 percent chance in any year) Depth to water table: 12 to 30 inches

75428—Tilk, occasionally flooded-Cornwall-Poynor complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Tilk—river valleys; Cornwall—hillslopes; Poynor—hillslopes

Position on the landform: Tilk—high flood plains; Cornwall—footslopes; Poynor—footslopes

Parent material: Tilk—loamy and sandy alluvium with a high content of rock fragments; Cornwall—loess over valley fill materials; Poynor—gravelly colluvium derived from cherty dolostone over clayey residuum derived from dolostone

Composition

Tilk and similar soils—35 percent Cornwall and similar soils—30 percent Poynor and similar soils—15 percent Minor components—20 percent

- Clarksville
- Gladden
- Secesh

Typical Profile

Tilk

A—0 to 4 inches; very gravelly loam
BA—4 to 10 inches; very cobbly sandy loam
Bt—10 to 35 inches; very gravelly sandy loam
2BC—35 to 65 inches; very gravelly coarse sandy loam

Cornwall

A—0 to 8 inches; silt loam

Bt—8 to 35 inches; silty clay loam

2Btx—35 to 62 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam

3Bt—62 to 80 inches; silty clay loam

Poynor

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material A—1 to 4 inches; gravelly loam E—4 to 9 inches; very cobbly loam Bt1—9 to 26 inches; very cobbly clay loam 2Bt2—26 to 80 inches; gravelly clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Drainage class: Tilk—well drained; Cornwall—
moderately well drained; Poynor—well drained

Permeability: Tilk—moderately rapid (2 to 6 inches per hour); Cornwall—moderately slow (0.2 to 0.6 inch per hour); Poynor—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour)

Available water capacity: Tilk—low (3 to 6 inches); Cornwall—high (9 to 12 inches); Poynor—low (3 to 6 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Tilk—low (0 to 3 percent); Cornwall—low (0 to 3 percent); Poynor—moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: Tilk—occasional (5 to 50 percent chance in any year); Cornwall—none; Poynor—none Depth to water table: Tilk—more than 6 feet;

Cornwall—17 to 32 inches; Poynor—more than 6 feet

75429—Tilk-Secesh complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

Setting

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Tilk—high flood plains; Secesh—low stream terraces

Parent material: Tilk—loamy and sandy alluvium with a high content of rock fragments; Secesh—about 2 feet of loamy alluvium over gravelly residuum or

alluvium

Composition

Tilk and similar soils—45 percent Secesh and similar soils—35 percent Minor components—20 percent

- Haymond
- Kaintuck
- Wideman

Typical Profile

Tilk

Ap—0 to 8 inches; gravelly loam Bt1—8 to 14 inches; very gravelly loam 2Bt2—14 to 37 inches; very gravelly sandy loam 2C—37 to 80 inches; gravelly loam

Secesh

Ap—0 to 10 inches; gravelly silt loam Bt1—10 to 16 inches; silt loam 2Bt2—16 to 36 inches; gravelly loam 3C—36 to 80 inches; very gravelly sandy loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches) Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Tilk—moderately rapid (2 to 6 inches per hour); Secesh—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour)

Available water capacity: Tilk—low (3 to 6 inches); Secesh—moderate (6 to 9 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: Tilk—occasional (5 to 50 percent chance in any year); Secesh—rare (1 to 5 percent chance in any year)

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

75430—Wideman fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

Setting

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: High flood plains

Parent material: Sandy alluvium

Composition

Wideman and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Haymond
- Jamesfin
- Kaintuck
- Relfe

Typical Profile

A—0 to 5 inches; fine sandy loam C1—5 to 13 inches; fine sandy loam

C2—13 to 21 inches; loam C3—21 to 49 inches; sand

C4—49 to 71 inches; gravelly sandy loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Excessively drained

Permeability: Moderately rapid (2 to 6 inches per hour)

Available water capacity: Moderate (6 to 9 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: Occasional (5 to 50 percent chance in any

year

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

75451—Gladden silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

Setting

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: High flood plains Parent material: Loamy alluvium

Composition

Gladden and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Wideman
- Relfe
- Haymond

Typical Profile

A—0 to 5 inches; silt loam

Bw—5 to 53 inches; gravelly loam

C-53 to 80 inches; very gravelly sandy loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour)

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: Occasional (5 to 50 percent chance in any

year)

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

75467—Wilbur silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded

Setting

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Low flood plains

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Composition

Wilbur and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Haymond
- Wakeland

Typical Profile

A—0 to 9 inches; silt loam C—9 to 60 inches; silt loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per

Available water capacity: Very high (more than 12 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: Frequent (more than a 50 percent chance in any year)

Depth to water table: 18 to 24 inches

75468—Elsah silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

Setting

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: High flood plains

Parent material: Loamy alluvium

Composition

Elsah and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Relfe
- Haymond

Typical Profile

A—0 to 10 inches; silt loam C1—10 to 20 inches; gravelly silt loam 2C2—20 to 60 inches; very gravelly silt loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained
Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour)
over moderately rapid (2 to 6 inches per hour)
Available water capacity: Moderate (6 to 9 inches)
Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)
Flooding: Occasional (5 to 50 percent chance in any year)

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

77000—Killarney-Frenchmill complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes, rubbly

Setting

Landform: Mountains

Position on the landform: Backslopes and footslopes Parent material: Killarney—gravelly colluvium derived from loess and rhyolite or granite; Frenchmill colluvium derived from rhyolite or granite

Composition

Killarney and similar soils—45 percent Frenchmill and similar soils—40 percent Minor components—15 percent

Delassus

- Irondale
- Taumsauk
- Rock outcrop

Typical Profile

Killarney

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A—1 to 5 inches; very cobbly silt loam E—5 to 16 inches; very cobbly silt loam Bt—16 to 32 inches; very gravelly silt loam 2Btx—32 to 48 inches; very gravelly silt loam

3Bt—48 to 80 inches; very gravelly loam

Frenchmill

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A—1 to 6 inches; very cobbly silt loam E—6 to 19 inches; gravelly silt loam

Bt1—19 to 27 inches; very gravelly silt loam

2Bt2—27 to 58 inches; very gravelly loam

3Bt3—58 to 80 inches; cobbly clay loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Killarney—very deep (more than 60 inches); Frenchmill—very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Killarney—moderately well drained; Frenchmill—well drained

Permeability: Killarney—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour) over very slow (less than 0.06 inch per hour); Frenchmill—moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour)

Available water capacity: Killarney—low (3 to 6 inches); Frenchmill—moderate (6 to 9 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: Killarney—24 to 36 inches; Frenchmill—More than 6 feet

77002—Delassus silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Mountains

Position on the landform: Summits and footslopes Parent material: Loess over loamy residuum or colluvium derived from granite or rhyolite

Composition

Delassus and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Killarney
- Trackler
- Frenchmill

Typical Profile

A—0 to 3 inches; silt loam E—3 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bt—7 to 31 inches; silty clay loam 2Btx—31 to 61 inches; loam 2R—61 inches; bedrock

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour) above the fragipan and very slow (0.0015 to 0.06

inch per hour) in the fragipan

Available water capacity: Low (3 to 6 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 22 to 30 inches

77005—Hassler-Syenite complex, 8 to 25 percent slopes, bouldery

Setting

Landform: Mountains

Position on the landform: Shoulders and backslopes Parent material: Hassler—loamy colluvium and residuum derived from acid igneous rocks, primarily granite; Syenite—loess and the underlying loamy residuum from granite

Composition

Hassler and similar soils—43 percent Syenite and similar soils—33 percent Minor components—24 percent

- · Soils similar to Irondale
- Killarney
- Taumsauk
- Rock outcrop

Typical Profile

Hassler

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A—1 to 6 inches; silt loam E—6 to 11 inches; silt loam

Bt1—11 to 20 inches; cobbly loam

2Bt2—20 to 34 inches; very cobbly loam

3BC—34 to 42 inches; very stony coarse sandy loam

3R—42 inches; bedrock

Syenite

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A—1 to 4 inches; silt loam E—4 to 9 inches; silt loam

Bt1—9 to 19 inches; gravelly loam 2Bt2—19 to 29 inches; loam 2R—29 inches; bedrock

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Hassler—deep (40 to 60 inches); Syenite—moderately deep (20 to 40 inches) Drainage class: Hassler—moderately well drained;

Syenite—well drained

Permeability: Moderately slow (0.2 to 0.6 inch per hour)

Available water capacity: Hassler—moderate (6 to 9 inches); Syenite—low (3 to 6 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: Hassler—22 to 30 inches;

Syenite—more than 6 feet

77008—Hassler silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony

Setting

Landform: Mountains

Position on the landform: Summits and shoulders Parent material: Loamy colluvium and residuum derived from acid igneous rocks, primarily granite

Composition

Hassler and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Killarney
- Syenite
- Rock outcrop

Typical Profile

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A—1 to 3 inches; silt loam E—3 to 9 inches; silt loam Bt1—9 to 24 inches; loam

2Bt2—24 to 31 inches; gravelly loam

3BC—31 to 48 inches; bouldery coarse sandy loam

3R—48 inches; bedrock

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Deep (40 to 60 inches)
Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderately slow (0.2 to 0.6 inch per

hour)

Available water capacity: Moderate (6 to 9 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 22 to 30 inches

80000—Calhoun silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: High stream terraces

Parent material: Silty alluvium or loess

Composition

Calhoun and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Forestdale
- Dubbs
- Oaklimeter

Typical Profile

A—0 to 9 inches; silt loam E—9 to 24 inches; silt loam Btg—24 to 80 inches; silt loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Permeability: Slow (0.06 to 0.2 inch per hour)

Available water capacity: Very high (more than 12 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 0 to 24 inches

80001—Oaklimeter silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: Natural levees

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Composition

Oaklimeter and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Amagon
- Calhoun
- Miscellaneous wet areas

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 14 inches; silt loam Bw—14 to 34 inches; silt loam BE—34 to 57 inches; silt loam Btb—57 to 71 inches; silt loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour) Available water capacity: Very high (more than 12

inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 18 to 30 inches

82000—Dubbs silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: Natural levees

Parent material: Loamy alluvium

Composition

Dubbs and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Calhoun
- Oaklimeter
- Wideman

Typical Profile

A—0 to 9 inches; silt loam Bt—9 to 58 inches; silt loam BC—58 to 80 inches: loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per

hour)

Available water capacity: Very high (more than 12

inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

82001—Amagon silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, frequently ponded

Setting

Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: High stream terraces

Parent material: Loamy alluvium

Composition

Amagon and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Calhoun
- Forestdale
- Dubbs
- Oaklimeter

Typical Profile

A—0 to 5 inches; silt loam Eg—5 to 20 inches; silt loam

Btg1—20 to 53 inches; silty clay loam Btg2—53 to 80 inches; silt loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Permeability: Slow (0.06 to 0.2 inch per hour) Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 0 to 12 inches, frequently ponded

82002—Forestdale silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, frequently ponded

Setting

Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: Depressions Parent material: Clayey and silty alluvium

Composition

Forestdale and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Calhoun
- Amagon

Typical Profile

Oi—0 to 2 inches; slightly decomposed plant material

A—2 to 9 inches; silty clay loam Btg1—9 to 51 inches; silty clay Btg2—51 to 80 inches; silty clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Permeability: Very slow (less than 0.06 inch per hour)
Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches)
Shrink-swell potential: High (6 to 9 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 0 to 10 inches

82005—Malden loamy fine sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: Natural levees

Parent material: Sandy alluvium

Composition

Malden and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Coarse-loamy, somewhat poorly drained soils
- Bosket

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; loamy fine sand Bw—6 to 37 inches; loamy sand C—37 to 80 inches; sand

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Excessively drained

Permeability: Rapid (6 to 20 inches per hour) Available water capacity: Low (3 to 6 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

82006—Bosket fine sandy loam, 1 to 5 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: Natural levees

Parent material: Loamy alluvium

Composition

Bosket and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Malden
- Coarse-loamy, somewhat poorly drained soils

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 9 inches; fine sandy loam BA—9 to 20 inches; fine sandy loam Bt—20 to 45 inches; sandy clay loam

C-45 to 80 inches; sand

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour)

Available water capacity: Moderate (6 to 9 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

82007—Bosket loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

Setting

Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: Natural levees Parent material: Loamy alluvium

Composition

Bosket and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

Malden

• Coarse-loamy, somewhat poorly drained soils

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; loam BA—7 to 16 inches; loam Bt—16 to 37 inches; loam

2BC—37 to 67 inches; sandy loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour) Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: Occasional (5 to 50 percent chance in any

year)

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

82009—Forestdale silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: Depressions Parent material: Clayey and silty alluvium

Composition

Forestdale and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Crowley taxadjunct
- Amagon

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 4 inches; silty clay loam

Btg—4 to 40 inches; silty clay BCg—40 to 80 inches; silty clay loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Permeability: Very slow (less than 0.06 inch per

hour)

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches) Shrink-swell potential: High (6 to 9 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 0 to 18 inches

82010—Amagon silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes

Setting (fig. 13)

Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: High stream terraces

Parent material: Loamy alluvium

Composition

Amagon and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Calhoun
- Forestdale
- Dubbs
- Bosket

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 12 inches; silt loam
Eg—12 to 28 inches; silt loam
Btg—28 to 70 inches; silty clay loam
2BC—70 to 80 inches; fine sandy loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Permeability: Slow (0.06 to 0.2 inch per hour)

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 0 to 24 inches

82011—Crowley silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes

Setting

Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: High stream terraces

Parent material: Silty alluvium



Figure 13.—Corn and winter wheat growing in an area of Amagon silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes. Irrigation is used to increase the crop yields on this field.

Composition

Crowley—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Forestdale
- Amagon
- Calhoun

Typical Profile

A—0 to 9 inches; silt loam Eg—9 to 16 inches; silt loam Btg—16 to 39 inches; silty clay loam 2BCg—39 to 56 inches; silt loam 3Cg—56 to 80 inches; loamy sand

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained
Permeability: Very slow (less than 0.06 inch per hour)

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches) Shrink-swell potential: High (6 to 9 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: 6 to 18 inches

86000—Dubbs silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

Setting

Landform: Lowlands
Position on the landform: Natural levees
Parent material: Loamy alluvium

Composition

Dubbs and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Calhoun
- Bosket
- Falaya

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silt loam Bt—5 to 47 inches; silt loam 2C—47 to 80 inches; sandy loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per

hour)

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches)
Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)
Flooding: Occasional (5 to 50 percent chance in any year)

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

86001—Calhoun silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

Setting

Landform: Lowland

Position on the landform: High flood plains Parent material: Silty alluvium or loess

Composition

Calhoun and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Forestdale
- Dubbs
- Oaklimeter

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Eg—6 to 25 inches; silt loam B/E—25 to 50 inches; silt loam Btg—50 to 80 inches; silt loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60

inches)

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Permeability: Slow (0.06 to 0.2 inch per hour)

Available water capacity: Very high (more than 12)

inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: Occasional (5 to 50 percent chance in any

year)

Depth to water table: 0 to 24 inches

86002—Falaya silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

Setting

Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: High flood plains Parent material: Silty alluvium from loess

Composition

Falaya and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Calhoun
- Amagon
- Dubbs

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 10 inches; silt loam Bg—10 to 34 inches; silt loam Bw—34 to 69 inches; silt loam 2Bg—69 to 80 inches; silty clay loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour) Available water capacity: Very high (more than 12

inches)

Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: Occasional (5 to 50 percent chance in any

vear)

Depth to water table: 12 to 24 inches

86003—Amagon silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

Setting

Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: High flood plains

Parent material: Loamy alluvium

Composition

Amagon and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

- Calhoun
- Forestdale
- Dubbs
- Bosket

Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 4 inches; silt loam

E—4 to 15 inches; silt loam
Btg—15 to 71 inches; silty clay loam
2BCg—71 to 80 inches; silt loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Permeability: Slow (0.06 to 0.2 inch per hour)
Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches)
Shrink-swell potential: Moderate (3 to 6 percent)
Flooding: Occasional (5 to 50 percent chance in any

year)

Depth to water table: 12 to 24 inches

86004—Forestdale silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

Setting

Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: Depressions Parent material: Clayey and silty alluvium

Composition

Forestdale and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

- Amagon
- Malden
- Dubbs

Typical Profile

A—0 to 4 inches; silty clay loam Btg1—4 to 55 inches; silty clay Btg2—55 to 80 inches; clay

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Permeability: Very slow (less than 0.06 inch per hour)

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches)
Shrink-swell potential: High (6 to 9 percent)

Flooding: Occasional (5 to 50 percent chance in any

year)

Depth to water table: 0 to 18 inches

90000—Memphis silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded

Setting

Landform: Ridges

Position on the landform: Summits and shoulders

Parent material: Fine-silty loess

Composition

Memphis and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent • Fine-silty soils that have a fragipan

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 4 inches; silt loam Bt1—4 to 9 inches; silt loam Bt2—9 to 50 inches; silt loam C—50 to 65 inches; silt loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per

hour

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

90001—Memphis silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, severely eroded

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Shoulders and backslopes

Parent material: Fine-silty loess

Composition

Memphis and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

• Fine-silty soils that have a fragipan

Fine-silty soils that have a very gravelly substratum

Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 2 inches; silt loam Bt—2 to 64 inches; silty clay loam C—64 to 78 inches; silt loam

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Moderate (0.6 inch to 2 inches per hour)

Available water capacity: High (9 to 12 inches) Shrink-swell potential: Low (0 to 3 percent)

Flooding: None

Depth to water table: More than 6 feet

99001-Water

Component Description

 This map unit consists of naturally occurring basins of surface water, such as perennial rivers and creeks. It also includes manmade lakes and ponds that are larger than 5 acres.

99003—Miscellaneous water

Component Description

This map unit consists of community sewage lagoons.

99007—Dam

Component Description

• This map unit consists of earthen structures which hold larger bodies of water.

99015—Udorthents-Water complex

Component Description

 This map unit consists of levees and the associated borrow areas. The levees are used for flood control along the Castor River in the south part of the county. They were constructed from material excavated a short distance from the base of the levee. The deeper excavated areas generally contain water.

Use and Management of the Soils

This soil survey is an inventory and evaluation of the soils in the survey area. It can be used to adjust land uses to the limitations and potentials of natural resources and the environment. Also, it can help to prevent soil-related failures in land uses.

In preparing a soil survey, soil scientists, conservationists, engineers, and others collect extensive field data about the nature and behavioral characteristics of the soils. They collect data on erosion, droughtiness, flooding, and other factors that affect various soil uses and management. Field experience and collected data on soil properties and performance are used as a basis for predicting soil behavior.

Information in this section can be used to plan the use and management of soils for crops and pasture; as forestland; as sites for buildings, sanitary facilities, highways and other transportation systems, and parks and other recreational facilities; for waste management; for water management; and for wildlife habitat. It can be used to identify the potentials and limitations of each soil for specific land uses and to help prevent construction failures caused by unfavorable soil properties.

Planners and others using soil survey information can evaluate the effect of specific land uses on productivity and on the environment. The survey can help planners to maintain or create a land use pattern that is in harmony with nature.

Contractors can use this survey to locate sources of sand and gravel, roadfill, and topsoil. They can use it to identify areas where bedrock, wetness, or very firm soil layers can cause difficulty in excavation.

Health officials, highway officials, engineers, and others may also find this survey useful. The survey can help them plan the safe disposal of wastes and locate sites for pavements, sidewalks, campgrounds, playgrounds, lawns, and trees and shrubs.

Interpretive Ratings

The interpretive tables in this survey rate the soils in the survey area for various land uses. Many of the tables identify the limitations that affect specified uses and indicate the severity of those limitations. The ratings in these tables are both verbal and numerical.

Rating Class Terms

Rating classes are expressed in the tables in terms that indicate the extent to which the soils are limited or not limited by all of the soil features that affect a specified use. Terms for the limitation classes are not limited, slightly limited, moderately limited, limited, and very limited. In certain tables the soils are rated as improbable, possible, or probable sources of specific materials used for construction purposes.

Numerical Ratings

Numerical ratings in the tables indicate the severity of individual limitations. They also indicate the overall degree to which a soil is limited or not limited for a specific use. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

Not limited	0.00
Slightly limited 0.01 to 0	0.30
Moderately limited 0.31 to 0	0.60
Limited 0.61 to 0	0.99
Very limited	1.00

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

In tables that use limitation class terms, such as very limited or limited, the limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each map unit component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

Crops and Pasture

Tom Johnson, Natural Resources Conservation Service, helped prepare this section.

General management needed for crops and pasture is suggested in this section. The crops or pasture plants best suited to the soils, including some not commonly grown in the survey area, are identified. Prime farmland is described, the estimated yields of the main crops and pasture plants are listed, and the system of land capability classification used by the Natural Resources Conservation Service is explained.

Planners of management systems for individual fields or farms should consider the detailed information given in the description of each soil under the heading "Detailed Soil Map Units." Specific information can be obtained from the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or the Cooperative Extension Service.

About 30 percent of the survey area is used for crops and pasture. Of this total, less than 17 percent

is used for cultivated crops, mainly corn and soybeans (fig. 14). The rest is used for pasture and hay (fig. 15).

The potential for increased production is fair. About 71,500 acres in the area qualify as prime farmland. An additional 66,480 acres is suited to crop production, including sloping areas where adequate protection from erosion is needed. About 41,822 acres is best suited to pasture.

Water erosion is a major concern on slopes of more than about 2 percent. Loss of the surface layer reduces the available water capacity and results in poor tilth. Erosion is especially harmful to soils that have a root-restricting layer within a depth of about 40 inches of the surface, such as Captina and Yelton soils. It is less harmful, though still a concern, on soils that have no root-restricting characteristics, such as Cornwall, Crider, Memphis, Winfield, and Wrengart soils. Applications of fertilizer help to offset the lower fertility caused by erosion, but overcoming much of the damage is difficult or impractical. Controlling erosion minimizes the pollution of streams by sedimentation.



Figure 14.—Corn growing in an area of Wrengart silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes. Conservation tillage leaves residue on the surface, which helps reduce erosion.



Figure 15.—Fescue hayland in an area of Captina silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded.

Thus water quality is improved for farm and city uses, for wildlife habitat, and for recreational uses.

Erosion-control practices provide a protective cover of crop residues or vegetation. Properly managed permanent pasture or hay can provide 80 percent or more of the protection needed. Crop rotations that alternate cultivated crops and meadows help to control erosion. Applying a system of conservation tillage that leaves a protective cover of crop residue on the surface throughout the year can reduce sheet erosion by one-half or more, as compared to fall plowing with a moldboard plow.

No-till systems that leave nearly all of the crop residue on the surface reduce the hazard of erosion. Contour farming and contour strip cropping can be used on fields that have smooth, uniform slopes. Terraces that divert surface runoff to safe outlets can be used in some fields.

Parallel terraces can be farmed more easily than contour terraces. Deep and very deep soils that have no root-restricting characteristics, such as Crider and

Memphis soils, are better suited to terraces than soils that have root-restricting layers near the surface, such as Captina or Hildebrecht soils. On such soils, the possible losses caused by exposing small infertile areas should be considered when the depth of cut and the design of the terrace system are determined.

Soil tilth is an important factor affecting the germination of seeds and the infiltration of water into the soil. Soils that have good tilth are granular and porous. In the uplands, most soils used for cultivated crops have a surface layer of silt loam that is low in content of organic matter. Examples are Crider and Captina soils. Generally, tilling these soils weakens the soil structure and increases the degree of soil compaction and the extent of surface crusting. Tilling when the soils are too wet can further increase the degree of compaction, even below the plow layer. Subsoiling and varying the depth of plowing minimize compaction and the formation of traffic pans. Regular additions of crop residue,

manure, and other organic material improve tilth and minimize surface crusting.

Most of the soils on the flood plains in the survey area have a surface layer of silt loam that is moderate in content of organic matter. These soils retain favorable tilth under normal tillage operations. They are susceptible to compaction beneath the tillage zone.

Stones and boulders are a common feature in many of the soils in the surface area. In some places, these soils cannot be tilled because they have too many stones and boulders. In other places, the stones and boulders can be removed.

Soil fertility is medium in most of the soils on the flood plains and is low in the soils on the uplands. Almost all of the soils on uplands have excessive levels of acidity in the upper part of the root zone. Applications of lime are needed to raise the pH level of these soils for the adequate growth of most crops. Most of the soils on flood plains are naturally acid, but the levels may or may not affect crop growth in a given year. On all soils, the amount of lime and fertilizer to be applied should be based on the results of soil tests, the needs of the crop, and the expected level of yield. The Cooperative Extension Service can help to determine the kind and amount of fertilizer to be applied. Soil samples can be organized using the soil survey to identify contrasting soil types.

Organic matter is an important source of nitrogen for crop growth. Also, it helps to maintain good tilth and the rate of water infiltration. The content of organic matter is low in most of the cultivated soils in the uplands and moderate in the soils on flood plains. Throughout the survey area, the soils have low levels of phosphorus and low or moderate levels of potassium, unless heavy applications of fertilizer have been applied.

Soils along the river bottoms generally flood at some time. Stream channels in gravelly soils generally overflow when they fill as a result of flooding. Soils on the next higher level flood occasionally. Flooding generally occurs between December and May and is of brief duration. Flash flooding as a result of intensive rainfall can occur on the upper reaches of stream bottoms at any time of the year. Flooding history should be considered for cropped areas.

In soils that have a high water table, a drainage system is needed to reduce wetness during spring. Additional drainage measures are needed in some areas of Amagon, Calhoun, Deible, Forestdale, Higdon, and Moniteau soils. Surface ditches or tile drains can be used if suitable outlets are available. On some areas, due to seepage of water into these soils, draining these soils is only partly effective. As a result,

these soils are best suited to pasture and wildlife habitat.

Areas of wet soils without a history of cropping may be considered wetland. Before altering any area that may be considered a wetland, the Natural Resources Conservation Service should be contacted in order to ensure compliance with existing laws.

Prime Farmland

Prime farmland is one of several kinds of important farmland defined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. It is of major importance in meeting the Nation's short- and long-range needs for food and fiber. Because the supply of high-quality farmland is limited, the U.S. Department of Agriculture recognizes that responsible levels of government, as well as individuals, should encourage and facilitate the wise use of our Nation's prime farmland.

Prime farmland, as defined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is land that has the best combination of physical and chemical characteristics for producing food, feed, forage, fiber, and oilseed crops and is available for these uses. It could be cultivated land, pastureland, forestland, or other land, but it is not urban or built-up land or water areas. The soil qualities, growing season, and moisture supply are those needed for the soil to economically produce sustained high yields of crops when proper management, including water management, and acceptable farming methods are applied. In general, prime farmland has an adequate and dependable supply of moisture from precipitation or irrigation, a favorable temperature and growing season, acceptable acidity or alkalinity, an acceptable salt and sodium content, and few or no rocks. It is permeable to water and air. It is not excessively erodible or saturated with water for long periods, and it either is not frequently flooded during the growing season or is protected from flooding. Slope ranges mainly from 0 to 6 percent. More detailed information about the criteria for prime farmland is available at the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service.

About 71,500 acres in the survey area, or nearly 18 percent of the total acreage, meets the soil requirements for prime farmland. Scattered areas of this land are throughout the county, but most are in the southern part, mainly in associations Calhoun-Falaya-Forestdale and Haymond-Wakeland-Moniteau, which are described under the heading "General Soil Map Units." Most prime farmland is used for cultivated crops. The main crops grown on this land are corn, soybeans, grain sorghum, and wheat.

A recent trend in land use in some parts of the survey area has been the loss of some prime farmland to industrial and urban uses. The loss of prime farmland to other uses puts pressure on marginal lands, which generally are more erodible, droughty, and less productive and cannot be easily cultivated.

The map units in the survey area that are considered prime farmland are listed below. This list does not constitute a recommendation for a particular land use. On some soils included in the list, measures that overcome a hazard or limitation, such as flooding, wetness, and droughtiness, are needed. Onsite evaluation is needed to determine whether or not the hazard or limitation has been overcome by corrective measures. The extent of each listed map unit is shown in table 4. The location is shown on the detailed soil maps. The soil qualities that affect use and management are described under the heading "Detailed Soil Map Units."

Some soils that have a seasonal high water table and all soils that are frequently flooded during the growing season qualify as prime farmland only in areas where these limitations have been overcome by drainage measures or flood control (fig. 16). The need

for these measures is indicated after the map unit name below. Onsite evaluation is needed to determine whether or not these limitations have been overcome by corrective measures.

The soils identified as prime farmland in Bollinger County are:

- 60055 Winfield silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes 66000 Moniteau silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded (where drained)
- 66054 Wakeland silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded (where protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season)
- 66055 Haymond silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded
- 73100 Wrengart silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes
- 74644 Deible silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes (where drained)
- 74679 Higdon silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded
- 74680 Moniteau silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded (where drained)
- 74685 Auxvasse silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes



Figure 16.—Winter wheat growing in an area of Amagon silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes. This soil is considered prime farmland in areas where it is drained.

- 75379 Kaintuck loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded (where protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season)
- 75381 Bearthicket silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded
- 75395 Jamesfin silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded
- 75408 Secesh silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded
- 75416 Gladden loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded
- 75426 Gabriel silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded (where drained)
- 75430 Wideman fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded
- 75451 Gladden silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded
- 75467 Wilbur silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded (where protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season)
- 75468 Elsah silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded
- 80000 Calhoun silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes (where drained)
- 80001 Oaklimeter silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes
- 82000 Dubbs silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes
- 82001 Amagon silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, frequently ponded (where drained)
- 82002 Forestdale silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, frequently ponded (where drained)
- 82006 Bosket fine sandy loam, 1 to 5 percent slopes
- 82007 Bosket loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded
- 82009 Forestdale silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes (where drained)
- 82010 Amagon silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes (where drained)
- 82011 Crowley silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes (where drained)
- 86000 Dubbs silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded
- 86001 Calhoun silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, occasionally flooded (where drained)
- 86002 Falaya silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, occasionally flooded
- 86003 Amagon silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, occasionally flooded (where drained)
- 86004 Forestdale silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, occasionally flooded (where drained)

Yields per Acre

The average yields per acre that can be expected of the principal crops under a high level of management are shown in table 5. In any given year, yields may be higher or lower than those indicated in the table because of variations in rainfall and other climatic factors. The land capability classification of map units in the survey area also is shown in the table.

The yields are based mainly on the experience and records of farmers, conservationists, and extension agents. Available yield data from nearby counties and results of field trials and demonstrations also are considered.

The management needed to obtain the indicated yields of the various crops depends on the kind of soil and the crop. Management can include drainage, erosion control, and protection from flooding; the proper planting and seeding rates; suitable high-yielding crop varieties; appropriate and timely tillage; control of weeds, plant diseases, and harmful insects; favorable soil reaction and optimum levels of nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, and trace elements for each crop; effective use of crop residue, barnyard manure, and green manure crops; and harvesting that ensures the smallest possible loss.

The estimated yields reflect the productive capacity of each soil for each of the principal crops. Yields are likely to increase as new production technology is developed. The productivity of a given soil compared with that of other soils, however, is not likely to change.

Crops other than those shown in table 5 are grown in the survey area, but estimated yields are not listed because the acreage of such crops is small. The local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or of the Cooperative Extension Service can provide information about the management and productivity of the soils for those crops.

Land Capability Classification

Land capability classification shows, in a general way, the suitability of soils for most kinds of field crops. Crops that require special management are excluded. The soils are grouped according to their limitations for field crops, the risk of damage if they are used for crops, and the way they respond to management. The criteria used in grouping the soils do not include major and generally expensive landforming that would change slope, depth, or other

characteristics of the soils, nor do they include possible but unlikely major reclamation projects. Capability classification is not a substitute for interpretations designed to show suitability and limitations of groups of soils for forest land or for engineering purposes.

In the capability system, soils are generally grouped at three levels—capability class, subclass, and unit (USDA, 1961). Only class and subclass are used in this survey.

Capability classes, the broadest groups, are designated by the numbers 1 through 8. The numbers indicate progressively greater limitations and narrower choices for practical use. The classes are defined as follows:

Class 1 soils have slight limitations that restrict their use.

Class 2 soils have moderate limitations that restrict the choice of plants or that require moderate conservation practices.

Class 3 soils have severe limitations that restrict the choice of plants or that require special conservation practices, or both.

Class 4 soils have very severe limitations that restrict the choice of plants or that require very careful management, or both.

Class 5 soils are subject to little or no erosion but have other limitations, impractical to remove, that restrict their use mainly to pasture, forest land, or wildlife habitat.

Class 6 soils have severe limitations that make them generally unsuitable for cultivation and that restrict their use mainly to pasture, forest land, or wildlife habitat.

Class 7 soils have very severe limitations that make them unsuitable for cultivation and that restrict their use mainly to grazing, forest land, or wildlife habitat.

Class 8 soils and miscellaneous areas have limitations that preclude commercial plant production and that restrict their use to recreational purposes, wildlife habitat, watershed, or esthetic purposes.

Capability subclasses are soil groups within one class. They are designated by adding a small letter, e, w, s, or c, to the class numeral, for example, 2e. The letter e shows that the main hazard is the risk of erosion unless close-growing plant cover is maintained; w shows that water in or on the soil interferes with plant growth or cultivation (in some soils the wetness can be partly corrected by artificial drainage); s shows that the soil is limited mainly because it is shallow, droughty, or stony; and c, used in only some parts of the United States, shows that the chief limitation is climate that is very cold or very dry.

In class 1 there are no subclasses because the soils of this class have few limitations. Class 5 contains only the subclasses indicated by w, s, or c because the soils in class 5 are subject to little or no erosion. They have other limitations that restrict their use to pasture, forest land, wildlife habitat, or recreation.

The capability classification of map units in this survey area is given in table 5.

Pasture and Hayland Suitability Groups

The soils in Bollinger County are assigned to a pasture and hayland group according to their suitability for pasture management.

Many different pasture and hayland suitability groups are in the survey area. Over time, the combination of plants best suited to a particular soil and climate has or will become dominant. Plant communities are not static but vary slightly from year to year and from place to place.

The relationship between soils and vegetation was ascertained during this survey. Thus, pasture and hayland suitability groups generally can be determined directly from the soil map. Soil properties that affect moisture supply and plant nutrients have the greatest influence on the productivity of each plant species. Soil reaction, salt content, and a seasonal high water table also are important. The "Field Office Technical Guide," which is available at local offices of the Natural Resources Conservation Service, can provide specific information about pasture and hayland suitability groups.

Table 6 shows, for each soil, the assigned pasture and hayland suitability group. Specific concerns and recommendations affecting pasture and hayland management for each group are described in the following paragraphs.

Group WCB—Wet Clayey Bottom. Wetness and flooding are the main management concerns. The soils in this group are poorly suited to hay. The hazard of flooding should be considered when a grazing system is designed. Maintaining stands of desirable species is difficult in depressional areas. A drainage system can improve the growth of deep-rooted species.

Group WCU—Wet Clayey Upland. Wetness is the main management concern. Maintaining stands of desirable species is difficult in depressional areas. A drainage system can improve the growth of deeprooted species.

Group WLB—Wet Loamy Bottom. A seasonal high water table and flooding are the main management concerns. Plants should be selected accordingly. A seedbed can be easily prepared. A

drainage system can improve the growth of deeprooted species. The hazard of flooding should be considered when a grazing system is designed.

Group WLO—Wet Loamy Overflow. Wetness and flooding are the main management concerns. A seedbed can be easily prepared. A drainage system can improve the growth of deep-rooted species. The hazard of flooding should be considered when a grazing system is designed.

Group LyO—Loamy Overflow. Flooding is the main management concern. The hazard of flooding should be considered when a grazing system is designed.

Group LyU—Loamy Upland. No serious concerns affect pasture and hayland management. Erosion is a hazard in newly seeded areas. Timely seedbed preparation is needed to ensure a good ground cover.

Group CyU—Clayey Upland. Pasture and hay crops are effective in controlling erosion. Erosion during seedbed preparation is the main concern. Timely tillage and a quickly established ground cover reduce the hazard of erosion. The forage species that are tolerant of wetness grow best. The production of deep-rooted legumes is limited because of wetness and a restricted rooting depth.

Group GrU—Gravelly Upland. The soils in this group generally are not suited to cultivated crops. Droughtiness and erosion are the main management concerns. Seedbeds should be prepared on the contour. Timely seedbed preparation helps to ensure rapid plant growth and a protective ground cover.

Group MDU—Moderately Deep Upland. Shallow-rooted species that are tolerant of droughtiness should be selected for planting. Erosion is a serious hazard in newly seeded areas. Timely tillage and a quickly established ground cover reduce the hazard of erosion.

Group LyP—Loamy Pan. A few small areas of this group are used for cultivated crops, and some areas are wooded. A dense layer in the subsoil can restrict the rooting depth and result in insufficient soil moisture in dry years. Erosion during seedbed preparation is a hazard. Seedbeds should be prepared on the contour. Timely tillage and a quickly established ground cover reduce the hazard of erosion.

Group GrO—Gravelly Overflow. Most areas of this group have been cleared of trees and are used for pasture and hay. Proper stocking rates, pasture rotation, timely deferment of grazing, and restricted use during periods of flooding help to keep the pasture in good condition.

Group GrP—Gravelly Pan. If the soils in this group are used for improved pasture, chert on the surface hinders tillage. Because of seasonal droughtiness, timely planting is needed to ensure an

adequate stand. Erosion is a hazard in newly seeded areas. Timely seedbed preparation helps to ensure a protective ground cover.

Group SyO—Sandy Overflow. The soils in this group tend to be droughty because they are excessively drained, but they are also subject to flooding. Plants should be selected accordingly. A seedbed can be easily prepared. The flooding and the droughtiness should be considered when a grazing system is designed. Because the soils are subject to flooding and droughtiness at different times, a flexible grazing system is needed.

Group GNS—Generally Not Suited. The soils in this group generally are not suited to pasture and hay. The suitability for forage species and the use of equipment are limited by the slope, a high content of rock fragments, or both.

Forest Productivity and Management

Douglas Wallace, forester, Natural Resources Conservation Service, helped prepare this section.

Forests are more than a group of trees. Together with the soil, associated plants, and animals they form a forest ecosystem with many valuable properties. Wood fiber, water quality, wildlife habitat, and recreational activities, such as hunting and hiking, are useful products from a productive forest ecosystem.

An estimated 70 percent (273,000 acres) of Bollinger County is forested (fig. 17). Forested uplands in Bollinger County are covered by oak-hickory and oak-pine communities. White oak, red oak, mockernut hickory, and black oak occur on the better sites. Post oak, blackjack oak, shortleaf pine, eastern redcedar, and shagbark hickory prevail on the more droughty soils. Common associates on flood plain sites include black walnut, American elm, silver maple, sycamore, bur oak, hackberry, green ash, and black willow. This variation in tree species and growth on both upland and bottom land positions is dependent upon the interaction of site characteristics, soil properties, and management activities.

Site characteristics that have a strong affect on tree growth include aspect (the direction the slope is facing) and slope position. These site characteristics influence the amount of available sunlight, air drainage, soil temperature, soil moisture, and relative humidity. Generally, north and east aspects and lower slope positions, which are cooler and have better moisture conditions, will be more productive than the south and west aspects and upper slope positions of the same or similar soil types.



Figure 17.—Mixed hardwoods in an area of Clarksville-Scholten complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes, very stony.

Soil properties are fundamentally important for forest production and management considerations. One-quarter or more of a tree's mass is located in the soil, which serves as a reservoir for moisture, provides an anchor for roots, and supplies essential plant nutrients. In Bollinger County, important soil properties include wetness, slope, content of clay, and depth.

The wetness is the result of a high water table, flooding, poor drainage, or ponding. It causes seedling mortality, limits the use of equipment, and increases the hazard of windthrow by restricting the root depth of some trees. Ruts form easily if wheeled skidders are used when these soils are wet. Deep ruts, which tend to restrict lateral drainage, result in damage to tree roots and alter soil structure. Flooding and/or surface wetness is a problem on Deible, Moniteau, Gladden, Kaintuck, Forestdale, Gabriel, Amagon, Wakeland, Wilbur, and Jamesfin soils. On all of these soils, equipment should be used only during dry periods or when the ground is frozen.

The slope can limit the use of forestry equipment. Slopes of more than 15 percent limit the use of

equipment in logging areas, on skid roads, in yarding areas, and on logging roads. Soil erosion is a hazard in these disturbed areas. Limited use of equipment, due to slope and sites susceptible to erosion, include many areas of Poynor, Clarksville, Scholten, and Brussels soils. Special erosion control measures, such as water bars or dips and designing logging roads and trails to minimize the steepness and length of slope, may help to reduce erosion. Moderately steep to very steep slopes indicate a safety hazard and limitation for equipment. In these areas, equipment should be operated on the contour when possible. Severely sloping sites require moving logs uphill to skid trails and yarding areas.

The content of clay in the topsoil or subsoil can affect equipment use and seedling mortality. Clayey soils have reduced traction, moderate to high seedling mortality, and compact easily when wet. Unsurfaced roads and skid trails rut easily and may be impassable during rainy periods. Soils with high subsoil content of clay include Caneyville, Forestdale, Poynor, Gepp, and

Deible soils. Activities on these soils should be restricted to dry periods or to areas that are surfaced. Successful seedling establishment can be improved with mechanical or chemical weed control, mulching, or supplemental water.

The depth favorable to rooting is generally one of the most significant soil properties affecting forest productivity. Soil horizons that are favorable for root development allow a tree to anchor its roots and provide volume for available water and nutrients. Very shallow and shallow soils, such as Gasconade, limit rooting depth and rooting volume and restrict the use of equipment and hinder the construction of logging roads. Careful planning of proposed logging roads to avoid these areas can minimize most of these limitations. Trees occupying these sites are prone to water stress during dry years or dry seasons and are susceptible to windthrow during high winds. Effective rooting depths are also restricted, to varying degrees, on some of the soils in the survey area because of root-restricting subsoil layers. These soils include Scholten, Captina, Hildebrecht, and Yelton soils.

Management activities can influence woodland productivity and should be aimed at eliminating factors causing tree stress. Generally, this involves controlling erosion; thinning over-stocked young stands; planting trees where natural regeneration is deficient; harvesting old, mature trees; and eliminating destructive fire and grazing.

Forestry investments can be reduced if management activities are concentrated on sites with productive soils and on areas with high-value timber species. The most productive soils in Bollinger County include Memphis, Crider, and Marquand soils on the uplands and Gladden, Jamesfin, Kaintuck, Haymond, and Wilbur soils on the bottom lands.

Fire and grazing have very negative impacts on forest growth and quality. Over 30 percent of the forest land is still subject to moderate to heavy grazing. Grazing destroys the leaf layer on the surface, compacts the soil, and eliminates or damages tree seedlings. Fire damage to a forest is a major concern throughout the Ozarks. Not only are trees damaged by fire, resulting in reduced wood quality and growth, but damage is also caused to soil, water quality, and wildlife habitat. Forest land sites that are protected from grazing and burning have the highest potential for optimum timber, wildlife, and recreational production.

The tables described in this section can help forest owners or managers plan the use of soils for wood crops. They show the potential productivity of the soils for wood crops and rate the soils according to the limitations that affect various aspects of forest management.

Forest Productivity

In table 7, the potential productivity of merchantable or common trees on a soil is expressed as a site index and as a volume number. The site index is the average height, in feet, that dominant and codominant trees of a given species attain in 50 years. The site index applies to fully stocked, even-aged, unmanaged stands. Commonly grown trees are those that forest managers generally favor in intermediate or improvement cuttings. They are selected on the basis of growth rate, quality, value, and marketability. More detailed information regarding site index is available in the "National Forestry Manual," which is available in local offices of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or through the Agency's Website.

The volume of wood fiber, a number, is the yield likely to be produced by the most important tree species. This number, expressed as cubic feet per acre per year and calculated at the age of culmination of the mean annual increment (CMAI), indicates the amount of fiber produced in a fully stocked, even-aged, unmanaged stand.

Trees to manage are those that are preferred for planting, seeding, or natural regeneration and those that remain in the stand after thinning or partial harvest.

Forest Management

In tables 8a and 8b, interpretive ratings are given for various aspects of forest management. The ratings are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect the specified aspect of forest management. Not limited indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified aspect of management. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. Slightly limited indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified aspect of management. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. *Moderately limited* indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified aspect of management. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified aspect of management. The limitations can be overcome, but overcoming them generally requires special design, special planning, soil reclamation, specialized equipment, or other

procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. *Very limited* indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified aspect of management. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, specialized equipment, or other expensive procedures. Poor performance, unsafe conditions, or high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the tables indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

Not limited	0.00
Slightly limited 0.01	to 0.30
Moderately limited 0.31	to 0.60
Limited 0.61	to 0.99
Very limited	1.00

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation class for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

The paragraphs that follow indicate the soil properties considered in rating the soils for forest management factors. More detailed information about the criteria used in the ratings is available in the "National Forestry Manual," which is available in local offices of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or through the Agency's Website.

In table 8a, ratings in the column hand planting are based on slope, depth to a restrictive layer, content of sand, plasticity index, rock fragments on or below the surface, depth to a water table, and ponding. Ratings indicate the expected difficulty of hand planting, which includes the proper placement of root systems of tree seedlings to a depth of up to 12 inches, using standard hand planting tools. It is assumed that necessary site preparation is completed before seedlings are planted.

Ratings in the column *mechanical planting* are based on slope, depth to a restrictive layer, content of sand, plasticity index, rock fragments on or below the surface, depth to a water table, and ponding. Ratings indicate the expected difficulty in using a mechanical planter, which includes proper placement of root systems of tree seedlings to a depth of up to 12

inches. It is assumed that necessary site preparation is completed before seedlings are planted.

Ratings in the column use of harvesting equipment are based on slope, rock fragments on the surface, plasticity index, content of sand, surface texture, depth to a water table, and ponding. Ratings indicate the suitability for operating harvesting equipment for off-road transport or harvest of logs and/or wood products by ground-based wheeled or tracked equipment.

Ratings in the column *mechanical site preparation* (*surface*) are based on slope, depth to a restrictive layer, plasticity index, rock fragments on or below the surface, depth to a water table, and ponding. The part of the soil from the surface to a depth of about 12 inches is considered in the ratings. Ratings indicate the suitability of using surface-altering soil tillage equipment to prepare the site for planting or seeding.

Ratings in the column *roads* (*natural surface*) are based on slope, rock fragments on the surface, plasticity index, content of sand, surface texture, depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, and the hazard of soil slippage. The ratings indicate the suitability for using the natural surface of the soil for roads on which trucks transport logs and other wood products from the site.

In table 8b, ratings in the column *erosion* on roads and trails are based on the soil erodibility factor K, slope, and content of rock fragments. The ratings apply to unsurfaced roads and trails.

Ratings in the column off-road or off-trail erosion are based on slope and on the soil erodibility factor K. The soil loss is caused by sheet or rill erosion in off-road or off-trail areas where 50 to 75 percent of the surface has been exposed by logging, grazing, mining, or other kinds of disturbance.

Ratings in the column soil rutting are based on depth to a water table, rock fragments on or below the surface, surface texture, depth to a restrictive layer, and slope. Ruts form as a result of the operation of forest equipment. Ratings indicate limitations affecting the hazard or risk of ruts in the uppermost layers of the soil. Soil displacement and puddling (soil deformation and compaction) may occur simultaneously with the formation of ruts.

Ratings in the column *log landings* are based on slope, rock fragments on the surface, plasticity index, content of sand, surface texture, depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, and the hazard of soil slippage. Ratings indicate the suitability of the soil at the forest site to serve as a log landing and to allow the efficient and effective use of equipment for the temporary storage and handling of logs.

Ratings in the column seedling survival are based on flooding, ponding, depth to a water table, content of lime, reaction, salinity, available water capacity, soil moisture regime, soil temperature regime, aspect, and slope. Ratings indicate the impact of soil, physiographic, and climatic conditions on the survivability of newly established tree seedlings.

Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings

Doug Wallace, Natural Resources Conservation Service, helped prepare this section.

Living plants play an important role in supporting our life and improving its condition. Properly used and maintained, plants help provide positive solutions to many problems existing in our contemporary environment. In Bollinger County, windbreaks and environmental plantings can be utilized throughout the landscape for a variety of engineering, climatological, and esthetic needs.

Windbreaks can be used successively in open areas of Bollinger County. When working with farmstead and field windbreaks, the following activities should be considered: design and layout; species selection; site preparation; seedling handling; weed management; irrigation; and protection from diseases, insects, and livestock.

Farmstead windbreaks make the farmstead area a more comfortable place to live and work, reduce energy costs, increase garden and fruit tree yields, enhance wildlife populations, buffer noises, and raise property values (Scholten, 1988).

Feedlot windbreaks can be used to protect livestock from wind and snow. Windbreaks significantly reduce calf losses, make feeding operations easier, and enable livestock to maintain better weight with less feed.

Farmstead and feedlot windbreaks are generally three or more rows wide and dense with at least two of the rows a conifer type of tree species. In addition, they should be located on the windward side of the area to be protected and as perpendicular as possible to commonly prevailing winds.

Field windbreaks or shelterbelts are designed to protect field crops and bare soil from the effects of strong winds. Field windbreaks reduce soil losses, increase crop yields, retard the spread of weeds between fields, and enhance wildlife populations (Brandle and others, 1988). They should be carefully planned. Field boundaries, irrigation systems, power lines, and roads should be considered in determining the location of field windbreaks. Windbreaks should be oriented at right angles to prevailing winds. The typical field windbreak system consists of a series of single rows of trees or shrubs.

Environmental plantings can be used for beautification, visual screens, and control of acoustical, pollution, and climatological problems around buildings and other living spaces. When using environmental plantings, care should be given to selecting plants that exhibit proper height, shape, form, color, and texture that are compatible with the surrounding area, structures, and desired use (Robinette, 1972). Trees and shrubs are easy to establish on most sites and soil types in Bollinger County, as long as there is adequate site preparation prior to planting, and weeds and other competition are controlled after planting and adequate soil moisture is maintained during the growing season.

Table 9 shows the height that locally grown trees and shrubs are expected to reach in 20 years on various soils. The estimates in the table are based on measurements and observation of established plantings that have been given adequate care. They can be used as a guide in planning windbreaks and screens. Additional information on planning windbreaks and screens and planting and caring for trees and shrubs can be obtained from the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or of the Cooperative Extension Service or from a commercial nursery.

Recreation

Bollinger County offers many opportunities for people to enjoy outdoor activities. The Castor River passes through the southern end of the county and provides excellent boating, fishing, and swimming.

The Missouri Department of Conservation owns thousands of acres of land in Bollinger County. They have a number of conservation areas and river or stream accesses. These areas provide excellent wildlife habitat and are available for hunting and hiking. Duck Creek Conservation Area is one of the premier duck hunting spots in the state. This refuge area contains upland and bottom land hardwood forests, cropland, grasslands, marsh, and cypress swamp. It is a major migration and wintering area for migratory waterfowl.

Mingo National Wildlife Refuge is located next to Duck Creek in Wayne County and adds to the access for duck hunters. An auto tour route is open in the spring and fall. Hiking, fishing, boating, horseback riding, and bird watching are some of the activities which visitors can enjoy.

The soils of the survey area are rated in table 10 according to limitations that affect their suitability for recreational uses. Soils are rated for camp areas, picnic areas, playgrounds, and paths and trails.

The ratings in the table are based on restrictive soil features, such as wetness, slope, and texture of the surface layer. Susceptibility to flooding is considered. Not considered in the ratings, but important in evaluating a site, are the location and accessibility of the area, the size and shape of the area and its scenic quality, vegetation, access to water, potential water impoundment sites, and access to public sewer lines. The capacity of the soil to absorb septic tank effluent and the ability of the soil to support vegetation also are important. Soils that are subject to flooding are limited for recreational uses by the duration and intensity of flooding and the season when flooding occurs. In planning recreational facilities, onsite assessment of the height, duration, intensity, and frequency of flooding is essential.

The ratings in the table are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect recreational site development. Not limited indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. Slightly limited indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. *Limited* indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome, but overcoming them generally requires special design, soil reclamation, or installation procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the table indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are

shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

Not limited 0	.00
Slightly limited 0.01 to 0.	.30
Moderately limited 0.31 to 0.	.60
Limited 0.61 to 0.	.99
Very limited 1	.00

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

The information in table 10 can be supplemented by other information in this survey, for example, interpretations for building site development, construction materials, sanitary facilities, and water management.

Camp areas require site preparation, such as shaping and leveling the tent and parking areas, stabilizing roads and intensively used areas, and installing sanitary facilities and utility lines. Camp areas are subject to heavy foot traffic and some vehicular traffic. The soil properties that affect the performance of the areas after development are those that influence trafficability and promote the growth of vegetation, especially in heavily used areas. For good trafficability, the surface of camp areas should absorb rainfall readily, remain firm under heavy foot traffic, and not be dusty when dry. The soil properties that influence trafficability are texture of the surface layer, a water table, ponding, flooding, permeability, and large stones. The soil properties that affect the growth of plants are depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, permeability, and toxic substances in the soil.

Picnic areas are subject to heavy foot traffic. Most vehicular traffic is confined to access roads and parking areas. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect the ease of developing picnic areas and that influence trafficability and the growth of vegetation after development. Slope and stoniness are the main concerns affecting the development of picnic areas. For good trafficability, the surface of picnic areas should absorb rainfall readily, remain firm under heavy foot traffic, and not be dusty when dry. The soil properties that influence trafficability are texture of the surface layer, a water table, ponding, flooding, permeability, and large stones. The soil properties that

affect the growth of plants are depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, permeability, and toxic substances in the soil.

Playgrounds require soils that are nearly level, are free of stones, and can withstand intensive foot traffic. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect the ease of developing playgrounds and that influence trafficability and the growth of vegetation after development. Slope and stoniness are the main concerns affecting the development of playgrounds. For good trafficability, the surface of the playgrounds should absorb rainfall readily, remain firm under heavy foot traffic, and not be dusty when dry. The soil properties that influence trafficability are texture of the surface layer, a water table, ponding, flooding, permeability, and large stones. The soil properties that affect the growth of plants are depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, permeability, and toxic substances in the soil.

Paths and trails for hiking and horseback riding should require little or no cutting and filling. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect trafficability and erodibility. These properties are stoniness, a water table, ponding, flooding, slope, and texture of the surface layer. The best soils are not wet, are firm after rains, are not dusty when dry, and are not subject to frequent flooding during the period of use. They have moderate slopes and few or no stones or boulders on the surface.

Wildlife Habitat

Arron J. Hendershott, Missouri Department of Conservation, helped prepare this section.

Bollinger County is largely a part of the Ozark Plateau, but also contains some lowlands of the Mississippi River flood plain. An estimated 273,000 acres of Bollinger County's landscape is forested. The remainder is a mix of land uses, such as cropland, pasture, hayland, and residential/urban use (Bollinger County agri-facts, 1992).

Before settlement by Europeans, Bollinger County's landscape was shaped by a combination of soil types, natural forces, and actions of native tribes. The result was a much different looking area. While many of the county's current plants and animals were present in the past, their abundances have changed since European occupation.

Assorted soils and geologic features strongly influence the plant communities that occupy a site (Nelson, 1987). Soil pH, fertility, and depth, as well as moisture availability, all have an impact on what plants can be grown on any given location. The plants on a site, in turn, influence the wildlife occurring there. Soil

type can provide valuable insight into historic and present day vegetative patterns, and the animals using that habitat.

Woodland—The dominant habitat type (over 80 percent of Bollinger County) was formerly woodland. Most of the Clarksville, Poynor, and Scholten soils have gravel throughout the profile and occur on narrow ridgetops and shoulders of broader ridges. On the summits of the broader ridges, are the Captina, Hildebrecht, and Yelton soils, which are capped with a thin layer of loess. Historically known as barrens, woodland is a cross between a forest and a prairie. Woodlands differ from forests in being more open and having prairie grasses and forbs on the ground. Early settlers to the area described ridges and sunny slopes as park-like areas or barrens due to their sparse vegetative cover. A woodland was produced by poorer and drier soils combined with fires set by native tribes. Fire was a management tool, as well as a weapon for war and hunting (Guyette and McGinnes, 1982).

Periodic fires helped shape a woodland in two ways. First, young trees that cannot tolerate fire were killed or set back. Fewer trees made it to the canopy to shade the ground. Second, the fire would aid the germination of prairie plant seeds by blackening the earth and allowing sunlight to warm the soil.

This combination of prairie and forest made for a fantastic wildlife resource. Animals utilizing both forest and prairie plants were well suited to live in these areas. Wild turkey, white-tail deer, cottontail rabbits, bluebirds, flickers, bobwhite quail, tiger salamanders, fence lizards, and coachwhip snakes all made ample use of woodland habitat.

Bollinger County's woodlands have changed over the last 200 years. Fire is no longer a major shaping force to favor the prairie plants, instead its suppression allows the encroachment of trees. The Ozarks history of erosion from logging and fire suppression has yielded more forests that are not as open as those of a woodland (Beilmann and Benner, 1951).

Fens and seeps—A small amount of wetlands occur in the hilly parts of the northern two-thirds of Bollinger County called fens and seeps. They are created when water seeps out of the ground along footslopes or in valleys. The soil and parent rock type influence whether the wetland is a fen or a seep. Fens tend to be associated with water with basic pH, resulting from limestone or dolomite, while seeps occupy more acidic water conditions resulting from sandstone or igneous rock.

Both wetland types are important water sources for all wildlife species and attract water-loving species, such as American bittern, common yellow-throat, sedge wren, marsh wren, red-winged blackbird,

snapping turtle, and many species of crayfish. Fens and seeps are important wildlife features that do not tolerate much disturbance, if they are to support wildlife.

Bottom land forests, swamps, and marshes—A small southern section of Bollinger County and some of the river flood plains were poorly drained with Amagon, Calhoun, Forestdale, and Wakeland soils, which promoted the existence of bottom land forest, forested swamps, and herbaceous marshes. These water-dominated landscapes created habitat for the widest variety of animals in Bollinger County.

Swamps had fluctuating water levels throughout the year, which varied from year to year. Bald cypress, water tupelo, button bush, willow, water oak, willow oak, and red maple were dominant species. Swamps were important to migratory waterfowl, shorebirds, and neo-tropical songbirds. Three former residents of Bollinger County, the ivory-billed woodpecker, Bachman's warbler, and the Carolina parakeet are all gone due to loss of this type of habitat. Swampspecific animals found in this section of Bollinger County include golden mouse, cotton mouse, marsh rice rat, swamp rabbit, alligator snapping turtle, siren, three-toed amphiuma, mole salamander, green treefrog, Mississippi mud turtle, southern painted turtle, chicken turtle, mud snake, Swainson's warbler, Mississippi kite, and fish crow.

Marshes were open wetland communities containing herbaceous sedges, smartweed, millet, wild rice, cutgrass, cattail, cordgrass, rushes, and forbs. Marshes support waterfowl, shorebirds, bitterns, moorhens, beaver, muskrats, aquatic snakes, turtles, salamanders, and frogs.

Small elevated ridges of 5 to 10 feet in the Mississippi River lowlands promoted bottom land forests and enormous stands of river cane, known as canebrakes. Bottom land forests contained some of the largest trees in the county. The annual cycle of flooding in the late fall and winter helped to generate large stands of mixed hardwoods, with canopies exceeding 150 feet. These forests, in turn, supported animals, such as the pileated woodpecker, cerulean warbler, trey squirrel, flying squirrel, wood duck, mole salamander, pipevine swallowtail, and spice bush swallowtail butterfly. Mast crops and abundant cavities in these forests were attractive to a wide range of animals. Canebrakes were pure stands of cane, once occupying thousands of acres along streams and bottom land ridges. Nearly impenetrable canebrakes were valuable to swamp rabbit, black bear, Swainson's warbler, golden mice, and a host of moth and butterfly caterpillars. Some thick cane stands still exist, but are nothing compared to their

previous expanse. A hint to this is found in the name "Hurricane Creek" of eastern Bollinger County. "Hurricane," a historic misnomer for canebrakes, was perhaps given to this creek due to the predominance of cane.

The Mississippi River flood plain lowlands and flood plains along the Castor River, Crooked Creek, the Whitewater River, and the Little Whitewater River supported extensive bottom land forests and canebrakes in Bollinger County. Bottom land forests in Bollinger County are a tremendous resource worthy of proper management.

Sand forests and woodlands—A small portion of southeastern Bollinger County has Malden soil, which historically supported drier adapted plants and animals. Plants include black and sand hickory, along with blackjack and post oak. While upland animals occupied these woodlands and forests, some animals occupied sandy soil specifically. Upland animals, such as white-tail deer, raccoon, squirrel, and turkey were common, with the addition of numerous nongame, sand-adapted species, including eastern spadefoot, Illinois chorus frog, sand tiger beetle, sand cicada, and sand grasshopper. Sandy soils have been converted to other uses, making this habitat type uncommon.

Bollinger County has a great potential for wildlife. Wise management of existing habitat can be enhanced through knowledge of site conditions and dominant plant communities.

Soils affect the kind and amount of vegetation that is available to wildlife as food and cover. They also affect the construction of water impoundments. The kind and abundance of wildlife depend largely on the amount and distribution of food, cover, and water. Wildlife habitat can be created or improved by planting appropriate vegetation, by maintaining the existing plant cover, or by promoting the natural establishment of desirable plants.

In tables 11a and 11b, the soils in the survey area are rated according to their potential for providing habitat for various kinds of wildlife. This information can be used in planning parks, wildlife refuges, nature study areas, and other developments for wildlife; in selecting soils that are suitable for establishing, improving, or maintaining specific elements of wildlife habitat; and in determining the intensity of management needed for each element of the habitat.

The ratings in the tables are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect the specified use. *Not limited* indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Habitat is easily established, improved, or maintained. *Slightly limited* indicates that the soil

has features that are favorable for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Habitat can be established, improved, or maintained. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. Habitat can be established, improved, or maintained in most places. Moderately intensive management is required for satisfactory results. *Limited* indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. Habitat is difficult to create, improve, or maintain in most places. Management is difficult and must be very intensive. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. Habitat is usually impractical or impossible to create, improve, or maintain. Management would be very difficult, and unsatisfactory results can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the tables indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

Not limited			0.00
Slightly limited 0	0.01	to	0.30
Moderately limited 0).31	to	0.60
Limited 0).61	to	0.99
Very limited			1.00

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation class for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

The elements of wildlife habitat are described in the following paragraphs.

Grain and seed crops are domestic grains and seed-producing herbaceous plants. Soil properties and features that affect the growth of grain and seed crops are depth of the root zone, texture of the surface layer, available water capacity, wetness, slope, surface stoniness, and flooding. Soil temperature and soil moisture also are considerations. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Domestic grasses and legumes are domestic perennial grasses and herbaceous legumes. Soil properties and features that affect the growth of grasses and legumes are depth of the root zone, texture of the surface layer, available water capacity, wetness, surface stoniness, flooding, and slope. Soil

temperature and soil moisture also are considerations. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Upland wild herbaceous plants are native or naturally established grasses and forbs, including weeds. Soil properties and features that affect the growth of these plants are depth of the root zone, texture of the surface layer, available water capacity, wetness, surface stoniness, and flooding. Soil temperature and soil moisture also are considerations. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Upland shrubs and vines are bushy woody plants that produce fruit, buds, twigs, bark, and foliage. Soil properties and features that affect the growth of shrubs and vines are depth of the root zone, available water capacity, salinity, and soil moisture. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Upland deciduous trees and woody understory produce nuts or other fruit, buds, catkins, twigs, bark, and foliage. Soil properties and features that affect the growth of hardwood trees are depth of the root zone, available water capacity, and wetness. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Upland mixed deciduous-conifer trees and woody understory produce nuts or other fruit, buds, catkins, twigs, bark, browse, seeds, and foliage. Soil properties and features that affect the growth of these trees are depth of the root zone, available water capacity, and wetness. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Riparian herbaceous plants are annual and perennial native or naturally established grasses and forbs that grow on moist or wet sites. Soil properties and features affecting riparian herbaceous plants are surface texture, wetness, flooding, ponding, and surface stones. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Riparian shrubs, vines, and trees are bushy woody plants and trees that grow on moist or wet sites. Soil properties and features affecting these plants are surface texture, wetness, flooding, ponding, and surface stones. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Freshwater wetland plants are grasses, forbs, and shrubs that are adapted to wet soil conditions. The soils suitable for this habitat generally occur adjacent to springs, seeps, depressions, areas of bottom land, marshes, or backwater areas on flood plains. Most areas are ponded for some period of time during the year. Soil properties and features affecting these plants are surface texture, wetness, ponding, and soil

reaction. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Irrigated freshwater wetland plants are grasses, forbs, and shrubs that are adapted to wet soil conditions. The soils suitable for this habitat generally occur in areas of cropland, in previously cropped areas, and in marginal areas associated with cropland and wetlands. These areas may be ponded for some period of time during the year. They are generally suitable for restoring wetland features temporarily or permanently. Soil properties and features affecting these plants are surface texture, permeability, wetness, ponding, and soil reaction. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Engineering

This section provides information for planning land uses related to urban development and to water management (fig. 18). Soils are rated for various uses, and the most limiting features are identified. Ratings

are given for building site development, sanitary facilities, construction materials, water management, and waste management. The ratings are based on observed performance of the soils and on the data in the tables described under the heading "Soil Properties."

Information in this section is intended for land use planning, for evaluating land use alternatives, and for planning site investigations prior to design and construction. The information, however, has limitations. For example, estimates and other data generally apply only to that part of the soil within a depth of 5 or 6 feet. Because of the map scale, small areas of different soils may be included within the mapped areas of a specific soil.

The information is not site specific and does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation of the soils or for testing and analysis by personnel experienced in the design and construction of engineering works.

Government ordinances and regulations that restrict certain land uses or impose specific design criteria



Figure 18.—Hay bales in an area of Wrengart silt loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes, eroded. A newly constructed pond is in the background.

were not considered in preparing the information in this section. Local ordinances and regulations should be considered in planning, in site selection, and in design.

Soil properties, site features, and observed performance were considered in determining the ratings in this section. During the fieldwork for this soil survey, determinations were made about grain-size distribution, liquid limit, plasticity index, soil reaction, depth to bedrock, hardness of bedrock within 5 or 6 feet of the surface, soil wetness, depth to a seasonal high water table, slope, likelihood of flooding, natural soil structure aggregation, and soil density. Data were collected about kinds of clay minerals, mineralogy of the sand and silt fractions, and the kinds of adsorbed cations. Estimates were made for erodibility, permeability, corrosivity, shrink-swell potential, available water capacity, and other behavioral characteristics affecting engineering uses.

This information can be used to evaluate the potential of areas for residential, commercial. industrial, and recreational uses; make preliminary estimates of construction conditions; evaluate alternative routes for roads, streets, highways, pipelines, and underground cables; evaluate alternative sites for sanitary landfills, septic tank absorption fields, and sewage lagoons; evaluate sites for agricultural waste management; plan detailed onsite investigations of soils and geology; locate potential sources of gravel, sand, earthfill, and topsoil; plan drainage systems, irrigation systems, ponds, terraces, and other structures for soil and water conservation: and predict performance of proposed small structures and pavements by comparing the performance of existing similar structures on the same or similar soils.

The information in the tables, along with the soil maps, the soil descriptions, and other data provided in this survey, can be used to make additional interpretations.

Some of the terms used in this soil survey have a special meaning in soil science and are defined in the Glossary.

Building Site Development

Soil properties influence the development of building sites, including the selection of the site, the design of the structure, construction, performance after construction, and maintenance. Table 12 shows the degree and kind of soil limitations that affect dwellings with and without basements, small commercial buildings, local roads and streets, and lawns and landscaping.

The ratings in the table are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect building site development. Not limited indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. Slightly limited indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome, but overcoming them generally requires special design, soil reclamation, or installation procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the table indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

No	t limited			0.00
Sli	ghtly limited	0.01	to	0.30
Mo	oderately limited	0.31	to	0.60
Lir	nited	0.61	to	0.99
Ve	ry limited			1.00

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

Dwellings are single-family houses of three stories or less. For dwellings without basements, the foundation is assumed to consist of spread footings of reinforced concrete built on undisturbed soil at a depth of 2 feet or at the depth of maximum frost penetration, whichever is deeper. For dwellings with basements, the

foundation is assumed to consist of spread footings of reinforced concrete built on undisturbed soil at a depth of about 7 feet. The ratings for dwellings are based on the soil properties that affect the capacity of the soil to support a load without movement and on the properties that affect excavation and construction costs. The properties that affect the load-supporting capacity include a water table, ponding, flooding, subsidence, linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential), and compressibility. Compressibility is inferred from the Unified classification. The properties that affect the ease and amount of excavation include a water table, ponding, flooding, slope, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, hardness of bedrock or a cemented pan, and the amount and size of rock fragments.

Small commercial buildings are structures that are less than three stories high and do not have basements. The foundation is assumed to consist of spread footings of reinforced concrete built on undisturbed soil at a depth of 2 feet or at the depth of maximum frost penetration, whichever is deeper. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect the capacity of the soil to support a load without movement and on the properties that affect excavation and construction costs. The properties that affect the load-supporting capacity include a water table, ponding, flooding, subsidence, linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential), and compressibility (which is inferred from the Unified classification). The properties that affect the ease and amount of excavation include flooding, a water table, ponding, slope, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, hardness of bedrock or a cemented pan, and the amount and size of rock fragments.

Local roads and streets have an all-weather surface and carry automobile and light truck traffic all year. They have a subgrade of cut or fill soil material; a base of gravel, crushed rock, or soil material stabilized by lime or cement; and a surface of flexible material (asphalt), rigid material (concrete), or gravel with a binder. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect the ease of excavation and grading and the traffic-supporting capacity. The properties that affect the ease of excavation and grading are depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, hardness of bedrock or a cemented pan, a water table, ponding, flooding, the amount of large stones, and slope. The properties that affect the trafficsupporting capacity are soil strength (as inferred from the AASHTO group index number), subsidence, linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential), the potential for frost action, a water table, and ponding.

Lawns and landscaping require soils on which turf and ornamental trees and shrubs can be established and maintained. Irrigation is not considered in the ratings. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect plant growth and trafficability after vegetation is established. The properties that affect plant growth are reaction; a water table; ponding; depth to bedrock or a cemented pan; the available water capacity in the upper 40 inches; the content of salts, sodium, or calcium carbonate; and sulfidic materials. The properties that affect trafficability are flooding, a water table, ponding, slope, stoniness, and the amount of sand, clay, or organic matter in the surface layer.

Sanitary Facilities

The soils of the survey area are rated in table 13 according to limitations that affect their suitability for sanitary facilities. Soils are rated for septic tank absorption fields, sewage lagoons, sanitary landfills, and daily cover for landfill.

The ratings in the table are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect sanitary facilities. Not limited indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. Slightly limited indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome, but overcoming them generally requires special design, soil reclamation, or installation procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the table indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are

shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

Not limited	0.00
Slightly limited	0.01 to 0.30
Moderately limited	0.31 to 0.60
Limited	0.61 to 0.99
Very limited	1.00

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

Septic tank absorption fields are areas in which effluent from a septic tank is distributed into the soil through subsurface tiles or perforated pipe. Only that part of the soil between depths of 24 and 60 inches is evaluated. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect absorption of the effluent, construction and maintenance of the system, and public health. Permeability, a water table, ponding, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, and flooding affect absorption of the effluent. Stones and boulders, ice, and bedrock or a cemented pan interfere with installation. Subsidence interferes with installation and maintenance. Excessive slope may cause lateral seepage and surfacing of the effluent in downslope areas.

Some soils are underlain by loose sand and gravel or fractured bedrock at a depth of less than 4 feet below the distribution lines. In these soils the absorption field may not adequately filter the effluent, particularly when the system is new. As a result, the ground water may be contaminated. Unsatisfactory performance of septic tank absorption fields, including excessively slow absorption of effluent, surfacing of effluent, hillside seepage, and contamination of ground water, can affect public health.

Sewage lagoons are shallow ponds constructed to hold sewage while aerobic bacteria decompose the solid and liquid wastes. Lagoons should have a nearly level floor surrounded by cut slopes or embankments of compacted soil. Nearly impervious soil material for the lagoon floor and sides is required to minimize seepage and contamination of ground water. Considered in the ratings are slope, permeability, a water table, ponding, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, flooding, large stones, and content of organic matter.

Soil permeability is a critical property affecting the suitability for sewage lagoons. Most porous soils eventually become sealed when they are used as sites for sewage lagoons. Until sealing occurs, however, the hazard of pollution is severe. Soils that have a permeability rate of more than 2 inches per hour are too porous for the proper functioning of sewage lagoons. In these soils, seepage of the effluent can result in contamination of the ground water. Groundwater contamination is also a hazard if fractured bedrock is within a depth of 40 inches, if the water table is high enough to raise the level of sewage in the lagoon, or if floodwater overtops the lagoon.

A high content of organic matter is detrimental to proper functioning of the lagoon because it inhibits aerobic activity. Slope, bedrock, and cemented pans can cause construction problems, and large stones can hinder compaction of the lagoon floor. If the lagoon is to be uniformly deep throughout, slope must be gentle enough and the soil material must be thick enough over bedrock or a cemented pan to make land smoothing practical.

A trench sanitary landfill is an area where solid waste is placed in successive layers in an excavated trench. The waste is spread, compacted, and covered daily with a thin layer of soil excavated at the site. When the trench is full, a final cover of soil material at least 2 feet thick is placed over the landfill. The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect the risk of pollution, the ease of excavation, trafficability, and revegetation. These properties include permeability, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, a water table, ponding, slope, flooding, texture, stones and boulders, highly organic layers, soil reaction, and content of salts and sodium. Unless otherwise stated, the ratings apply only to that part of the soil within a depth of about 6 feet. For deeper trenches, onsite investigation may be needed.

Hard, nonrippable bedrock, creviced bedrock, or highly permeable strata in or directly below the proposed trench bottom can affect the ease of excavation and the hazard of ground-water pollution. Slope affects construction of the trenches and the movement of surface water around the landfill. It also affects the construction and performance of roads in areas of the landfill.

Soil texture and consistence affect the ease with which the trench is dug and the ease with which the soil can be used as daily or final cover. They determine the workability of the soil when dry and when wet. Soils that are plastic and sticky when wet are difficult to excavate, grade, or compact and are difficult to place as a uniformly thick cover over a layer of refuse.

The soil material used as the final cover for a trench landfill should be suitable for plants. It should not have excess sodium or salts and should not be too acid. The surface layer generally has the best workability, the highest content of organic matter, and the best potential for plants. Material from the surface layer should be stockpiled for use as the final cover.

In an area sanitary landfill, solid waste is placed in successive layers on the surface of the soil. The waste is spread, compacted, and covered daily with a thin layer of soil from a source away from the site. A final cover of soil material at least 2 feet thick is placed over the completed landfill. The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect trafficability and the risk of pollution. These properties include flooding, permeability, a water table, ponding, slope, and depth to bedrock or a cemented pan.

Flooding is a serious problem because it can result in pollution in areas downstream from the landfill. If permeability is too rapid or if fractured bedrock, a fractured cemented pan, or the water table is close to the surface, the leachate can contaminate the water supply. Slope is a consideration because of the extra grading required to maintain roads in the steeper areas of the landfill. Also, leachate may flow along the surface of the soils in the steeper areas and cause difficult seepage problems.

Daily cover for landfill is the soil material that is used to cover compacted solid waste in an area sanitary landfill. The soil material is obtained offsite, transported to the landfill, and spread over the waste. The ratings in the table also apply to the final cover for a landfill. They are based on the soil properties that affect workability, the ease of digging, and the ease of moving and spreading the material over the refuse daily during wet and dry periods. These properties include soil texture, a water table, ponding, rock fragments, slope, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, reaction, and content of salts, sodium, or lime.

Loamy or silty soils that are free of large stones and excess gravel are the best cover for a landfill. Clayey soils may be sticky and difficult to spread; sandy soils are subject to wind erosion.

Slope affects the ease of excavation and of moving the cover material. Also, it can influence runoff, erosion, and reclamation of the borrow area.

After soil material has been removed, the soil material remaining in the borrow area must be thick enough over bedrock, a cemented pan, or the water table to permit revegetation. The soil material used as the final cover for a landfill should be suitable for plants. It should not have excess sodium, salts, or lime and should not be too acid.

Construction Materials and Excavating

The soils of the survey area are rated in table 14 as a source of roadfill, sand, gravel, or topsoil. Normal compaction, minor processing, and other standard construction practices are assumed. The soils are also rated according to limitations that affect their suitability for shallow excavations. The ratings in the table are both verbal and numerical.

For sand and gravel, the soils are rated as a probable, possible, or improbable source. A rating of probable indicates that the source material is likely to be in or below the soil. A rating of possible indicates that the source material may be in or below the soil and that further investigation is warranted. A rating of improbable indicates that the source material is unlikely to be in or below the soil. The numerical ratings in these columns indicate the degree of probability. A numerical rating of 1.00 indicates that the soil is an improbable source. A numerical rating of less than 1.00 indicates the degree to which the soil is a possible or probable source of sand or gravel.

Other rating class terms used in this table indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by soil features that affect their use as a source for roadfill or topsoil or their suitability for shallow excavations. Not *limited* indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. Slightly limited indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. *Limited* indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome, but overcoming them generally requires special design, soil reclamation, or installation procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the table indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are

shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

Not limited	0.00
Slightly limited	0.01 to 0.30
Moderately limited	0.31 to 0.60
Limited	0.61 to 0.99
Very limited	1.00

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

Roadfill is soil material that is excavated in one place and used in road embankments in another place. In this table, the soils are rated as a source of roadfill for low embankments, generally less than 6 feet high and less exacting in design than higher embankments.

The ratings are for the whole soil, from the surface to a depth of about 5 feet. It is assumed that soil layers will be mixed when the soil material is excavated and spread.

The ratings are based on the amount of suitable material and on soil properties that affect the ease of excavation and the performance of the material after it is in place. The thickness of the suitable material is a major consideration. The ease of excavation is affected by large stones, a water table, and slope. How well the soil performs in place after it has been compacted and drained is determined by its strength (as inferred from the AASHTO classification of the soil) and linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential).

Sand and gravel are natural aggregates suitable for commercial use with a minimum of processing. They are used in many kinds of construction. Specifications for each use vary widely. In the table, only the likelihood of finding material in suitable quantity is evaluated. The suitability of the material for specific purposes is not evaluated, nor are factors that affect excavation of the material. The properties used to evaluate the soil as a source of sand or gravel are gradation of grain sizes (as indicated by the Unified classification of the soil), the thickness of suitable material, and the content of rock fragments. If the lowest layer of the soil contains sand or gravel, the soil is rated as a probable source regardless of the thickness. The assumption is that the sand or gravel

layer below the depth of observation exceeds the minimum thickness.

Topsoil is used to cover an area so that vegetation can be established and maintained. The upper 40 inches of a soil is evaluated for use as topsoil. Also evaluated is the reclamation potential of the borrow area. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect plant growth; the ease of excavating, loading, and spreading the material; and reclamation of the borrow area. Toxic substances, soil reaction, and the properties that are inferred from soil texture, such as available water capacity and fertility, affect plant growth. The ease of excavating, loading, and spreading is affected by rock fragments, slope, a water table, soil texture, and thickness of suitable material. Reclamation of the borrow area is affected by slope, a water table, rock fragments, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, and toxic material.

The surface layer of most soils is generally preferred for topsoil because of its organic matter content.

Organic matter greatly increases the absorption and retention of moisture and nutrients for plant growth.

Shallow excavations are trenches or holes dug to a maximum depth of 5 or 6 feet for basements, graves, utility lines, open ditches, or other purposes. The ratings are based on the soil properties that influence the ease of digging and the resistance to sloughing. Depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, hardness of bedrock or a cemented pan, the amount of large stones, and dense layers influence the ease of digging, filling, and compacting. Depth to the seasonal high water table, flooding, and ponding may restrict the period when excavations can be made. Slope influences the ease of using machinery. Soil texture, depth to the water table, and linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential) influence the resistance to sloughing.

Water Management

Table 15 gives information on the soil properties and site features that affect water management. The degree and kind of soil limitations are given for pond reservoir areas, drainage, irrigation, terraces and diversions, and grassed waterways.

The ratings in the table are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect the specified use. *Not limited* indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. *Slightly limited*

indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome, but overcoming them generally requires special design, soil reclamation, or installation procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the table indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

Not limited	0.00
Slightly limited	0.01 to 0.30
Moderately limited	0.31 to 0.60
Limited	0.61 to 0.99
Very limited	1.00

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

Pond reservoir areas hold water behind a dam or embankment. Soils best suited to this use have low seepage potential in the upper 60 inches. The seepage potential is determined by the permeability of the soil and the depth to fractured bedrock or other permeable material. Slope can affect the storage capacity of the reservoir area.

Drainage is the removal of excess surface and subsurface water from the soil. How easily and effectively the soil is drained depends on the depth to bedrock, permeability, depth to a water table, ponding, slope, and flooding. Excavating and grading and the

stability of ditchbanks are affected by depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, large stones, slope, and the likelihood that cutbanks will cave. The productivity of the soil after drainage is adversely affected by extreme acidity or by toxic substances in the root zone, such as salts, sodium, and sulfur. The availability of drainage outlets is not considered in the ratings.

Irrigation is the controlled application of water to supplement rainfall and support plant growth. The design and management of an irrigation system are affected by depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, available water capacity, intake rate, permeability, erodibility, and slope. The construction of a system is affected by large stones and depth to bedrock. The performance of a system is affected by the depth of the root zone, reaction, and the amount of salts, sodium, sulfur, lime, or gypsum.

Terraces and diversions are embankments or a combination of channels and ridges constructed across a slope to control erosion and conserve moisture by intercepting runoff. Slope, a water table, ponding, large stones, and depth to bedrock affect the construction of terraces and diversions. A restricted rooting depth, erodibility, an excessively coarse texture, and restricted permeability adversely affect maintenance.

Grassed waterways are natural or constructed channels, generally broad and shallow, that conduct surface water to outlets at a nonerosive velocity. Large stones, a water table, slope, and depth to bedrock affect the construction of grassed waterways. Erodibility, soil moisture regime, available water capacity, restricted rooting depth, restricted permeability, and toxic substances, such as salts and sodium, affect the growth and maintenance of the grass after construction.

Waste Management

Soil properties are important considerations in areas where soils are used as sites for the treatment and disposal of organic waste and wastewater. Selection of soils with properties that favor waste management can help to prevent environmental damage.

Table 16 shows the degree and kind of soil limitations affecting the treatment of agricultural waste, including municipal and food-processing wastewater and effluent from lagoons or storage ponds. Municipal wastewater is the waste stream from a municipality. It contains domestic waste and may contain industrial waste. It may have received primary or secondary treatment. It is rarely untreated sewage. Food-processing wastewater results from the preparation of

fruits, vegetables, milk, cheese, and meats for public consumption. In places it is high in content of sodium and chloride. In the context of this table, the effluent in lagoons and storage ponds is from facilities used to treat or store food-processing wastewater or domestic or animal waste. Domestic and food-processing wastewater is very dilute, and the effluent from the facilities that treat or store it commonly is very low in content of carbonaceous and nitrogenous material; the content of nitrogen commonly ranges from 10 to 30 mg/l. The wastewater from animal waste treatment lagoons or storage ponds, however, has much higher concentrations of these materials, mainly because the manure has not been diluted as much as the domestic waste. The content of nitrogen in this wastewater generally ranges from 50 to 2,000 mg/l. When wastewater is applied, checks should be made to ensure that nitrogen, heavy metals, and salts are not added in excessive amounts.

The ratings in the table are for waste management systems that not only dispose of and treat organic waste or wastewater but also are beneficial to crops (application of manure and food-processing waste, application of sewage sludge, and disposal of wastewater through irrigation) and for waste management systems that are designed only for the purpose of wastewater disposal and treatment (slow rate treatment of wastewater and rapid infiltration of wastewater).

The ratings in the table are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect the specified use. Not limited indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. Slightly limited indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome, but overcoming them generally requires special design, soil reclamation, or installation procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be

overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the table indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

Not limited	0.00
Slightly limited 0.0	1 to 0.30
Moderately limited 0.3	31 to 0.60
Limited 0.6	1 to 0.99
Very limited	1.00

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

Land application of manure and food-processing waste not only disposes of waste material but also improves crop production by increasing the supply of nutrients in the soils where the material is applied. Manure is the excrement of livestock and poultry, and food-processing waste is damaged fruit and vegetables and the peelings, stems, leaves, pits, and soil particles removed in food preparation. The manure and food-processing waste are either solid, slurry, or liquid. Their nitrogen content varies. A high content of nitrogen limits the application rate. Toxic or otherwise dangerous wastes, such as those mixed with the lye used in food processing, are not considered in the ratings.

The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect absorption, plant growth, microbial activity, erodibility, the rate at which the waste is applied, and the method by which the waste is applied. The properties that affect absorption include permeability, a water table, ponding, the sodium adsorption ratio, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, and available water capacity. The properties that affect plant growth and microbial activity include reaction, the sodium adsorption ratio, salinity, and bulk density. The wind erodibility group, the soil erodibility factor K, and slope are considered in estimating the likelihood of wind erosion or water erosion. Stones, cobbles, a water table, ponding, and flooding can hinder the application of waste.

Land application of municipal sewage sludge not only disposes of waste material but also improves crop

production by increasing the supply of nutrients in the soils where the material is applied. In the context of this table, sewage sludge is the residual product of the treatment of municipal sewage. The solid component consists mainly of cell mass, primarily bacteria cells that developed during secondary treatment and have incorporated soluble organics into their own bodies. The sludge has small amounts of sand, silt, and other solid debris. The content of nitrogen varies. Some sludge has constituents that are toxic to plants or hazardous to the food chain, such as heavy metals and exotic organic compounds, and should be analyzed chemically prior to use.

The content of water in the sludge ranges from about 98 percent to less than 40 percent. The sludge is considered liquid if it is more than about 90 percent water, slurry if it is about 50 to 90 percent water, and solid if it is less than about 50 percent water.

The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect absorption, plant growth, microbial activity, erodibility, the rate at which the sludge is applied, and the method by which the sludge is applied. The properties that affect absorption, plant growth, and microbial activity include permeability, a water table, ponding, the sodium adsorption ratio, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, available water capacity, reaction, salinity, and bulk density. The wind erodibility group, the soil erodibility factor K, and slope are considered in estimating the likelihood of wind erosion or water erosion. Stones, cobbles, a water table, ponding, and flooding can hinder the application of sludge.

Disposal of wastewater by irrigation not only disposes of municipal wastewater and wastewater from food-processing plants, lagoons, and storage ponds but also improves crop production by increasing the amount of water available to crops. The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect the design, construction, management, and performance of the irrigation system. The properties that affect design and management include the sodium adsorption ratio, a water table, ponding, available water capacity, permeability, slope, and flooding. The properties that affect construction include stones, cobbles, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, a water table, and ponding. The properties that affect performance include depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, bulk density, the sodium adsorption ratio, salinity, reaction, and the cationexchange capacity, which is used to estimate the capacity of a soil to adsorb heavy metals.

Treatment of wastewater by slow rate process is a process in which wastewater is applied to land at a rate normally between 0.5 inch and 4.0 inches per week. The application rate commonly exceeds the rate needed for irrigation of cropland. The applied wastewater is treated as it moves through the soil. Much of the treated water percolates to the ground water, and some enters the atmosphere through evapotranspiration. The applied water generally is not allowed to run off the surface. Waterlogging is prevented either through control of the application rate or through the use of tile drains, or both.

The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect absorption, plant growth, microbial activity, erodibility, and the application of waste. The properties that affect absorption include the sodium adsorption ratio, a water table, ponding, available water capacity, permeability, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, reaction, the cation-exchange capacity, and slope. Reaction, the sodium adsorption ratio, salinity, and bulk density affect plant growth and microbial activity. The wind erodibility group, the soil erodibility factor K, and slope are considered in estimating the likelihood of wind erosion or water erosion. Stones, cobbles, a water table, ponding, and flooding can hinder the application of waste.

Treatment of wastewater by rapid infiltration process is a process in which wastewater applied in a level basin at a rate of 4 to 120 inches per week percolates through the soil, eventually reaching the ground water. The application rate commonly exceeds the rate needed for irrigation of cropland. Vegetation is not a necessary part of the treatment; hence, the basins may or may not be vegetated. The thickness of the soil material needed for proper treatment of the wastewater is more than 72 inches. As a result, geologic and hydrologic investigation is needed to ensure proper design and performance and to determine the risk of ground-water pollution.

The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect the risk of pollution and the design, construction, and performance of the system. A water table, ponding, flooding, and depth to bedrock or a cemented pan affect the risk of pollution and the design and construction of the system. Slope, stones, and cobbles also affect design and construction. Permeability and reaction affect performance.

Soil Properties

Data relating to soil properties are collected during the course of the soil survey.

Soil properties are ascertained by field examination of the soils and by laboratory index testing of some benchmark soils. Established standard procedures are followed. During the survey, many shallow borings are made and examined to identify and classify the soils and to delineate them on the soil maps. Samples are taken from some typical profiles and tested in the laboratory to determine particle-size distribution, plasticity, and compaction characteristics.

Estimates of soil properties are based on field examinations, on laboratory tests of samples from the survey area, and on laboratory tests of samples of similar soils in nearby areas. Tests verify field observations, verify properties that cannot be estimated accurately by field observation, and help to characterize key soils.

The estimates of soil properties are shown in tables. They include engineering index properties, physical and chemical properties, and pertinent soil and water features.

Engineering Index Properties

Table 17 gives the engineering classifications and the range of index properties for the layers of each soil in the survey area.

Depth to the upper and lower boundaries of each layer is indicated.

Texture is given in the standard terms used by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. These terms are defined according to percentages of sand, silt, and clay in the fraction of the soil that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter (fig. 19). "Loam," for example, is soil that is 7 to 27 percent clay, 28 to 50 percent silt, and less than 52 percent sand. If the content of particles coarser than sand is 15 percent or more, an appropriate modifier is added, for example, "gravelly." Textural terms are defined in the Glossary.

Classification of the soils is determined according to the Unified soil classification system (ASTM, 2001) and the system adopted by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO, 2000).

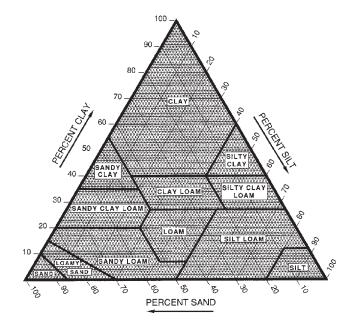


Figure 19.—Percentages of clay, silt, and sand in the basic USDA soil textural classes.

The Unified system classifies soils according to properties that affect their use as construction material. Soils are classified according to particle-size distribution of the fraction less than 3 inches in diameter and according to plasticity index, liquid limit, and organic matter content. Sandy and gravelly soils are identified as GW, GP, GM, GC, SW, SP, SM, and SC; silty and clayey soils as ML, CL, OL, MH, CH, and OH; and highly organic soils as PT. Soils exhibiting engineering properties of two groups can have a dual classification, for example, CL-ML.

The AASHTO system classifies soils according to those properties that affect roadway construction and maintenance. In this system, the fraction of a mineral soil that is less than 3 inches in diameter is classified in one of seven groups from A-1 through A-7 on the basis of particle-size distribution, liquid limit, and plasticity index. Soils in group A-1 are coarse grained and low in content of fines (silt and clay). At the other extreme, soils in group A-7 are fine grained. Highly organic soils are classified in group A-8 on the basis of visual inspection.

If laboratory data are available, the A-1, A-2, and A-7 groups are further classified as A-1-a, A-1-b, A-2-4, A-2-5, A-2-6, A-2-7, A-7-5, or A-7-6. As an additional refinement, the suitability of a soil as subgrade material can be indicated by a group index number. Group index numbers range from 0 for the best subgrade material to 20 or higher for the poorest.

Rock fragments larger than 10 inches in diameter and 3 to 10 inches in diameter are indicated as a percentage of the total soil on a dry-weight basis. The percentages are estimates determined mainly by converting volume percentage in the field to weight percentage.

Percentage (of soil particles) passing designated sieves is the percentage of the soil fraction less than 3 inches in diameter based on an ovendry weight. The sieves, numbers 4, 10, 40, and 200 (USA Standard Series), have openings of 4.76, 2.00, 0.420, and 0.074 millimeters, respectively. Estimates are based on laboratory tests of soils sampled in the survey area and in nearby areas and on estimates made in the field.

Liquid limit and plasticity index (Atterberg limits) indicate the plasticity characteristics of a soil. The estimates are based on test data from the survey area or from nearby areas and on field examination.

The estimates of particle-size distribution, liquid limit, and plasticity index are generally rounded to the nearest 5 percent. Thus, if the ranges of gradation and Atterberg limits extend a marginal amount (1 or 2 percentage points) across classification boundaries, the classification in the marginal zone is generally omitted in the table.

Physical Properties

Table 18 shows estimates of some physical characteristics and features that affect soil behavior. These estimates are given for the layers of each soil in the survey area. The estimates are based on field observations and on test data for these and similar soils.

Depth to the upper and lower boundaries of each layer is indicated.

Particle size is the effective diameter of a soil particle as measured by sedimentation, sieving, or micrometric methods. Particle sizes are expressed as classes with specific effective diameter class limits. The broad classes are sand, silt, and clay, ranging from the larger to the smaller.

Sand as a soil separate consists of mineral soil particles that are 0.05 millimeter to 2 millimeters in diameter. In the table, the estimated sand content of

each soil layer is given as a percentage, by weight, of the soil material that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter.

Silt as a soil separate consists of mineral soil particles that are 0.002 to 0.05 millimeter in diameter. In the table, the estimated silt content of each soil layer is given as a percentage, by weight, of the soil material that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter.

Clay as a soil separate consists of mineral soil particles that are less than 0.002 millimeter in diameter. In the table, the estimated clay content of each soil layer is given as a percentage, by weight, of the soil material that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter.

The content of sand, silt, and clay affects the physical behavior of a soil. Particle size is important for engineering and agronomic interpretations, for determination of soil hydrologic qualities, and for soil classification.

The amount and kind of clay affect the fertility and physical condition of the soil and the ability of the soil to adsorb cations and to retain moisture. They influence shrink-swell potential, permeability, plasticity, the ease of soil dispersion, and other soil properties. The amount and kind of clay in a soil also affect tillage and earthmoving operations.

Moist bulk density is the weight of soil (ovendry) per unit volume. Volume is measured when the soil is at field moisture capacity, that is, the moisture content at $^{1}/_{3}$ - or $^{1}/_{10}$ -bar (33kPa or 10kPa) moisture tension. Weight is determined after the soil is dried at 105 degrees C. In the table, the estimated moist bulk density of each soil horizon is expressed in grams per cubic centimeter of soil material that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter. Bulk density data are used to compute shrink-swell potential, available water capacity, total pore space, and other soil properties. The moist bulk density of a soil indicates the pore space available for water and roots. Depending on soil texture, a bulk density of more than 1.4 can restrict water storage and root penetration. Moist bulk density is influenced by texture, kind of clay, content of organic matter, and soil structure.

Saturated hydraulic conductivity refers to the ability of a soil to transmit water or air. The term "permeability," as used in soil surveys, indicates saturated hydraulic conductivity ($K_{\rm sat}$). The estimates in the table indicate the rate of water movement, in micrometers per second (um/sec), when the soil is saturated. They are based on soil characteristics observed in the field, particularly structure, porosity, and texture. Permeability is considered in the design of soil drainage systems and septic tank absorption fields.

Available water capacity refers to the quantity of water that the soil is capable of storing for use by plants. The capacity for water storage is given in inches of water per inch of soil for each soil layer. The capacity varies, depending on soil properties that affect retention of water. The most important properties are the content of organic matter, soil texture, bulk density, and soil structure. Available water capacity is an important factor in the choice of plants or crops to be grown and in the design and management of irrigation systems. Available water capacity is not an estimate of the quantity of water actually available to plants at any given time.

Linear extensibility refers to the change in length of an unconfined clod as moisture content is decreased from a moist to a dry state. It is an expression of the volume change between the water content of the clod at ¹/₃- or ¹/₁₀-bar tension (33kPa or 10kPa tension) and oven dryness. The volume change is reported in the table as percent change for the whole soil. Volume change is influenced by the amount and type of clay minerals in the soil.

Linear extensibility is used to determine the shrink-swell potential of soils. The shrink-swell potential is low if the soil has a linear extensibility of less than 3 percent; moderate if 3 to 6 percent; high if 6 to 9 percent; and very high if more than 9 percent. If the linear extensibility is more than 3, shrinking and swelling can cause damage to buildings, roads, and other structures and to plant roots. Special design commonly is needed.

Organic matter is the plant and animal residue in the soil at various stages of decomposition. In the table, the estimated content of organic matter is expressed as a percentage, by weight, of the soil material that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter.

The content of organic matter in a soil can be maintained by returning crop residue to the soil. Organic matter has a positive effect on available water capacity, water infiltration, soil organism activity, and tilth. It is a source of nitrogen and other nutrients for crops and soil organisms.

Erosion factors are shown in the table as the K factor (Kw and Kf) and the T factor. Erosion factor K indicates the susceptibility of a soil to sheet and rill erosion by water. Factor K is one of several factors used in the Universal Soil Loss Equation (USLE) and the Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation (RUSLE) to predict the average annual rate of soil loss by sheet and rill erosion in tons per acre per year. The estimates are based primarily on percentage of silt, sand, and organic matter and on soil structure and permeability. Values of K range from 0.02 to 0.69. Other factors being equal,

the higher the value, the more susceptible the soil is to sheet and rill erosion by water.

Erosion factor Kw indicates the erodibility of the whole soil. The estimates are modified by the presence of rock fragments.

Erosion factor Kf indicates the erodibility of the fineearth fraction, or the material less than 2 millimeters in size.

Erosion factor T is an estimate of the maximum average annual rate of soil erosion by wind or water that can occur without affecting crop productivity over a sustained period. The rate is in tons per acre per year.

Wind erodibility groups are made up of soils that have similar properties affecting their susceptibility to wind erosion in cultivated areas. The soils assigned to group 1 are the most susceptible to wind erosion, and those assigned to group 8 are the least susceptible. Descriptions of these groups are available in the "National Soil Survey Handbook" (USDA, 2003).

Wind erodibility index is a numerical value indicating the susceptibility of soil to wind erosion, or the tons per acre per year that can be expected to be lost to wind erosion. There is a close correlation between wind erosion and the texture of the surface layer, the size and durability of surface clods, rock fragments, organic matter, and a calcareous reaction. Soil moisture and frozen soil layers also influence wind erosion.

Chemical Properties

Table 19 shows estimates of some chemical characteristics and features that affect soil behavior. These estimates are given for the layers of each soil in the survey area. The estimates are based on field observations and on test data for these and similar soils.

Depth to the upper and lower boundaries of each layer is indicated.

Cation-exchange capacity is the total amount of extractable bases that can be held by the soil, expressed in terms of milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil at neutrality (pH 7.0) or at some other stated pH value. Soils having a low cation-exchange capacity hold fewer cations and may require more frequent applications of fertilizer than soils having a high cation-exchange capacity. The ability to retain cations reduces the hazard of ground-water pollution.

Effective cation-exchange capacity refers to the sum of extractable bases plus aluminum expressed in terms of milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil. It is determined for soils that have pH of less than 5.5.

Soil reaction is a measure of acidity or alkalinity. The pH of each soil horizon is based on many field tests. For many soils, values have been verified by laboratory analyses. Soil reaction is important in selecting crops and other plants, in evaluating soil amendments for fertility and stabilization, and in determining the risk of corrosion.

Water Features

Table 20 gives estimates of various water features. The estimates are used in land use planning that involves engineering considerations.

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The four hydrologic soil groups are:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

The *months* in the table indicate the portion of the year in which the feature is most likely to be a concern

Water table refers to a saturated zone in the soil. The table indicates, by month, depth to the top (upper limit) and base (lower limit) of the saturated zone in most years. Estimates of the upper and lower limits are based mainly on observations of the water table at selected sites and on evidence of a saturated zone, namely grayish colors or mottles (redoximorphic

features) in the soil. A saturated zone that lasts for less than a month is not considered a water table.

Ponding is standing water in a closed depression. Unless a drainage system is installed, the water is removed only by percolation, transpiration, or evaporation. The table indicates surface water depth and the *duration* and *frequency* of ponding. Duration is expressed as very brief if less than 2 days, brief if 2 to 7 days, long if 7 to 30 days, and very long if more than 30 days. Frequency is expressed as none, rare, occasional, and frequent. None means that ponding is not probable; rare that it is unlikely but possible under unusual weather conditions (the chance of ponding is nearly 0 percent to 5 percent in any year); occasional that it occurs, on the average, once or less in 2 years (the chance of ponding is 5 to 50 percent in any year); and *frequent* that it occurs, on the average, more than once in 2 years (the chance of ponding is more than 50 percent in any year).

Flooding is the temporary inundation of an area caused by overflowing streams, by runoff from adjacent slopes, or by tides. Water standing for short periods after rainfall or snowmelt is not considered flooding, and water standing in swamps and marshes is considered ponding rather than flooding.

Duration and frequency are estimated. Duration is expressed as extremely brief if 0.1 hour to 4 hours, very brief if 4 hours to 2 days, brief if 2 to 7 days, long if 7 to 30 days, and very long if more than 30 days. Frequency is expressed as none, very rare, rare, occasional, frequent, and very frequent. None means that flooding is not probable; very rare that it is very unlikely but possible under extremely unusual weather conditions (the chance of flooding is less than 1 percent in any year); rare that it is unlikely but possible under unusual weather conditions (the chance of flooding is 1 to 5 percent in any year); occasional that it occurs infrequently under normal weather conditions (the chance of flooding is 5 to 50 percent in any year); frequent that it is likely to occur often under normal weather conditions (the chance of flooding is more than 50 percent in any year but is less than 50 percent in all months in any year); and very frequent that it is likely to occur very often under normal weather conditions (the chance of flooding is more than 50 percent in all months of any year).

The information is based on evidence in the soil profile, namely thin strata of gravel, sand, silt, or clay deposited by floodwater; irregular decrease in organic matter content with increasing depth; and little or no horizon development.

Also considered are local information about the extent and levels of flooding and the relation of each soil on the landscape to historic floods. Information on

the extent of flooding based on soil data is less specific than that provided by detailed engineering surveys that delineate flood-prone areas at specific flood frequency levels.

Soil Features

Table 21 gives estimates of various soil features. The estimates are used in land use planning that involves engineering considerations.

A restrictive layer is a nearly continuous layer that has one or more physical, chemical, or thermal properties that significantly impede the movement of water and air through the soil or that restrict roots or otherwise provide an unfavorable root environment. Examples are bedrock, cemented layers, dense layers, and frozen layers. The table indicates the hardness and thickness of the restrictive layer, both of which significantly affect the ease of excavation. Depth to top is the vertical distance from the soil surface to the upper boundary of the restrictive layer.

Potential for frost action is the likelihood of upward or lateral expansion of the soil caused by the formation of segregated ice lenses (frost heave) and the subsequent collapse of the soil and loss of strength on thawing. Frost action occurs when moisture moves into the freezing zone of the soil. Temperature, texture, density, permeability, content of organic matter, and depth to the water table are the most important factors considered in evaluating the potential for frost action. It is assumed

that the soil is not insulated by vegetation or snow and is not artificially drained. Silty and highly structured, clayey soils that have a high water table in winter are the most susceptible to frost action. Well drained, very gravelly, or very sandy soils are the least susceptible. Frost heave and low soil strength during thawing cause damage to pavements and other rigid structures.

Risk of corrosion pertains to potential soil-induced electrochemical or chemical action that corrodes or weakens uncoated steel or concrete. The rate of corrosion of uncoated steel is related to such factors as soil moisture, particle-size distribution, acidity, and electrical conductivity of the soil. The rate of corrosion of concrete is based mainly on the sulfate and sodium content, texture, moisture content, and acidity of the soil. Special site examination and design may be needed if the combination of factors results in a severe hazard of corrosion. The steel or concrete in installations that intersect soil boundaries or soil layers is more susceptible to corrosion than the steel or concrete in installations that are entirely within one kind of soil or within one soil layer.

For uncoated steel, the risk of corrosion, expressed as *low, moderate,* or *high,* is based on soil drainage class, total acidity, electrical resistivity near field capacity, and electrical conductivity of the saturation extract.

For concrete, the risk of corrosion also is expressed as *low, moderate*, or *high*. It is based on soil texture, acidity, and amount of sulfates in the saturation extract.

Classification of the Soils

The system of soil classification used by the National Cooperative Soil Survey has six categories (Soil Survey Staff, 1998 and 1999). Beginning with the broadest, these categories are the order, suborder, great group, subgroup, family, and series. Classification is based on soil properties observed in the field or inferred from those observations or from laboratory measurements. Table 22 shows the classification of the soils in the survey area. The categories are defined in the following paragraphs.

ORDER. Twelve soil orders are recognized. The differences among orders reflect the dominant soil-forming processes and the degree of soil formation. Each order is identified by a word ending in *sol*. An example is Ultisol.

SUBORDER. Each order is divided into suborders primarily on the basis of properties that influence soil genesis and are important to plant growth or properties that reflect the most important variables within the orders. The last syllable in the name of a suborder indicates the order. An example is Udalf (*Ud*, meaning humid, plus *ult*, from Ultisol).

GREAT GROUP. Each suborder is divided into great groups on the basis of close similarities in kind, arrangement, and degree of development of pedogenic horizons; soil moisture and temperature regimes; type of saturation; and base status. Each great group is identified by the name of a suborder and by a prefix that indicates a property of the soil. An example is Paleudults (*Pale*, meaning excessive development, plus *udult*, the suborder of the Ultisols that has a udic moisture regime).

SUBGROUP. Each great group has a typic subgroup. Other subgroups are intergrades or extragrades. The typic subgroup is the central concept of the great group; it is not necessarily the most extensive. Intergrades are transitions to other orders, suborders, or great groups. Extragrades have some properties that are not representative of the great group but do not indicate transitions to any other taxonomic class. Each subgroup is identified by one or more adjectives preceding the name of the great group. The adjective *Typic* identifies the subgroup that typifies the great group. An example is Typic Paleudults.

FAMILY. Families are established within a subgroup on the basis of physical and chemical properties and other characteristics that affect management. Generally, the properties are those of horizons below plow depth where there is much biological activity. Among the properties and characteristics considered are particle-size class, mineralogy class, cation-exchange activity class, soil temperature regime, soil depth, and reaction class. A family name consists of the name of a subgroup preceded by terms that indicate soil properties. An example is loamy-skeletal, siliceous, seimactive, mesic Typic Paleudults.

SERIES. The series consists of soils within a family that have horizons similar in color, texture, structure, reaction, consistence, mineral and chemical composition, and arrangement in the profile.

Soil Series and Their Morphology

In this section, each soil series recognized in the survey area is described. Characteristics of the soil and the material in which it formed are identified for each series. A pedon, a small three-dimensional area of soil, that is typical of the series in the survey area is described. The detailed description of each soil horizon follows standards in the "Soil Survey Manual" (Soil Survey Division Staff, 1993). Many of the technical terms used in the descriptions are defined in "Soil Taxonomy" (Soil Survey Staff, 1999) and in "Keys to Soil Taxonomy" (Soil Survey Staff, 1998). Unless otherwise indicated, colors in the descriptions are for moist soil. Following the pedon description is the range of important characteristics of the soils in the series.

Alred Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Moderate in the upper part; slow in the

lower part

Landform: Hillslopes and ridges

Position on the landform: Backslopes, summits, and shoulders

Parent material: Gravelly colluvium derived from cherty dolostone over clayey residuum derived from dolostone

Slope range: 8 to 35 percent

Elevation: 660 feet

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal over clayey, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudalfs

Typical Pedon

Alred gravelly silt loam, in an area of Alred-Wrengart complex, 14 to 35 percent slopes, in a hardwood forest; 700 feet north and 400 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 16, T. 32 N., R. 10 E.; USGS Scopus, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,148,650 meters Northing and 238,937 meters Easting, Zone 16, NAD27.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; partially decomposed organic matter; abrupt smooth boundary.
- A—1 to 3 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) gravelly silt loam; moderate very fine and fine granular structure; very friable; many very fine to fine roots and common medium to coarse roots; many very fine and fine pores; 25 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E—3 to 11 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) gravelly silt loam; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine to fine roots and common medium to coarse roots; many very fine to fine and common medium tubular pores; 20 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt1—11 to 20 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) gravelly silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine to coarse roots; many very fine to fine and common medium pores; common faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds and few light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) silt coats; 15 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt2—20 to 38 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) extremely gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine to fine roots and few medium roots; many very fine to fine and many medium tubular pores; common distinct light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) silt coats and common faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; 5 percent chert cobbles, 5 percent chert stones, and 50 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.

2Bt3—38 to 54 inches; 80 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) and

20 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) clay; moderate very fine and fine angular blocky structure; very firm; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine to medium pores; few faint reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; 5 percent chert cobbles; strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.

2Bt4—54 to 70 inches; 70 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) and 30 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) clay; moderate very fine and fine angular blocky structure; very firm; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine to medium pores; few faint reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; strongly acid; 5 percent chert cobbles.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to the 2Bt horizon: 14 to 40 inches Thickness of the solum: More than 60 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—15 to 60 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

E horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR to 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—20 to 50 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR to 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam, silt loam, or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—35 to 75 percent (subhorizons may contain less)

Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR to 5YR, value of 3 to 6, and chroma of 4 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—clay
Content of rock fragments—0 to 35 percent
(ranges up to 60 percent in the lower part of the horizon)

Reaction—strongly acid to slightly acid

Amagon Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Poorly drained

Permeability: Slow

Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: Stream terraces

Parent material: Loamy alluvium Slope range: 0 to 1 percent

Elevation: 350 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active,

thermic Typic Endoaqualfs

Typical Pedon

Amagon silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, in a cultivated field; 850 feet south and 2,050 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 26, T. 29 N., R. 10 E.; USGS Dongola, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,115,861 meters Northing and 241,381 meters Easting, Zone 16, NAD27.

- Ap—0 to 4 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Eg—4 to 15 inches; gray (10YR 6/1) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common gray (2.5Y 6/1) iron depletions; common strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Btg1—15 to 34 inches; gray (10YR 5/1) silty clay loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to weak medium subangular blocky; firm; few faint gray (2.5Y 5/1) clay films on all faces of peds and few light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) silt coats; common gray (2.5Y 6/1) iron depletions; common strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- Btg2—34 to 50 inches; grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) silty clay loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate medium subangular blocky; firm; common light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) silt coats and few faint gray (2.5Y 5/1) clay films on all faces of peds; common strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Btg3—50 to 59 inches; grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) silt loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate medium subangular blocky; firm; few faint gray (2.5Y 5/1) clay films on all faces of peds and few light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) silt coats; common yellowish red (5YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; few black (10YR 2/1) ironmanganese masses; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Btg4—59 to 71 inches; light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) silt loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate medium subangular blocky; firm; common faint light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) clay films on all faces of peds and few light brownish

- gray (2.5Y 6/2) silt coats; common yellowish red (5YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; moderately acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2BCg—71 to 80 inches; light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few gray (2.5Y 5/1) clay films and few light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) silt coats; few strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; moderately acid.

Range in Characteristics

Thickness of the solum: 50 to more than 80 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 2 or 3

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow

Reaction—very strongly acid to slightly acid, unless limed

Eg horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 5 to 7, and chroma of 1 or 2

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow; ironmanganese accumulations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—very strongly acid to slightly acid

Btg or 2Btg horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 1 or 2

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow; ironmanganese accumulations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Reaction—very strongly acid to slightly acid

BC or 2BC horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 5 or 6, and chroma of 1 or 2

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow; iron-manganese accumulations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam, silty clay loam, loam, or fine sandy loam Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

2C horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 1 to 4

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow; iron-manganese accumulations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam, fine sandy loam, sandy loam, loamy fine sand, or loamy sand

Reaction—strongly acid to slightly alkaline

Aslinger Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderately slow

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Footslopes and backslopes Parent material: Loamy colluvium over loamy and

clayey alluvium

Slope range: 3 to 15 percent

Elevation: 620 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, mixed, active,

mesic Fragiaquic Paleudults

Typical Pedon

Aslinger silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, in a hay field; 475 feet west and 2,100 feet north of southeast corner of sec. 31, T. 32 N., R. 7 E.; in Madison County; USGS Cherokee Pass topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,143,764 meters Northing and 738,053 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Ap—0 to 4 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam, light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) dry; moderate very fine and fine granular structure; very friable; many very fine and fine roots; 2 percent subrounded chert gravel; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- AB—4 to 8 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) and dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) silt loam; weak very fine subangular blocky structure parting to weak very fine granular; very friable; many very fine and fine roots; 1 percent subrounded chert gravel; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—8 to 16 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) silt loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common faint clay films on faces of peds; 1 percent subrounded chert gravel; moderately acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bt2—16 to 21 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) and light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt loam; moderate thick platy structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; friable; few very fine roots; common distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds and few prominent clay films on vertical faces of peds; 7 percent subrounded chert gravel; common coarse distinct

pale brown (10YR 6/3) iron depletions; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.

- 2Btx—21 to 29 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) and light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) very gravelly silt loam; weak thick platy structure parting to weak fine subangular blocky; firm; few very fine roots between peds; common prominent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) clay films on vertical faces of peds; 53 percent subrounded chert gravel and 1 percent subrounded chert cobbles; 30 percent brittle; very strongly acid; clear irregular boundary.
- 3Bt1—29 to 40 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) and red (2.5YR 4/6) very gravelly silty clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; many prominent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) clay films on faces of peds; 56 percent subrounded chert gravel and 1 percent subrounded chert cobbles; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 3Bt2—40 to 48 inches; yellowish red (5YR 5/8) very gravelly clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; many prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay films on faces of peds; 49 percent subrounded chert gravel and 2 percent subrounded chert cobbles; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 3Bt3—48 to 55 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) very gravelly clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; many prominent light gray (N 7/0) clay films on faces of peds; few black (10YR 2/1) masses of manganese or ironmanganese accumulation; 40 percent subrounded chert gravel and 10 percent subrounded chert cobbles; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 4Bt4—55 to 80 inches; yellowish red (5YR 5/6) extremely cobbly clay; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; many prominent continuous dark red (2.5YR 3/6) clay films on faces of peds and few prominent patchy gray (10YR 5/1) clay films; 35 percent chert gravel and 40 percent chert cobbles; very strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to the 2Btx horizon: 20 to 36 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 7 percent gravel Reaction—very strongly acid to slightly acid

AB horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4, and chroma of 4 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 7 percent gravel Reaction—very strongly acid to slightly acid

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR to 5YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 6 to 8

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 15 percent gravel Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

2Btx and 3Bt horizons:

Color—hue of 10YR to 2.5YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 2 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam, silt loam, or clay loam

Content of rock fragments—15 to 60 percent gravel; 0 to 10 percent cobbles

Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR to 2.5YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 2 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay loam, clay loam, or clay

Content of rock fragments—25 to 60 percent gravel; 0 to 40 percent cobbles

Reaction—extremely acid to strongly acid

Auxvasse Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Permeability: Very slow Landform: Ridges

Position on the landform: Summits

Parent material: Fine-silty loess over clayey residuum

derived from dolostone Slope range: 2 to 5 percent

Elevation: 750 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine, mixed, active, mesic

Aeric Albaqualfs (taxajunct)

Taxadjunct features: The Auxvasse soils in this survey area have mixed mineralogy instead of smectitic mineralogy typical for the series. This difference, however, does not affect the usefulness or behavior of the soils.

Typical Pedon

Auxvasse silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes, in a cultivated field; 200 feet south and 500 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 29, T. 33 N., R. 10 E.; USGS

Sedgewickville, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,156,955 meters Northing and 237,210 meters Easting, Zone 16, NAD27.

- Ap—0 to 6 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine granular structure; friable; common yellowish red (5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; common black (10YR 2/1) ironmanganese concretions; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- AB—6 to 17 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; very few light gray (10YR 7/2) silt coats; common yellowish red (5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; slightly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- 2Bt1—17 to 25 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silty clay loam; strong medium prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky; firm; few distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds and few light gray (10YR 7/2) silt coats; common yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; common black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; extremely acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2Bt2—25 to 42 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silty clay loam; strong medium prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky; firm; few distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds and few light gray (10YR 7/2) silt coats; many strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; many grayish brown (10YR 5/2) iron depletions; common black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2Btg1—42 to 51 inches; 60 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) and 40 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few faint dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) clay films on all faces of peds and few light gray (10YR 7/2) silt coats; many strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; common black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; 1 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 2Btg2—51 to 66 inches; 80 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) and 20 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few faint dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) clay films on all faces of peds and few light gray (10YR 7/2) silt coats; many strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; common black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; 1 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.

2Btg3—66 to 83 inches; 60 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) and 40 percent gray (10YR 5/1) silty clay loam; strong very fine angular blocky structure; firm; few faint dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) clay films on all faces of peds; many strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; common black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 2 or 3

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow; iron-manganese accumulations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—none Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

AB horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 5 or 6, and chroma of 2 to 4

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow; iron-manganese accumulations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—none Reaction—strongly acid to slightly acid

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 2 or 3

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow; ironmanganese accumulations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay loam or silty clay

Content of rock fragments—none Reaction—extremely acid to slightly acid

2Btg horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR to 5Y, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 1 or 2

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow; iron-manganese accumulations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to slightly acid

Bearthicket Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Well drained Permeability: Moderate Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Low stream terraces

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

Elevation: 410 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Ultic Hapludalfs

Typical Pedon

Bearthicket silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded, in a cultivated field; 520 feet east and 350 feet north of the southwest corner of sec. 14, T. 30 N., R. 5 E.; in Wayne County; USGS Coldwater, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,128,080 meters Northing and 724,176 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Ap—0 to 7 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) silt loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) dry; weak fine granular structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—7 to 24 inches; dark brown (7.5YR 3/4) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; many prominent black (10YR 2/1) organic stains on faces of peds and few faint clay films on faces of peds; few fine black (10YR 2/1) ironmanganese concretions throughout; moderately acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt2—24 to 32 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots; many fine tubular pores; common prominent black (10YR 2/1) organic stains on faces of peds and few faint clay films on faces of peds; few fine black (10YR 2/1) ironmanganese concretions throughout; 1 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt3—32 to 58 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; few fine distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) mottles; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots; many fine tubular pores; common faint clay films on faces of peds and few prominent black (10YR 2/1) organic stains on faces of peds; slightly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt4—58 to 80 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; many fine distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) mottles; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many fine tubular pores; common faint clay films on faces of peds; slightly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Thickness of the solum: 40 to 80 inches or more

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3 or 4, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 2 percent gravel Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

AB or BA horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3 or 4, and chroma of 2 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 2 percent Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

Bt horizon (upper part):

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 2 percent Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

2Bt or Bt horizon (lower part):

Color—hue of 10YR to 2.5YR, value of 3 to 6, and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam or silt loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 30 percent (may range up to 60 percent below a depth of 60 inches)

Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

2BC or 2C horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—coarse sandy loam, sandy loam, fine sandy loam, or loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 35 percent Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

Bender Series

Depth class: Moderately deep

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Permeability: Moderately rapid

Landform: Hillsides

Position on the landform: Backslopes Parent material: Residuum from sandstone

Slope range: 15 to 50 percent

Elevation: 1,120 feet

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Hapludults

Typical Pedon

Bender extremely cobbly sandy loam, in an area of Coulstone-Bender complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, very stony, in a pine and hardwood forest; 950 feet west and 250 feet south of the northeast corner of sec. 25, T. 29 N., R. 6 E.; in Shannon County; USGS Summersville NE, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,113,713 meters Northing and 628,943 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; partially decomposed organic matter; abrupt smooth boundary.
- A—1 to 6 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) extremely cobbly sandy loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; many fine roots throughout; many fine interstitial and tubular pores; 35 percent sandstone cobbles and 30 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- E—6 to 9 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) very gravelly fine sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common medium roots; common fine tubular pores; few faint brown (10YR 5/3) organic stains; 10 percent sandstone cobbles and 35 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—9 to 15 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) very gravelly fine sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common medium roots; common fine tubular pores; few distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) clay films; 5 percent sandstone cobbles and 35 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—15 to 23 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) very gravelly sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine roots; common fine tubular pores; common distinct light gray (10YR 7/2) skeletans and common distinct brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films on rock fragments; 10 percent sandstone cobbles and 35 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bt3—23 to 35 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/3) extremely cobbly coarse sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine roots; few fine tubular pores; many distinct brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films and common distinct pale brown (10YR 6/3) skeletans; 35 percent chert gravel and 30 percent sandstone cobbles; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- R-35 inches; sandstone bedrock.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 20 to 40 inches

A horizon

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 2 or 3

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sandy loam
Content of rock fragments—0 to 40 percent
cobbles; 35 to 75 percent gravel
Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

E horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 5 or 6, and chroma of 2 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sandy loam, fine sandy loam, or loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 40 percent cobbles; 35 to 75 percent gravel

Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

Bt horizon (upper part):

Color—hue of 5YR to 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sandy loam, fine sandy loam, or loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 40 percent cobbles; 35 to 75 percent gravel

Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

Bt horizon (lower part):

Color—hue of 5YR to 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—coarse sandy loam, sandy loam, fine sandy loam, or loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 40 percent cobbles; 35 to 75 percent gravel

Reaction—extremely acid to moderately acid

Bosket Series

Depth class: Very deep
Drainage class: Well drained
Permeability: Moderate
Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: Natural levees

Parent material: Loamy alluvium Slope range: 0 to 5 percent

Elevation: 360 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, mixed, active,

thermic Mollic Hapludalfs

Typical Pedon

Bosket loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, in a cultivated field; 2,350 feet north and 100 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 26, T. 29 N., R. 10 E.; USGS Dongola, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,115,079 meters Northing and 240,101 meters Easting, Zone 16, NAD27.

Ap—0 to 7 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) loam; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) dry color; weak fine granular structure; friable; common fine roots; moderately acid; abrupt smooth boundary.

BA—7 to 16 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) loam; weak thick platy structure; friable; common fine roots; slightly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.

Bt1—16 to 26 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) clay loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine roots; common fine pores; few faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.

Bt2—26 to 30 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine roots; common fine pores; few faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.

Bt3—30 to 37 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine roots; common fine pores; few faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.

BC1—37 to 44 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine roots; common fine pores; few clay films; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.

BC2—44 to 55 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine pores; few clay films; 1 percent clay bodies; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

BC3—55 to 67 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine pores; few clay films; common masses of oxidized iron; strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 3 or 4, and chroma of 2 or 3

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—fine sandy loam or loam

Content of rock fragments—none Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

BA horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sandy loam, fine sandy loam, or loam

Content of rock fragments—none

Reaction—strongly acid to slightly acid

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sandy loam, sandy clay loam, loam, or clay loam Content of rock fragments—none

Reaction—strongly acid to slightly acid

BC or C horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sand, sandy loam, or fine sandy loam

Content of rock fragments—none

Reaction—very strongly acid to slightly acid

Brussels Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained Permeability: Moderately slow

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Backslopes

Parent material: Gravelly colluvium over gravelly

residuum derived from dolostone Slope range: 35 to 90 percent

Elevation: 620 feet

Taxonomic classification: Clayey-skeletal, mixed,

superactive, mesic Pachic Argiudolls

Taxadjunct features: The Brussels soils in this survey area have argillic horizons and are Argiudolls, rather than Hapludolls, as defined for the Brussels series. This difference, however, does not affect the usefulness or behavior of the soils.

Typical Pedon

Brussels gravelly silty clay loam, in an area of Brussels-Gasconade-Rock outcrop complex, 30 to 90 percent slopes, very bouldery, in a hardwood forest; 2,450 feet east and 3,500 feet north of the southwest corner of sec. 19, T. 29 N., R. 3 W.; in Shannon County; USGS Eminence, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,115,090 meters Northing and 649,361 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; partially decomposed organic matter; abrupt smooth boundary.
- A—1 to 10 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) gravelly silty clay loam; grayish brown (10YR 5/2)

- dry; weak fine granular structure; very friable; common very fine roots; common fine tubular pores; 30 percent dolomite (dolostone) gravel; slightly alkaline; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—10 to 22 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) very gravelly silty clay loam; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) dry; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine roots; common fine tubular pores; few distinct very dark gray (10YR 3/1) organic stains on faces of peds; 10 percent dolomite (dolostone) cobbles and 30 percent dolomite (dolostone) gravel; moderately alkaline; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—22 to 35 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) very gravelly silty clay loam; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) dry; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; common medium tubular pores; few distinct very dark gray (10YR 3/1) clay films on faces of peds; 35 percent dolomite (dolostone) gravel; moderately alkaline; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt3—35 to 49 inches; 50 percent brown (10YR 4/3) and 50 percent dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) very gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; common medium tubular pores; common distinct very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) clay films on faces of peds; 35 percent dolomite (dolostone) gravel; moderately alkaline; clear wavy boundary.
- 2Bt4—49 to 60 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; few fine tubular pores; common distinct dark brown (10YR 3/3) clay films on faces of peds and few prominent very dark gray (10YR 3/1) clay films in root channels and/or pores; 10 percent dolomite (dolostone) cobbles; moderately alkaline; clear wavy boundary.
- 2Bt5—60 to 70 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; few fine tubular pores; common distinct dark brown (10YR 3/3) clay films on faces of peds; 25 percent dolomite (dolostone) gravel; slightly alkaline.

Range in Characteristics

Thickness of the mollic epipedon: 20 to 40 inches Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 2 or 3, and chroma of 1 or 2

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay loam Content of rock fragments—15 to 35 percent Reaction—slightly acid to slightly alkaline

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3, and chroma of 2 or 3

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay loam, silty clay, or clay

Content of rock fragments—35 to 60 percent Reaction—slightly acid to moderately alkaline

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3 or 4, and chroma of 2 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay loam, silty clay, or clay

Content of rock fragments—7 to 35 percent Reaction—slightly acid to moderately alkaline

Bucklick Series

Depth class: Deep or very deep (40 to 60 or more

inches)

Drainage class: Well drained Permeability: Moderate Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Summits, shoulders, and

backslopes

Parent material: Loess and the underlying clayey

materials or residuum from dolostone

Slope range: Moderately sloping to steep (3 to 25 percent)

Elevation: 615 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine, mixed, active, mesic

Typic Hapludalfs

Typical Pedon

Bucklick silt loam, in an area of Caneyville-Bucklick complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes, in a pasture; 880 feet south and 1,350 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 17, T. 32 N., R. 8 E.; in Madison County; USGS Marquand topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,149,727 meters Northing and 748,900 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD 27.

- Ap—0 to 5 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) dry; weak very fine subangular blocky structure parting to weak very fine granular; friable; many very fine and fine roots; 2 percent chert gravel; neutral; abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bt1—5 to 11 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) silty clay loam; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many distinct clay films; 1 percent subrounded chert gravel; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—11 to 15 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) silty clay; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots; many distinct clay

films; 1 percent subrounded chert gravel; neutral; clear smooth boundary.

- Bt3—15 to 22 inches; reddish brown (5YR 4/4) clay; weak coarse subangular blocky and moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots; many distinct clay films and few prominent manganese or iron-manganese stains; few fine iron-manganese concretions; 2 percent subrounded chert gravel; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt4—22 to 30 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and yellowish red (5YR 5/6) clay; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; friable; few very fine roots; common prominent clay films and common distinct clay films and few prominent manganese or iron-manganese stains; few fine iron-manganese concretions; 1 percent subrounded chert gravel; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt5—30 to 38 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay; weak coarse subangular blocky and moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; many prominent clay films and few distinct manganese or ironmanganese stains; few fine iron-manganese concretions; 1 percent chert gravel; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt6—38 to 46 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; many prominent clay films and few distinct manganese or iron-manganese stains; 2 percent chert gravel; neutral; abrupt smooth boundary.

2R-46 inches; dolostone.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 40 to 60 inches or more

Ap or A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 7 percent Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

E horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 7 percent Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

Rt horizon

Color—hue of 10YR to 2.5YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 4 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay loam, silty clay, or clay
Content of rock fragments—0 to 7 percent
Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR to 2.5YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay or clay Content of rock fragments—0 to 25 percent Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

Calhoun Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Permeability: Slow Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: Stream terraces and flood

plains

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope range: 0 to 1 percent

Elevation: 350 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active,

thermic Typic Glossaqualfs

Typical Pedon

Calhoun silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, in a cultivated field; 3,100 feet south and 2,000 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 19, T. 28 N., R. 9 E.; in Bollinger County; USGS Sturdivant, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,107,060 meters Northing and 757,495 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Ap—0 to 9 inches; dark brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; few fine prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; few fine distinct black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese concretions; neutral; abrupt wavy boundary.
- Eg—9 to 24 inches; light gray (10YR 7/1) silt loam; weak, fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine and fine roots; common fine vesicular pores; common fine prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; common fine prominent black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese concretions; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Btg/Eg—24 to 36 inches; (Btg) light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt loam; moderate medium prismatic structure; firm; few very fine roots; common fine tubular pores; (Eg) light gray (10YR 7/1) silt in

- 1/2- to 2-inch-wide tongues extend to the lower boundary of the horizon making about 15 percent of the horizon; common faint grayish brown (10YR 5/2) clay films; common fine prominent black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese concretions; common fine prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Btg1—36 to 42 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam; moderate medium prismatic structure; firm; few very fine roots; many fine tubular pores; few faint grayish brown (10YR 5/2) clay films and few distinct light gray (10YR 7/1) silt coats on all faces of peds; many fine faint light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; many fine prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; many fine prominent black (10YR 2/1) ironmanganese masses; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Btg2—42 to 60 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt loam; moderate medium prismatic structure; firm; many fine tubular pores; many faint gray (10YR 5/1) clay films and few faint light gray (10YR 7/1) silt coats; many fine prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; many fine prominent black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Btg3—60 to 76 inches; 60 percent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) and 40 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; moderate medium prismatic structure; firm; many fine tubular pores; many faint gray (10YR 5/1) clay films and few faint light gray (10YR 7/1) silt coats on all faces of peds; common fine prominent yellowish red (5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; common fine prominent black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- BC—76 to 83 inches; 70 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) and 30 percent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; many fine tubular pores; very few faint yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) clay films; few fine prominent black (10YR 2/1) ironmanganese masses; neutral.

Range in Characteristics

Thickness of the solum: 40 to 80 inches

A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—extremely acid to moderately acid, unless limed

Eg horizon or Eg part of the Btg/Eg horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 5 to 7, and chroma of 1 or 2

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction— extremely acid to moderately acid

Btg horizon or Btg part of the Btg/Eg horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 5 to 7, and chroma of 1 or 2

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, yellow, or gray

Reaction—extremely acid to strongly acid (ranges to slightly alkaline in the lower part of some pedons)

BC or Cg horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, 2.5Y, or 5Y; value of 5 or 6; and chroma of 1 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—extremely acid to mildly alkaline

Caneyville Series

Depth class: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Slow Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Summits, shoulders, or

backslopes

Parent material: Residuum from dolostone

Slope range: Moderately sloping to steep (3 to 25

percent)
Elevation: 535 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine, mixed, active, mesic

Typic Hapludalfs

Typical Pedon

Caneyville silt loam, in an area of Caneyville-Bucklick complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, rocky, in a forest; 1,050 feet south and 1,900 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 33, T. 31 N., R. 5 E.; in Madison County; USGS Coldwater topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,134,025 meters Northing and 721,529 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD 27.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; partially decomposed organic matter; abrupt smooth boundary.
- A—1 to 4 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; moderate very fine granular structure; friable; many very fine to fine roots and common medium; 7 percent subrounded chert gravel; moderately acid; clear wavy boundary.
- BA-4 to 8 inches; reddish brown (5YR 4/4) silt loam;

moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine to fine roots and few medium roots; common distinct clay films; 5 percent subrounded chert gravel; strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.

- Bt1—8 to 18 inches; reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) clay; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine to fine roots and few medium roots; many distinct clay films; 1 percent subrounded chert gravel; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—18 to 25 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) clay; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine and fine roots; many prominent clay films; common medium black (10YR 2/1) masses of iron-manganese accumulation; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt3—25 to 30 inches; reddish brown (5YR 4/4) clay; common medium prominent olive mottles; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots; few nonintersecting slickensides and many prominent clay films; slightly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.

R-30 inches; dolostone bedrock.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 20 to 40 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3 to 6, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 7 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

E, BA, or BE horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 10YR to 5YR, value of 5 or 6, and chroma of 4 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 7 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to neutral

Bt horizon (upper part):

Color—hue of 10YR to 2.5YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 4 to 8

Mottles—shades of red, brown, or yellow Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay loam, silty clay, or clay

Content of rock fragments—0 to 7 percent Reaction—strongly acid to slightly alkaline

Bt horizon (lower part):

Color—hue of 10YR to 2.5YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 4 to 8

Mottles—shades of red, brown, yellow, or gray

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay loam, silty clay, or clay

Content of rock fragments—0 to 7 percent Reaction—moderately acid to slightly alkaline

C or BC horizon (if it occurs):

Color—multicolored in shades of red, brown, yellow, olive, or gray

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay, clay, loam, or clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 35 percent Reaction—slightly acid to slightly alkaline

Captina Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate in the upper subsoil and slow

in the fragipan Landform: Ridges

Position on the landform: Summits and backslopes Parent material: Loess over loamy colluvium and

residuum derived from dolostone

Slope range: 3 to 15 percent

Elevation: 780 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, siliceous, active,

mesic Typic Fragiudults

Typical Pedon

Captina silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded, in a pasture; 1,700 feet north and 750 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 33, T. 32 N., R. 5 E.; USGS Hurricane, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,144,137 meters Northing and 759,673 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Ap—0 to 4 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; 1 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bt1—4 to 12 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—12 to 16 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; 1 percent gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt3—16 to 20 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; many

- light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; common strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; 5 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- 2Btx—20 to 28 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) extremely gravelly silt loam; moderate very coarse prismatic structure; very firm; 80 percent brittle; few distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; common light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; common strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; 60 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 3Bt1—28 to 36 inches; brownish yellow (10YR 6/6) gravelly silty clay; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; very firm; few distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; 15 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; diffuse broken boundary.
- 3Bt2—36 to 55 inches; brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) gravelly clay; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; very firm; common distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) clay films; 15 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; diffuse broken boundary.
- 3Bt3—55 to 75 inches; 60 percent brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) and 40 percent red (2.5YR 4/8) gravelly clay; weak fine angular blocky structure; very firm; few faint (10YR 5/6) clay films on upper faces of peds; 10 percent chert cobbles and 20 percent chert gravel; strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to the fragipan: 20 to 38 inches

Ap or A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 5 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to slightly acid, unless limed

E or BE horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 5 or 6, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—very strongly acid to slightly acid, unless limed

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 to 8

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown or red in the lower part of some pedons

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 5 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

2Btx horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR to 5YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 4 to 8

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of gray or red

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clav loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 35 percent (upper part); 0 to 60 percent (lower part)

Reaction—extremely acid to strongly acid

3Bt horizon:

Color—hue 10YR to 2.5YR, value of 3 to 6, and chroma 4 to 8 (or is multicolored)

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—clay loam, silty clay loam, silty clay, or clay

Content of rock fragments—15 to 50 percent (extremely variable over short distances) Reaction—extremely acid to strongly acid

Clarksville Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Permeability: Moderate Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Backslopes and

summits

Parent material: Gravelly colluvium derived from cherty

dolostone

Slope range: 8 to 45 percent

Elevation: 530 feet

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, siliceous,

semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults

Typical Pedon

Clarksville gravelly silt loam, in an area of Clarksville-Scholten complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes, very stony, in a forest; 1,600 feet south and 1,300 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 10, T. 32 N., R. 8 E.; in Madison County; USGS Marquand topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,151,335 meters Northing and 752,098 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD 27.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; partially decomposed leaves, twigs, and roots; abrupt wavy boundary.
- A—1 to 6 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) gravelly silt loam, light gray (10YR 7/2) dry; moderate very fine and fine granular structure; very friable; many very fine to medium roots; 4 percent chert cobbles and 30

- percent subangular chert gravel; extremely acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- E—6 to 13 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) gravelly silt loam, very pale brown (10YR 7/3) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to weak very fine granular; very friable; many fine to coarse roots; 1 percent chert cobbles and 32 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bt1—13 to 21 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) very gravelly silt loam, very pale brown (10YR 7/3) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine granular; friable; common very fine to coarse roots; 10 percent angular chert cobbles and 36 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 2Bt2—21 to 29 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) extremely gravelly clay loam; common fine distinct yellowish red (5YR 4/6) mottles; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine and medium roots; common prominent clay films on vertical faces of peds and common distinct silt coats on faces of peds; common fine light brown (7.5YR 6/4) and common fine yellowish red (5YR 4/6); 65 percent subangular chert gravel; strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 2Bt3—29 to 43 inches; reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/6) very gravelly clay loam; common fine and medium prominent red (2.5YR 4/6) and common fine prominent brownish yellow (10YR 6/6) mottles; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine and fine roots; common distinct silt coats on faces of peds and common prominent clay films on faces of peds; 3 percent chert cobbles and 39 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- 3Bt4—43 to 56 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) very gravelly clay; many fine and medium prominent red (2.5YR 4/6) and many fine distinct light brown (7.5YR 6/4) mottles; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine to medium roots; many prominent clay films on faces of peds and on vertical faces of peds; few medium light gray (10YR 7/2) clay bodies; 36 percent subangular chert gravel and 1 percent chert cobbles; strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 3Bt5—56 to 66 inches; 60 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) and 40 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) very gravelly clay; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine to medium roots; common prominent clay films on faces of peds; common medium light gray (10YR 7/2) clay bodies and many coarse pinkish gray (7.5YR 7/2) soft iron

depletions pedogenic between peds; 38 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to the 3Bt horizon: 36 to 54 inches Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 2 to 6, and chroma of 1 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—15 to 35 percent Reaction—extremely acid to moderately acid

E horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 to 7, and chroma of 2 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—20 to 50 percent Reaction—extremely acid to moderately acid

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR to 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 4 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam or silt loam Content of rock fragments—20 to 50 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR to 10YR, value of 3 to 6, and chroma of 4 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam, clay loam, or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—35 to 75 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

3Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR to 10YR, value of 3 to 6, and chroma of 4 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—clay Content of rock fragments—7 to 60 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

Cornwall Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderately slow

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Footslopes

Parent material: Loess over valley fill materials

Slope range: 3 to 15 percent

Elevation: 410 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active,

mesic Fragiaquic Paleudults

Typical Pedon

Cornwall silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, in a cultivated field; 1,950 feet west and 2,700 feet north of the southeast corner of sec. 26, T. 29 N., R. 5 E.; in Wayne County; USGS Greenville, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,115,194 meters Northing and 724,986 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Ap—0 to 7 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; moderately acid; abrupt broken boundary.
- Bt1—7 to 12 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few faint clay films on faces of peds; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—12 to 18 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few faint clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt3—18 to 24 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few faint clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Btx1—24 to 34 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to weak fine and medium subangular blocky; firm; 35 percent brittle; few faint clay films on faces of peds; many light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; common strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; common black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Btx2—34 to 44 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; weak medium and coarse prismatic structure parting to weak very fine and fine subangular blocky; firm; 50 percent brittle; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; common light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; common red (2.5YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; very strongly acid; gradual broken boundary.
- 3Bt1—44 to 52 inches; 70 percent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and 30 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium and coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky; very firm; common black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; common light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; 10

percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; diffuse broken boundary.

3Bt2—52 to 75 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; strong medium and coarse prismatic structure parting to strong very fine and fine angular blocky; very firm; common light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt coats; 10 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to the 2Btx horizon: 17 to 35 inches Depth to the 3Bt horizon: 39 to 59 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam
Content of rock fragments—0 to 10 percent gravel
Reaction—strongly acid to moderately acid,
unless limed

E horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 10 percent gravel

Reaction—strongly acid to moderately acid

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 4 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 10 percent gravel Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

2Btx horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR to 2.5YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow; iron-manganese accumulations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 60 percent gravel; 0 to 10 percent cobbles

Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

3Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR to 2.5YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 6 to 8

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow; iron-manganese accumulations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—clay loam, silty clay loam, or clay

Content of rock fragments—10 to 70 percent gravel; 0 to 15 percent cobbles

Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

Coulstone Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Permeability: Moderately rapid

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Backslopes

Parent material: Colluvium and residuum from sandstone with lenses of cherty dolostone

Slope range: 15 to 50 percent

Elevation: 1,080 feet

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, siliceous,

semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults

Typical Pedon

Coulstone extremely cobbly sandy loam, in an area of Coulstone-Bender complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, very stony, in a hardwood forest; 2,400 feet west and 2,500 feet north of the southeast corner of sec. 32, T. 28 N., R. 3 W.; in Shannon County; USGS Winona, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,101,817 meters Northing and 651,284 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; partially decomposed organic matter; abrupt smooth boundary.
- A—1 to 4 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 5/2) extremely cobbly sandy loam; weak fine granular structure; very friable; many fine to coarse roots; many fine to coarse tubular pores; 30 percent sandstone cobbles and 35 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E1—4 to 11 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) very gravelly fine sandy loam; weak very fine and fine granular structure; very friable; many fine to coarse roots; many fine tubular pores; 20 percent sandstone gravel and 15 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- E2—11 to 15 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) extremely cobbly fine sandy loam; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; many fine to medium roots and common coarse roots; many fine tubular pores; 35 percent sandstone gravel and 30 percent sandstone cobbles; strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- E3—15 to 19 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/4)
 extremely cobbly loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; many fine to medium roots and common coarse roots; many fine tubular pores; 35 percent sandstone gravel

and 30 percent sandstone cobbles; strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.

Bt1—19 to 32 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) very cobbly loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; few faint strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; 20 percent sandstone cobbles and 35 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.

Bt2—32 to 46 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) very cobbly loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common fine tubular pores; common distinct light gray (10YR 7/2) silt coats and common distinct red (2.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; 35 percent sandstone gravel and 20 percent sandstone cobbles; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.

2Bt3—46 to 56 inches; 80 percent yellowish red (5YR 5/8) and 20 percent red (2.5YR 4/8) sandy clay loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; very firm; common very fine and fine roots; common fine tubular pores; common distinct red (2.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; 7 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.

2Bt4—56 to 80 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) clay; moderate medium subangular blocky and moderate fine subangular blocky structure; very firm; common very fine and fine roots; common fine tubular pores; common distinct dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) clay films, common distinct reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/8) clay films, and few distinct reddish brown (5YR 5/4) clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to the 2Bt horizon: 30 to 60 inches Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

A horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 1 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sandy loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 40 percent cobbles or stones; 35 to 60 percent gravel Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

E horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam, sandy loam, fine sandy loam, or silt loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 40 percent cobbles or stones; 35 to 60 percent gravel Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR; value of 3 to 7; and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sandy loam or loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 40 percent cobbles or stones; 35 to 60 percent gravel Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10R, 2.5YR, or 5YR; value of 4 to 6; and chroma of 4 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sandy clay loam, loam, or clay

Content of rock fragments—0 to 30 percent cobbles or stones; 5 to 60 percent gravel Reaction—extremely acid to strongly acid

3Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10R, 2.5YR, or 5YR; value of 4 to 6; and chroma of 4 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sandy loam, sandy clay loam, clay loam, or clay Content of rock fragments—0 to 30 percent

cobbles or stones; 5 to 60 percent gravel
Reaction—extremely acid to strongly acid

Crider Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained Permeability: Moderate Landform: Basins

Position on the landform: Summits

Parent material: Loess over clayey residuum derived

from dolostone

Slope range: 3 to 8 percent

Elevation: 440 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active,

mesic Typic Paleudalfs

Typical Pedon

Crider silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded, in a cultivated field; 1,200 feet south of the junction of Highways 34 and 143, sec. 18 T. 29 N., R. 5 E.; in Wayne County; USGS Patterson, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,117,900 meters Northing and 719,200 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

Ap—0 to 9 inches; dark brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4), dry; weak fine

granular structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; neutral; clear smooth boundary.

- Bt1—9 to 18 inches; reddish brown (5YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common faint clay films on faces of peds; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—18 to 24 inches; reddish brown (5YR 4/4) silty clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots; common faint clay films on faces of peds; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt3—24 to 32 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; firm; common faint clay films on faces of peds and few manganese or iron-manganese stains; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt4—32 to 47 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) silty clay loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; firm; common faint clay films on faces of peds and common manganese or iron-manganese stains; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt5—47 to 80 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) silty clay loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate medium angular blocky; firm; many manganese or iron-manganese stains and common faint clay films on faces of peds; strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, 7.5YR, or 5YR; value of 4 or 5; and chroma of 4 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

2Bt or 3Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 5YR to 10R, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 4 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay loam, silty clay, or clay

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of red, brown, or yellow

Content of rock fragments—0 to 10 percent Reaction—strongly acid or moderately acid

Crowley Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Poorly drained

Permeability: Very slow Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: Stream terraces

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope range: 0 to 1 percent

Elevation: 340 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine, smectitic, thermic

Typic Albaqualfs

Taxadjunct features: The Crowley soils in this survey area are thermic, rather than hyperthermic as defined for the Crowley series. Crowley soils are also mapped in Stoddard County. The Crowley series has been reclassified since the publication of the Soil Survey of Stoddard County, Missouri.

Typical Pedon

Crowley silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, in a cultivated field; 450 feet north and 550 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 35, T. 28 N., R. 9 E.; USGS Sturdivant, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,103,440 meters Northing and 765,420 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Ap—0 to 9 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- Eg—9 to 16 inches; light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common light gray (10YR 7/2) silt coats; few strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese concretions; slightly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bt1—16 to 29 inches; dark gray (10YR 4/1) silty clay loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common faint gray (10YR 5/1) clay films on all faces of peds; few strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; few black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt2—29 to 39 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; common strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; few black (10YR 2/1) ironmanganese masses; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2BC—39 to 56 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky

- structure; friable; common strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 3C1—56 to 71 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) loamy sand; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common brown (7.5YR 4/4) masses of oxidized iron; moderately acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 3C2—71 to 80 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) sand; single grain; loose; common dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) masses of oxidized iron; slightly acid.

Range in Characteristics

A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 1 to 3

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow; ironmanganese accumulations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—none Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

Eg horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 6 or 7, and chroma of 1 to 3

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow; iron-manganese accumulations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silt

Content of rock fragments—none Reaction—strongly acid to slightly acid

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow; ironmanganese accumulations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay loam, silty clay, or clay

Content of rock fragments—none Reaction—very strongly acid to neutral

2BC horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, 2.5Y, or 5Y; value of 5 or 6; and chroma of 3

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow; ironmanganese accumulations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—none

Reaction—very strongly acid to neutral

3C horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 5 to 7, and chroma of 1 to 4

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow; iron-manganese accumulations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sand or loamy sand

Content of rock fragments—none Reaction—very strongly acid to neutral

Deible Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Permeability: Very slow Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: High stream terraces

Parent material: Loess over alluvium

Slope range: 1 to 3 percent

Elevation: 400 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine, mixed, active, mesic

Typic Albaqualfs

Typical Pedon

Deible silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes, in a cultivated field; 2,150 feet east and 250 feet south of the northwest corner of sec. 19, T. 27 N., R. 6 E.; in Wayne County; USGS Hendrickson, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,095,981 meters Northing and 726,723 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Ap—0 to 6 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam; moderate fine granular structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine vesicular pores; 1 percent subangular chert gravel; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E1—6 to 10 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine vesicular pores; common black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; 1 percent subangular chert gravel; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E2—10 to 16 inches; 50 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/3) and 50 percent light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine vesicular pores; many light gray (10YR 7/2) iron depletions;

common iron-manganese masses; 1 percent subangular chert gravel; moderately acid; abrupt smooth boundary.

Btg1—16 to 23 inches; 60 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) and 40 percent gray (10YR 5/1) silty clay; moderate fine angular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; many very fine vesicular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; common strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; common black (10YR 2/1) ironmanganese masses; 2 percent subangular chert gravel; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.

Btg2—23 to 33 inches; 80 percent gray (10YR 5/1) and 20 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine angular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; common very fine vesicular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; many strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; common black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; 3 percent subangular chert gravel; slightly alkaline; gradual smooth boundary.

2Btg3—33 to 50 inches; 65 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) and 35 percent gray (10YR 6/1) silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine angular blocky structure; firm; common very fine vesicular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; common yellowish red (5YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; 10 percent subangular chert gravel; slightly alkaline; gradual smooth boundary.

2Btg4—50 to 68 inches; 40 percent gray (10YR 6/1) and 30 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and 30 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; many very fine vesicular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; common black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; 10 percent subangular chert gravel; slightly alkaline; gradual smooth boundary.

2Btg5—68 to 80 inches; 60 percent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) and 40 percent gray (10YR 6/1) clay loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; many very fine vesicular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; common red (2.5YR 4/8) masses of oxidized iron; common black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; 15 percent subangular chert gravel; moderately alkaline.

Range in Characteristics

Thickness of the solum: 30 to 60 inches or more Depth to the Btg horizon: 13 to 22 inches Depth to the 2Btg horizon: 30 to 40 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 2 or 3

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow; iron-manganese accumulations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 10 percent gravel Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

E or BE horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 4 to 7, and chroma of 2 or 3

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow; ironmanganese accumulations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 15 percent gravel Reaction—very strongly acid to neutral

Btg horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR, 10YR, or 2.5Y; value of 4 to 6; and chroma of 1 or 2

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow; iron-manganese accumulations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay loam or silty clay

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel Reaction—very strongly acid to slightly alkaline

2Btg or 2BCg horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR, 10YR, 2.5Y, 5Y, or N; value of 4 to 6; and chroma of 0 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow; ironmanganese accumulations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam, silty clay loam, or clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 15 percent gravel Reaction—strongly acid to moderately alkaline

Delassus Series

Depth class: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate in the upper part and very slow in the fragipan

Landform: Mountains

Position on the landform: Summits and footslopes
Parent material: Loess and the underlying residuum or
colluvium from granite and other rocks of igneous
origin

Slope range: 3 to 15 percent

Elevation: 975 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, mixed, active,

mesic Typic Fragiudults

Typical Pedon

Delassus silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, in a wooded area; 2,210 feet west and 1,980 feet south of the northeast corner of sec. 2, T. 34 N., R. 5 E.; in St. Francois County; USGS Wachita topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,173,457 meters Northing and 725,130 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD 27.

- A-0 to 3 inches; dark brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; moderate fine and very fine granular structure; friable; many very fine and few fine roots; neutral; abrupt smooth boundary.
- E-3 to 7 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam with about 10 percent mixing of dark brown (10YR 4/3) A horizon material; weak fine granular structure; friable; common very fine and few fine roots; moderately acid; clear wavy boundary.
- BE—7 to 13 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) silt loam; moderate medium and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine and few very fine roots; strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt—13 to 26 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silty clay loam; moderate medium and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few faint reddish brown clay films on faces of peds; common fine and few medium and very fine roots; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2E—26 to 31 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) silt loam; many coarse faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) mottles; weak thin and medium platy structure; firm; common fine and very fine roots along horizontal plates; extremely acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- 2Btxl—31 to 45 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) loam; common medium distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) mottles; moderate very coarse prismatic structure, ped interiors massive; very firm; brittle; very hard; few very fine roots along faces of prisms; few faint dark brown clay films and flows on vertical faces of prisms; 1 percent granite gravel; extremely acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2Btx2—45 to 61 inches; reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/6) loam; many coarse distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) mottles; weak very coarse prismatic structure, ped interiors massive; very firm; brittle; very hard; few faint brown clay films and flows on vertical faces of prisms; 2 percent granite gravel; extremely acid; abrupt wavy boundary.

2R-61 inches; granite.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to the 2Btx horizon: 20 to 36 inches Thickness of the solum: 48 to 72 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 27 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid, unless limed

E horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3 to 6, and chroma 2 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 27 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

BE or Bt horizon (upper part):

Color—hue of 10YR, 7.5YR, or 5YR; value of 4 to 6: and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 27 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

Bt horizon (lower part):

Color—hue of 10YR, 7.5YR, or 5YR; value of 4 to 6; and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam, loam, or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 27 percent Reaction—extremely acid to strongly acid

2E horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, 7.5YR, 5YR; value of 4 to 7; and chroma of 2 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 35 percent Reaction—extremely acid or very strongly acid

2Btx horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR, 10YR, or 2.5Y; value of 4 to 6: and chroma of 2 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—coarse sandy loam, sandy loam, loam, or silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 60 percent

Reaction—extremely acid to strongly acid

3Bt horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 2.5YR to 10YR, value of 3 to 7, and chroma of 1 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Rock fragments—15 to 60 percent

Reaction—extremely acid to strongly acid

Dubbs Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained Permeability: Moderate Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: Natural levees

Parent material: Loamy alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

Elevation: 360 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active,

thermic Typic Hapludalfs

Typical Pedon

Dubbs silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, in a cultivated field; 500 feet north and 750 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 33, T. 29 N., R. 10 E.; USGS Dongola, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,113,035 meters Northing and 237,320 meters Easting, Zone 16, NAD27.

- Ap—0 to 9 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam, light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) dry; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bt1—9 to 20 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; few faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; moderately acid; diffuse smooth boundary.
- Bt2—20 to 30 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silty clay loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; few faint dark brown (10YR 3/3) clay films on faces of peds; moderately acid; diffuse smooth boundary.
- Bt3—30 to 43 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; many fine tubular pores; few faint dark brown (10YR 3/3) clay films on faces of peds; moderately acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt4—43 to 58 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots; many fine tubular pores; few faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; many fine prominent black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; very strongly acid; diffuse smooth boundary.
- 2BC1—58 to 68 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) very fine sandy loam; weak very fine and fine

subangular blocky structure; firm; many fine vesicular pores; many fine and medium prominent black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.

2BC2—68 to 80 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) loam; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; firm; many fine vesicular pores; common fine prominent black (10YR 2/1) ironmanganese masses; common medium prominent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; common fine and medium prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; very strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Thickness of the solum: 20 to 60 inches

Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma 2 or 3

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam
Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid,
unless limed

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 3 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of gray or brown

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay loam, clay loam, or silt loam

Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid, unless limed

BC or 2BC horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 3 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown or gray; iron-manganese concentrations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam, loam, or very fine sandy loam

Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid, unless limed

C horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 2 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown or gray; iron-manganese concentrations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sandy loam, very fine sandy loam, loam, or silt loam

Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid, unless limed

Elsah Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained Permeability: Moderate in the upper part; moderately

rapid or rapid in the lower part

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: High flood plains

Parent material: Loamy alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

Elevation: 490 feet

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed, superactive, nonacid, mesic Typic Udifluvents

Typical Pedon

Elsah silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, in a wooded area; 1,390 feet east and 500 feet north of the southwest corner of sec. 2, T. 31 N., R. 13 E.; in Cape Girardeau County; USGS Cape Girardeau NE, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,150,505 meters Northing and 271,976 meters Easting, Zone 16, NAD27.

- A—0 to 6 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak fine granular structure; very friable; many fine roots; common fine pores; neutral; gradual wavy boundary.
- C1—6 to 20 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; platy; friable; common fine roots; common fine pores; 7 percent chert gravel; neutral; clear wavy boundary.
- 2C2—20 to 38 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) extremely gravelly loam, stratified; massive; few fine roots; many fine pores; 70 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 2C3—38 to 60 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) extremely gravelly silt loam; stratified; massive; firm; common black stains; 65 percent chert gravel; moderately acid.

Range in Characteristics

A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 12 percent Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

C or AC horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam or silt loam Content of rock fragments—7 to 45 percent Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

2C horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam or silt loam Content of rock fragments—35 to 70 percent Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

Falaya Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Permeability: Moderate Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: Flood plains Parent material: Silty alluvium from loess

Slope range: 0 to 1 percent

Elevation: 350 feet

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-silty, mixed, active,

acid, thermic Aeric Fluvaquents

Typical Pedon

Falaya silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, in a cultivated field; 500 feet east and 100 feet north of the southwest corner of sec. 6, T. 28 N., R. 10 E.; USGS Advance, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,111,431 meters Northing and 233,930 meters Easting, Zone 16, NAD27.

- Ap—0 to 10 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak thin platy structure; very friable; many very fine and fine vesicular pores; common black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; slightly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bg1—10 to 23 inches; 50 percent light gray (10YR 7/2) and 50 percent pale brown (10YR 6/3) silt; weak thick platy structure; very friable; many very fine and fine vesicular pores; common strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; common black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bg2—23 to 34 inches; light gray (10YR 7/1) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; common very fine and fine vesicular pores; common dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bw1—34 to 56 inches; 60 percent pale brown (10YR 6/3) and 40 percent light gray (10YR 7/2) silt loam; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; common dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; common strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.

Bw2—56 to 69 inches; 60 percent pale brown (10YR 6/3) and 40 percent light gray (10YR 7/2) silt loam; moderate medium prismatic structure; friable; many fine tubular and common very fine tubular pores; many black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese nodules; common yellowish red (5YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; common strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.

2Bg—69 to 80 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silty clay loam; moderate medium prismatic structure; firm; many fine tubular and common very fine tubular pores; few grayish brown (10YR 5/2) clay films and very few light gray (10YR 7/2) silt coats; many black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese nodules; common strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; very strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 2 or 3

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—none Reaction—very strongly acid to slightly acid

Bg horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 3

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown or gray; iron-manganese concentrations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silt Content of rock fragments—none Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

Bw horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 1 or 2

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown or gray; iron-manganese concentrations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—none Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

2Bg horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 4 to 7, and chroma of 1 or 2

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown or gray; iron-manganese concentrations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—none Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

Firebaugh Series

Depth class: Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate in the upper part of the profile;

slow in the lower part Landform: Ridges

Position on the landform: Summits and shoulders
Parent material: Thin layer of loess or silty sediment
and the underlying loamy and clayey residuum
derived from cherty dolostone

Slope range: Moderately sloping and strongly sloping (3 to 15 percent)

Elevation: 905 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, mixed, active, mesic Fragiaquic Paleudults

Typical Pedon

Firebaugh silt, 3 to 8 percent slopes, in a forest; 2,810 feet east and 100 feet north of the southwest corner of sec 32, T. 32 N., R. 7 E.; in Madison County; USGS Cherokee Pass topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,143,173 meters Northing and 738,987 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD 27.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; partially decomposed leaves, twigs, and roots; abrupt smooth boundary.
- A—1 to 4 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; moderate fine granular structure; very friable; common coarse and medium roots and many very fine and fine roots; 1 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E—4 to 8 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt, very pale brown (10YR 7/4) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common coarse and medium roots and many very fine and fine roots; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—8 to 17 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common medium roots and many very fine and fine roots; many faint clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt2—17 to 21 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) silty clay loam; common fine prominent pale brown (10YR 6/3) iron depletions; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common medium roots, common very fine and fine roots; many distinct clay films on faces of peds; 1

- percent subangular chert cobbles and 5 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- 2Btx—21 to 36 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) very gravelly silt loam; common fine prominent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) iron depletions; weak coarse prismatic structure parting to weak very fine and fine subangular blocky; firm; 40 percent brittle; common fine roots; few distinct pale brown (10YR 6/3) and light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay depletions on faces of peds and few prominent clay films on vertical faces of peds; 5 percent subangular chert cobbles and 50 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 3Bt3—36 to 52 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6 and 5/6) very cobbly clay; common coarse prominent red (2.5YR 4/6) masses of iron accumulation; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine roots; very few distinct light gray (10YR 7/2) clay depletions on faces of peds and common prominent clay films on vertical faces of peds; 10 percent angular chert stones, 15 percent angular chert cobbles, and 22 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 3Bt4—52 to 71 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) and strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) extremely cobbly clay; common fine and medium prominent light gray (10YR 7/2) iron depletions; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; very firm; few very fine roots; common prominent clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent angular chert stones, 30 percent angular chert cobbles, and 31 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to the 2Btx horizon: 18 to 27 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 2 or 3

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt or silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 10 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

E horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 to 8, and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt or silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 10 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

Bt horizon

Color—hue of 10YR to 5YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 4 to 8

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown or gray; iron-manganese concentrations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 15 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

2Btx horizon:

Color—of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 to 7, and chroma of 4 to 8

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown or gray; iron-manganese concentrations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam, silt loam, or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—20 to 60 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

3Bt horizon:

Color—of 10YR to 2.5YR, value of 3 to 7, and chroma of 4 to 8

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown or gray; iron-manganese concentrations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—clay loam or clay Content of rock fragments—15 to 75 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

Forestdale Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Permeability: Very slow Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: Depressions Parent material: Clayey and silty alluvium

Slope range: 0 to 1 percent

Elevation: 340 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine, smectitic, thermic

Typic Endoaqualfs

Typical Pedon

Forestdale silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, ponded, in a hardwood forest; 1,600 feet east and 2,700 feet south of the northwest corner of sec. 9, T. 27 N., R. 8 E.; in Wayne County; USGS McGee, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,098,436 meters Northing and 749,236 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

Oi—0 to 2 inches; slightly decomposed plant material; abrupt wavy boundary.

A—2 to 9 inches; dark gray (2.5Y 4/1) silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky

structure; firm; many very fine to medium roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; common red (2.5YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; moderately acid; clear wavy boundary.

- Btg1—9 to 16 inches; gray (2.5Y 5/1) silty clay loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine to medium roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; common strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; neutral; clear wavy boundary.
- Btg2—16 to 29 inches; dark gray (2.5Y 4/1) silty clay; moderate fine and medium angular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and very dark gray (N 3/0) slickensides (pedogenic); slightly alkaline; clear irregular boundary.
- Btg3—29 to 51 inches; greenish gray (5GY 6/1) silty clay loam; moderate coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate fine and medium angular blocky; friable; common very fine roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; 2 percent carbonate concretions; moderately alkaline; gradual wavy boundary.
- Btg4—51 to 70 inches; greenish gray (5GY 5/1) silty clay; moderate coarse prismatic structure parting to strong fine angular blocky; firm; few very fine roots; few fine and medium tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; many red (2.5YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; slightly alkaline; clear wavy boundary.
- Btg5—70 to 80 inches; gray (10YR 6/1) silty clay; moderate coarse prismatic structure parting to strong fine angular blocky; firm; few faint clay films on faces of peds; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; neutral.

Range in Characteristics

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 1 or 2

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay loam Content of rock fragments—none

Reaction—very strongly acid or moderately acid

Btg horizon (upper part):

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 4 to 7, and chroma of 1 or 2

Redoximorphic features—iron-manganese stains and masses

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay loam, clay, or silty clay

Content of rock fragments—none

Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately alkaline

Btg horizon (lower part):

Color—hue of 10YR, 2.5Y, or 5GY; value of 4 to 7; and chroma of 1 or 2

Redoximorphic features—iron-manganese stains and masses

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—very fine sandy loam, silt loam, silty clay loam, or silty clay

Content of rock fragments—none

Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately alkaline

Frenchmill Series

Depth class: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained Permeability: Moderate Landform: Mountains

Position on the landform: Backslopes and footslopes Parent material: Colluvial materials derived from rhyolite or granite

Slope range: Moderately steep to very steep (15 to 45 percent)

Elevation: 875 feet

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed, active, mesic Typic Paleudults

Typical Pedon

Frenchmill very cobbly silt loam, in an area of Killarney-Frenchmill complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes, rubbly, in a forest; 125 feet south and 1,350 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 3, T. 33 N., R. 5 E.; in Madison County; USGS Rhodes Mountain topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,164,018 meters Northing and 721,959 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD 27.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; partially decomposed leaves, twigs, and roots; abrupt wavy boundary.
- A—1 to 5 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) very cobbly silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; moderate very fine granular structure; very friable; many very fine to medium roots; 15 percent rhyolite cobbles and 23 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- E1—5 to 11 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very cobbly loam, light gray (10YR 7/2) dry; weak fine granular structure; friable; many very fine to medium roots; 20 percent rhyolite cobbles and 15 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- E2—11 to 16 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6)

very cobbly loam, very pale brown (10YR 7/4) dry; weak fine granular structure; friable; common very fine to medium roots; few brown (10YR 5/3) silt coats on rock fragments; 20 percent rhyolite cobbles and 20 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.

2Bt1—16 to 23 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) very cobbly loam; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine and medium roots; common distinct strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds and few silt coats; 20 percent rhyolite cobbles and 25 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.

2Bt2—23 to 31 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) extremely gravelly loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine and medium roots; common yellowish red (5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds and common light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) silt coats; 18 percent rhyolite cobbles and 42 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.

2Bt3—31 to 37 inches; 60 percent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) and 40 percent light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) very gravelly loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots; many prominent dark red (2.5YR 3/6) clay films on faces of peds; 15 percent rhyolite cobbles and 37 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.

3Bt4—37 to 47 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) sandy clay loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; few prominent light reddish brown (5YR 6/3) clay films on vertical faces of peds and common prominent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.

3Bt5—47 to 55 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) sandy clay loam; moderate coarse prismatic structure; firm; few very fine roots; few prominent reddish gray (5YR 5/2) clay films on faces of peds and common prominent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.

3Bt6—55 to 71 inches; 60 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) and 35 percent yellowish red (5YR 5/6) sandy clay loam; weak coarse prismatic structure; friable; few prominent pinkish gray (5YR 6/2) and few prominent pinkish gray (5YR 7/2) clay films on vertical faces of peds; 1 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics:

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 2 or 3

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—35 to 60 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

E horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 4 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or loam Content of rock fragments—10 to 50 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

Bt horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 10YR to 5YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 4 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—35 to 60 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR to 2.5YR, value of 4 to 7, and chroma of 3 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam or clay loam

Content of rock fragments—35 to 60 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

3Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR to 2.5YR, value of 3 to 6, and chroma of 4 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sandy clay loam or clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 35 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

Gabriel Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Poorly drained Permeability: Moderately slow

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Low stream terraces

Parent material: Fine-silty alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

Elevation: 450 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Typic Argiaquolls

Typical Pedon

Gabriel silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded, in a pasture; 950 feet north and 1,200 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 6, T. 27 N., R. 4 E.; in Wayne County; USGS Mill Spring, Missouri,

topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,099,100 meters Northing and 707,100 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- A1—0 to 6 inches; very dark gray (7.5YR 3/1) silt loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2), dry; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; few black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese concretions; 1 percent angular chert gravel; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- A2—6 to 13 inches; very dark gray (7.5YR 3/1) silt loam, gray (10YR 5/1), dry; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; 1 percent angular chert gravel; neutral; abrupt smooth boundary.
- Btg1—13 to 27 inches; very dark gray (7.5YR 3/1) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; common dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; 1 percent angular chert gravel; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Btg2—27 to 41 inches; gray (7.5YR 6/1) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine angular blocky structure; firm; many very fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; common strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; 1 percent angular chert gravel; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Btg3—41 to 53 inches; gray (7.5YR 6/1) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine angular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; common strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; 1 percent angular chert gravel; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Btg4—53 to 60 inches; gray (10YR 6/1) silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine angular blocky structure; firm; many very fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; common strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; few iron-manganese concretions; 1 percent angular chert gravel; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Btg5—60 to 74 inches; gray (10YR 6/1) silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine angular blocky structure; firm; many very fine vesicular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; common strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; 1 percent angular chert gravel; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- BC—74 to 84 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine angular

blocky structure; firm; many very fine vesicular pores; many gray (7.5YR 6/1) iron depletions; neutral.

Range in Characteristics

Thickness of the solum: 80 inches or more Depth to bedrock: 80 inches or more

A horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 2 or 3, and chroma of 1 to 3

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—slightly acid or neutral

Btg horizon (upper part):

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 2 or 3, and chroma of 1 to 3

Redoximorphic features—iron masses with hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam, silty clay loam, or clay loam

Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

Btg (lower part) or BC horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR to 5Y, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 1 or 2

Redoximorphic features—iron masses with hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam, silty clay loam, or clay loam

Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

Gasconade Series

Depth class: Shallow and very shallow

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Permeability: Moderately slow

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Backslopes and

shoulders

Parent material: Gravelly residuum derived from

dolostone

Slope range: 3 to 35 percent

Elevation: 560 feet

Taxonomic classification: Clayey-skeletal, mixed, superactive, mesic Lithic Hapludolls

Typical Pedon

Gasconade silty clay, in an area of Gasconade-Rock outcrop complex, 3 to 35 percent slopes, in a forest; 1,850 feet west and 4,590 feet north of the southeast corner of sec. 33, T. 31 N., R. 5 E.; in Madison County; USGS Coldwater topographic quadrangle;

- UTM coordinates 4,134,087 meters Northing and 721,590 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD 27.
- Oi—0 to 1 inch; partially decomposed organic matter; abrupt smooth boundary.
- A—1 to 4 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silty clay, dark brown (10YR 3/3) dry; moderate fine granular structure; friable; common fine and medium roots and many very fine; 5 percent subangular dolostone gravel; neutral; abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bw—4 to 13 inches; dark brown (7.5YR 3/3) very gravelly clay; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine roots; 25 percent subangular dolostone gravel and 15 percent dolostone cobbles; slightly alkaline; abrupt wavy boundary.
- R—13 inches; dolostone bedrock.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 4 to 20 inches

A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 2 or 3, and chroma of 1 to 3

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay or clay Content of rock fragments—0 to 15 percent Reaction—slightly acid to slightly alkaline

Bw horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR to 2.5Y, value of 2 to 4, and chroma of 1 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—clay, silty clay, silty clay loam, or clay loam

Content of rock fragments—35 to 70 percent Reaction—slightly acid to slightly alkaline

Gepp Series

Depth class: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained Permeability: Moderate Landform: Uplands

Position on the landform: Shoulders and summits Parent material: Clayey residuum derived from

dolostone

Slope range: Moderately sloping and strongly sloping

(8 to 15 percent) Elevation: 618 feet

Taxonomic classification: Very fine, mixed, semiactive,

mesic Typic Paleudalfs

Typical Pedon

Gepp very gravelly silt loam, in an area of Alred-Gepp complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, stony, in a forest; 2,650 feet north and 1,900 feet east of the southwest

- corner of sec. 31, T. 31 N., R. 8 E.; in Madison County; USGS Allbright topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,134,001 meters Northing and 747,127 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD 27.
- Oi—0 to 1 inch; partially decomposed leaves, twigs, and roots; abrupt wavy boundary.
- A—1 to 6 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very gravelly silt loam; moderate fine granular structure; very friable; many very fine and fine roots and few medium; many fine tubular pores; 37 percent subangular chert gravel and 2 percent chert cobbles; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt1—6 to 12 inches; yellowish red (5YR 5/6) clay; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots and few medium and coarse; common fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent chert gravel and 1 percent chert cobbles; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt2—12 to 19 inches; 80 percent yellowish red (5YR 5/6) and 20 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) clay; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine to coarse roots; common fine tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds; 6 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt3—19 to 27 inches; 55 percent yellowish red (5YR 5/8) and 45 percent red (2.5YR 5/6) clay; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine to medium roots; common fine tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds; 2 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt4—27 to 36 inches; 65 percent yellowish red (5YR 5/6) and 35 percent reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) clay; moderate very fine angular blocky structure; firm; few very fine and fine roots; common fine tubular pores; many distinct clay films and few prominent clay films on faces of peds; 1 percent chert cobbles; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt5—36 to 44 inches; 65 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) and 35 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) clay; moderate very fine angular blocky structure; firm; few very fine to medium roots; common fine tubular pores; common medium distinct light brown (7.5YR 6/3) vertical seams; many distinct clay films and few prominent clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt6—44 to 53 inches; 65 percent reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) and 35 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) clay; moderate very fine angular blocky structure; very firm; few very fine roots; common fine tubular pores; common fine prominent light

gray (10YR 7/2) seams; many prominent clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.

- Bt7—53 to 59 inches; 65 percent weak red (10R 4/4) and 35 percent yellowish red (5YR 5/6) clay; moderate very fine and fine angular blocky structure; very firm; few very fine roots; common fine tubular pores; common fine prominent light gray (10YR 7/2) seams; many prominent clay films on faces of peds; strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bt8—59 to 67 inches; 65 percent red (10R 4/6) and 35 percent yellowish red (5YR 5/6) clay; strong fine angular blocky structure; very firm; few very fine roots; few fine tubular pores; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) seam; many prominent clay films on faces of peds and common prominent black (10YR 2/1) manganese or iron-manganese stains; strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt9—67 to 81 inches; 70 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) and 30 percent yellowish red (5YR 5/6) clay; moderate very fine and fine angular blocky structure; very firm; few very fine roots; few fine tubular pores; common prominent clay films on faces of peds and common prominent black (10YR 2/1) manganese or iron-manganese stains; moderately acid.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—35 to 60 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

E horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—10 to 70 percent Reaction—strongly acid to slightly acid

Bt horizon (upper part):

Color—hue of 7.5YR to 2.5YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 6 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—clay loam, silty clay loam, silty clay, or clay

Content of rock fragments—3 to 35 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

Bt horizon (lower part):

Color—hue of 7.5YR to 10R, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 6 to 8

Redoximorphic features—iron concentrations in shades of red or brown

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—clay

Content of rock fragments—0 to 15 percent

Reaction—strongly acid to moderately acid

Gladden Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Permeability: Moderate in the upper part; moderately

rapid in the lower part Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: High flood plains

Parent material: Loamy alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

Elevation: 380 feet

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-loamy, siliceous, superactive, mesic Dystric Fluventic Eutrudepts

Typical Pedon

Gladden silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, in a pasture; 3,300 feet south and 1,550 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 3, T. 27 N., R. 7 E.; in Wayne County; USGS Shook, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,101,826 meters Northing and 741,215 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- A—0 to 5 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam; moderate fine granular structure; friable; many very fine to fine roots and common medium roots; many very fine to fine vesicular and common medium tubular pores; 1 percent subrounded chert gravel; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- AB—5 to 11 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/3) loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine to fine roots and common medium roots; common very fine vesicular pores; 1 percent subrounded chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bw1—11 to 22 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/3) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine to fine roots and common medium roots; many very fine to fine vesicular and common medium tubular pores; 10 percent subrounded chert gravel; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bw2—12 to 38 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) gravelly loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine to fine roots and few medium roots; many very fine to fine vesicular and many medium tubular pores; 20

- percent subrounded chert gravel; moderately acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- Bw3—38 to 53 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) very gravelly loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine to fine vesicular and few medium tubular pores; 35 percent subrounded chert gravel; strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2C1—53 to 66 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) extremely gravelly coarse sandy loam; massive; friable; few fine roots; many very fine and fine vesicular pores; 5 percent subrounded chert cobbles and 55 percent subrounded chert gravel; slightly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2C2—66 to 80 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) extremely gravelly coarse sandy loam; massive; friable; few fine roots; many very fine and fine vesicular pores; 5 percent subrounded chert cobbles and 65 percent subrounded chert gravel; slightly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Thickness of the solum: 30 to 56 inches

Ap or A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 2 or 3

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam or silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 15 percent Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

Bw horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3 to 6, and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sandy loam, fine sandy loam, loam, or silt loam
Content of rock fragments—0 to 35 percent

Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

2C horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3 to 8, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—coarse sand, sand, loamy sand, coarse sandy loam, sandy loam, or loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 70 percent Reaction—strongly acid to slightly acid

Hassler Series

Depth class: Deep (40 to 60 inches)
Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderately slow

Landform: Mountains

Position on the landform: Summits, shoulders, and

backslopes

Parent material: Loamy colluvium and residuum derived from acid igneous rocks, primarily granite Slope range: Moderately sloping to steep (3 to 25 percent)

Elevation: 860 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, mixed, active, mesic Oxyaquic Hapludults

Typical Pedon

Hassler silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony, in a forest; 1,190 feet north and 1,350 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 31, T. 34 N., R. 6 E.; in Madison County; USGS Rhodes Mountain topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,164,582 meters Northing and 727,958 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD 27.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; partially decomposed leaves, twigs, and roots; abrupt smooth boundary.
- A—1 to 3 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) silt loam; pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; moderate fine granular structure; friable; many fine and medium roots; 5 percent granite gravel and 3 percent granite cobbles; strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- E—3 to 6 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) dry; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many fine and medium roots; 3 percent granite gravel and 3 percent granite cobbles; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- BE—6 to 9 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silt loam; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine and medium roots; few faint clay films on faces of peds; 3 percent granite gravel and 3 percent granite cobbles; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt1—9 to 17 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) loam; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine and medium roots; few faint clay films on faces of peds; 3 percent granite gravel and 8 percent granite cobbles; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt2—17 to 24 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) gravelly clay loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine and medium roots; few faint clay films on faces of peds; 16 percent granite gravel and 4 percent granite cobbles; very strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- 2Bt3—24 to 31 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) with yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) and dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) gravelly loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine and medium roots; few prominent clay films on faces of

peds; few distinct brown (10YR 5/3) clay depletions; few fine prominent dark red (2.5YR 3/6) masses of iron accumulation; 30 percent granite gravel (highly derived) and 2 percent granite cobbles; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.

- 3BC—31 to 41 inches; brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) bouldery coarse sandy loam; weak coarse prismatic structure; firm; few fine roots; few prominent dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) clay films along old root channels; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay depletions on faces of peds; 13 percent granite gravel, 2 percent granite cobbles, and 20 percent granite boulders; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 3C—41 to 48 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6 and 4/6) bouldery coarse sandy loam; massive; firm; few fine roots near top of horizon; few prominent dark grayish brown clay films in root channels; many prominent light gray (10YR 7/2) clay depletions along bedding planes; 4 percent granite gravel and 25 percent granite boulders; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.

3R-48 inches; granite.

Range in Characteristics

Thickness of the solum: 40 to 59 inches Depth to bedrock: 40 to 60 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 3 or 4, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 10 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

E, EB, or BE horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4, and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 10 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam, silt loam, clay loam, or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 20 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 5YR to 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 2 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam Content of rock fragments—10 to 50 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid 3BC or 3C horizon:

Color—hue of 5YR to 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 4 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—coarse sandy loam

Content of rock fragments—4 to 50 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

Haymond Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained Permeability: Moderate Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: High flood plains

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

Elevation: 390 feet

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Dystric Fluventic Eutrudepts

Typical Pedon

Haymond silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, in a cultivated field; 2,250 feet south and 3,800 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 9, T. 29 N., R. 5 E.; in Wayne County; USGS Patterson, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,120,306 meters Northing and 721,721 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- A—0 to 5 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine roots; common medium tubular and many very fine vesicular pores; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bw1—5 to 18 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine roots; common medium tubular and many very fine vesicular pores; slightly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- Bw2—18 to 27 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine roots; common medium tubular and many very fine vesicular pores; slightly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- Bw3—27 to 38 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky; friable; common very fine roots; common medium tubular and many very fine vesicular pores; slightly acid; gradual wavy boundary.

- Bw4—38 to 51 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky; friable; few very fine roots; common medium tubular and common very fine vesicular pores; slightly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- Bw5—51 to 65 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky; friable; common very fine vesicular pores; slightly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- Bw6—65 to 80 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky; friable; common very fine vesicular pores; slightly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Thickness of the solum: 30 to 80 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—moderately acid to slightly alkaline

Bw horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—moderately acid to slightly alkaline

Higdon Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Permeability: Moderately slow

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Low stream terraces

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

Elevation: 390 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active,

mesic Aquic Hapludalfs

Typical Pedon

Higdon silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded, in a cultivated field; 5,000 feet south and 950 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 5, T. 27 N., R. 7 E.; in Wayne County; USGS Shook, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,101,290 meters Northing and 738,935 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

Ap-0 to 7 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, pale

- brown (10YR 6/3) dry; weak very fine and fine granular structure; friable; many very fine to fine roots and few medium roots; few very fine vesicular pores; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- E—7 to 13 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine, fine roots and few medium roots; many very fine and fine vesicular pores; common fine black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt1—13 to 18 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine to fine vesicular and few medium tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; common fine and medium black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt2—18 to 25 inches; 70 percent light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) and 30 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silt loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky; friable; few very fine and fine roots; many very fine to fine vesicular and few medium tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; many fine prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; common fine black (10YR 2/1) ironmanganese masses; strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- Btg1—25 to 35 inches; 60 percent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) and 40 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silt loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine and fine angular blocky; firm; few very fine and fine roots; many very fine to fine vesicular and few medium tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; common fine and medium strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; common fine black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; 1 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt4—35 to 43 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silt loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine and fine angular blocky; firm; few very fine and fine roots; many very fine to fine vesicular and few medium tubular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; many fine prominent gray (10YR 6/1) iron depletions; common fine black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese concretions; common fine black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; 1 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2Bt5—43 to 58 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine angular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots;

many very fine to fine vesicular and few medium tubular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; many fine and medium dark red (2.5YR 3/6) masses of oxidized iron; many fine and medium prominent gray (10YR 6/1) iron depletions; 1 percent chert gravel; slightly acid; gradual wavy boundary.

2BC—58 to 80 inches; 60 percent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) and 30 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) and 10 percent dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine angular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine vesicular pores; many fine and medium dark red (2.5YR 3/6) masses of oxidized iron; many fine and medium prominent gray (10YR 6/1) iron depletions; 10 percent chert gravel; neutral.

Range in Characteristics

Ap or A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 3 or 4, and chroma of 2 or 3

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 2 percent gravel

Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

E horizon:

Color—hue 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 5, and chroma of 3

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 2 percent Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 4 to 7, and chroma of 2 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron depletions with chroma of 2 or less; iron-manganese concentrations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

Btg, 2Btg, 2Bt, 2BC, or Bt horizon (lower part):
Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 2 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron depletions with chroma of 2 or less; iron-manganese concentrations

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam, silt loam, clay loam, or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 15 percent gravel Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

Hildebrecht Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate above the fragipan and slow in

the fragipan Landform: Ridges

Position on the landform: Summits and backslopes Parent material: Loess over residuum derived from

dolostone

Slope range: 3 to 15 percent

Elevation: 800 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active,

mesic Oxyaquic Fragiudalfs

Typical Pedon

Hildebrecht silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded, in a hay field; 400 feet north and 150 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 8, T. 30 N., R. 10 E.; USGS Marble Hill, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,139,936 meters Northing and 238,398 meters Easting, Zone 16, NAD27.

- Ap—0 to 6 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine vesicular pores; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt1—6 to 20 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine vesicular pores; common distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—20 to 31 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine vesicular pores; few faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; common light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; common yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 2Btx1—31 to 41 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; weak coarse prismatic structure parting to weak fine angular blocky; firm; common very fine and fine vesicular pores; 60 percent brittle of horizon; few faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; many light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; common yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; 15 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.

- 2Btx2—41 to 52 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) extremely gravelly silty clay loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine and fine vesicular pores; 30 percent brittle; few faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds and few pale brown (10YR 6/3) silt coats; common light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) masses of oxidized iron; common yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) iron depletions; 60 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 3Bt3—52 to 65 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) clay; strong fine angular blocky structure; firm; few very fine and fine vesicular pores; few faint brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; 2 percent subangular chert stones and 10 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 3BC—65 to 80 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) gravelly clay; strong fine angular blocky structure; firm; few very fine and fine vesicular pores; 5 percent subangular chert cobbles and 15 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 6 feet Depth to the fragipan: 24 to 36 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 2 to 5, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—very strongly acid to neutral

E horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of gray, brown, or yellow

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 15 percent just above the fragipan

Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

2Btx horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR to 5YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 2 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of gray, brown, or yellow

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam, silty clay loam, or clay loam

Content of rock fragments—15 to 70 percent gravel; less than 25 percent in the upper part of some pedons

Reaction—extremely acid to strongly acid

3Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR to 2.5YR, value of 3 to 6, and chroma of 4 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay loam, silty clay, or clay

Content of rock fragments—0 to 70 percent Reaction—strongly acid or moderately acid

Jamesfin Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained Permeability: Moderate Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: High flood plains

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent Elevation: 450 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Dystric Fluventic Eutrudepts

Typical Pedon

Jamesfin silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, in a pasture; 3,800 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 12, T. 30 N., R. 7 E.; in Wayne County; USGS Allbright, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,130,821 meters Northing and 746,255 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Ap—0 to 6 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; moderate fine granular structure; very friable; common very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bw1—6 to 23 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam, light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) dry; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; neutral; gradual wavy boundary.
- Bw2—23 to 41 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; many faint dark brown (10YR 3/3) organic stains; slightly acid; gradual wavy boundary.

BC1—41 to 53 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt

loam; common fine distinct pale brown (10YR 6/3) mottles; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; few fine prominent black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; 1 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; gradual wavy boundary.

BC2—53 to 90 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam; common coarse faint light gray (10YR 7/2) iron depletions and common medium distinct brown (7.5YR 4/4) iron concentrations; weak fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; friable; many fine tubular pores; many medium and coarse prominent black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; moderately acid.

Range in Characteristics

Thickness of the solum: 40 to more than 60 inches

Ap or A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5 YR, value of 3 or 4, and chroma of 2 or 3

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent Reaction—moderately acid to slightly alkaline

Bw horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3 to 6, and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 5 percent Reaction—moderately acid to slightly alkaline

BC or 2BC horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam, loam, or fine sandy loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 5 percent Reaction—moderately acid to slightly alkaline

Kaintuck Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained Permeability: Moderately rapid

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: High and low flood plains Parent material: Loamy alluvium over sandy alluvium

Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

Elevation: 410 feet

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-loamy, siliceous, superactive, nonacid, mesic Typic Udifluvents

Typical Pedon

Kaintuck loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded, in a hardwood forest; 1,400 feet east and 2,100 feet north of the southwest corner of sec. 33, T. 30 N., R. 5 E.; in Wayne County; USGS Patterson, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,123,408 meters Northing and 720,770 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; partially decomposed organic matter; abrupt smooth boundary.
- A—1 to 9 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; many very fine to coarse roots; many very fine and fine interstitial pores; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- C1—9 to 14 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) fine sandy loam; massive; very friable; many very fine to fine, common medium and coarse roots; many very fine and fine interstitial pores; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- C2—14 to 20 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) fine sandy loam; massive; very friable; common very fine to coarse roots; many very fine and fine interstitial pores; slightly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- C3—20 to 36 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) fine sandy loam; massive; very friable; common very fine to coarse roots; many very fine and fine interstitial pores; slightly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- C4—36 to 50 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/6) loamy fine sand; single grain; loose; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial pores; slightly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- C5—50 to 65 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/6) loamy fine sand; single grain; loose; many very fine and fine interstitial pores; neutral; gradual wavy boundary.
- C6—65 to 80 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/6) loamy fine sand; single grain; loose; many very fine and fine interstitial pores; slightly acid.

Range in Characteristics

A horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 3 or 4, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 35 percent gravel; 0 to 5 percent cobbles

Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

C horizon (upper part):

Color—hue of 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR; value of 3 to 6; and chroma of 2 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sandy loam, fine sandy loam, or loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 35 percent gravel; 0 to 5 percent cobbles

Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

C horizon (lower part):

Color—hue of 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR; value of 3 to 6; and chroma of 2 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—stratified sand, loamy sand, loamy fine sand, sandy loam, or fine sandy loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 60 percent gravel; 0 to 10 percent cobbles

Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

Killarney Series

Depth class: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate above the fragipan; very slow

in the fragipan Landform: Mountains

Position on the landform: Lower backslopes and

footslopes

Parent material: Colluvial materials from loess and residuum from rocks of igneous origin

Slope range: Moderately steep to steep (15 to 35 percent)

Elevation: 650 feet

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed, active, mesic Typic Fragiudults

Typical Pedon

Killarney very cobbly silt loam, in an area of Killarney-Frenchmill complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes, rubbly, in a forest; 200 feet east and 2,600 feet north of the southwest corner of sec. 35, T. 33 N., R. 5 E.; in Madison County; USGS Rhodes Mountain topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,153,723 meters Northing and 723,525 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD 27.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; partially decomposed leaves, twigs, and roots, abrupt wavy boundary.
- A—1 to 5 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) very cobbly silt loam, gray (10YR 6/1) dry; moderate medium granular structure; friable; many fine and medium roots; 35 percent rhyolite gravel, 20 percent rhyolite cobbles, and 1 percent rhyolite stones; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.

- E1—5 to 10 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very cobbly silt loam, very pale brown (10YR 8/2) dry; weak thin platy structure parting to moderate medium subangular blocky; friable; many fine and medium roots and few coarse; 30 percent rhyolite gravel and 15 percent rhyolite cobbles; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- E2—10 to 16 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) very cobbly silt loam, very pale brown (10YR 8/3) dry; weak thin platy structure parting to moderate medium subangular blocky; friable; common fine and medium roots; 30 percent rhyolite gravel and 20 percent rhyolite cobbles; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- BE—16 to 22 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) extremely cobbly silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine and medium roots; 25 percent rhyolite gravel and 25 percent rhyolite cobbles; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt—22 to 32 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) very gravelly silt loam; common fine dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) mottles; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; many fine and medium roots and few coarse; continuous clay films; 40 percent rhyolite gravel and 15 percent rhyolite cobbles; very strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- 2Btx1—32 to 41 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) extremely stony silt loam; few medium strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) mottles; weak very coarse prismatic structure parting to weak medium platy structure parting to weak medium subangular blocky; very firm, brittle; few medium roots; discontinuous clay films on vertical faces of peds; many coarse light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) soft iron depletions pedogenic between peds; 30 percent gravel, 20 percent cobbles, and 20 percent rhyolite stones; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Btx2—41 to 48 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) very gravelly silt loam; common medium distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) mottles; weak very coarse prismatic structure parting to weak medium platy structure parting to weak medium subangular blocky; very firm, brittle; few fine roots; continuous clay films on vertical faces of peds; common coarse brown (7.5YR 5/2) soft iron depletions pedogenic between peds; 40 percent rhyolite gravel and 15 percent rhyolite cobbles; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- 3Bt—48 to 55 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) extremely gravelly loam; many fine prominent reddish brown (5YR 5/3) mottles; moderate

medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine and medium roots; continuous clay films on faces of peds; common coarse pinkish gray (7.5YR 6/2) soft iron depletions pedogenic between peds; 42 percent gravel and 18 percent rhyolite cobbles; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.

- 4Btx´1—55 to 64 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) extremely cobbly loam; weak medium platy structure parting to weak fine subangular blocky; very firm, brittle; few fine roots; continuous clay films on faces of peds; 40 percent gravel and 30 percent rhyolite cobbles; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- 4Btx´2—64 to 73 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) extremely cobbly loam; few medium prominent reddish brown (5YR 5/3) and few fine distinct yellowish red (5YR 4/6) mottles; weak fine subangular blocky structure; very firm, brittle; few fine roots; few coarse pinkish gray (7.5YR 6/2) soft iron depletions pedogenic between peds; 35 percent gravel and 30 percent rhyolite cobbles; very strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to the 2Btx horizon: 26 to 34 inches Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—35 to 60 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

E and BE horizons:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 5 or 6, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragment—15 to 50 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, 7.5YR, or 5YR; value of 4 to 6; and chroma of 4 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown or gray

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—35 to 60 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

2Btx horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 2 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown or gray

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or loam

Content of rock fragments—25 to 75 percent Reaction—extremely acid or very strongly acid

3Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR, 5YR, or 2.5YR; value of 3 to 5; and chroma of 4 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam or clay loam Content of rock fragments—15 to 60 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

Malden Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Excessively drained

Permeability: Rapid Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: Natural levees Parent material: Sandy alluvial sediments

Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

Elevation: 360 feet

Taxonomic classification: Mixed, thermic Typic

Udipsamments

Typical Pedon

Malden loamy fine sand, in an area of Malden loamy fine sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes; in a cultivated field; 1,250 feet south and 350 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 31, T. 29 N., R. 11 E.; USGS Dongola, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,113,820 meters Northing and 243,700 meters Easting, Zone 16, NAD27.

- Ap—0 to 6 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) loamy fine sand; weak fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; many very fine roots; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bw1—6 to 23 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) loamy sand; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; very friable; common very fine roots; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bw2—23 to 37 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) loamy sand; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; very friable; moderately acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- C1—37 to 50 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) sand; single grain; loose; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- C2—50 to 80 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) sand; single grain; loose; moderately acid.

Range in Characteristics

Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 3 or 4, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loamy fine sand Content of rock fragments—none Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

Bw horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 4 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loamy sand or loamy fine sand

Content of rock fragments—none

Reaction—strongly acid to slightly acid

C horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sand or fine sand Content of rock fragments—none

Reaction—strongly acid to slightly acid

Marquand Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderately slow

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Footslopes

Parent material: Silty and loamy slope alluvium derived

from loess, colluvium, and alluvium

Slope range: 3 to 8 percent

Elevation: 700 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active,

mesic Aquic Hapludults

Typical Pedon

Marquand silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, in a cultivated field; 2,300 feet north and 650 feet west of southeast corner of sec. 1, T. 29 N., R. 7 E.; in Wayne County; USGS Gipsy, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,121,800 meters Northing and 746,520 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Ap—0 to 10 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam, very pale brown (10YR 7/4), dry; weak medium platy structure parting to moderate very fine granular; friable; many very fine to medium roots; many very fine to fine vesicular and common medium tubular pores; few fine iron-manganese concretions; moderately acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bt1—10 to 17 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine to fine roots; many very fine to fine vesicular and few medium tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces

- of peds; few fine iron-manganese concretions; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt2—17 to 24 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine angular blocky structure; friable; many very fine roots; few very fine to fine vesicular and few medium tubular pores; few distinct light gray (10YR 7/1) silt coats and few faint clay films on faces of peds; many fine and medium prominent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) iron depletions; common fine and medium prominent reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/8) masses of oxidized iron; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2Bt3—24 to 34 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) and pale brown (10YR 6/3) silty clay loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine and fine angular blocky; firm; few very fine roots; common very fine to fine vesicular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; many fine and medium prominent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) iron depletions; common fine and medium prominent brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) masses of oxidized iron; common fine prominent ironmanganese concretions; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2Bt4—34 to 43 inches; 60 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and 40 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silt loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine and fine angular blocky; firm; few very fine and fine vesicular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; many fine and medium prominent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) iron depletions; common fine distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; common fine iron-manganese concretions; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2Bt5—43 to 52 inches; 60 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and 40 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silt loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine and fine angular blocky; firm; few very fine and fine vesicular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; many fine and medium distinct grayish brown (10YR 5/2) iron depletions; common fine iron-manganese concretions; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 3Bt6—52 to 67 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silty clay loam; moderate fine and medium angular blocky structure; very firm; few very fine and fine vesicular pores; common faint clay films on faces of peds; many fine prominent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) iron depletions; common fine distinct masses of oxidized iron; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.

3Bt7—67 to 80 inches; 90 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) and 10 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay loam; moderate fine and medium angular blocky structure; very firm; few very fine vesicular pores; common faint clay films on faces of peds; many medium prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; common fine prominent reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/8) masses of oxidized iron; 2 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Thickness of the solum: More than 60 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 1 percent Reaction—moderately acid or slightly acid

E horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 2 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silt Content of rock fragments—0 to 1 percent Reaction—moderately acid or slightly acid

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, yellow, or gray

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 1 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3 to 8

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, yellow, or gray

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay loam or silt loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 7 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

3Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR to 10YR, value of 3 to 6, and chroma of 4 to 8

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, yellow, or gray

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—clay loam, silt loam, or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 15 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

Memphis Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained Permeability: Moderate

Landform: Ridges and hillslopes

Position on the landform: Summits, backslopes, and

footslopes

Parent material: Loess Slope range: 3 to 15 percent

Elevation: 520 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active,

thermic Typic Hapludalfs

Typical Pedon

Memphis silt loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes, eroded, in a pasture; 2,400 feet south and 50 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 28, T. 26 N., R. 11 E.; in Stoddard County; USGS Dexter, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,083,955 meters Northing and 243,400 meters Easting, Zone 16, NAD27.

- Ap—0 to 6 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam, very pale brown (10YR 7/3), dry; weak very fine and fine granular structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine pores; slightly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- BA—6 to 12 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; weak fine granular and weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; few fine vesicular and many very fine and fine tubular pores; 30 percent wormcasts; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—12 to 19 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common fine vesicular and many very fine and fine tubular pores; few faint dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) clay films on faces of peds; 1 percent wormcasts; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt2—19 to 38 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine and medium roots; few fine vesicular and common very fine and fine tubular pores; few light gray (10YR 7/1) silt coats on faces of peds, few black stains on faces of peds, and few faint brown (10YR 4/3) clay films; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt3—38 to 58 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silty clay loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine and fine roots; few fine vesicular and few very fine and fine tubular

pores; common brown (10YR 4/3) clay films and silt coats on faces of peds; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt4—58 to 72 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) silt loam; few fine prominent gray (10YR 6/1) and few fine prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine and medium roots; few fine vesicular and common very fine and fine tubular pores; few light gray (10YR 7/1) silt coats and few faint brown (10YR 4/3) clay films; very strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 3 to 5, chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam

Content of rock fragments—none

Reaction—very strongly acid to neutral

BA or Bt horizon (upper part):

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam

Content of rock fragments—none

Reaction—very strongly acid to neutral

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—none

Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

C horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam

Content of rock fragments—none

Reaction—strongly acid to moderately acid

Minnith Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained Permeability: Moderately slow

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Summits, shoulders, and

backslopes

Parent material: Loess and loamy residuum from

sandstone

Slope range: 8 to 30 percent

Elevation: 450 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs

Typical Pedon

Minnith silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, in a fescue pasture; 3,750 feet east and 1,900 feet south of the northwest corner of sec. 15, T. 36 N., R. 9 E.; (within survey 93) in St. Genevieve County; USGS Minnith, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,190,540 meters Northing and 762,150 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Ap—0 to 7 inches; dark brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, very pale brown (10YR 7/3) dry; moderate fine and very fine granular structure; friable; many fine and very fine roots; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- E—7 to 12 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine granular; friable; common fine and very fine roots; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- BE—12 to 18 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; moderate fine and very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine and very fine roots; medium acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—18 to 24 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silty clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine and very fine roots; common faint clay films on faces of peds; common thin clay depletions; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—24 to 34 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silty clay loam, weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; common thin clay depletions; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt3—34 to 48 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; common medium distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt4—48 to 59 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; few faint clay films on faces of peds; common coarse distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2C—59 to 85 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) loam; massive except for few vertical faces; firm; few very fine roots; few faint clay flows on vertical faces; common medium prominent pinkish gray (7.5YR

6/2) clay depletions; common fine black stains; medium acid; abrupt wavy boundary.

R-85 inches; sandstone.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to the 2Bt horizon: 24 to 40 inches

Ap or A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 3 or 4, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

E or BE horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Reaction—very strongly acid to neutral

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR; value of 4 or 5; and chroma of 3 to 8

Redoximorphic features—iron depletions or segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam or clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 5 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to neutral

2C horizon:

Color—hue of 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR; value of 4 or 5; and chroma of 3 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron depletions or segregations in shades of brown, gray, or yellow

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sandy clay loam, loam, or clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 5 percent Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

Moniteau Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Poorly drained Permeability: Moderately slow

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Low stream terraces

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

Elevation: 460 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Typic Endoaqualfs

Taxadjunct features: The Moniteau soils in the survey area have an active clay activity class, rather than superactive as defined by the Moniteau series. This difference, however, does not affect the usefulness or behavior of the soils.

Typical Pedon

Moniteau silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded, in a pasture; 4,200 feet east and 400 feet north of the southwest corner of sec. 1, T. 30 N., R. 7 E.; in Wayne County; USGS Allbright, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,131,112 meters Northing and 746,473 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Ap—0 to 6 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam, light gray (10YR 7/2), dry; moderate very fine and fine granular structure; friable; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Eg—6 to 15 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) and gray (10YR 5/1) silt loam, very pale brown (10YR 8/2), dry; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many fine prominent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) iron-manganese masses; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Btg1—15 to 33 inches; gray (10YR 5/1) and grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay loam; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; friable; few faint clay films on faces of peds; many fine and medium prominent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) ironmanganese masses; neutral; abrupt smooth boundary.
- Btg2—33 to 52 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) and gray (10YR 5/1) silt loam; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; firm; few faint clay films on faces of peds; many fine and medium prominent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) iron-manganese masses; 1 percent chert gravel; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Btg3—52 to 62 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; firm; many fine prominent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) iron-manganese masses; many fine distinct masses of oxidized iron; 2 percent chert gravel; slightly alkaline; gradual wavy boundary.
- Btg4—62 to 72 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; firm; many fine prominent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) iron-manganese masses; many fine distinct

masses of oxidized iron; 2 percent chert gravel; slightly alkaline; gradual wavy boundary.

2Btg5—72 to 78 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) gravelly loam; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; firm; many fine prominent light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) iron-manganese masses; many fine distinct masses of oxidized iron; 20 percent chert gravel; slightly alkaline.

Range in Characteristics

Thickness of the solum: 36 to 60 inches or more

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

Eg or E horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 to 7, and chroma of 1 or 2

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—very strongly acid to slightly

Btg horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR to 5Y, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 1 or 2

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, yellow, or gray

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to neutral

2Btg horizon and Cg horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 10YR to 5Y, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 1 or 2

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, yellow, or gray

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam, clay loam, or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 30 percent Reaction—strongly acid to slightly alkaline

Oaklimeter Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate Landform: Lowlands

Position on the landform: Natural levees

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope range: 0 to 1 percent

Elevation: 350 feet

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-silty, mixed, active, thermic Fluvaquentic Dystrudepts

Typical Pedon

Oaklimeter silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, in a cultivated field; 300 feet north and 1,950 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 20, T. 28 N., R 9 E.; USGS Sturdivant, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,106,540 meters Northing and 760,060 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Ap—0 to 9 inches; 50 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) and 50 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Bw1—9 to 25 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; very few pale brown (10YR 6/3) silt coats and very few brown (7.5YR 4/3) clay films; many fine black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bw2—25 to 36 inches; 50 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) and 50 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; strong medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; friable; many fine black (10YR 2/1) ironmanganese masses; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- BEb—36 to 47 inches; 50 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and 50 percent light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) silt loam; strong medium prismatic structure parting to moderate medium subangular blocky; friable; many fine black (10YR 2/1) ironmanganese masses; common strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Btg1—47 to 63 inches; 50 percent gray (10YR 6/1) and 50 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay loam; strong medium prismatic structure parting to moderate medium subangular blocky; friable; few faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; many strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; common fine black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Btg2—63 to 75 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; many strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; common fine black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- BC-75 to 92 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt

loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; many strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; common fine black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam
Content of rock fragments—none
Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid,
unless limed

Bw horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5 YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 3 or 4

Redoximorphic features—iron depletions in shades of gray in some pedons

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silt Content of rock fragments—none

Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid, unless limed

BEb or EBb horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 5 to 7, and chroma of 2 to 4

Redoximorphic features—iron-manganese stains and masses

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt or silt loam Content of rock fragments—none

Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

Bt horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 5 to 7, and chroma of 1 or 2

Redoximorphic features—iron-manganese stains and masses

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—none

Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

BC horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 5 to 7, and chroma of 3 or 4

Redoximorphic features—iron-manganese stains and masses

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—none

Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

Poynor Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Well drained Permeability: Moderate Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Shoulders, footslopes, and

summits

Parent material: Gravelly colluvium over clayey

residuum from dolostone Slope range: 8 to 15 percent

Elevation: 650 feet

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal over clayey, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults

Typical Pedon

Poynor gravelly silt loam, in an area of Poynor-Clarksville-Scholten complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, stony, in a hardwood forest; 1,900 feet north and 1,100 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 22, T. 29 N., R. 7 E.; in Wayne County; USGS Lowndes, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,116,510 meters Northing and 742,204 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material; abrupt wavy boundary.
- A—1 to 3 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) gravelly silt loam, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) dry; moderate fine granular structure; very friable; many very fine to fine roots, common medium roots and few coarse roots; many fine tubular pores; 1 percent chert stones, 5 percent chert cobbles, and 25 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E—3 to 12 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very gravelly silt loam, very pale brown (10YR 7/3) dry; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; few coarse roots and common very fine to medium roots; many fine tubular pores; 5 percent chert cobbles and 30 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt1—12 to 23 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) extremely gravelly silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine angular blocky structure; firm; common very fine to fine roots, few medium and coarse roots; many fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert cobbles and 60 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 2Bt2—23 to 40 inches; 50 percent reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) and 50 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) gravelly clay; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; very firm; few very fine to coarse roots; common fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; 2 percent chert cobbles and 18

percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.

- 3Bt3—40 to 60 inches; 50 percent reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) and 50 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very stony clay; few medium and coarse prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) mottles; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine and fine angular blocky; very firm; few fine roots and few coarse roots; common fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert cobbles, 10 percent chert stones, and 20 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 3Bt4—60 to 80 inches; 50 percent reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) and 50 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very gravelly clay; common medium and coarse prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) mottles; moderate fine and medium angular blocky structure; very firm; few fine roots and few coarse roots; common fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; 35 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to the 2Bt horizon: 14 to 40 inches Depth to bedrock: 80 inches or more

A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 2 to 6, and chroma of 1 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam or silt loam Content of rock fragments—15 to 35 percent Reaction—extremely acid to moderately acid

E horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 2 to 6, and chroma of

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam or silt loam Content of rock fragments—20 to 50 percent Reaction—extremely acid to moderately acid

Bt or BE horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 5YR to 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 4 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—35 to 75 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR to 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 3 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—clay Content of rock fragments—0 to 20 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

3Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR to 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 3 to 8 with gray seams

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—clay

Content of rock fragments—0 to 35 percent

Reaction—extremely acid to strongly acid

Relfe Series

Depth class: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Excessively drained

Permeability: Rapid Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Low and high flood

plains

Parent material: Gravelly alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

Elevation: 520 feet

Taxonomic classification: Sandy-skeletal, siliceous,

mesic Mollic Udifluvents

Typical Pedon

Relfe gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded, in a forest; 1,500 feet south and 2,800 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 28, T. 32 N., R. 8 E.; in Madison County; USGS Marquand topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,146,349 meters Northing and 750,332 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; partially decomposed organic matter; abrupt smooth boundary.
- A—1 to 6 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) gravelly sandy loam, brown (10YR 5/3) dry; weak very fine granular structure; very friable; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine interstitial pores; 16 percent chert gravel and 2 percent chert cobbles; neutral; clear wavy boundary.
- C1—6 to 15 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) very gravelly coarse sand; single grain; loose; common very fine to coarse roots; many very fine interstitial pores; 38 percent chert gravel; neutral; clear wavy boundary.
- C2—15 to 28 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) extremely gravelly coarse sand; single grain; loose; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine interstitial pores; 65 percent chert gravel and 3 percent chert cobbles; neutral; clear wavy boundary.
- C3—28 to 64 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very gravelly coarse sand; single grain; very friable; few very fine and fine roots; many very fine interstitial pores; 48 percent chert gravel and 5 percent chert cobbles; neutral.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 60 inches or more

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—coarse sandy loam or sandy loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 35 percent Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

C horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—coarse sand, loamy coarse sand, or sand

Content of rock fragments—35 to 75 percent

Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

Rueter Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Permeability: Moderate Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Backslopes

Parent material: Colluvium over residuum derived from

cherty dolostone

Slope range: 15 to 35 percent

Elevation: 480 feet

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, siliceous,

active, mesic Typic Paleudalfs

Typical Pedon

Rueter very gravelly silt loam, in an area of Alred-Rueter complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony, in a hardwood forest; 2,200 feet north and 1,750 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 11, T. 28 N., R. 5 E.; in Wayne County; USGS Greenville SW, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,110,020 meters Northing and 724,470 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material; abrupt wavy boundary.
- A—1 to 3 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) very gravelly silt loam; moderate very fine and fine granular structure; very friable; many very fine to fine roots, common medium roots and common coarse roots; many very fine to fine and common medium interstitial pores; 35 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E—3 to 9 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) gravelly silt loam; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; friable;

- many very fine to fine roots, common medium roots and common coarse roots; many very fine to fine and common medium tubular pores; 25 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- BE—9 to 15 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) very gravelly silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine to fine roots, common medium roots and few coarse roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; 35 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt1—15 to 24 inches; 80 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) and 20 percent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) very gravelly silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine to fine roots and few medium roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and few prominent very pale brown (10YR 7/3) silt coats; 50 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt2—24 to 38 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) extremely gravelly loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine to medium roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and few prominent very pale brown (10YR 7/3) silt coats; common fine prominent black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; 5 percent subangular chert cobbles and 55 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2Bt3—38 to 46 inches; 65 percent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) and 35 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) very gravelly clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; common prominent clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent subangular chert cobbles and 45 percent subangular chert gravel; strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 3Bt4—46 to 59 inches; 70 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) and 30 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) clay; strong fine and medium angular blocky structure; very firm; few very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; common prominent clay films on faces of peds; 14 percent subangular chert gravel; strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 3Bt5—59 to 70 inches; 50 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) and 50 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) gravelly clay; moderate fine angular blocky structure; firm; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; common

prominent clay films on faces of peds; 20 percent subangular chert gravel; strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.

3Bt6—70 to 80 inches; 75 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) and 25 percent yellowish red (5YR 5/8) gravelly clay; moderate fine angular blocky structure; very firm; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; common prominent clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent subangular chert cobbles and 15 percent subangular chert gravel; strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Thickness of the solum: More than 60 inches Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 1 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—35 to 60 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

E horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 to 7, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—20 to 50 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

BE and Bt horizons:

Color—hue of 10YR to 2.5YR, value of 3 to 6, and chroma of 3 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam or silt loam Content of rock fragments—35 to 75 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR to 10R, value of 3 to 7, and chroma of 1 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—clay loam, silty clay loam, silty clay, or clay

Content of rock fragments—30 to 60 percent Reaction—strongly acid or moderately acid

3Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR to 10R, value of 3 to 7, and chroma of 1 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—clay Content of rock fragments—5 to 60 percent Reaction—strongly acid or moderately acid

Sandbur Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Permeability: Rapid Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Low flood plains

Parent material: Loamy alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

Elevation: 470 feet

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-loamy,

siliceous, superactive, nonacid, mesic Mollic

Udifluvents

Typical Pedon

Sandbur fine sandy loam, in an area of Relfe-Sandbur complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded, in a hardwood forest; 500 feet west and 400 feet north of the southeast corner of sec. 26, T. 30 N., R. 5 W.; in Shannon County; USGS Round Spring, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,124,640 meters Northing and 637,460 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; partially decomposed organic matter; abrupt smooth boundary.
- A—1 to 7 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) fine sandy loam, brown (10YR 5/3), dry; weak fine granular structure; very friable; many fine and medium roots; many very fine interstitial pores; 15 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- C1—7 to 15 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) fine sandy loam; weak fine granular structure; very friable; many fine roots and common medium roots; many very fine interstitial pores; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- C2—15 to 25 inches; dark brown (7.5YR 3/4) fine sandy loam; weak fine granular structure; very friable; common fine roots; many very fine interstitial pores; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- C3—25 to 38 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/3) fine sandy loam; moderate medium prismatic structure; very friable; common fine and medium roots; many very fine interstitial pores; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- C4—38 to 50 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/3) fine sandy loam; single grain; loose; common fine and medium roots; many very fine interstitial pores; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2C5—50 to 60 inches; dark brown (7.5YR 3/4) very gravelly sandy loam; single grain; loose; few fine and medium roots; many very fine interstitial pores; 50 percent rounded chert gravel; moderately acid.

Range in Characteristics

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 3, and chroma of 2 or 3

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—fine sandy loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 15 percent Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

C horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 1 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—stratified fine sand, loamy fine sand, fine sandy loam, loam, or silt loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 15 percent Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

2C horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 1 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loamy sand, loamy fine sand, or sandy loam

Content of rock fragments—35 to 75 percent

Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

Scholten Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate above the fragipan; very slow in the fragipan and moderate below the fragipan

Landform: Hillslopes

Position on the landform: Backslopes and shoulders
Parent material: Gravelly colluvium derived from cherty
dolostone

Slope range: 3 to 45 percent

Elevation: 680 feet

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Fragiudults

Typical Pedon

Scholten gravelly silt loam, in an area of Yelton-Scholten complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, in a hardwood forest; 3,050 feet south and 700 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 4, T. 29 N., R. 8 E.; USGS Gipsy, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,121,945 meters Northing and 751,358 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

Oi—0 to 1 inch; partially decomposed organic matter; abrupt smooth boundary.

A—1 to 4 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) gravelly silt loam; moderate very fine and fine granular structure; very friable; common very fine to medium roots; 15

percent subangular chert gravel; strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.

E—4 to 9 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) gravelly silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; common very fine to medium roots; 20 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.

Bt1—9 to 19 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) very gravelly silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine to medium roots; common faint brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds and few yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt coats; 5 percent subangular chert cobbles and 30 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.

2Btx—19 to 29 inches; 95 percent light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) and 5 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) extremely gravelly silt loam; weak very coarse prismatic structure; very firm; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; 80 percent brittle; few distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films; common light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; 15 percent subangular chert cobbles and 45 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual broken boundary.

3Bt1—29 to 44 inches; 70 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) and 30 percent red (2.5YR 4/8) gravelly clay; weak very fine and fine angular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; 40 percent brittle; few distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films; 5 percent subangular chert cobbles and 15 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.

3Bt2—44 to 60 inches; 70 percent red (2.5YR 4/8) and 30 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) gravelly clay; moderate very fine and fine angular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; few prominent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films; 5 percent subangular chert cobbles and 10 percent subangular chert gravel.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to the 2Btx horizon: 14 to 36 inches

Ap or A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 3 to 5, chroma of 2 or 3

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—15 to 60 percent Reaction—extremely acid to moderately acid

E horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam

Content of rock fragments—20 to 50 percent Reaction—extremely acid to moderately acid

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR to 5YR, value of 4 to 6, chroma of 4 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of gray or brown just above the fragipan in some pedons

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam, silt loam, clay loam, or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—30 to 60 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

2Btx horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR to 2.5YR, value of 4 to 6, chroma of 3 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of red, brown, or gray

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam, silt loam, clay loam, or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—30 to 75 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

3Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR to 7.5YR, value of 3 to 6, and chroma of 4 to 8

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, yellow, or gray

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—clay loam, silty clay loam, silty clay, or clay

Content of rock fragments—12 to 60 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

Secesh Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained Permeability: Moderate Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: High flood plains and low

stream terraces

Parent material: About 2 feet of loamy alluvium over

gravelly residuum or alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

Elevation: 610 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, siliceous,

active, mesic Ultic Hapludalfs

Typical Pedon

Secesh gravelly silt loam, in an area of Tilk-Secesh complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, in a pasture; 2,800 feet east and 2,200 feet north of the southwest corner of sec. 9, T. 29 N., R. 7 E.; USGS Lowndes, Missouri, topographic quadrangle;

UTM coordinates 4,119,908 meters Northing and 741,047 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Ap1—0 to 4 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) gravelly silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) dry; moderate very fine and fine granular structure; very friable; many very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; 15 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Ap2—4 to 10 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) silt loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) dry; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; many very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; 10 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bt1—10 to 16 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; few faint clay films and few prominent black (10YR 2/1) organic stains on faces of peds; 10 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt2—16 to 26 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) gravelly silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; 15 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; gradual irregular boundary.
- 2Bt3—26 to 36 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) gravelly loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; 30 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 2BC—36 to 54 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) very gravelly coarse sandy loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert cobbles and 45 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2C—54 to 80 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) extremely gravelly sandy clay loam; massive; friable; many tubular pores; many fine prominent black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; 20 percent chert cobbles and 50 percent chert gravel; strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Thickness of the solum: 21 to more than 60 inches

Ap or A horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 2 to 4, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 15 percent Reaction—strongly acid to slightly acid

AB horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 2 to 4, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam or silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 15 percent Reaction—strongly acid or moderately acid

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, 7.5YR, or 5YR; value of 4 or 5; and chroma of 4 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam or silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 25 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, 7.5YR, or 5YR; value of 4 or 5; and chroma of 4 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sandy loam, loam, sandy clay loam, or silt loam
Content of rock fragments—5 to 50 percent
Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

2BC or 2C horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, 7.5YR, or 5YR; value of 4 or 5; and chroma of 4 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—coarse sandy loam, sandy loam, sandy clay loam, loam, or silt loam

Content of rock fragments—35 to 75 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

Syenite Series

Depth class: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained Permeability: Moderately slow

Landform: Mountains

Position on the landform: Shoulders and

backslopes

Parent material: Loess and the underlying loamy

residuum from granite Slope range: 8 to 25 percent

Elevation: 1,005 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, mixed, active,

mesic Typic Hapludults

Typical Pedon

Syenite silt loam; in an area of Hassler-Syenite complex, 8 to 25 percent slopes, bouldery, in a forest; 550 feet south and 1,700 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 32, T. 34 N., R. 6 E.; in Madison County; USGS Rhodes Mountain topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,165,709 meters

Northing and 729,669 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD 27.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; partially decomposed leaves, twigs, and roots.
- A—1 to 4 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; moderate very fine granular structure; very friable; many very fine to medium roots; 7 percent granite gravel, 2 percent granite cobbles, and 1 percent granite stones; very strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- E—4 to 9 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam, light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) dry; weak thin platy structure parting to weak fine granular; friable; many very fine roots and few medium and coarse; 8 percent granite gravel and 2 percent granite cobbles; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt1—9 to 14 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) gravelly loam; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine to medium roots and few coarse; few faint clay films on faces of peds and few distinct brown (10YR 4/3) silt coats; 25 percent granite gravel, 4 percent granite cobbles, and 1 percent granite stones; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt2—14 to 19 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) gravelly loam; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots and few medium; few faint clay films; 20 percent granite gravel and 5 percent granite boulders; very strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- 2Bt3—19 to 29 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) bouldery loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; few distinct clay films and common light gray (10YR 7/2) silt coats and few dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt coats; 5 percent granite gravel and 10 percent granite boulders; very strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.

2R—29 inches; granite bedrock.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 20 to 40 inches

A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3 or 4, and chroma of 2 or 3

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 10 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

F horizon

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 10 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam, silt loam, clay loam, or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 30 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

2Bt or 2BC horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam Content of rock fragments—5 to 30 percent Reaction—very strongly acid or strongly acid

Tilk Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained Permeability: Moderately rapid

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Low stream terraces

Parent material: Loamy and sandy alluvium with a high

content of rock fragments Slope range: 0 to 5 percent

Elevation: 590 feet

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Ultic Hapludalfs

Typical Pedon

Tilk very gravelly coarse sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded, in a hardwood forest; 650 feet south and 2,400 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 35, T. 33 N., R. 5 E.; in Madison County; USGS Rhodes Mountain topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,154,115 meters Northing and 724,190 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD 27.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; partially decomposed organic matter; abrupt smooth boundary.
- A1—1 to 2 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) very gravelly coarse sandy loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; moderate fine granular structure; very friable; many very fine to fine roots and few medium roots; 10 percent chert cobbles and 50 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- A2—2 to 8 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) very gravelly loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; moderate very fine granular structure; friable; many very fine roots, common fine, medium and few coarse roots;

- 10 percent chert cobbles and 39 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E—8 to 16 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) extremely gravelly loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine granular; friable; common very fine to coarse roots; 2 percent chert stones, 15 percent chert cobbles, and 45 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—16 to 24 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) very cobbly loam; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine to fine roots, few medium and coarse roots; common distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) clay films; 2 percent chert stones, 15 percent chert cobbles, and 23 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—24 to 36 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) extremely gravelly loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine to coarse roots; few distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) clay films; 5 percent chert stones, 20 percent chert cobbles, and 48 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2BC—36 to 47 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) extremely stony coarse sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine and medium roots; many prominent dark brown (7.5YR 3/4) clay films on rock fragments; 15 percent chert stones, 5 percent chert cobbles, and 50 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2C—47 to 70 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) extremely gravelly coarse sandy loam; massive; friable; few very fine roots; 10 percent chert stones, 15 percent chert cobbles, and 45 percent chert gravel; strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Thickness of the solum: 36 to 70 inches

A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 2 or 3, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sandy loam or loam

Content of rock fragments—35 to 60 percent Reaction—strongly acid to slightly acid

E horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam or coarse sandy loam

Content of rock fragments—35 to 75 percent

Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3 or 4, and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sandy loam or loam

Content of rock fragments—35 to 75 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

2BC and 2C horizons:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3 or 4, and chroma of 4 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—coarse sandy loam, sandy loam, or loamy coarse sand Content of rock fragments—35 to 75 percent Reaction—strongly acid or moderately acid

Waben Series

Depth class: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Drainage class: Well drained Permeability: Moderately rapid

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Stream terraces and alluvial-

colluvial fans

Parent material: Very cherty alluvium and colluvium

Slope range: 3 to 15 percent

Elevation: 570 feet

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults

Taxadjunct features: The Waben soils in this survey area have low base saturation and are Paleudults, rather than Hapludalfs, as defined in the Waben series. This difference, however, does not affect the usefulness or behavior of the soils.

Typical Pedon

Waben gravelly silt loam, in an area of Aslinger-Waben complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, in a pasture; 1,675 feet east and 1,100 feet south of the northwest corner of sec. 9, T. 31 N., R. 5 E.; in Madison County; USGS Des Arc NE topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,140,516 meters Northing and 720,889 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD 27.

- Ap—0 to 6 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) gravelly silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; moderate fine granular structure; very friable; many very fine and fine roots; 11 percent subrounded chert gravel and 5 percent subrounded chert cobbles; slightly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bt1—6 to 15 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) very gravelly silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very

fine and fine roots; 41 percent subrounded chert gravel and 15 percent subrounded chert cobbles; slightly acid; clear wavy boundary.

- 2Bt2—15 to 28 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) extremely gravelly silt loam; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine and fine roots; very few prominent black (10YR 2/1) manganese or iron-manganese stains on rock fragments and few faint discontinuous clay films on faces of peds; 55 percent subrounded chert gravel and 15 percent subrounded chert cobbles; moderately acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 2Bt3—28 to 34 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) very gravelly loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few prominent black (10YR 2/1) manganese or iron-manganese stains on rock fragments and common faint discontinuous clay films on faces of peds; 45 percent subrounded chert gravel and 10 percent subrounded chert cobbles; strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 2Bt4—34 to 43 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) very gravelly loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few prominent light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) silt coats and very few prominent black (10YR 2/1) manganese or iron-manganese stains on rock fragments and common distinct discontinuous clay films on faces of peds; few fine faint yellowish red (5YR 4/6) masses of iron accumulation; 38 percent subangular chert gravel and 7 percent subangular chert cobbles; strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2Bt5—43 to 54 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) very gravelly loam; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; firm; very few prominent black (10YR 2/1) manganese or iron-manganese stains on rock fragments and many distinct discontinuous clay films on faces of peds; 31 percent subangular chert gravel and 5 percent subangular chert cobbles; strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 3Bt6—54 to 63 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) very gravelly clay loam; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; firm; very few prominent black (10YR 2/1) manganese or iron-manganese stains on rock fragments and many distinct discontinuous clay films on faces of peds; common fine and medium faint yellowish red (5YR 5/6) masses of iron accumulation; 42 percent subangular chert gravel and 5 percent subangular chert cobbles; strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 3Bt7—63 to 73 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6)

extremely gravelly clay loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few prominent black (10YR 2/1) manganese or ironmanganese stains on rock fragments and common distinct discontinuous clay films on faces of peds; many fine and medium faint yellowish red (5YR 5/6) masses of iron accumulation; 55 percent subangular chert gravel and 10 percent subangular chert cobbles; strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.

3Bt8—73 to 84 inches; yellowish red (5YR 5/6) very gravelly clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; very few prominent black (10YR 2/1) manganese or iron-manganese stains on rock fragments and common distinct discontinuous clay films on faces of peds; 32 percent angular chert gravel and 7 percent angular chert cobbles; strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Thickness of the solum: More than 80 inches Depth to bedrock: More than 80 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—15 to 35 percent Reaction—strongly acid to slightly acid

E or BE horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or loam Content of rock fragments—25 to 80 percent Reaction—strongly acid to slightly acid

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, 7.5YR, or 5YR; value of 4 or 5; and chroma of 4 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron concentrations in shades of brown

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam or silt loam

Content of rock fragments—35 to 70 percent Reaction—strongly acid to slightly acid

2Bt or 3Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, 7.5YR, or 5YR; value of 4 or 5; and chroma of 4 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron concentrations in shades of brown

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam, silt loam, or clay loam

Content of rock fragments—35 to 70 percent Reaction—strongly acid or moderately acid

Wakeland Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Permeability: Moderate Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Low flood plains

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope range: 0 to 2 percent

Elevation: 380 feet

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-silty, mixed, superactive, nonacid, mesic Aeric Fluvaquents

Typical Pedon

Wakeland silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded, in a cultivated field; 1,800 feet south and 1,200 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 30, T. 27 N., R. 5 E.; in Wayne County; USGS Williamsville, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,093,530 meters Northing and 716,840 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

Ap—0 to 6 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; common very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; common fine distinct brown (7.5YR 4/4) masses of oxidized iron; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.

Bw1—6 to 15 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; many medium prominent black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; common medium prominent dark reddish brown (5YR 3/4) masses of oxidized iron; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

Bw2—15 to 24 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; many medium distinct gray (10YR 5/1) iron depletions; common fine prominent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; common fine prominent black (10YR 2/1) ironmanganese masses; slightly acid; clear wavy boundary.

Bg1—24 to 33 inches; 60 percent gray (10YR 5/1) and 40 percent brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots; many fine tubular pores; common fine prominent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; common fine prominent dark brown (7.5YR 3/3) iron-manganese masses; slightly acid; gradual wavy boundary.

Bg2—33 to 39 inches; 70 percent gray (10YR 5/1) and 30 percent brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam; weak very

fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots; many fine tubular pores; common fine prominent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; common fine prominent dark brown (7.5YR 3/3) iron-manganese masses; slightly acid; clear wavy boundary.

- Bg3—39 to 49 inches; 70 percent gray (10YR 6/1) and 30 percent brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many fine tubular pores; common fine prominent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) masses of oxidized iron; common fine prominent dark brown (7.5YR 3/3) iron-manganese masses; slightly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- Bg4—49 to 58 inches; gray (2.5Y 5/1) silt loam; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many fine tubular pores; common fine prominent dark gray (10YR 4/1) iron-manganese masses; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Ab1—58 to 76 inches; dark gray (2.5Y 4/1) silt loam; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many fine tubular pores; common fine prominent black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese masses; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Ab2—76 to 80 inches; black (2.5Y 2/1) silt loam; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many fine tubular pores; very strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Ap or A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

Bw horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 1 to 4

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, yellow, or gray

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

Bg horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 4 to 7, and chroma of 1 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, yellow, or gray

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam; thin strata of fine sandy loam or sandy loam below a depth of 40 inches in some pedons

Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

Ab horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 4 to 7, and chroma of 1 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron segregations in shades of brown, yellow, or gray
Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam
Reaction—very strongly acid to neutral

Wideman Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Excessively drained Permeability: Moderately rapid

Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: High flood plains

Parent material: Sandy alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

Elevation: 830 feet

Taxonomic classification: Sandy, siliceous, mesic

Typic Udifluvents

Typical Pedon

Wideman fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, in a hay field; 1,980 feet south and 1,107 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 13, T. 26 N., R. 5 E.; in Butler County; USGS Hendrickson, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,087,120 meters Northing and 724,780 meters Easting, Zone 15.

- Ap—0 to 9 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) fine sandy loam; pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; weak medium platy structure; very friable; many fine roots; many fine interstitial pores; few wormcasts; moderately acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- C1—9 to 13 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) fine sandy loam; massive; very friable; many fine roots; many fine interstitial pores; few wormcasts; moderately acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- C2—13 to 16 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) loamy sand; massive; very friable; common fine roots; many fine interstitial pores; few wormcasts; moderately acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- C3—16 to 21 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) fine sandy loam; massive; very friable; common fine roots; many fine interstitial pores; moderately acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- C4—21 to 60 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) loamy fine sand; massive; very friable; few fine roots; many fine interstitial pores; slightly acid.

Range in Characteristics

A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sandy loam Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

C horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 to 7, and chroma of 2 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loamy sand or fine sand with thin strata of loamy very fine sand or finer textures

Content of rock fragments—none; thin lenses that contain 1 to 75 percent gravel in some pedons Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

Wilbur Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate Landform: River valleys

Position on the landform: Low flood plains

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope range: 0 to 2 percent

Elevation: 510 feet

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Fluvaquentic Eutrudepts

Typical Pedon

Wilbur silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded, in a cultivated field; 900 feet south and 1,300 feet west of the northeast corner of survey 220, T. 30 N., R. 13 E.; in Cape Girardeau County; USGS Gordonville, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,131,908 meters Northing and 264,915 meters Easting, Zone 16, NAD27.

Ap—0 to 9 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; common fine roots; neutral; abrupt smooth boundary.

Bw—9 to 29 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam; common medium distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; few fine faint brown (7.5YR 4/4) iron concentrations; weak fine granular structure; friable; few fine roots; few fine pores; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.

C1—29 to 48 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam; common medium distinct light gray (10YR 7/2) iron depletions; few fine faint brown (7.5YR 4/4) iron concentrations; massive; friable; many fine pores; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.

C2-48 to 60 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam;

many medium distinct strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) iron concentrations; many medium distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; weak fine subangular blocky; friable; few black stains; moderately acid.

Range in Characteristics

Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 2 or 3

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—none Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

Bw horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—none Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

C or Cg horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

Winfield Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate Landform: Ridges

Position on the landform: Summits

Parent material: Loess
Slope range: 3 to 8 percent

Elevation: 480 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs

Typical Pedon

Winfield silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded, in a cultivated field; 300 feet east and 300 feet south of the northwest corner of sec. 9, T. 27 N., R. 8 E.; in Wayne County; USGS McGee, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,099,180 meters Northing and 748,820 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

Ap1—0 to 3 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine granular structure; very friable; common very fine roots; common medium vesicular and common very fine vesicular pores; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.

Ap2—3 to 6 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam;

moderate very fine and fine granular structure; very friable; common very fine roots; common medium vesicular and common very fine vesicular pores; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.

Bt1—6 to 20 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine roots; many very fine vesicular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.

Bt2—20 to 26 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; common very fine vesicular pores; few distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds and few prominent light gray (10YR 7/1) silt coats; many medium prominent gray (10YR 5/1) iron depletions; common fine distinct strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.

Bt3—26 to 34 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; common very fine vesicular pores; few prominent light gray (10YR 7/1) silt coats and few distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; many medium prominent gray (10YR 5/1) iron depletions; common fine prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.

Bt4—34 to 52 inches; brownish yellow (10YR 6/6) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine vesicular pores; few prominent light gray (10YR 7/1) silt coats and few distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; many medium prominent gray (10YR 5/1) iron depletions; common fine and medium distinct strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.

Btg—52 to 60 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine vesicular pores; few prominent light gray (10YR 7/1) silt coats and few distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; many fine and medium prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of oxidized iron; very strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Thickness of the solum: 25 to 65 inches

Ap or A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 2 or 3

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

E horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—strongly acid to slightly acid

BE horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Reaction—strongly acid to slightly acid

Bt horizon (upper part):

clav loam

Color—hue of 7.5YR, 10YR, or 2.5Y; value of 4 to 6; and chroma of 1 to 6

Redoximorphic features—iron depletions
Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty

Reaction—very strongly acid to moderately acid

Bt (lower part), Btg, or Cg horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 1 to 4

Redoximorphic features—iron depletions Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

Wrengart Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderately slow Landform: Ridges and hillslopes

Position on the landform: Summits, shoulders, and

backslopes

Parent material: Fine-silty loess over gravelly residuum

derived from cherty dolostone Slope range: 2 to 25 percent

Elevation: 760 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Fragic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs

Typical Pedon

Wrengart silt loam, 9 to 14 percent slopes, eroded, in a hayfield; 800 feet south and 1,650 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 11, T. 33 N., R. 10 E.; USGS Sedgewickville, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,161,540 meters Northing and 242,925 meters Easting, Zone 16, NAD27.

Ap—0 to 5 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam; weak very fine granular structure; friable;

- common very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine vesicular pores; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- BA—5 to 8 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine to fine vesicular and common medium vesicular pores; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—8 to 17 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine to fine vesicular and common medium vesicular pores; common distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt2—17 to 22 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common fine vesicular and common medium tubular pores; few faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds and few distinct pale brown (10YR 6/3) silt coats; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt3—22 to 39 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay loam; moderate coarse prismatic structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine to fine vesicular and common medium tubular pores; few distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds and few distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt coats; many fine distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; common fine prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; 1 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Btx—39 to 55 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silt loam; massive; very firm; few very fine roots; many very fine to fine vesicular and common medium tubular pores; few distinct dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) clay films on all faces of peds and few prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt coats; 40 percent brittle; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt1—55 to 73 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) extremely gravelly silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few faint clay films on all faces of peds and few prominent light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) silt coats; 5 percent chert cobbles and 65 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; gradual irregular boundary.
- 2Bt2—73 to 82 inches; 60 percent reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/8) and 40 percent red (2.5YR 4/8) very

gravelly clay loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few faint clay films on all faces of peds; 5 percent chert cobbles and 30 percent chert gravel; strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

A horizon:

Color—hue of 10R, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—none Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

BA or BE horizon:

Color—hue of 10R, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 7 percent Reaction—moderately acid to neutral

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 2 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 5 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to neutral

2Btx horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 2 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam, silt loam, or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—0 to 35 percent Reaction—extremely acid to neutral

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR; value of 3 to 6; and chroma of 2 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam, clay loam, or silty clay loam

Content of rock fragments—35 to 70 percent Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

3Bt horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 2.5YR to 10YR, value of 3 to 8, and chroma of 2 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay or clay

Content of rock fragments—7 to 35 percent Reaction—strongly acid to neutral

Yelton Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Permeability: Moderate above the fragipan; slow in the fragipan

Landform: Ridges and hillslopes

Position on the landform: Summits and backslopes Parent material: Loess over colluvium from cherty

dolomite and sandstone *Slope range:* 8 to 15 percent

Elevation: 730 feet

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Fragiudults

Typical Pedon

Yelton silt loam, in an area of Yelton-Scholten complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, in a hardwood forest; 2,050 feet north and 1,050 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 12, T. 30 N., R. 8 E.; USGS Glenallen, Missouri, topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates 4,130,580 meters Northing and 755,980 meters Easting, Zone 15, NAD27.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; partially decomposed organic matter; abrupt smooth boundary.
- A—1 to 2 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam; weak fine granular structure; very friable; 5 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- E—2 to 7 inches; brownish yellow (10YR 6/6) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; 5 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt1—7 to 22 inches; yellowish red (5YR 5/6) silty clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few distinct reddish brown (5YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; 5 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—22 to 26 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few faint brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; many light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; common yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; 15 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- 28tx1—26 to 34 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) extremely gravelly loam; moderate very coarse prismatic structure; very firm; 80 percent brittle; few faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; common light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; common yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; 60 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Btx2—34 to 44 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) extremely gravelly loam; moderate very coarse prismatic structure; very firm; 80 percent brittle; few faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay

- films on all faces of peds; common light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; common yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) masses of oxidized iron; 60 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 3Bt1—44 to 65 inches; 50 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) and 50 percent brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) clay; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky; very firm; few faint reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) clay films on all faces of peds; 5 percent chert gravel and 5 percent chert cobbles; diffuse broken boundary.
- 3Bt2—65 to 80 inches; 50 percent red (2.5YR 4/8) and 50 percent brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky; very firm; few faint clay films on all faces of peds; 5 percent chert cobbles and 5 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid.

Range in Characteristics

Depth to the fragipan: 18 to 27 inches

Ap or A horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 10 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to slightly acid

E or BE horizon (if it occurs):

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 3 to 6

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 10 percent Reaction—very strongly acid to slightly acid

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR to 5YR, value of 3 to 6, and chroma of 3 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—silty clay loam, clay loam, or loam

Content of rock fragments—3 to 30 percent Reaction—extremely acid to strongly acid

2Btx horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 2 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—loam or silt loam Content of rock fragments—0 to 60 percent Reaction—extremely acid to strongly acid

3Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR to 10R, value of 3 to 7, and chroma of 2 to 8

Texture of the fine-earth fraction—sandy loam, sandy clay loam, clay loam, or clay
Content of rock fragments—0 to 60 percent
Reaction—extremely acid to strongly acid

Formation of the Soils

This section relates the soils in the survey area to the major factors of soil formation. It also describes the geology and physiography of the survey area.

Factors of Soil Formation

Soil is the product of soil-forming processes acting on accumulated or deposited geologic material. The characteristics of the soil are determined by the type of parent material; the plant and animal life on and in the soil; the climate under which the soil-forming factors were active; topography, or lay of the land; and the length of time these forces have been active.

The parent material affects the kind of soil profile that is formed and in extreme cases determines it almost entirely. Plant and animal life are the active factors of soil formation. The climate determines the amount of water available for leaching and the amount of heat for physical and chemical changes. Together, climate and plant and animal life act on the parent material and slowly change it to a natural body that has genetically related horizons. Topography commonly modifies these other factors. Finally, time is required for changes in the parent material to result in the formation of a soil. Generally, a long time is required for the development of distinct soil horizons.

These factors of soil formation are all so closely interrelated in their effects on the soil that few generalizations can be made about the effect of any one factor unless conditions are specified for the others. Soil formation is complex, and many processes of soil development are still unknown.

Parent Material

Parent material is the unconsolidated mass from which soil is formed. It determines the chemical and mineral composition of the soil. The soils in Bollinger County formed in loess, residuum, colluvium, alluvium, or in a combination of these materials.

Residuum consists primarily of material weathered from one of the different kinds of rock that occur in the area—granite, sandstone, or cherty dolostone. Shallow soils generally form solely in residuum. Gasconade soils, for example, are underlain at a shallow depth by

dolostone. Deeper soils generally have some loess or colluvium deposits in the upper part of the profile, but have a layer of residuum at some depth within the soil profile.

Colluvium, or hillslope sediment, is the debris which has accumulated on slopes from the weathering of rock. Aslinger, Cornwall, and Waben soils formed in thick colluvial deposits. The upper part of most deep and very deep soils on hillsides consists of colluvium. Killarney and Frenchmill soils formed in colluvium from granite.

Loess is a silty material deposited by the wind. Auxvasse, Memphis, and Winfield soils formed in thick loess. Older, stable parts of the landscape have thin deposits of loess, or have had them in the past. Commonly, the thickness is 18 to 32 inches. The upper part of the Captina, Crider, Deible, Hildebrecht, Minnith, and Wrengart soils is loess. On other, more sloping and less stable parts of the landscape, loess has been eroded from or mixed with the surface layer.

Alluvium is material transported by water and deposited in the nearly level or gently sloping flood plains along rivers and streams. The Castor River and the Whitewater River are major streams. The alluvial material was washed from the watersheds of these rivers and streams and their tributaries. It ranges from silt to sand and gravel. Relfe soils have a high content of gravel and sand. Haymond, Jamesfin, and Wilbur soils are silty. Gladden soils are loamy.

Stream terraces are older flood plains that are now higher than the immediate flood plain because of downcutting of the stream channels to a lower elevation. Bearthicket and Secesh soils formed in old alluvium.

Most deep soils in Bollinger County formed in a combination of loess, colluvium, and residuum. For example, in the Hildebrecht soil, the parent materials are loess (0 to 31 inches), colluvium (31 to 52 inches), and residuum (52 to 80 inches). On the steep slopes, loess is mixed with the gravelly colluvium to a depth of about 18 inches. Parent materials in the Clarksville soil are colluvium that is mixed with loess (0 to 21 inches), a second layer of colluvium (21 to 43 inches), and residuum (43 to 66 inches). The colluvium and residuum formed from cherty dolostone. Alred and

Rueter soils also formed in colluvium and residuum from cherty dolostone.

Living Organisms

Plants and animals living on or in the soil are active in the soil-forming process. Plants furnish organic material to the soil and bring up plant nutrients from underlying layers to the surface layer. As plants die and decay, they contribute organic matter to the soil. Bacteria and fungi decompose the plant remains and help to incorporate the organic matter into the soil. Burrowing animals and insects loosen and mix various soil horizons.

Trees and other plants in the forest community have significantly affected soil formation (Pritchett, 1979). Mature trees require a large root system for support and a supply of water and nutrients. As the roots decay, soil material from the upper horizons fills the old root channels. The result is pockets of dark material in many forested soils, such as Clarksville soils. The soil in these old root channels has more humus and is more porous than the surrounding soil. Old root channels are most prevalent in the upper part of the subsoil, generally within a depth of about 1.5 feet

When trees are blown down during periods of high winds, a large amount of soil is unearthed with the roots. These tree-tip mounds are common in the survey area. They alter the topography on a small scale. Although only a small area is affected by one tree, over a period of many years the surface layer is mixed with the underlying soil. The accumulation of this mixing can greatly affect soil formation.

In a relatively short time, human activities have greatly affected the processes of soil formation. The major alterations have resulted in vegetation, drainage of wet areas, and accelerated erosion. Row crops have replaced native grasses and many forested areas. Nearly all of the flood plains and much of the upland areas are now farmed. These changes have increased food production but have had an adverse effect in terms of sustained productivity. Accelerated erosion continues to reduce the potential of many upland soils, and the loss of cropland to urban development is virtually irreversible.

Climate

Climate has been and still is an important factor of soil formation. Geologic erosion, plant and animal life, and, in more recent times, accelerated erosion all have varied with the climate.

The glacial periods that so greatly affected the soil-forming processes were a result of climatic changes. Thousands of years of cold temperatures resulted in glaciers that moved into the area. Several soil-forming periods have occurred since the last ice sheet left northern Missouri. Geologic evidence indicates that the climate was colder and wetter than the present climate during some soil-forming periods and was warmer during others. The warmer weather and high winds resulted in severe geologic erosion, and much of the area was covered by loess.

High temperatures and adequate rainfall encourage rapid chemical and physical changes. When calcium carbonate and other soluble salts are removed by leaching, soil fertility declines. This type of climate is conducive to the breakdown of minerals and the relocation of clay within the soil. The clay is moved downward into the soil profile, and this downward movement results in the formation of the subsoil.

Topography

Topography, or relief, affects soil formation through its influence on drainage, runoff, the rate of water infiltration, and geologic erosion. Topography is characterized by the length, shape, aspect, and degree of slope. It is important in determining the pattern and distribution of soils.

The amount of water entering the soil depends on slope, permeability, and the intensity of rainfall. Because runoff is rapid in steep areas, very little water passes through the soil and soil formation is slow. Geologic erosion almost keeps pace with the soilforming processes. In gently sloping areas, runoff is slow, erosion is minimal, and most of the water passes through the soil. Leaching, the translocation of clay, and other soil-forming processes are intensified in these areas. Soils in these areas generally show maximum profile development.

Soils on steep, south-facing slopes receive more direct sunlight and are drier than similar soils on north-facing slopes. Drier conditions influence soil formation by affecting the kind of vegetation, the susceptibility to erosion, and the cycles of freezing and thawing.

Time

The degree of profile development is dependent on the length of time that the parent material has been in place and subject to the soil-forming processes. Older soils show the effects of leaching and clay movement and have developed distinct horizons. Young soils show little profile development. The youngest soils in Bollinger County formed in alluvium. Relfe soils, for example, show little profile development. Alluvial material is added to the surface nearly every year. Bearthicket, Deible, and Secesh soils are older alluvial soils. They are on stream terraces and show moderate profile development.

The oldest soils in the survey area formed in areas at the highest elevations in the county. Captina soils are examples. They have well developed, distinct horizons. The carbonates originally present in their parent material have been leached to a great depth, leaving the soil quite acid throughout. Clay has been concentrated in distinct subsoil horizons through translocation by water. Captina soils have a distinct

fragipan. Although the formation of the fragipan is obscure, it is clear that some time is required for its formation.

Most of the soils in Bollinger County are intermediate in age. Clarksville and Alred soils formed on steep slopes. They have an eluviated subsurface horizon and translocated clay in the subsoil horizons.

The age of a soil, as expressed in profile characteristics, is not necessarily a reflection of time in years, but is a result of the interaction of various soil-forming factors over periods of time. The age is influenced by topography and climate. It is determined by the degree of profile development and not by the years the soil material has existed.

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Glossary

- **AC soil.** A soil having only an A and a C horizon. Commonly, such soil formed in recent alluvium or on steep, rocky slopes.
- **Aeration, soil.** The exchange of air in soil with air from the atmosphere. The air in a well aerated soil is similar to that in the atmosphere; the air in a poorly aerated soil is considerably higher in carbon dioxide and lower in oxygen.
- Aggregate, soil. Many fine particles held in a single mass or cluster. Natural soil aggregates, such as granules, blocks, or prisms, are called peds. Clods are aggregates produced by tillage or logging.
- **Alluvial fan.** The fanlike deposit of a stream where it issues from a gorge upon a plain or of a tributary stream near or at its junction with its main stream.
- **Alluvium.** Material, such as sand, silt, or clay, deposited on land by streams.
- Alpha,alpha-dipyridyl. A dye that when dissolved in 1N ammonium acetate is used to detect the presence of reduced iron (Fe II) in the soil. A positive reaction indicates a type of redoximorphic feature.
- **Aquic conditions.** Current soil wetness characterized by saturation, reduction, and redoximorphic features.
- **Area reclaim** (in tables). An area difficult to reclaim after the removal of soil for construction and other uses. Revegetation and erosion control are extremely difficult.
- **Argillic horizon.** A subsoil horizon characterized by an accumulation of illuvial clay.
- **Aspect.** The direction in which a slope faces.
- **Association, soil.** A group of soils or miscellaneous areas geographically associated in a characteristic repeating pattern and defined and delineated as a single map unit.
- Available water capacity (available moisture capacity). The capacity of soils to hold water available for use by most plants. It is commonly defined as the difference between the amount of soil water at field moisture capacity and the amount at wilting point. It is commonly expressed as inches of water per inch of soil. The capacity, in

inches, in a 60-inch profile or to a limiting layer is expressed as:

Very low	0 to 3
Low	3 to 6
Moderate	6 to 9
High	9 to 12
Very high	more than 12

- **Backslope.** The position that forms the steepest and generally linear, middle portion of a hillslope. In profile, backslopes are commonly bounded by a convex shoulder above and a concave footslope below
- Base saturation. The degree to which material having cation-exchange properties is saturated with exchangeable bases (sum of Ca, Mg, Na, and K), expressed as a percentage of the total cation-exchange capacity.
- Base slope. A geomorphic component of hills consisting of the concave to linear (perpendicular to the contour) slope that, regardless of the lateral shape, forms an apron or wedge at the bottom of a hillside dominated by colluvium and slope-wash sediments (for example, slope alluvium).
- **Bedding planes.** Fine strata, less than 5 millimeters thick, in unconsolidated alluvial, eolian, lacustrine, or marine sediment.
- **Bedding system.** A drainage system made by plowing, grading, or otherwise shaping the surface of a flat field. It consists of a series of low ridges separated by shallow, parallel dead furrows.
- **Bedrock.** The solid rock that underlies the soil and other unconsolidated material or that is exposed at the surface.
- **Bedrock-controlled topography.** A landscape where the configuration and relief of the landforms are determined or strongly influenced by the underlying bedrock.
- **Board foot.** A unit of measure of the wood in lumber, logs, or trees. The amount of wood in a board 1 foot wide, 1 foot long, and 1 inch thick before finishing.
- **Bottom land.** The normal flood plain of a stream, subject to flooding.

- **Boulders.** Rock fragments larger than 2 feet (60 centimeters) in diameter.
- **Breast height.** An average height of 4.5 feet above the ground surface; the point on a tree where diameter measurements are ordinarily taken.
- Brush management. Use of mechanical, chemical, or biological methods to make conditions favorable for reseeding or to reduce or eliminate competition from woody vegetation and thus allow understory grasses and forbs to recover. Brush management increases forage production and thus reduces the hazard of erosion. It can improve the habitat for some species of wildlife.
- Cable yarding. A method of moving felled trees to a nearby central area for transport to a processing facility. Most cable yarding systems involve use of a drum, a pole, and wire cables in an arrangement similar to that of a rod and reel used for fishing. To reduce friction and soil disturbance, felled trees generally are reeled in while one end is lifted or the entire log is suspended.
- California bearing ratio (CBR). The load-supporting capacity of a soil as compared to that of standard crushed limestone, expressed as a ratio. First standardized in California. A soil having a CBR of 16 supports 16 percent of the load that would be supported by standard crushed limestone, per unit area, with the same degree of distortion.
- **Canopy.** The leafy crown of trees or shrubs. (See Crown.)
- **Capillary water.** Water held as a film around soil particles and in tiny spaces between particles. Surface tension is the adhesive force that holds capillary water in the soil.
- **Cation.** An ion carrying a positive charge of electricity. The common soil cations are calcium, potassium, magnesium, sodium, and hydrogen.
- Cation-exchange capacity. The total amount of exchangeable cations that can be held by the soil, expressed in terms of milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil at neutrality (pH 7.0) or at some other stated pH value. The term, as applied to soils, is synonymous with base-exchange capacity but is more precise in meaning.
- **Channeled.** Refers to a drainage area in which natural meandering or repeated branching and convergence of a streambed have created deeply incised cuts, either active or abandoned, in alluvial material.
- **Chemical treatment.** Control of unwanted vegetation through the use of chemicals.
- **Chiseling.** Tillage with an implement having one or more soil-penetrating points that shatter or loosen

- hard, compacted layers to a depth below normal plow depth.
- Clay. As a soil separate, the mineral soil particles less than 0.002 millimeter in diameter. As a soil textural class, soil material that is 40 percent or more clay, less than 45 percent sand, and less than 40 percent silt.
- Clay depletions. Low-chroma zones having a low content of iron, manganese, and clay because of the chemical reduction of iron and manganese and the removal of iron, manganese, and clay. A type of redoximorphic depletion.
- **Clay film.** A thin coating of oriented clay on the surface of a soil aggregate or lining pores or root channels. Synonyms: clay coating, clay skin.
- Clayey soil. Silty clay, sandy clay, or clay.
- **Clearcut.** A method of forest harvesting that removes the entire stand of trees in one cutting.

 Reproduction is achieved artificially or by natural seeding from the adjacent stands.
- Climax plant community. The stabilized plant community on a particular site. The plant cover reproduces itself and does not change so long as the environment remains the same.
- **Closed depression.** A low area completely surrounded by higher ground and having no natural outlet.
- Coarse textured soil. Sand or loamy sand.
 Cobble (or cobblestone). A rounded or partly rounded fragment of rock 3 to 10 inches (7.6 to 25 centimeters) in diameter.
- Cobbly soil material. Material that has 15 to 35 percent, by volume, rounded or partially rounded rock fragments 3 to 10 inches (7.6 to 25 centimeters) in diameter. Very cobbly soil material has 35 to 60 percent of these rock fragments, and extremely cobbly soil material has more than 60 percent.
- **Codominant trees.** Trees whose crowns form the general level of the forest canopy and that receive full light from above but comparatively little from the sides.
- **COLE (coefficient of linear extensibility).** See Linear extensibility.
- **Colluvium.** Soil material or rock fragments, or both, moved by creep, slide, or local wash and deposited at the base of steep slopes.
- **Commercial forest.** Forest land capable of producing 20 cubic feet or more per acre per year at the culmination of mean annual increment.
- **Complex slope.** Irregular or variable slope. Planning or establishing terraces, diversions, and other watercontrol structures on a complex slope is difficult.

- Complex, soil. A map unit of two or more kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or so small in area that it is not practical to map them separately at the selected scale of mapping. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas.
- Concretions. Cemented bodies with crude internal symmetry organized around a point, a line, or a plane. They typically take the form of concentric layers visible to the naked eye. Calcium carbonate, iron oxide, and manganese oxide are common compounds making up concretions. If formed in place, concretions of iron oxide or manganese oxide are generally considered a type of redoximorphic concentration.
- Conservation cropping system. Growing crops in combination with needed cultural and management practices. In a good conservation cropping system, the soil-improving crops and practices more than offset the effects of the soil-depleting crops and practices. Cropping systems are needed on all tilled soils. Soil-improving practices in a conservation cropping system include the use of rotations that contain grasses and legumes and the return of crop residue to the soil. Other practices include the use of green manure crops of grasses and legumes, proper tillage, adequate fertilization, and weed and pest control.
- **Conservation tillage.** A tillage system that does not invert the soil and that leaves a protective amount of crop residue on the surface throughout the year.
- Consistence, soil. Refers to the degree of cohesion and adhesion of soil material and its resistance to deformation when ruptured. Consistence includes resistance of soil material to rupture and to penetration; plasticity, toughness, and stickiness of puddled soil material; and the manner in which the soil material behaves when subject to compression. Terms describing consistence are defined in the "Soil Survey Manual."
- **Contour stripcropping.** Growing crops in strips that follow the contour. Strips of grass or close-growing crops are alternated with strips of clean-tilled crops or summer fallow.
- Control section. The part of the soil on which classification is based. The thickness varies among different kinds of soil, but for many it is that part of the soil profile between depths of 10 inches and 40 or 80 inches.
- **Corrosion.** Soil-induced electrochemical or chemical action that dissolves or weakens concrete or uncoated steel.
- **Cover crop.** A close-growing crop grown primarily to

- improve and protect the soil between periods of regular crop production, or a crop grown between trees and vines in orchards and vineyards.
- **Crop residue management.** Returning crop residue to the soil, which helps to maintain soil structure, organic matter content, and fertility and helps to control erosion.
- **Cropping system.** Growing crops according to a planned system of rotation and management practices.
- **Cross-slope farming.** Deliberately conducting farming operations on sloping farmland in such a way that tillage is across the general slope.
- **Crown.** The upper part of a tree or shrub, including the living branches and their foliage.
- Culmination of the mean annual increment (CMAI). The average annual increase per acre in the volume of a stand. Computed by dividing the total volume of the stand by its age. As the stand increases in age, the mean annual increment continues to increase until mortality begins to reduce the rate of increase. The point where the stand reaches its maximum annual rate of growth is called the culmination of the mean annual increment.
- **Cutbanks cave** (in tables). The walls of excavations tend to cave in or slough.
- **Decreasers.** The most heavily grazed climax range plants. Because they are the most palatable, they are the first to be destroyed by overgrazing.
- **Deep to water** (in tables). Deep to permanent water during the dry season.
- **Deferred grazing.** Postponing grazing or resting grazing land for a prescribed period.
- **Dense layer** (in tables). A very firm, massive layer that has a bulk density of more than 1.8 grams per cubic centimeter. Such a layer affects the ease of digging and can affect filling and compacting.
- **Depth, soil.** Generally, the thickness of the soil over bedrock. Very deep soils are more than 60 inches deep over bedrock; deep soils, 40 to 60 inches; moderately deep, 20 to 40 inches; shallow, 10 to 20 inches; and very shallow, less than 10 inches.
- **Depth to bedrock** (in tables). Bedrock is too near the surface for the specified use.
- **Diversion (or diversion terrace).** A ridge of earth, generally a terrace, built to protect downslope areas by diverting runoff from its natural course.
- **Divided-slope farming.** A form of field stripcropping in which crops are grown in a systematic arrangement of two strips, or bands, across the slope to reduce the hazard of water erosion. One strip is in a close-growing crop that provides protection from erosion, and the other strip is in a

- crop that provides less protection from erosion. This practice is used where slopes are not long enough to permit a full stripcropping pattern to be used.
- **Dolostone.** A carbonate sedimentary rock consisting chiefly (more than 50 percent by weight or by areal percentages under the microscope) of the mineral dolomite.
- **Dominant trees.** Trees whose crowns form the general level of the forest canopy and that receive full light from above and from the sides.
- Drainage class (natural). Refers to the frequency and duration of wet periods under conditions similar to those under which the soil formed. Alterations of the water regime by human activities, either through drainage or irrigation, are not a consideration unless they have significantly changed the morphology of the soil. Seven classes of natural soil drainage are recognized—excessively drained, somewhat excessively drained, well drained, moderately well drained, somewhat poorly drained, poorly drained, and very poorly drained. These classes are defined in the "Soil Survey Manual."
- **Drainage, surface.** Runoff, or surface flow of water, from an area.
- Drainageway. An area of ground at a lower elevation than the surrounding ground and in which water collects and is drained to a closed depression or lake or to a drainageway at a lower elevation. A drainageay may or may not have distinctly incised channels at its upper reaches or throughout its course
- **Draw.** A small stream valley that generally is more open and has broader bottom land than a ravine or gulch.
- **Droughty** (in tables). Soil holds too little water for plants during dry periods.
- **Duff.** A generally firm organic layer on the surface of mineral soils. It consists of fallen plant material that is in the process of decomposition and includes everything from the litter on the surface to underlying pure humus.
- Ecological site. An area where climate, soil, and relief are sufficiently uniform to produce a distinct natural plant community. An ecological site is the product of all the environmental factors responsible for its development. It is typified by an association of species that differ from those on other ecological sites in kind and/or proportion of species or in total production.
- **Eluviation.** The movement of material in true solution or colloidal suspension from one place to another within the soil. Soil horizons that have lost material

- through eluviation are eluvial; those that have received material are illuvial.
- **Endosaturation.** A type of saturation of the soil in which all horizons between the upper boundary of saturation and a depth of 2 meters are saturated.
- **Eolian soil material.** Earthy parent material accumulated through wind action; commonly refers to sandy material in dunes or to loess in blankets on the surface.
- **Ephemeral stream.** A stream, or reach of a stream, that flows only in direct response to precipitation. It receives no long-continued supply from melting snow or other source, and its channel is above the water table at all times.
- **Episaturation.** A type of saturation indicating a perched water table in a soil in which saturated layers are underlain by one or more unsaturated layers within 2 meters of the surface.
- **Erodes easily** (in tables). Soil is easily eroded by water.
- Erosion. The wearing away of the land surface by water, wind, ice, or other geologic agents and by such processes as gravitational creep.

 Erosion (geologic). Erosion caused by geologic processes acting over long geologic periods and resulting in the wearing away of mountains and the building up of such landscape features as flood plains and coastal plains. Synonym: natural erosion.
 - Erosion (accelerated). Erosion much more rapid than geologic erosion, mainly as a result of human or animal activities or of a catastrophe in nature, such as a fire, that exposes the surface.
- **Erosion pavement.** A layer of gravel or stones that remains on the surface after fine particles are removed by sheet or rill erosion.
- **Escarpment.** A relatively continuous and steep slope or cliff breaking the general continuity of more gently sloping land surfaces and resulting from erosion or faulting. Synonym: scarp.
- **Even aged.** Refers to a stand of trees in which only small differences in age occur between individual trees. A range of 20 years is allowed.
- **Fan terrace.** A relict alluvial fan, no longer a site of active deposition, incised by younger and lower alluvial surfaces.
- Fast intake (in tables). The rapid movement of water into the soil.
- **Fertility, soil.** The quality that enables a soil to provide plant nutrients, in adequate amounts and in proper balance, for the growth of specified plants when light, moisture, temperature, tilth, and other growth factors are favorable.
- Fibric soil material (peat). The least decomposed of

- all organic soil material. Peat contains a large amount of well preserved fiber that is readily identifiable according to botanical origin. Peat has the lowest bulk density and the highest water content at saturation of all organic soil material.
- **Field moisture capacity.** The moisture content of a soil, expressed as a percentage of the ovendry weight, after the gravitational, or free, water has drained away; the field moisture content 2 or 3 days after a soaking rain; also called *normal field capacity, normal moisture capacity,* or *capillary capacity.*
- **Fill slope.** A sloping surface consisting of excavated soil material from a road cut. It commonly is on the downhill side of the road.
- Fine textured soil. Sandy clay, silty clay, or clay.

 Firebreak. Area cleared of flammable material to stop or help control creeping or running fires. It also serves as a line from which to work and to facilitate the movement of firefighters and equipment. Designated roads also serve as firebreaks.
- Flaggy soil material. Material that has, by volume, 15 to 35 percent flagstones. Very flaggy soil material has 35 to 60 percent flagstones, and extremely flaggy soil material has more than 60 percent flagstones.
- **Flagstone.** A thin fragment of sandstone, limestone, slate, shale, or (rarely) schist 6 to 15 inches (15 to 38 centimeters) long.
- **Flood plain.** A nearly level alluvial plain that borders a stream and is subject to flooding unless protected artificially.
- **Flooding** (in tables). Soil flooded by moving water from stream overflow or runoff.
- **Fluvial.** Of or pertaining to rivers; produced by river action, as a fluvial plain.
- **Foothill.** A steeply sloping upland that has relief of as much as 1,000 feet (300 meters) and fringes a mountain range or high-plateau escarpment.
- **Footslope.** The position that forms the inner, gently inclined surface at the base of a hillslope. In profile, footslopes are commonly concave. A footslope is a transition zone between upslope sites of erosion and transport (shoulders and backslopes) and downslope sites of deposition (toeslopes).
- **Forb.** Any herbaceous plant not a grass or a sedge. **Forest cover.** All trees and other woody plants (underbrush) covering the ground in a forest.
- **Forest type.** A stand of trees similar in composition and development because of given physical and biological factors by which it may be differentiated from other stands.

- Fragipan. A loamy, brittle subsurface horizon low in porosity and content of organic matter and low or moderate in clay but high in silt or very fine sand. A fragipan appears cemented and restricts roots. When dry, it is hard or very hard and has a higher bulk density than the horizon or horizons above. When moist, it tends to rupture suddenly under pressure rather than to deform slowly.
- **Genesis**, **soil**. The mode of origin of the soil. Refers especially to the processes or soil-forming factors responsible for the formation of the solum, or true soil, from the unconsolidated parent material.
- **Gleyed soil.** Soil that formed under poor drainage, resulting in the reduction of iron and other elements in the profile and in gray colors.
- **Graded stripcropping.** Growing crops in strips that grade toward a protected waterway.
- **Grassed waterway.** A natural or constructed waterway, typically broad and shallow, seeded to grass as protection against erosion. Conducts surface water away from cropland.
- **Gravel.** Rounded or angular fragments of rock as much as 3 inches (2 millimeters to 7.6 centimeters) in diameter. An individual piece is a pebble.
- **Gravelly soil material.** Material that has 15 to 35 percent, by volume, rounded or angular rock fragments, not prominently flattened, as much as 3 inches (7.6 centimeters) in diameter.
- **Green manure crop** (agronomy). A soil-improving crop grown to be plowed under in an early stage of maturity or soon after maturity.
- **Ground water.** Water filling all the unblocked pores of the material below the water table.
- Gully. A miniature valley with steep sides cut by running water and through which water ordinarily runs only after rainfall. The distinction between a gully and a rill is one of depth. A gully generally is an obstacle to farm machinery and is too deep to be obliterated by ordinary tillage; a rill is of lesser depth and can be smoothed over by ordinary tillage.
- **Hard bedrock.** Bedrock that cannot be excavated except by blasting or by the use of special equipment that is not commonly used in construction.
- **Hard to pack** (in tables). Difficult to compact using regular earthwork construction equipment.
- **Hardpan.** A hardened or cemented soil horizon, or layer. The soil material is sandy, loamy, or clayey and is cemented by iron oxide, silica, calcium carbonate, or other substance.
- **Head out.** To form a flower head.
- Head slope. A geomorphic component of hills

consisting of a laterally concave area of a hillside, especially at the head of a drainageway. The overland waterflow is converging.

- Heavy metal. Inorganic substances that are solid at ordinary temperatures and are not soluble in water. They form oxides and hydroxides that are basic. Examples are copper, iron, cadmium, zinc, manganese, lead, and arsenic.
- **High erodibility** (in tables). Soil has an erodibility index greater than 8 and is very susceptible to erosion by water.
- High-residue crops. Such crops as small grain and corn used for grain. If properly managed, residue from these crops can be used to control erosion until the next crop in the rotation is established. These crops return large amounts of organic matter to the soil.
- Hill. A natural elevation of the land surface, rising as much as 1,000 feet above surrounding lowlands, commonly of limited summit area and having a well defined outline; hillsides generally have slopes of more than 15 percent. The distinction between a hill and a mountain is arbitrary and is dependent on local usage.
- Horizon, soil. A layer of soil, approximately parallel to the surface, having distinct characteristics produced by soil-forming processes. In the identification of soil horizons, an uppercase letter represents the major horizons. Numbers or lowercase letters that follow represent subdivisions of the major horizons. An explanation of the subdivisions is given in the "Soil Survey Manual." The major horizons of mineral soil are as follows: O horizon.—An organic layer of fresh and decaying plant residue.

A horizon.—The mineral horizon at or near the surface in which an accumulation of humified organic matter is mixed with the mineral material. Also, a plowed surface horizon, most of which was originally part of a B horizon.

E horizon.—The mineral horizon in which the main feature is loss of silicate clay, iron, aluminum, or some combination of these.

B horizon.—The mineral horizon below an A horizon. The B horizon is in part a layer of transition from the overlying A to the underlying C horizon. The B horizon also has distinctive characteristics, such as (1) accumulation of clay, sesquioxides, humus, or a combination of these; (2) prismatic or blocky structure; (3) redder or browner colors than those in the A horizon; or (4) a combination of these.

C horizon.—The mineral horizon or layer, excluding indurated bedrock, that is little affected

by soil-forming processes and does not have the properties typical of the overlying soil material. The material of a C horizon may be either like or unlike that in which the solum formed. If the material is known to differ from that in the solum, an Arabic numeral, commonly a 2, precedes the letter C.

Cr horizon.—Soft, consolidated bedrock beneath the soil.

R layer.—Consolidated bedrock beneath the soil. The bedrock commonly underlies a C horizon, but it can be directly below an A or a B horizon.

- **Humus.** The well decomposed, more or less stable part of the organic matter in mineral soils.
- Hydrologic soil groups. Refers to soils grouped according to their runoff potential. The soil properties that influence this potential are those that affect the minimum rate of water infiltration on a bare soil during periods after prolonged wetting when the soil is not frozen. These properties are depth to a seasonal high water table, the infiltration rate and permeability after prolonged wetting, and depth to a very slowly permeable layer. The slope and the kind of plant cover are not considered but are separate factors in predicting
- **Igneous rock.** Rock formed by solidification from a molten or partially molten state. Major varieties include plutonic and volcanic rock. Examples are rhyolite, basalt, and granite.
- **Illuviation.** The movement of soil material from one horizon to another in the soil profile. Generally, material is removed from an upper horizon and deposited in a lower horizon.
- **Impervious soil.** A soil through which water, air, or roots penetrate slowly or not at all. No soil is absolutely impervious to air and water all the time.
- **Increasers.** Species in the climax vegetation that increase in amount as the more desirable plants are reduced by close grazing. Increasers commonly are the shorter plants and the less palatable to livestock.
- **Infiltration.** The downward entry of water into the immediate surface of soil or other material, as contrasted with percolation, which is movement of water through soil layers or material.
- **Infiltration capacity.** The maximum rate at which water can infiltrate into a soil under a given set of conditions.
- Infiltration rate. The rate at which water penetrates the surface of the soil at any given instant, usually expressed in inches per hour. The rate can be limited by the infiltration capacity of the soil or the rate at which water is applied at the surface.

- **Infrequent flooding** (in tables). Flooding occurs at an interval that limits riparian plant species.
- **Intake rate.** The average rate of water entering the soil under irrigation. Most soils have a fast initial rate; the rate decreases with application time.

Therefore, intake rate for design purposes is not a constant but is a variable depending on the net irrigation application. The rate of water intake, in inches per hour, is expressed as follows:

Less than 0.2	very low
0.2 to 0.4	low
0.4 to 0.75	moderately low
0.75 to 1.25	moderate
1.25 to 1.75	moderately high
1.75 to 2.5	high
More than 2.5	very high

- **Interfluve.** An elevated area between two drainageways that sheds water to those drainageways.
- Intermittent stream. A stream, or reach of a stream, that flows for prolonged periods only when it receives ground-water discharge or long, continued contributions from melting snow or other surface and shallow subsurface sources.
- **Invaders.** On range, plants that encroach into an area and grow after the climax vegetation has been reduced by grazing. Generally, plants invade following disturbance of the surface.
- Iron depletions. Low-chroma zones having a low content of iron and manganese oxide because of chemical reduction and removal, but having a clay content similar to that of the adjacent matrix. A type of redoximorphic depletion.
- Irrigation. Application of water to soils to assist in production of crops. Methods of irrigation are: Basin.—Water is applied rapidly to nearly level plains surrounded by levees or dikes.

 Border.—Water is applied at the upper end of a

strip in which the lateral flow of water is controlled by small earth ridges called border dikes, or borders.

Controlled flooding.—Water is released at intervals from closely spaced field ditches and distributed uniformly over the field.

Corrugation.—Water is applied to small, closely spaced furrows or ditches in fields of close-growing crops or in orchards so that it flows in only one direction.

Drip (or trickle).—Water is applied slowly and under low pressure to the surface of the soil or into the soil through such applicators as emitters, porous tubing, or perforated pipe.

Furrow.—Water is applied in small ditches made by cultivation implements. Furrows are used for tree and row crops.

Sprinkler.—Water is sprayed over the soil surface through pipes or nozzles from a pressure system. Subirrigation.—Water is applied in open ditches or tile lines until the water table is raised enough to wet the soil.

- **Karst** (topography). The relief of an area underlain by limestone that dissolves in differing degrees, thus forming numerous depressions or small basins.
- **Knoll.** A small, low, rounded hill rising above adjacent landforms.
- **K**_{sat}. Saturated hydraulic conductivity. (See Permeability.)
- **Landslide.** The rapid downhill movement of a mass of soil and loose rock, generally when wet or saturated. The speed and distance of movement, as well as the amount of soil and rock material, vary greatly.
- **Large stones** (in tables). Rock fragments 3 inches (7.6 centimeters) or more across. Large stones adversely affect the specified use of the soil.
- **Leaching.** The removal of soluble material from soil or other material by percolating water.
- Linear extensibility. Refers to the change in length of an unconfined clod as moisture content is decreased from a moist to a dry state. Linear extensibility is used to determine the shrink-swell potential of soils. It is an expression of the volume change between the water content of the clod at 1//3- or 1/10-bar tension (33kPa or 10kPa tension) and oven dryness. Volume change is influenced by the amount and type of clay minerals in the soil. The volume change is the percent change for the whole soil. If it is expressed as a fraction, the resulting value is COLE, coefficient of linear extensibility.
- **Liquid limit.** The moisture content at which the soil passes from a plastic to a liquid state.
- **Loam.** Soil material that is 7 to 27 percent clay particles, 28 to 50 percent silt particles, and less than 52 percent sand particles.
- **Loamy soil.** Coase sandy loam, sandy loam, fine sandy loam, very fine sandy loam, loam, silt loam, silt, clay loam, sandy clay loam, or silty clay loam.
- **Loess.** Fine grained material, dominantly of silt-sized particles, deposited by wind.
- **Low strength.** The soil is not strong enough to support loads.
- **Low-residue crops.** Such crops as corn used for silage, peas, beans, and potatoes. Residue from these crops is not adequate to control erosion until

the next crop in the rotation is established. These crops return little organic matter to the soil.

- Masses. Concentrations of substances in the soil matrix that do not have a clearly defined boundary with the surrounding soil material and cannot be removed as a discrete unit. Common compounds making up masses are calcium carbonate, gypsum or other soluble salts, iron oxide, and manganese oxide. Masses consisting of iron oxide or manganese oxide generally are considered a type of redoximorphic concentration.
- **Mean annual increment (MAI).** The average annual increase in volume of a tree during the entire life of the tree.
- **Mechanical treatment.** Use of mechanical equipment for seeding, brush management, and other management practices.
- **Medium textured soil.** Very fine sandy loam, loam, silt loam, or silt.
- **Merchantable trees.** Trees that are of sufficient size to be economically processed into wood products.
- **Micro-high.** An area that is 2 to 12 inches higher than the adjacent micro-low.
- **Micro-low.** An area that is 2 to 12 inches lower than the adjacent micro-low.
- **Mineral soil.** Soil that is mainly mineral material and low in organic material. Its bulk density is more than that of organic soil.
- **Minimum tillage.** Only the tillage essential to crop production and prevention of soil damage.
- **Miscellaneous area.** An area that has little or no natural soil and supports little or no vegetation.
- **Moderately coarse textured soil.** Coarse sandy loam, sandy loam, or fine sandy loam.
- **Moderately deep soil.** A soil that is 20 to 40 inches deep over bedrock.
- **Moderately fine textured soil.** Clay loam, sandy clay loam, or silty clay loam.
- **Mollic epipedon.** A thick, dark, humus-rich surface horizon (or horizons) that has high base saturation and pedogenic soil structure. It may include the upper part of the subsoil.
- Morphology, soil. The physical makeup of the soil, including the texture, structure, porosity, consistence, color, and other physical, mineral, and biological properties of the various horizons, and the thickness and arrangement of those horizons in the soil profile.
- Mottling, soil. Irregular spots of different colors that vary in number and size. Descriptive terms are as follows: abundance—few, common, and many; size—fine, medium, and coarse; and contrast—faint, distinct, and prominent. The size measurements are of the diameter along the

- greatest dimension. *Fine* indicates less than 5 millimeters (about 0.2 inch); *medium*, from 5 to 15 millimeters (about 0.2 to 0.6 inch); and *coarse*, more than 15 millimeters (about 0.6 inch).
- Mountain. A natural elevation of the land surface, rising more than 1,000 feet above surrounding lowlands, commonly of restricted summit area (relative to a plateau) and generally having steep sides. A mountain can occur as a single, isolated mass or in a group forming a chain or range.
- **Munsell notation.** A designation of color by degrees of three simple variables—hue, value, and chroma. For example, a notation of 10YR 6/4 is a color with hue of 10YR, value of 6, and chroma of 4.
- **Neutral soil.** A soil having a pH value of 6.6 to 7.3. (See Reaction, soil.)
- Nodules. Cemented bodies lacking visible internal structure. Calcium carbonate, iron oxide, and manganese oxide are common compounds making up nodules. If formed in place, nodules of iron oxide or manganese oxide are considered types of redoximorphic concentrations.
- **Nose slope.** A geomorphic component of hills consisting of the projecting end (laterally convex area) of a hillside. The overland waterflow is predominantly divergent.
- Nutrient, plant. Any element taken in by a plant essential to its growth. Plant nutrients are mainly nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, calcium, magnesium, sulfur, iron, manganese, copper, boron, and zinc obtained from the soil and carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen obtained from the air and water.
- Organic matter. Plant and animal residue in the soil in various stages of decomposition. The content of organic matter in the surface layer is described as follows:

Very low	less than	0.5	percent
Low	0.5 to	1.0	percent
Moderately low	1.0 to	2.0	percent
Moderate	2.0 to	4.0	percent
High	4.0 to	8.0	percent
Very high	more than	8.0	percent

- **Overstory.** The trees in a forest that form the upper crown cover.
- **Oxbow.** The horseshoe-shaped channel of a former meander, remaining after the stream formed a cutoff across a narrow meander neck.
- **Pan.** A compact, dense layer in a soil that impedes the movement of water and the growth of roots. For example, *hardpan*, *fragipan*, *claypan*, *plowpan*, and *traffic pan*.

- **Parent material.** The unconsolidated organic and mineral material in which soil forms.
- **Ped.** An individual natural soil aggregate, such as a granule, a prism, or a block.
- **Pedisediment.** A thin layer of alluvial material that mantles an erosion surface and has been transported to its present position from higher lying areas of the erosion surface.
- **Pedon.** The smallest volume that can be called "a soil." A pedon is three dimensional and large enough to permit study of all horizons. Its area ranges from about 10 to 100 square feet (1 square meter to 10 square meters), depending on the variability of the soil.
- **Percolation.** The movement of water through the soil. **Percs slowly** (in tables). The slow movement of water through the soil adversely affects the specified use.
- Permeability. The quality of the soil that enables water or air to move downward through the profile. The rate at which a saturated soil transmits water is accepted as a measure of this quality. In soil physics, the rate is referred to as "saturated hydraulic conductivity," which is defined in the "Soil Survey Manual." In line with conventional usage in the engineering profession and with traditional usage in published soil surveys, this rate of flow continues to be expressed as "permeability." Terms describing permeability, measured in inches per hour, are as follows:

Impermeable	less than 0.0015 inch
Very slow	0.0015 to 0.06 inch
Slow	0.06 to 0.2 inch
Moderately slow	0.2 to 0.6 inch
Moderate	0.6 inch to 2.0 inches
Moderately rapid	2.0 to 6.0 inches
Rapid	6.0 to 20 inches
Very rapid	more than 20 inches

- **pH value.** A numerical designation of acidity and alkalinity in soil. (See Reaction, soil.)
- **Phase, soil.** A subdivision of a soil series based on features that affect its use and management, such as slope, stoniness, and flooding.
- **Plastic limit.** The moisture content at which a soil changes from semisolid to plastic.
- Plasticity index. The numerical difference between the liquid limit and the plastic limit; the range of moisture content within which the soil remains plastic.
- **Plateau.** An extensive upland mass with relatively flat summit area that is considerably elevated (more than 100 meters) above adjacent lowlands and separated from them on one or more sides by escarpments.

- **Plowpan.** A compacted layer formed in the soil directly below the plowed layer.
- **Ponding.** Standing water on soils in closed depressions. Unless the soils are artificially drained, the water can be removed only by percolation or evapotranspiration.
- **Poor filter** (in tables). Because of rapid or very rapid permeability, the soil may not adequately filter effluent from a waste disposal system.
- **Poorly graded.** Refers to a coarse grained soil or soil material consisting mainly of particles of nearly the same size. Because there is little difference in size of the particles, density can be increased only slightly by compaction.
- Potential native plant community. See Climax plant community.
- **Prescribed burning.** Deliberately burning an area for specific management purposes, under the appropriate conditions of weather and soil moisture and at the proper time of day.
- **Productivity, soil.** The capability of a soil for producing a specified plant or sequence of plants under specific management.
- **Profile, soil.** A vertical section of the soil extending through all its horizons and into the parent material.
- Proper grazing use. Grazing at an intensity that maintains enough cover to protect the soil and maintain or improve the quantity and quality of the desirable vegetation. This practice increases the vigor and reproduction capacity of the key plants and promotes the accumulation of litter and mulch necessary to conserve soil and water.
- Reaction, soil. A measure of acidity or alkalinity of a soil, expressed in pH values. A soil that tests to pH 7.0 is described as precisely neutral in reaction because it is neither acid nor alkaline. The degrees of acidity or alkalinity, expressed as pH values, are:

Ultra acid	less than 3.5
Extremely acid	3.5 to 4.4
Very strongly acid	4.5 to 5.0
Strongly acid	5.1 to 5.5
Moderately acid	5.6 to 6.0
Slightly acid	6.1 to 6.5
Neutral	6.6 to 7.3
Slightly alkaline	7.4 to 7.8
Moderately alkaline	7.9 to 8.4
Strongly alkaline	8.5 to 9.0
Very strongly alkaline	9.1 and higher

Redoximorphic concentrations. Nodules,

concretions, soft masses, pore linings, and other features resulting from the accumulation of iron or

manganese oxide. An indication of chemical reduction and oxidation resulting from saturation.

- Redoximorphic depletions. Low-chroma zones from which iron and manganese oxide or a combination of iron and manganese oxide and clay has been removed. These zones are indications of the chemical reduction of iron resulting from saturation.
- Redoximorphic features. Redoximorphic concentrations, redoximorphic depletions, reduced matrices, a positive reaction to alpha, alphadipyridyl, and other features indicating the chemical reduction and oxidation of iron and manganese compounds resulting from saturation.
- Reduced matrix. A soil matrix that has low chroma in situ because of chemically reduced iron (Fe II). The chemical reduction results from nearly continuous wetness. The matrix undergoes a change in hue or chroma within 30 minutes after exposure to air as the iron is oxidized (Fe III). A type of redoximorphic feature.
- **Regolith.** The unconsolidated mantle of weathered rock and soil material on the earth's surface; the loose earth material above the solid rock.
- **Relict stream terrace.** One of a series of platforms in or adjacent to a stream valley that formed prior to the current stream system.
- **Relief.** The elevations or inequalities of a land surface, considered collectively.
- Residuum (residual soil material). Unconsolidated, weathered or partly weathered mineral material that accumulated as consolidated rock disintegrated in place.
- **Rill.** A steep-sided channel resulting from accelerated erosion. A rill generally is a few inches deep and not wide enough to be an obstacle to farm machinery.
- **Riser.** The relatively short, steeply sloping area below a terrace tread that grades to a lower terrace tread or base level.
- **Riverwash.** Unstable areas of sandy, silty, clayey, or gravelly sediments. These areas are flooded, washed, and reworked by rivers so frequently that they support little or no vegetation.
- **Road cut.** A sloping surface produced by mechanical means during road construction. It is commonly on the uphill side of the road.
- **Rock fragments.** Rock or mineral fragments having a diameter of 2 millimeters or more; for example, pebbles, cobbles, stones, and boulders.
- **Rock outcrop.** Exposures of bare bedrock other than lava flows and rock-lined pits.
- **Root zone.** The part of the soil that can be penetrated by plant roots.

Rooting depth (in tables). Shallow root zone. The soil is shallow over a layer that greatly restricts roots.

- Rubble land. Areas that have more than 90 percent of the surface covered by stones or boulders. Voids contain no soil material and virtually no vegetation other than lichens. The areas commonly are at the base of mountain slopes, but some are on mountain slopes as deposits of cobbles, sones, and boulders left by Pleistocene glaciation or by periglacial phenomena.
- Runoff. The precipitation discharged into stream channels from an area. The water that flows off the surface of the land without sinking into the soil is called surface runoff. Water that enters the soil before reaching surface streams is called groundwater runoff or seepage flow from ground water.
- **Sand.** As a soil separate, individual rock or mineral fragments from 0.05 millimeter to 2.0 millimeters in diameter. Most sand grains consist of quartz. As a soil textural class, a soil that is 85 percent or more sand and not more than 10 percent clay.
- **Sandstone.** Sedimentary rock containing dominantly sand-sized particles.
- Sandy soil. Sand or loamy sand.
- **Saprolite.** Unconsolidated residual material underlying the soil and grading to hard bedrock below.
- **Saturation.** Wetness characterized by zero or positive pressure of the soil water. Under conditions of saturation, the water will flow from the soil matrix into an unlined auger hole.
- **Sawlogs.** Logs of suitable size and quality for the production of lumber.
- **Scarification.** The act of abrading, scratching, loosening, crushing, or modifying the surface to increase water absorption or to provide a more tillable soil.
- **Scribner's log rule.** A method of estimating the number of board feet that can be cut from a log of a given diameter and length.
- **Seasonal wetness** (in tables). The soil may be wet during the period of desired use. This usually occurs during the winter and early spring.
- Seasonally ponded (in tables). Standing water on soils in closed depressions that is removed only by percolation or evapotranspiration. Generally occurs during the winter and early spring.
- **Sedimentary plain.** An extensive nearly level to gently rolling or moderately sloping area that is underlain by sedimentary bedrock and that has a slope of 0 to 8 percent.
- **Sedimentary rock.** Rock made up of particles deposited from suspension in water. The chief kinds of sedimentary rock are conglomerate,

- formed from gravel; sandstone, formed from sand; shale, formed from clay; and limestone, formed from soft masses of calcium carbonate. There are many intermediate types. Some wind-deposited sand is consolidated into sandstone.
- **Sedimentary uplands.** Land areas of bedrock formed from water- or wind-deposited sediments. They are higher on the landscape than the flood plain.
- **Seepage** (in tables). The movement of water through the soil. Seepage adversely affects the specified use.
- **Sequum.** A sequence consisting of an illuvial horizon and the overlying eluvial horizon. (See Eluviation.)
- **Series, soil.** A group of soils that have profiles that are almost alike, except for differences in texture of the surface layer. All the soils of a series have horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.
- **Shale.** Sedimentary rock formed by the hardening of a clay deposit.
- **Shallow soil.** A soil that is 10 to 20 inches deep over bedrock or to other material that restricts the penetration of plant roots.
- **Sheet erosion.** The removal of a fairly uniform layer of soil material from the land surface by the action of rainfall and surface runoff.
- Shelterwood system. A forest management system requiring the removal of a stand in a series of cuts so that regeneration occurs under a partial canopy. After regeneration, a final cut removes the shelterwood and allows the stand to develop in the open as an even-aged stand. The system is well suited to sites where shelter is needed for regeneration, and it can aid regeneration of the more intolerant tree species in a stand.
- **Shoulder.** The position that forms the uppermost inclined surface near the top of a hillslope. It is a transition from backslope to summit. The surface is dominantly convex in profile and erosional in origin.
- Shoulder slope. The uppermost inclined surface at the top of a hillside. It is the transition zone from the backslope to the summit of a hill or mountain. The surface is dominantly convex in profile and erosional in origin.
- Shrink-swell (in tables). The shrinking of soil when dry and the swelling when wet. Shrinking and swelling can damage roads, dams, building foundations, and other structures. It can also damage plant roots.
- **Side slope.** A geomorphic component of hills consisting of a laterally planar area of a hillside. The overland waterflow is predominantly parallel.

- **Silica.** A combination of silicon and oxygen. The mineral form is called quartz.
- Silica-sesquioxide ratio. The ratio of the number of molecules of silica to the number of molecules of alumina and iron oxide. The more highly weathered soils or their clay fractions in warm-temperate, humid regions, and especially those in the tropics, generally have a low ratio.
- Silt. As a soil separate, individual mineral particles that range in diameter from the upper limit of clay (0.002 millimeter) to the lower limit of very fine sand (0.05 millimeter). As a soil textural class, soil that is 80 percent or more silt and less than 12 percent clay.
- **Siltstone.** Sedimentary rock made up of dominantly silt-sized particles.
- Similar soils. Soils that share limits of diagnostic criteria, behave and perform in a similar manner, and have similar conservation needs or management requirements for the major land uses in the survey area.
- **Sinkhole.** A depression in the landscape where limestone has been dissolved.
- **Site class.** A grouping of site indexes into five to seven production capability levels. Each level can be represented by a site curve.
- Site curve (50-year). A set of related curves on a graph that shows the average height of dominant or dominant and codominant trees for a range of ages on soils that differ in productivity. Each level is represented by a curve. The basis of the curves is the height of dominant and codominant trees that are 50 years old or are 50 years old at breast height.
- Site curve (100-year). A set of related curves on a graph that shows the average height of dominant or dominant and codominant trees for a range of ages on soils that differ in productivity. Each level is represented by a curve. The basis of the curves is the height of dominant and codominant trees that are 100 years old or are 100 years old at breast height.
- Site index. A designation of the quality of a forest site based on the height of the dominant stand at an arbitrarily chosen age. For example, if the average height attained by dominant and codominant trees in a fully stocked stand at the age of 50 years is 75 feet, the site index is 75.
- **Skid trails.** Pathways along which logs are dragged to a common site for loading onto a logging truck.
- **Slash.** The branches, treetops, reject logs, and broken or uprooted trees left on the ground after logging.
- Slick spot. A small area of soil having a puddle,

- crusted, or smooth surface and an excess of exchangeable sodium. The soil generally is silty or clayey, is slippery when wet, and is low in productivity.
- Slickensides. Polished and grooved surfaces produced by one mass sliding past another. In soils, slickensides may occur at the bases of slip surfaces on the steeper slopes; on faces of blocks, prisms, and columns; and in swelling clayey soils, where there is marked change in moisture content.
- **Slippage** (in tables). Soil mass susceptible to movement downslope when loaded, excavated, or wet.
- **Slope.** The inclination of the land surface from the horizontal. Percentage of slope is the vertical distance divided by horizontal distance, then multiplied by 100. Thus, a slope of 20 percent is a drop of 20 feet in 100 feet of horizontal distance.
- **Slope** (in tables). Slope is great enough that special practices are required to ensure satisfactory performance of the soil for a specific use.
- Slope alluvium. Sediment gradually transported on slopes of mountains or hills primarily by alluvial processes and characterized by particle sorting. In a profile sequence, sediments may be distinguished by differences in size and/or specific gravity of rock fragments and may be separated by stone lines. Sorting of rounded or subrounded pebbles or cobbles and burnished peds distinguish these materials from unsorted colluvial deposits.
- **Small stones** (in tables). Rock fragments less than 3 inches (7.6 centimeters) in diameter. Small stones adversely affect the specified use of the soil.
- **Soft bedrock.** Bedrock that can be excavated with trenching machines, backhoes, small rippers, and other equipment commonly used in construction.
- **Soil.** A natural, three-dimensional body at the earth's surface. It is capable of supporting plants and has properties resulting from the integrated effect of climate and living matter acting on earthy parent material, as conditioned by relief over periods of time.
- **Soil reaction** (in tables). A measure of acidity or alkalinity of a soil, expressed in pH values, which indicates that the soil reaction is either too high or too low for the intended use.
- Soil separates. Mineral particles less than 2 millimeters in equivalent diameter and ranging between specified size limits. The names and sizes, in millimeters, of separates recognized in the United States are as follows:

Very coarse sand	2.0 to 1.0
Coarse sand	1.0 to 0.5
Medium sand	0.5 to 0.25
Fine sand	0.25 to 0.10
Very fine sand	0.10 to 0.05
Silt	0.05 to 0.002
Clay	less than 0.002

- **Solum.** The upper part of a soil profile, above the C horizon, in which the processes of soil formation are active. The solum in soil consists of the A, E, and B horizons. Generally, the characteristics of the material in these horizons are unlike those of the material below the solum. The living roots and plant and animal activities are largely confined to the solum.
- **Species.** A single, distinct kind of plant or animal having certain distinguishing characteristics.
- **Stickiness (surface)** (in tables). The soil is slippery and sticky when wet and slow to dry.
- Stone line. A concentration of coarse fragments in a soil. Generally, it is indicative of an old weathered surface. In a cross section, the line may be one fragment or more thick. It generally overlies material that weathered in place and is overlain by recent sediment of variable thickness.
- **Stones.** Rock fragments 10 to 24 inches (25 to 60 centimeters) in diameter if rounded or 15 to 24 inches (38 to 60 centimeters) in length if flat.
- **Stony.** Refers to a soil containing stones in numbers that interfere with or prevent tillage.
- **Strath terrace.** A surface cut formed by the erosion of hard or semiconsolidated bedrock and thinly mantled with stream deposits.
- Stream channel. The hollow bed where a natural stream of surface water flows or may flow; the deepest or central part of the bed, formed by the main current and covered more or less continuously by water.
- Stream terrace. One of a series of platforms in a stream valley, flanking and more or less parallel to the stream channel. It originally formed near the level of the stream and is the dissected remnants of an abandoned flood plain, streambed, or valley floor that were produced during a former stage of erosion or deposition.
- **Stripcropping.** Growing crops in a systematic arrangement of strips or bands that provide vegetative barriers to wind erosion and water erosion.
- **Structure, soil.** The arrangement of primary soil particles into compound particles or aggregates. The principal forms of soil structure are—platy

- (laminated), prismatic (vertical axis of aggregates longer than horizontal), columnar (prisms with rounded tops), blocky (angular or subangular), and granular. Structureless soils are either single grained (each grain by itself, as in dune sand) or massive (the particles adhering without any regular cleavage, as in many hardpans).
- **Stubble mulch.** Stubble or other crop residue left on the soil or partly worked into the soil. It protects the soil from wind erosion and water erosion after harvest, during preparation of a seedbed for the next crop, and during the early growing period of the new crop.
- **Subsoil.** Technically, the B horizon; roughly, the part of the solum below plow depth.
- **Subsoiling.** Tilling a soil below normal plow depth, ordinarily to shatter a hardpan or claypan.
- **Substratum.** The part of the soil below the solum. **Subsurface layer.** Any surface soil horizon (A, E, AB,
- Subsurface layer. Any surface soil horizon (A, E, AB, or EB) below the surface layer.
- **Summit.** The topographically highest position of a hillslope. It has a nearly level (planar or only slightly convex) surface.
- Surface layer. The soil ordinarily moved in tillage, or its equivalent in uncultivated soil, ranging in depth from 4 to 10 inches (10 to 25 centimeters). Frequently designated as the "plow layer," or the "Ap horizon."
- **Surface soil.** The A, E, AB, and EB horizons, considered collectively. It includes all subdivisions of these horizons.
- **Tailwater.** The water directly downstream of a structure.
- Taxadjuncts. Soils that cannot be classified in a series recognized in the classification system. Such soils are named for a series they strongly resemble and are designated as taxadjuncts to that series because they differ in ways too small to be of consequence in interpreting their use and behavior. Soils are recognized as taxadjuncts only when one or more of their characteristics are slightly outside the range defined for the family of the series for which the soils are named.
- Terrace. An embankment, or ridge, constructed across sloping soils on the contour or at a slight angle to the contour. The terrace intercepts surface runoff so that water soaks into the soil or flows slowly to a prepared outlet. A terrace in a field generally is built so that the field can be farmed. A terrace intended mainly for drainage has a deep channel that is maintained in permanent sod.

- **Terrace** (geologic). An old alluvial plain, ordinarily flat or undulating, bordering a river, a lake, or the sea.
- **Texture, soil.** The relative proportions of sand, silt, and clay particles in a mass of soil. The basic textural classes, in order of increasing proportion of fine particles, are sand, loamy sand, sandy loam, loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay loam, clay loam, silty clay loam, sandy clay, silty clay, and clay. The sand, loamy sand, and sandy loam classes may be further divided by specifying "coarse," "fine," or "very fine." The abbreviations (see table 17) are C—clay, CL—clay loam, COS coarse sand, COSL—coarse sandy loam, FS fine sand, FSL—fine sandy loam, L—loam, LCOS—loamy coarse sand, LFS—loamy fine sand, LS—loamy sand, LVFS—loamy very fine sand, S—sand, SC—sandy clay, SCL—sandy clay loam, SI-silt, SIC-silty clay, SICL-silty clay loam, SIL—silt loam, SL—sandy loam, and VFSL—very fine sandy loam. Terms used in lieu of texture descriptions are BR—bedrock and SPM slightly decomposed plant material. The texture modifiers that may apply to textural classes are BY—bouldery, CB—cobbly, CBV—very cobbly, CBX—extremely cobbly, FLX—extremely flaggy, GR—gravelly, GRV—very gravelly, GRX extremely gravelly, SR-stratified, STV-very stony, and STX—extremely stony.
- **Tilth, soil.** The physical condition of the soil as related to tillage, seedbed preparation, seedling emergence, and root penetration.
- **Toeslope.** The position that forms the gently inclined surface at the base of a hillslope. Toeslopes in profile are commonly gentle and linear and are constructional surfaces forming the lower part of a hillslope continuum that grades to valley or closed-depression floors.
- **Too acid** (in tables). The soil is so acid that growth of plants is restricted.
- **Too clayey** (in tables). The soil is slippery and sticky when wet and slow to dry.
- **Too sandy** (in tables). The soil is soft and loose, droughty, and low in fertility or is too fine to use as gravel.
- **Topsoil.** The upper part of the soil, which is the most favorable material for plant growth. It is ordinarily rich in organic matter and is used to topdress roadbanks, lawns, and land affected by mining.
- **Trace elements.** Chemical elements, for example, zinc, cobalt, manganese, copper, and iron, in soils in extremely small amounts. They are essential to plant growth.

- **Trafficability.** The degree to which a soil is capable of supporting vehicular traffic across a wide range in soil moisture conditions.
- **Tread.** The relatively flat surface that was cut or built by stream or wave action.
- **Tuff.** A compacted deposit that is 50 percent or more volcanic ash and dust.
- **Unstable fill** (in tables). Risk of caving or sloughing on banks of fill material.
- **Upland.** Land at a higher elevation, in general, than the alluvial plain or stream terrace; land above the lowlands along streams.
- **Valley.** An elongated depressional area primarily developed by stream action.
- Valley fill. In glaciated regions, material deposited in stream valleys by glacial meltwater. In nonglaciated regions, alluvium deposited by heavily loaded streams.
- **Variegation.** Refers to patterns of contrasting colors assumed to be inherited from the parent material rather than to be the result of poor drainage.
- **Very deep soil.** A soil that is more than 60 inches deep over bedrock.
- **Very shallow soil.** A soil that is less than 10 inches deep over bedrock.
- **Water bars.** Smooth, shallow ditches or depressional areas that are excavated at an angle across a

- sloping road. They are used to reduce the downward velocity of water and divert it off and away from the road surface. Water bars can easily be driven over if constructed properly.
- **Water-spreading.** Diverting runoff from natural channels by means of a system of dams, dikes, or ditches and spreading it over relatively flat surfaces.
- **Weathering.** All physical and chemical changes produced in rocks or other deposits at or near the earth's surface by atmospheric agents. These changes result in disintegration and decomposition of the material.
- Well graded. Refers to soil material consisting of coarse grained particles that are well distributed over a wide range in size or diameter. Such soil normally can be easily increased in density and bearing properties by compaction. Contrasts with poorly graded soil.
- **Wetness** (in tables). The soil is wet during the period of desired use.
- Wilting point (or permanent wilting point). The moisture content of soil, on an ovendry basis, at which a plant (specifically a sunflower) wilts so much that it does not recover when placed in a humid, dark chamber.
- **Windthrow.** The uprooting and tipping over of trees by the wind.

Tables

Table 1.--Temperature and Precipitation
(Recorded in the period 1961-90 at Marble Hill, Missouri)

	[
	Temperature					Precipitation					
Month				2 years in							
Month	1-	 -		10 will h		Average		·	nave	Average	
			Average		Minimum	number of	Average			number of	
	daily	daily		-	temperature			Less		days with	
	maximum	minimum		higher	lower	degree		than	than	0.10 inch	
	<u> </u>	ļ <u>.</u>		than	than	days*	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	or more	<u> </u>
	^o f	o _F	⁰ F	° _F	° F 	Units 	In 	In	In	 	In
January	42.4	20.3	31.3	69	-13	8	2.85	1.00	4.39	, 5	4.9
February	47.5	24.4	36.0	73	 -5	 14	3.15	1.57	4.52	 5	4.4
March	59.0	34.3	46.7	81	 9	 84	 5.12	2.54	7.36	 7	1.7
April	69.9	43.8	56.9	87	 22	240	 4.14	2.11	 5.91	 6	0.0
May	78.2	52.3	65.3	92	 31	 472	4.70	2.46	 6.66	 7	0.0
June	86.1	 60.6	73.3	98	 42	 700	 3.63	2.09	 5.00	 6	0.0
July	89.8	65.1	77.4	101	 49	847	4.04	1.66	6.06	 5	0.0
August	88.2	62.7	75.5	101	 46	 787	4.02	2.24	5.59	 5	0.0
September	81.4	 55.8	68.6	95	 34	 558	 3.76	1.35	 5.76	 5	0.0
October	71.7	43.3	57.5	89	 22	 262	3.04	1.13	4.82	 5	0.0
November	58.2	 34.6	46.4	80	 12	 72	 4.17	1.98	 6.06	 6	 0.6
December	 45.9 	 25.1 	35.5	 70 	 -2 	 13 	 4.18 	 1.89 	6.15	 6 	 1.8
Yearly:	 					 	 			 	
Average	68.2	43.5	55.9		 	 	 	 		 	
Extreme	106	-23	 	102	 -14	 	 	 	 	 	
Total		 	 		 	4,056	 46.80	39.11	53.86	 68	13.4

^{*} A growing degree day is a unit of heat available for plant growth. It can be calculated by adding the maximum and minimum daily temperatures, dividing the sum by 2, and subtracting the temperature below which growth is minimal for the principal crops in the area (50 degrees F).

Table 2.--Freeze Dates in Spring ind Fall
(Recorded in the period 1961-90 at Marble Hill, Missouri)

l			Tempera	ture		
Probability	24 0) _	 28 ^C)	 32 ^C) -
	or low		or low		or low	
	OL TOW	er	Or TOW	er	OF TOW	/er
Last freezing			İ			
temperature			İ		İ	
in spring:			İ		İ	
1 year in 10			 		 	
later than	3	12	 3	26	 V	10
later than	Apr.	13	Apr.	20	May	10
2 year in 10						
later than	Apr.	8	Apr.	21	May	4
5 year in 10			 		 	
later than	Mar.	30	Apr.	11	Apr.	23
į					ĺ	
First freezing						
temperature						
in fall:						
1 yr in 10			l I		 	
earlier than	Oct.	17	Oct.	5	Sept.	27
į			į		į -	
2 yr in 10						
earlier than	Oct.	23	Oct.	10	Oct.	1
5 yr in 10			 		 	
earlier than	Nov.	4	Oct.	20	Oct.	9
earrier chair	1400.	-1	000.	20	000.	9

Table 3.--Growing Season

(Recorded in the period 1961-90 at Marble Hill,
Missouri)

	Daily minimum temperature during growing season							
Probability								
	Higher	Higher	Higher					
	than	than	than					
į	24 ^O F	28 °F	32 °F					
	Days	Days	Days					
9 years in 10	199	167	147					
8 years in 10	206	 175	154					
5 years in 10	218	 191	168					
2 years in 10	231	207	182					
1 year in 10	238	215	189					

Table 4.--Acreage and Proportionate Extent of the Soils

Map symbol	Soil name	Acres	Percent
60033	Wrengart silt loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes, eroded	18,956	4.8
60046	Minnith silt loam, 15 to 30 percent slopes	838	0.2
60053	Winfield silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded	12	*
60054	$ \texttt{Minnith} \ \texttt{silt} \ \texttt{loam}, \ \texttt{8} \ \texttt{to} \ \texttt{15} \ \texttt{percent} \ \texttt{slopes} $	2,274	0.6
60055	Winfield silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	110	*
66000	Moniteau silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	680	0.2
66054	Wakeland silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded	2,434	0.6
66055	Haymond silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	3,605	0.9
73055 73100	Alred-Rueter complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony	2,518	0.6
73100	Wrengart silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes Wrengart silt loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes	2,828 14,720	3.7
73139	Poynor-Clarksville-Scholten complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, stony	9,294	2.3
73140	Clarksville-Scholten complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes, very stony	58,522	14.7
73141	Firebaugh silt, 3 to 8 percent slopes	70	*
73145	Crider silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded	569	0.1
73146	Marquand silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	1,205	0.3
73150	Caneyville-Bucklick complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, rocky	289	*
73151	$ {\it Caneyville-Gasconade-Bucklick\ complex},\ 15\ {\it to\ 25\ percent\ slopes},\ {\it rocky} $	187	*
73156	Alred-Gepp complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, stony	8,441	2.1
73157	Captina silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	12,422	3.1
73223	Coulstone-Bender complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, very stony	23	*
73264	Alred-Wrengart complex, 14 to 35 percent slopes, very stony, rocky	86,162	21.7
73265 73266	Captina-Scholten complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes Hildebrecht silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	10,584 13,068	2.7
73267	Yelton-Scholten complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes	12,113	3.0
73269	Brussels-Gasconade-Rock outcrop complex, 30 to 90 percent slopes, very	,	
	bouldery	1,308	0.3
73270	Wrengart silt loam, 9 to 14 percent slopes, eroded	16,698	4.2
73343	Captina silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded	7,785	2.0
73344	Captina silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	4,588	1.2
73345	Hildebrecht silt loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes	5,310	1.3
73346	Hildebrecht silt loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes, eroded	5,998	1.5
74644	Deible silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	924	0.2
74646	Cornwall silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	2,514	0.6
74648 74649	Aslinger silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes Aslinger-Waben complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes	230 2,738	0.7
74679	Higdon silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded	1,211	0.7
74680	Moniteau silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded	1,236	0.3
74685	Auxvasse silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	833	0.2
75379	Kaintuck loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	570	0.1
75381	Bearthicket silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded	2,439	0.6
75395	$ {\tt Jamesfin}$ silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	2,284	0.6
75408	Secesh silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded	1,293	0.3
75409	Relfe sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	24	*
75411	Tilk very gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded	461	0.1
75416	Gladden loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	478	0.1
75417 75426	Relfe-Sandbur complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	6,523 98	1.6
75428	Tilk, occasionally flooded-Cornwall-Poynor complex, 3 to 15 percent	96	"
75420	slopes	2,162	0.5
75429	Tilk-Secesh complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	12,975	3.3
75430	Wideman fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	1,047	0.3
75451	Gladden silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	660	0.2
75467	Wilbur silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	789	0.2
75468	$ {\tt Elsah}$ silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	7,565	1.9
77000	Killarney-Frenchmill complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes, rubbly	36	*
77002	Delassus silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	12	*
77005	Hassler-Syenite complex, 8 to 25 percent slopes, bouldery	14	*
77008	Hassler silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony	11	*
80000	Calhoun silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	14,849	3.7
80001 82000	Oaklimeter silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes Dubbs silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	2,364 1,389	0.6
82000 82001	Amagon silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, frequently ponded	458	0.3
32001		430	

See footnote at end of table.

Table 4.--Acreage and Proportionate Extent of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Soil name	Acres	Percent
82002	Forestdale silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, frequently ponded	674	0.2
82005	Malden loamy fine sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes	826	0.2
82006	Bosket fine sandy loam, 1 to 5 percent slopes	658	0.2
82007	Bosket loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	144	*
82009	Forestdale silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	908	0.2
82010	Amagon silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	3,260	0.8
82011	Crowley silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	297	*
86000	Dubbs silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	915	0.2
86001	Calhoun silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	5,722	1.4
86002	Falaya silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	4,710	1.2
86003	Amagon silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	1,899	0.5
86004	Forestdale silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	2,169	0.5
90000	Memphis silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded	327	*
90001	Memphis silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, severely eroded	472	0.1
99001	Water	1,930	0.5
99003	Miscellaneous water	7	*
99007	Dam	2	*
99015	Udorthents-Water complex	517	0.1
	Total	397,235	100.0

^{*} Less than 0.1 percent.

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops

(Yields are those that can be expected under a high level of management. They are for nonirrigated areas. Absence of a yield indicates that the soil is not suited to the crop or the crop generally is not grown on the soil.)

Map symbol and soil name	Land capability	Corn	Grain sorghum	Soybeans	Winter wheat	
		Bu	 Bu	Bu	Bu	
60033: Wrengart	3e	 86	 75	32	36	
60046: Minnith	6e		 		 	
60053: Winfield	3e	92	 90	36	40	
60054: Minnith	3e	 87	 76	32	35	
60055: Winfield	2e	 	 103	40	 52	
66000: Moniteau	3w	 90	 80	35	 41	
66054: Wakeland	3w	 105	 90	36	40	
66055:	2w	 	 95	39	 42	
73055: Alred	7s		 		 	
Rueter	7s		 			
73100: Wrengart	2e	 119	 104	44	 48	
73101: Wrengart	3e	113	 99	42	46	
73139: Poynor	6e		 			
Clarksville	6e		 			
Scholten	6e		 			
73140: Clarksville	7s		 			
Scholten	7s		 			
73141: Firebaugh	3e	 80	 75	32	 35	
73145: Crider	3e	 100	 85	45	 55	
73146:	3e	 85	 75	35	 47	

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Land capability	 Corn 	 Grain sorghum 	 Soybeans 	 Winter wheat
		Bu	Bu	Bu	Bu
73150: Caneyville	4e	 75	 66	 	42
Bucklick	4e	80	 70	 	44
73151: Caneyville	6e	 	 	 	
Gasconade	6e		 	 	
Bucklick	6e	 	 	 	
73156: Alred	6s	 	 	 	
Gepp	4e	 	 	 	
73157: Captina	 3e	 80	 75	 32	 35
73223: Coulstone	7e	 	 	 	
Bender	7e	 	 	 	
73264: Alred	 7s	 	 	 	
Wrengart	6e	 	 	 	
73265: Captina	 3e	 80	 75	 32	35
Scholten	6e	 	 	 	
73266: Hildebrecht	4e	 70	 62	 25	 26
73267: Yelton	4e	 70	 	 	
Scholten	6e		 	 	
73269: Brussels	/ 7s		 	 	
Gasconade	7s	 	 	 	
Rock outcrop	8s		 	 	
73270: Wrengart	4e	 95	 85	 35	40
73343: Captina	3e	 80	 75	 32	35
73344: Captina	4e	 60	 55	 	25
73345: Hildebrecht	 3e	 85	 80	 32	35

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Land capability	 Corn 	 Grain sorghum 	 Soybeans 	 Winter wheat
		Bu	Bu	Bu	Bu
73346: Hildebrecht	3e	 82	 77	 30	33
74644: Deible	4w	 90	 70	 30	35
74646: Cornwall	3e	 80	 80	 25	30
74648: Aslinger	 3e	 75	 70	 29	33
74649: Aslinger	4e	 70	 64	 25	31
Waben	4s		 54	 	28
74679: Higdon	2w	 100	 80	 35	 40
74680: Moniteau	3w	 90	 	 35	 41
74685: Auxvasse	3w	 110	 90	 	 45
75379: Kaintuck	3w	 65	 52	 27	 29
75381: Bearthicket	 1	 	 110	 45	 40
75395: Jamesfin	2w	 115	 95	 	 44
75408: Secesh	2s	 80	 72	 43	40
75409: Relfe	4s	 55	 48	 	 26
75411: Tilk	3s	 70	 54	 	 31
75416: Gladden	2w	90	 70	 30	 35
75417: Relfe	4s	 	 	 	
Sandbur	3w		 5	 	
75426: Gabriel	4w	 95	 81	 45	 50
75428: Tilk	 3s	 70	 54	 	31
Cornwall	4e	 80	 64	 25	30
Poynor	6e	 	 	 	

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	 Land capability	 Corn 	 Grain sorghum	 Soybeans 	 Winter wheat
		Bu	Bu	Bu	Bu
75429: Tilk	 3s	 70	 54	 	 25
Secesh	 2s	80	 57	 	40
75430: Wideman	 3s	 60	 50	 26	30
75451: Gladden	 	 75	 60	 25	 30
75467: Wilbur	 	 	 95	 37	 40
75468: Elsah	 2s	 90	 	 28	 38
77000: Killarney	 7s	 	 	 	
Frenchmill	 7s		 	 	
77002: Delassus	 3e	 80	 70	 27	30
77005: Hassler	 6e	 	 	 	
Syenite	 7s		 	 	
77008: Hassler	 4e	 65	 4 5	 	 22
80000: Calhoun	 3w 	 110	 90	 35	 40
80001: Oaklimeter	 2w 	 125	 100	 	 45
82000: Dubbs	 2e	 135	 110	 45 	 50
82001: Amagon	 4w 	 	 	 	
82002: Forestdale	 4w	 	 	 	
82005: Malden	 3s	 55	 47	 20	 22
82006: Bosket	 3e	 90	 80	 35	 48
82007: Bosket	 2w	 85	 80	 32	 45
82009: Forestdale	 3w	 110	 90	 30	 35
82010: Amagon	 3w 	 120	 	 40	 45

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Land capability	Corn	Grain sorghum	Soybeans	Winter wheat
		Bu	Bu	Bu	Bu
82011:				 	
Crowley	3w	115	95	30	45
86000:					
Dubbs	2w	130	105	42	45
86001:					
Calhoun	4w	100 	80	32 	35
86002:	 2w	125	100	 40	 45
Falaya	2W 	125	100	40 	45
86003: Amagon	 3w	 110	 95	 37	40
-	5w		33	37	
86004: Forestdale	 4w	 100	85	 27	30
90000: Memphis	 3e	 90	85	 35	40
00001	į		į	į	į
90001: Memphis	 6e	 70	60	 30	35
99001.		 	 	 	
Water					
99003.	 		 	 	
Miscellaneous water	į		į	į	į
99007.		 		 	
Dam	 	 	 	 	
99015:				 	
Udorthents.		 		 	
Water.			i		

Table 6.--Pasture and Hayland Groups and Yields per Acre of Hay and Pasture

(Yields are those that can be expected under a high level of management. They are for nonirrigated areas. Absence of a yield indicates that the soil is not suited to the crop or the crop generally is not grown on the soil.)

Map symbol and soil name	 Pasture and hayland group	 Alfalfa hay 	 Caucasian bluestem 	Orchardgrass -red clover	 Tall fescue 	 Warm-season grasses
	 	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
60033: Wrengart	 LyP	4.4	 5.8	4.8	 5.0	5.8
60046: Minnith	 	9.5	 8.0	7.4	 6.7	8.0
60053: Winfield	 LyU	9.5	 8.0	7.4	 6.7	8.0
60054: Minnith	 LyU	 9.5	 8.0	 7.4	 6.7	 8.0
60055: Winfield	 LyU	9.5	 8.0	7.4	 6.7	 8.0
66000: Moniteau	 WLB	 	 	7.1	 8.1	9.5
66054: Wakeland	 WLO	 	 	8.5	 8.0	9.5
66055: Haymond	 	 8.9	 8.9	7.4	 6.8	9.2
73055: Alred	 Gins		 		 	
Rueter	GNS					
73100: Wrengart	 LyP	 4.4	 5.8	4.8	 5.0	5.8
73101: Wrengart	 LyP	 4.4	 5.8	4.8	 5.0	5.8
73139: Poynor	 Gr U	6.2	 7.1	5.8	5.3	6.8
Clarksville	GrU	6.2	7.1	5.8	5.3	6.8
Scholten	 GrP	2.2	2.7	1.1	2.2	2.7
73140: Clarksville	 Gins	 	 		 	
Scholten	 Gins		 		 	
73141: Firebaugh	 LyU	9.5	 8.0	7.4	 6.7	8.0
73145: Crider	 	9.5	 8.0	7.4	 6.7	8.0
73146: Marquand	 LyU	9.5	 8.0	7.4	 6.7	8.0

Table 6.--Pasture and Hayland Groups and Yields per Acre of Hay and Pasture--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	 Pasture and hayland group	 Alfalfa hay 	 Caucasian bluestem	 Orchardgrass -red clover	 Tall fescue 	 Warm-season grasses
	 	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
73150: Caneyville	 Mou	 5.8	 6.7	 5.8	 5.3	6.8
Bucklick	 С у ग	7.5	8.0	7.5	7.0	7.5
73151: Caneyville	 GNS	 	 	 	 	
Gasconade	GNS	 				
Bucklick	 Gens		 		 	
73156: Alred	 GrU 	 6.2	 7.1	 5.8	 5.3	6.8
Gepp	GrU	6.2	7.1	5.8	5.3	6.8
73157: Captina	 LyP	 4.4	 5.8	 4.8	 5.0	 5.8
73223: Coulstone	 Gins	 	 		 	
Bender	Gins	 	 		 	
73264: Alred	 Gens	 	 		 	
Wrengart	Gins					
73265: Captina	 LyP	 4.4	 5.8	 4.8	 5.0	5.8
Scholten	GrP	2.2	2.7	1.1	2.2	2.7
73266: Hildebrecht	 LyP	 4.4	 5.8	 4.8	 5.0	 5.8
73267: Yelton	 LyP	 4.4	 5.8	 4.8	 5.0	5.8
Scholten	GrP	2.2	2.7	1.1	2.2	2.7
73269: Brussels	 Gins	 	 		 	
Gasconade	Gins	 	 		 	
Rock outcrop.	 -	 -	 	 	 -	
73270: Wrengart	 	 9.5	 8.0	 7.4	 6.7	8.0
73343: Captina	 LyP	 4.4	 5.8	 4.8	 5.0	 5.8
73344: Captina	 LyP	 4.4	 5.8	 4.8	 5.0	 5.8
73345: Hildebrecht	 LyP 	 4.4 	 5.8 	 4.8 	 5.0 	 5.8

Table 6.--Pasture and Hayland Groups and Yields per Acre of Hay and Pasture--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	 Pasture and hayland group	 Alfalfa hay 	Caucasian bluestem	 Orchardgrass -red clover	 Tall fescue 	 Warm-season grasses
		Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
73346: Hildebrecht	 	 4.4 	 5.8	 4.8	 5.0	 5.8
74644: Deible	 WCB	 	 	 7.1 	 8.0 	 9.2
74646: Cornwall	LyU	 9.5 	 8.0 	 7.4 	 6.7 	 8.0
74648: Aslinger	 Ly0 	 8.9 	 8.9 	 7.4 	 6.8 	9.2
74649: Aslinger	 Ly0 	 8.9 	 8.9 	 7.4 	 6.8 	9.2
Waben	GrO	2.7	4.0	1.2	2.7	3.7
74679: Higdon	 	 	 	 7.1	 8.1	 9.5
74680: Moniteau	 WLB	 	 	 7.1 	 8.1 	9.5
74685: Auxvasse	 WCU 	 	 	 7.1 	 8.0	9.2
75379: Kaintuck	 LyO 	 8.9 	 8.9 	 7.4 	 6.8 	9.2
75381: Bearthicket	 LyO 	 8.9 	 8.9 	 7.4 	 6.8 	9.2
75395: Jamesfin	 Ly0 	 8.9 	8.9	 7.4 	 6.8 	 9.2
75408: Secesh	 Ly0 	 8.9 	8.9	 7.4 	 6.8 	 9.2
75409: Relfe	 syo 	 3.5	3.0	 3.2	 3.2 	 3.3
75411: Tilk	 GrO 	 2.7 	 4.0	 1.2 	 2.7 	 3.7
75416: Gladden	 Ly0	 8.9	8.9	 7.4	 6.8	9.2
75417: Relfe	 syo	2.0	2.3	1.6	3.0	2.4
Sandbur	LyO	6.6	7.0	5.2	6.8	7.4
75426: Gabriel	 WLO	 	 	 8.5	 8.0	 9.5
75428: Tilk	 GrO	 2.7	 4.0	1.2	 2.7	 3.7
Cornwall	 Lyu	9.5	8.0	7.4	6.7	8.0
Poynor	 GrU 	 6.2 	 7.1 	 5.8 	 5.3 	 6.8

Table 6.--Pasture and Hayland Groups and Yields per Acre of Hay and Pasture--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	 Pasture and hayland group	 Alfalfa hay 	 Caucasian bluestem	 Orchardgrass -red clover	Tall fescue	 Warm-season grasses
		Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
75429: Tilk	 Gr0	 2.7	 4.0	1.2	 2.7	 3.7
Secesh	LyO	8.9	8.9	7.4	6.8	9.2
75430: Wideman	 s yo 	 3.5	 3.0	 3.2	 3.2	 3.3
75451: Gladden	 Ly0	8.9	 8.9	7.4	6.8	9.2
75467: Wilbur	WLO	 	 	8.5	 8.0 	9.5
75468: Elsah	 GrO 	 2.7	4.0	1.2	 2.7	3.7
77000: Killarney	 Gins		 		 	
Frenchmill	GINS					
77002: Delassus	 LyP 	 4.4	 5.8	4.8	 5.0	 5.8
77005: Hassler	 GrU	6.2	 7.1	5.8	 5.3	6.8
Syenite	MDU	5.8	6.7	5.8	5.3	6.8
77008: Hassler	 GrU 	 6.2	 7.1	 5.8	 5.3	 6.8
80000: Calhoun	 WLB 	 	 	7.1	 8.1 	9.5
80001: Oaklimeter	 WLB	 	 	7.1	 8.1	9.5
82000: Dubbs	 Ly0	 8.9	 8.9	7.4	6.8	9.2
82001: Amagon	 WLB	 	 	7.1	8.1	9.5
82002: Forestdale	 WCB	 	 		 	
82005: Malden	 syo	3.5	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.3
82006: Bosket	 	8.9	 8.9	7.4	 6.8	9.2
82007: Bosket	 	 8.9	 8.9	7.4	 6.8	9.2
82009: Forestdale	 WCB	 	 	7.1	 8.0	9.2
82010: Amagon	 	 	 	 7.1	 8.1 	 9.5

Table 6.--Pasture and Hayland Groups and Yields per Acre of Hay and Pasture--Continued

	 		 I		 I	Ι
Map symbol and soil name	Pasture and hayland group	 Alfalfa hay 	Caucasian bluestem	Orchardgrass -red clover	Tall fescue	 Warm-season grasses
		Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
82011: Crowley	 WCB	 	 	 7.1	 8.0	 9.2
86000:	 Ly0	 8.9	 8.9	 7.4	 6.8	9.2
	Liyo	0.9	0.9	/.4		9.2
86001: Calhoun	WLB		 	7.1	8.1	9.5
86002: Falaya	WLO	 	 	8.5	8.0	9.5
86003: Amagon	WLB	 	 	7.1	 8.1	 9.5
86004: Forestdale	 WCB	 	 	7.1	 8.0	9.2
90000: Memphis	LyU	 9.5	 8.0	7.4	 6.7	8.0
90001: Memphis	LyU	9.5	 8.0	7.4	 6.7	 8.0
99001. Water		 	 			
99003. Miscellaneous water		 	 		 	
99007.		 -	 			
99015: Udorthents.		 	 		 	
Water.			 		 	

Table 7.--Forest Productivity

(Site index is based on 50 years. Absence of an entry indicates that information was not available.)

	Potential produ			
Map symbol and soil name	Common trees	 Gita	 Volume	Trees to manage
SOII Hame	Common crees	:	of wood	Trees to manage
			fiber	
	1	 	cu ft/ac	l
	İ	İ	İ	j
60033:	ļ.	ļ		ļ
Wrengart	black oak	:	43	black oak, northern
	northern red oak			red oak, shortleaf
	shagbark hickory white oak		 43	pine, white oak
	will ce Oak	33	43	
60046:		İ		
Minnith	black oak			northern red oak,
	northern red oak	70	57	white oak
	white oak	45	29	
60053:	 	 	 	
	black oak	69	 51	green ash, northern
	northern red oak	!	43	red oak, white oak
	white oak	60	43	İ
60054: Minnith	 black_oak	 _	 	northern red oak,
MIIIII CII	northern red oak	!	43	white oak
	white oak			
60055:				!
Winfield	black oak		43	black walnut,
	northern red oak		43	northern red oak,
	white oak	65 	43	white oak
66000:		İ		
Moniteau	common hackberry			eastern cottonwood,
	eastern cottonwood			green ash, pin
	pin oak		57	oak, silver maple
	silver maple			
66054:	 	 	 	
Wakeland	green ash	90	63	American sycamore,
	hackberry		45	baldcypress, green
	pin oak	90	72	ash, red maple,
	silver maple	75	69	silver maple
66055:				
Baymond	green ash	 90	 63	American sycamore,
2	hackberry		45	baldcypress, green
	pin oak	,	!	ash, red maple,
	silver maple	75	69	silver maple
73055: Alred	 black_oak	 60	 43	 black oak,
Gu	shortleaf pine		!	shortleaf pine,
	white oak		!	white oak
	i	İ		İ
Rueter		:		black oak,
	hickory	:		shortleaf pine
	post oak	45	29	
73100:	 	[I
Wrengart	black oak			 black oak, northerr
=	northern red oak			red oak, shortleaf
	shortleaf pine			pine, tuliptree

Table 7.--Forest Productivity--Continued

	Potential produ	uctivi	ty	<u> </u>
Map symbol and soil name	Common trees		Volume of wood	 Trees to manage
	<u> </u>	İ	cu ft/ac	
73101: Wrengart	 black oak northern red oak white oak	70	:	 black oak, northern red oak, white oak
F2120				
73139: Poynor	 black oak shortleaf pine white oak	58	 43 86 43	 black oak, shortleaf pine
Clarksville	 black oak northern red oak		 43 	 black oak, northern red oak, shortleaf
	shortleaf pine white oak	58	86 43	pine, white oak
Scholten	 black oak blackjack oak		 29 	 black oak, eastern redcedar,
	hickory post oak		 	shortleaf pine
73140: Clarksville	 black oak	 61	 43	 black oak, northern
CIGINDVIIIC	northern red oak			red oak, shortleaf
	shortleaf pine white oak		86 43	pine, white oak
Scholten	 black oak blackjack oak		 29 	 black oak, eastern redcedar,
	hickory post oak	j	 	shortleaf pine
73141:	 black oak	 60	 43	 black oak, scarlet
riiebaugii	eastern redcedar	j	 	oak, shortleaf pine, white oak
	scarlet oak			_
	shortleaf pine white oak		86 43 	
73145: Crider	 	 65	 43	northern red oak,
	northern red oak scarlet oak		43	scarlet oak, white
	white oak	63 	43	
73146: Marquand		1		 black oak, northern
	northern red oak white ash white oak	j		red oak, white ash, white oak
73150:		03	=3	
Caneyville	black oak eastern redcedar		43 	 black oak, scarlet oak
	hickory	i		İ
	post oak scarlet oak			
	white oak			
	1	1	'	1

Table 7.--Forest Productivity--Continued

	Potential produ	ıctivi	ty	
Map symbol and				
soil name	Common trees		Volume of wood	Trees to manage
	 	IIIGEX	fiber	
	İ	İ	cu ft/ac	
73150: Bucklick	 black oak	 56	 43	 black oak, scarlet
BUCKIICK	northern red oak	!		oak
	post oak	i	i	İ
	white oak	54	43	
73151:	 	 	 	
	black oak	57	43	black oak, scarlet
	eastern redcedar	!	43	oak
	hickory			l
	post oak scarlet oak		29 	
	white oak			
	!	ļ	ļ	!
Gasconade	blackjack oak			eastern redcedar
	chinkapin oak		29 29	
	post oak	1		
	!			[
Bucklick	black oak northern red oak		43	black oak, scarlet oak
	post oak		 	oak
	white oak		43	
	!	ļ	<u> </u>	!
73156:	 black oak	 60	 43	 block ook
Alred	shortleaf pine	!	86	black oak, shortleaf pine,
	white oak		43	white oak
	!	ļ	ļ	!
Gepp	black oak	!	43 86	black oak,
	shortleaf pine white oak		43	shortleaf pine, white oak
	İ	İ	İ	İ
73157:				
Captina	black oak eastern redcedar	!	43 	black oak, scarlet oak, shortleaf
	northern red oak			pine
	post oak		i	İ
	scarlet oak			
	shortleaf pine white oak		86 43	
		31	13	
73223:	!		ļ	!
Coulstone	black oak scarlet oak		43	black oak, scarlet
	shortleaf pine	!	 86	oak, shortleaf
	white oak	:	43	
		ĺ		
Bender	black oak scarlet oak		29	black oak, scarlet oak, shortleaf
	shortleaf pine	:	 71	pine
	white oak		29	· -
73264: Alred	 black_oak	 60	 43	 black oak,
	shortleaf pine		86	shortleaf pine,
	white oak		43	white oak
***	13.711-			13-7333
Wrengart	black oak northern red oak		48 	black oak, northern red oak, shortleaf
	shagbark hickory			pine, white oak
	white oak		38	İ

Table 7.--Forest Productivity--Continued

Map symbol and	ge		
cu ft/ac	 Trees to manage 		
73265:			
73265:			
Captina black oak 58 43 black oak, scar	1 ₀ +		
eastern redcedar oak, shortleaf			
post oak pine			
scarlet oak			
shortleaf pine 60			
Scholten black oak 50 29 black oak, east	ern		
blackjack oak			
post oak shortlear pine			
i i i			
73266:			
Hildebrecht black oak 60 43 black oak, northern red oak red oak, short			
post oak pine			
white oak 54 43			
73267:			
Yelton black oak 60 43 black oak,			
white oak 55 43 shortleaf pine			
Scholten black oak 50 29 black oak, east	ern		
hickory shortleaf pine			
post oak			
73269:			
Brusselsblack oak	k,		
northern red oak 60 43 white oak			
shagbark hickory			
white oak			
Gasconade blackjack oak eastern redceda	r		
chinkapin oak 40 29			
eastern redcedar 27 29 post oak			
Rock outcrop.			
73270:			
Wrengart black oak 63 43 black oak, north	hern		
northern red oak red oak, short			
shagbark hickory	k		
white oak			
73343:			
Captina black oak 58 43 northern red oa	k,		
northern red oak			
shortleaf pine 62 86			
white oak 54 43			
73344:			
Captina black oak 58 43 northern red oa	k,		
northern red oak scarlet oak,			
scarlet oak 65 43 shortleaf pine			
shortleaf pine 62			
i i i i			

Table 7.--Forest Productivity--Continued

	Potential prod			
Map symbol and soil name	Common trees		 Volume of wood fiber	Trees to manage
			cu ft/ac	
73345: Hildebrecht	 black oak	 60	 43	 black oak, northern
	northern red oak post oak white oak	i	 43	red oak, shortleaf pine
73346:			10	
	black oak northern red oak		 43 	black oak, northern red oak, shortleaf
	post oak white oak	i	 43	pine
74644:		 		
Deible	green ash pin oak		 57	eastern cottonwood, green ash, pin
	silver maple	 	 	oak, silver maple
74646: Cornwall	 black oak	 60	 43	 shortleaf pine,
	eastern redcedar		 43	white oak
	shortleaf pine			
	white oak	 	 	
74648: Aslinger	 black oak	 60	43	 scarlet oak,
	scarlet oak shortleaf pine		43	shortleaf pine
	white oak		 	
74649: Aslinger	 black oak	 60	 43	 scarlet oak,
rottinget	eastern redcedar	!		shortleaf pine
	scarlet oak shortleaf pine		43 	
	white oak			
Waben	 black oak	!	 	eastern redcedar,
	eastern redcedar post oak		43 	shortleaf pine
	shortleaf pine	 	 	
74679: Higdon	 American sycamore	 	 	 black walnut, green
	black walnut	:		ash, pecan, white
	green ash		 43	oak
74680:	 	 	 	
Moniteau	common hackberry		 	eastern cottonwood, green ash, pin
	pin oak	70	57	oak, silver maple
	silver maple	 	 	
74685: Auxvasse	 green ash	 	 	 baldcypress, green
	pin oak		 	ash, silver maple,
	sweetgum		86	sweetgum

Table 7.--Forest Productivity--Continued

	Potential produ	uctivi	ty	
Map symbol and soil name	Common trees	Site	Volume of wood	Trees to manage
	l	l	cu ft/ac	<u> </u>
75379:		İ	j	
Kaintuck	American basswood			American sycamore,
	American sycamore			black walnut,
	black walnut			green ash,
	northern red oak	 	 	northern red oak
75381:			! 	
Bearthicket	American sycamore			black walnut,
	black walnut			cherrybark oak,
	common hackberry			green ash,
	pin oak red maple			northern red oak, white oak
	red mapre	 	 	WHITE OAK
75395:			! 	
Jamesfin	American sycamore	90	100	black walnut,
	black walnut			eastern
	eastern cottonwood			cottonwood, green
	river birch			ash
75408:	 	 	 	
Secesh	American sycamore			American sycamore,
	black oak	i	i	black walnut,
	black walnut			shortleaf pine
	shortleaf pine			
	white oak	60 	43	l
75409:	 	 	 	
	American sycamore			black oak,
	black oak	60	43	shortleaf pine
	shortleaf pine		:	
	white oak	55	43	l
75411:	 	 	 	
Tilk	black oak	50	29	eastern redcedar,
	eastern redcedar			shortleaf pine
	post oak			
	scarlet oak shortleaf pine		:	
		33	80	
75416:		İ	İ	
Gladden	American sycamore			black walnut,
	bitternut hickory			northern red oak,
	black walnut		 	white ash, white oak
	northern red oak			
	white oak		:	
75417:				
Relfe	shortleaf pine			black oak, shortleaf pine
			 	shortlear pine
Sandbur	American basswood			American sycamore,
	American sycamore			black walnut,
	northern red oak			green ash,
	river birch			northern red oak
		30	43	
75426:	İ	İ		İ
Gabriel	!	!	!	American sycamore,
	silver maple	80 	29	eastern cottonwood, green
	 	<u> </u>	! 	ash, silver maple
		ĺ	İ	İ

Table 7.--Forest Productivity--Continued

	Potential produ	uctivi	 ty	
Map symbol and				
soil name	Common trees		Volume	Trees to manage
		index	of wood	
	1	<u> </u>	fiber	<u> </u>
		 	cu ft/ac	
75428:	 	 	 	
	 black oak	50	29	eastern redcedar,
	eastern redcedar			shortleaf pine
	post oak	45	29	
	scarlet oak		29	
	shortleaf pine	55	86	
Cornwall			42	
Comwaii	black oak eastern redcedar		43 	scarlet oak, shortleaf pine
	scarlet oak		:	biorcicar pinc
	shortleaf pine			
	white oak		i	
Poynor	black oak		:	black oak,
	shortleaf pine		86	shortleaf pine
	white oak	54	43	
75429:	 	l I	 	
	 black oak	 50	 29	eastern redcedar,
	eastern redcedar			shortleaf pine
	post oak	:	29	_
	scarlet oak	50	29	
	shortleaf pine	55	86	
G				
	American sycamore black oak		 	American sycamore, black walnut,
	black walnut		 	shortleaf pine
	shortleaf pine			
	white oak		43	
	İ	ĺ		
75430:	[ļ		
Wideman	American sycamore		72	eastern cottonwood
	eastern cottonwood	90	100	
75451:	 	 	 	
	American sycamore	85	86	 black walnut, green
	black walnut		i	ash, white oak
	shortleaf pine			
	white oak	75	57	
REACE.				
75467:	 bur oak	 	 	bur oak areas ast
Wilbur	green ash	85	 58	bur oak, green ash, swamp white oak
	pin oak		72	
	red maple	!		
	sycamore	90	100	
	tuliptree			
75468:	Amoriaan araamana	 	 	 hladk malmut
Elsah	red maple		:	black walnut, green ash, shortleaf
	southern red oak		:	pine, tuliptree
	white oak			
77000:		ļ		
Killarney	:		:	northern red oak,
	shortleaf pine		72	shortleaf pine
	white oak	55 	43 	
Frenchmill	northern red oak	 70	 57	northern red oak,
·	shortleaf pine		86	shortleaf pine,
	white oak		:	white oak

Table 7.--Forest Productivity--Continued

	Potential produ	<u></u>		
Map symbol and soil name	Common trees	 Site	 Volume of wood fiber	Trees to manage
			cu ft/ac	
77002:	 	 	 	
Delassus	black oak northern red oak shortleaf pine	60	 43 	black oak, northern red oak, shortleaf pine
	white oak	55	43	
77005:	 	 	 	
	black oak northern red oak	47	 29 29	black oak, scarlet oak, shortleaf
	shortleaf pine white oak		 43	pine
	wince oak	02	43	
Syenite	black oak			northern red oak,
	northern red oak white oak		 29	shortleaf pine, white oak
		İ		
77008:				
Hassler	black oak northern red oak		 43	black oak, northern red oak, shortleaf
	shortleaf pine			pine, white oak
	white oak	47	29	
80000:	 	 	 	
Calhoun	green ash			green ash, pin oak,
	pin oak			sweetgum
	willow oak		 	l I
80001:			! 	
Oaklimeter	black walnut			black walnut,
	cherrybark oak eastern cottonwood		143 	cherrybark oak,
	green ash		 	cottonwood, green
	sweetgum	100	i	ash, sweetgum
	willow oak	100		
82000:	 	 	 	
Dubbs	black walnut	i	i	black walnut, green
	eastern cottonwood		129	ash, Shumard's
	green ash Shumard's oak		57 72	oak, sweetgum
	willow oak		86	
82001: Amagon	 cherrybark oak	 90	 114	cherrybark oak,
90	eastern cottonwood		129	eastern
	green ash		57	cottonwood,
	silver maple willow oak		 100	Shumard's oak, silver maple,
			100	willow oak
	İ	İ		
82002: Forestdale	 eastern cottonwood	 -	 	American sycamore,
1016900016	green ash	1	43	eastern
	silver maple	j		cottonwood, silver
	sweetgum willow oak			maple, sweetgum
	willow oak	 	 	
82005:	İ	İ	İ	İ
Malden	black oak		43	black oak,
	hickory		 	shortleaf pine
		İ		

Table 7.--Forest Productivity--Continued

	Potential prod			
Map symbol and soil name	Common trees		 Volume of wood	Trees to manage
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	fiber	<u> </u>
	 	 	cu ft/ac	
82006:				
Bosket	eastern cottonwood	100	129	eastern cottonwood,
	green ash		57	green ash,
	sweetgum willow oak	:	100	sweetgum
	WILLOW Oak	90 	86 	
82007:			! 	
Bosket	eastern cottonwood	100	129	eastern cottonwood,
	green ash		57	green ash,
	sweetgum		100	sweetgum
	willow oak	90	86 	
82009:	 			
Forestdale	eastern cottonwood	i	i	American sycamore,
	green ash		58	eastern
	silver maple			cottonwood, silver
	sweetgum willow oak		 72	maple, sweetgum
	willow oak	04	72	
82010:			! 	
Amagon	eastern cottonwood	100	129	eastern cottonwood,
	green ash		57	Shumard's oak,
	Shumard's oak			sweetgum, willow
	willow oak	84	72 	oak
82011:	 	 	 	
Crowley	cherrybark oak			cherrybark oak,
	loblolly pine	80	114	green ash,
	sweetgum			loblolly pine,
	water oak			shortleaf pine, water oak
	 	 	 	water oak
86000:	 			
Dubbs	black walnut	i	j	American sycamore,
	eastern cottonwood		129	black walnut,
	green ash		57	eastern
	Shumard's oak sweetgum		56 	cottonwood, green ash, tuliptree
	willow oak		72	asii, curiptiee
			İ	
86001:	İ	ĺ	ĺ	İ
Calhoun	green ash			green ash,
	pin oak sweetgum		72 80	sweetgum, willow
	willow oak		64	oak
86002:				
Falaya	bur oak			bur oak, eastern
	eastern cottonwood		114	cottonwood, green
	green ash		58 	ash, sweetgum
	ST COMOTE	, 		
86003:	İ	İ	İ	
Amagon	eastern cottonwood		129	eastern cottonwood,
	green ash		57	Shumard's oak,
	Shumard's oak willow oak		 72	sweetgum, willow oak
		35	'2	

Table 7.--Forest Productivity--Continued

	Potential produ	ıctivi	ty	
Map symbol and				
soil name	Common trees	Site	Volume	Trees to manage
	İ	index	of wood	İ
	İ	İ	fiber	İ
		l	cu ft/ac	
	İ	İ		İ
86004:	İ	İ	İ	İ
Forestdale	eastern cottonwood	j	i	American sycamore,
	green ash	88	58	eastern
	silver maple	j		cottonwood, silver
	sweetgum			maple, sweetgum
	willow oak	84	72	İ
	<u> </u>	i	İ	!
90000:	<u> </u>	i	İ	!
Memphis	black oak	86	72	northern red oak,
•	northern red oak		72	tuliptree, white
	tuliptree		84	oak
	white oak		87	
		i		
90001:	1	İ	! 	
Memphis	black oak	86	72	northern red oak,
	northern red oak		72	tuliptree, white
	tuliptree		84	oak
	white oak		87	
		, / <u>-</u>		! [
99001.	1	İ	 	! [
Water	I I	i	 	!
	1	İ	 	! [
99003.	I I	i	 	!
Miscellaneous water	! 	l I	 	!
MIDCEILLICOUD WATCH	! 	l I	 	!
99007.	! 	İ	! 	!
Dam	i I	l I	 	
	! 	İ	! 	!
99015:	! 	İ	! 	!
Udorthents.	! 	İ	! 	!
Casa sileites .	! 	İ	! 	!
Water.	 	l I	 	
	! 	İ	! 	!
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Hand planting	Mechanical planting		Use of harvesting equipment		Mechanical site preparation (surface)		. Roads (natural surface)		
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
60033:	 	 	 	 		 	 	 	 	
Wrengart	Not limited 	 	Slightly limited slope (slightly limited)	 0.10 	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50 	Not limited 	 	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50
60046:	 		 	 		 	 		 	
Minnith	Slightly limited slope (slightly limited) 	 0.14 	Limited slope (limited) 	 0.99 	Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.50	Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	Very limited slope (very limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50
60053:	 		 	 		 	 		 	
Winfield	Not limited	 	Not limited	 	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.26	Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.26 	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.26
60054: Minnith	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) 	 0.47 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Not limited 	 	 Limited slope (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.76 0.50
60055:	 	 	 	 		 	 	 	 	
Winfield	Not limited 	 	Not limited -	 	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	0.50	Not limited 	 	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	0.50
66000:				 				 		
Moniteau	Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited)	 0.60 	Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited)	 0.60 	Limited seasonal wetness (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.91 0.50 	Limited seasonal wetness (limited)	 0.91 	Limited seasonal wetness (limited) flooding (moderately limited) low strength	 0.91 0.60 0.50

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Hand planting		Mechanical planti	ng	Use of harvesting equ	 Use of harvesting equipment 		ration	 Roads (natural surf 	ace)
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
66054: Wakeland	 Not limited 		Not limited	 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.50 0.45 	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.45 		 1.00 0.50 0.45
66055: Haymond	 Not limited 		Not limited	 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Not limited 	 	Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.50
73055: Alred	 Moderately limited small stones (moderately limited) slope (slightly limited)	0.31	Limited slope (limited) surface stones (moderately limited) small stones (moderately limited)	0.31	 Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) small stones (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.12 	 Very limited slope (very limited) slippage potential (limited)	 1.00 0.90
Rueter	Slightly limited small stones (slightly limited) slope (slightly limited)	 0.28 0.14 	Limited slope (limited) surface stones (moderately limited) small stones (slightly limited)	 0.99 0.38 0.28	Moderately limited slope (moderately limited)	 0.60 	Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) small stones (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.08 	 Very limited slope (very limited) slippage potential (limited)	 1.00 0.90
73100: Wrengart	 Not limited 		Not limited	 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50 	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50
73101: Wrengart	 Not limited 		Slightly limited slope (slightly limited)	 0.20 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) slope (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.15

Map symbol and soil name	Hand planting		Mechanical planting		Use of harvesting equipment		Mechanical site preparation (surface)		Roads (natural surface)	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73139: Poynor	 Slightly limited small stones (slightly limited)	 0.14	 Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) small stones	 0.47 0.14	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50 	 Not limited 	 	 Limited slope (limited) slippage potential	 0.76 0.50
	 		(slightly limited) surface stones (slightly limited)	0.14		 		 	simplage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	0.50
Clarksville	 Slightly limited small stones (slightly limited) 	 0.04 	(moderately limited) small stones (slightly limited)	 0.47 0.04	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	Not limited	 	 Limited slope (limited) slippage potential (moderately limited)	
Scholten	 Slightly limited small stones (slightly limited) 	 0.06	surface stones (slightly limited) Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) small stones (slightly limited) surface stones	0.02 0.47 0.06 0.02	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (moderately limited)	 0.50 0.43	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.43 	low strength (moderately limited)	 0.76 0.50
73140: Clarksville	 Slightly limited slope (slightly limited) small stones (slightly limited)	 0.20 0.17	(slightly limited) Very limited slope (very limited) surface stones (moderately limited) small stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.38 0.17	Limited slope (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.79 0.50	 Limited slope (limited) 	 0.79 	(moderately limited) Very limited slope (very limited) slippage potential (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.90
Scholten	Limited small stones (limited) slope (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.14 	Limited slope (limited) small stones (limited) surface stones (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.80 0.38	Moderately limited slope (moderately limited)	 0.60 	 Limited small stones (limited) slope (moderately limited) 	 0.80 0.60 	 Very limited slope (very limited) slippage potential (limited) 	 1.00 0.90

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Hand planting		Mechanical planti	ng	Use of harvesting equ	ipment	Mechanical site prepa (surface)	ration	Roads (natural surf	ace)
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73141: Firebaugh	 Not limited 		 Slightly limited slope (slightly limited) 	 0.10 	 Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.23 	 Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.23 	Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	0.50
73145: Crider	 Not limited 		 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Not limited 		 Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	0.50
73146: Marquand	 Not limited 		 Slightly limited slope (slightly limited) 	 0.10 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.15 	 Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.15 	Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	0.50
73150: Caneyville	 Not limited 		 Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) 	 0.47 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Not limited 		 Limited slope (limited) slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	0.50
Bucklick	 Not limited 		 Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) 	 0.47 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Not limited 		Limited slope (limited) slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	0.50

Map symbol and soil name	Hand planting		Mechanical planti 	ng	Use of harvesting equ	ipment	Mechanical site prepa: (surface)	ration	Roads (natural surf	ace)
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73151:	 		 		 		[]	 		
Caneyville	Slightly limited	i	Limited	i	Moderately limited	i	Moderately limited	i	Very limited	i
	slope	0.07	slope	0.80	•	0.50	slope	0.31	slope	1.00
	(slightly limited)	i	(limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	İ	(very limited)	i
	İ	İ	İ	i	slope	0.31	i -	į	slippage potential	0.90
	İ	İ	İ	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	İ	İ	(limited)	i
	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	low strength	0.50
									(moderately limited)	
Gasconade	 Moderately limited	 	 Limited		 Moderately limited		 Moderately limited	 	 Very limited	
	stickiness (surface)	0.50	slope	0.80	low strength	0.50	stickiness (surface)	0.50	slope	1.00
	(moderately limited)	İ	(limited)	ĺ	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ
	large stones	0.42	large stones	0.76	stickiness (surface)	0.50	large stones	0.42	slippage potential	0.90
	(moderately limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	
	slope	0.07	stickiness (surface)	0.50	slope	0.31	slope	0.31	low strength	0.50
	slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	
Bucklick	 Slightly limited		 Limited		 Moderately limited		 Moderately limited		 Very limited	
	slope	0.07	slope	0.80	low strength	0.50	slope	0.31	slope	1.00
	(slightly limited)	ĺ	(limited)	ĺ	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ
					slope	0.31			slippage potential	0.90
					(moderately limited)				(limited)	
									low strength	0.50
			 				 		(moderately limited)	
73156:			 							
Alred	Not limited		Moderately limited		Not limited		Not limited		Limited	
			slope	0.47					slippage potential	0.90
			(moderately limited)						(limited)	
			surface stones	0.02					slope	0.76
	 		(slightly limited)		 		 	 	(limited)	
Gepp	 Moderately limited		 Moderately limited		 Not limited		 Slightly limited		 Limited	İ
	small stones	0.31	slope	0.47			small stones	0.12	slippage potential	0.90
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)				(slightly limited)		(limited)	
			small stones	0.31					slope	0.76
	!		(moderately limited)		!	!			(limited)	!
	!		surface stones	0.02	!	!				!
			(slightly limited)							

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Hand planting		Mechanical planti	ng	Use of harvesting equ	ipment	Mechanical site prepa: (surface)	ration	Roads (natural surf	ace)
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73157: Captina	 Not limited 	 	 Slightly limited slope (slightly limited) 	 0.10 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.15	 Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.15 	Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	0.50
73223:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Coulstone	Limited large stones (limited)	0.61	Limited large stones >35% (very limited)	0.99	Moderately limited slope (moderately limited)	 0.60	Limited large stones (limited)	 0.61	Very limited slope (very limited)	1.00
	surface stones	0.58	slope	0.99	very sandy (surface)	0.50	slope	0.60	surface stones	0.58
	(moderately limited) very sandy (surface) (moderately limited)	 0.50 	(limited) surface stones (limited)	 0.97 	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited) very sandy (surface) (moderately limited)	0.50
Bender	Moderately limited large stones (moderately limited) very sandy (surface) (moderately limited) surface stones (moderately limited)	 0.50 0.50 0.41	 Very limited slope (very limited) large stones (limited) surface stones (limited)	 1.00 0.86 0.78	Limited slope (limited) very sandy (surface) (moderately limited)	 0.79 0.50 	Limited slope (limited) large stones (moderately limited)	 0.79 0.50 	 Very limited slope (very limited) very sandy (surface) (moderately limited) slippage potential (moderately limited)	0.50
73264: Alred	 Slightly limited slope	 0.14		 0.99	 Moderately limited slope	 0.60	 Moderately limited slope	 0.60	 Very limited slope	1.00
	(slightly limited) 	 	(limited) surface stones (moderately limited) 	 0.38 	(moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50 	(moderately limited) 	 	(very limited) slippage potential (limited) low strength	 0.90 0.50
Wrengart	 Slightly limited	 	 Limited	 	 Moderately limited	 	 Moderately limited	 	(moderately limited) Very limited	
3	slope (slightly limited)	0.07	slope (limited)	0.80	low strength	0.50	slope (moderately limited)	0.31	slope (very limited)	1.00
	 		(111111111111111111111111111111111111		(moderately limited) slope	0.31	seasonal wetness	0.10	low strength	0.50
	 	 	 	 	(moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.10 	(slightly limited) 	 	(moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.10

Map symbol and soil name	Hand planting		Mechanical planti	ng	Use of harvesting equ	ipment	Mechanical site prepa: (surface)	ration	Roads (natural surf	face)
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value		Value		Value		Value
	limiting features		limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	
73265:							 	 		
Captina	Slightly limited	i i	Slightly limited	İ	Moderately limited	İ	Slightly limited	İ	Moderately limited	İ
İ	small stones	0.19	small stones	0.19	low strength	0.50	seasonal wetness	0.21	slippage potential	0.50
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited))
			large stones	0.15	seasonal wetness	0.21			low strength	0.50
			(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)				(moderately limited))
			slope	0.10					seasonal wetness	0.21
			(slightly limited)						(slightly limited)	
 Scholten	Slightly limited		Slightly limited		 Moderately limited		 Moderately limited	 	 Moderately limited	
	small stones	0.11	small stones	0.11	low strength	0.50	seasonal wetness	0.47	slippage potential	0.50
i	(slightly limited)	i i	(slightly limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	ı İ
į		i i	slope	0.10	seasonal wetness	0.47	į -	į	low strength	0.50
į		i i	(slightly limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	j	İ	(moderately limited)) į
									seasonal wetness	0.47
!					ļ.		!		(moderately limited))
73266:										
Hildebrecht	Not limited		Moderately limited	 	 Moderately limited	 	 Not limited	 	 Limited	
IIII GCDI COIIC	1100 IIIII1000		slope	0.47	low strength	0.50		i	slope	0.76
i		i i	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)			i	(limited)	
i		i i		i		İ		İ	low strength	0.50
į		i i		İ	İ	İ	j	į	(moderately limited)	ij
73267: Yelton	Not limited		Moderately limited	 	 Moderately limited	 	 Slightly limited	 	 Limited	1
		i i	slope	0.47	low strength	0.50	seasonal wetness	0.28	slope	0.76
i		i i	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	İ	(limited)	i
į		i i	_	i	seasonal wetness	0.28	İ	İ	low strength	0.50
į		j j		İ	(slightly limited)	İ	j	İ	(moderately limited)) į
İ		į į		ĺ	İ	ĺ		İ	seasonal wetness	0.28
!					ļ.		!		(slightly limited)	
Scholten	Not limited		Moderately limited		 Moderately limited	 	 Moderately limited		Limited	
penorcen	NOC ITHITCEG		slope	0.47		0.50	seasonal wetness	0.47	slope	0.76
 			(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	!	(moderately limited)	3.47	(limited)	
			(i	seasonal wetness	0.47	\		slippage potential	0.50
ļ				i	(moderately limited)				(moderately limited)	1
i		i i		i		i		<u> </u>	low strength	0.50
		1	l .	1	T. Control of the Con	1	I .	1		1

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Hand planting		 Mechanical plantin 	ng	Use of harvesting equ	ipment	 Mechanical site prepa (surface)	ration	 Roads (natural surf 	ace)
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73269: Brussels	 - T.imited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	
Diabboth	slope (limited	0.72	slope (very limited)	1.00	slope (very limited)	1.00	slope (very limited)	1.00		1.00
	stickiness (surface) (moderately limited)		surface stones (limited)	0.79	large surface stones (moderately limited)		large surface stones (moderately limited)	0.60	slippage potential (limited)	0.90
	surface stones (moderately limited)	0.42	stickiness (surface) (moderately limited)	0.50	stickiness (surface) (moderately limited)		stickiness (surface) (moderately limited)	0.50	large surface stones (moderately limited)	
Gasconade	 Limited stickiness (surface)	 0.75	 Very limited slope	 1.00	 Very limited slope	 1.00	 Very limited slope	 1.00	 Very limited slope	 1.00
	(limited) surface stones	0.42	(very limited) surface stones	0.79	(very limited) stickiness (surface)		(very limited) stickiness (surface)		(very limited) slippage potential	0.90
	(moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	0.37	(limited) stickiness (surface) (limited)	 0.75 	(limited) large surface stones (moderately limited)	 0.60 	(limited) large surface stones (moderately limited)	 0.60 	(limited) stickiness (surface) (limited)	0.75
Rock outcrop	 Not rated		 Not rated	 	 Not rated	 	 Not rated	 	 Not rated	
73270: Wrengart	 Not limited 		 Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) 	 0.47 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Not limited 	 	 Limited slope (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.76 0.50
73343: Captina	 Not limited 	 	 Slightly limited slope	 0.10	 Moderately limited low strength	 0.50	 Slightly limited seasonal wetness	 0.21	 Moderately limited slippage potential	 0.50
	 		(slightly limited) 	 	(moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.21 	(slightly limited) 	 	(moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness	0.50
72244		 				 	 		(slightly limited) 	<u> </u>
73344: Captina	 Not limited 		 Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) 	 0.47 		 0.50 0.21	 Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.21 	 Limited slope (limited) slippage potential (moderately limited)	0.76
	! 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	(moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	0.50

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Hand planting		 Mechanical planti 	ng	 Use of harvesting equ 	ipment	 Mechanical site prepared (surface)	aration	 Roads (natural surf 	ace)
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
74649: Aslinger	 Not limited 		 Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) 	 0.34 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.50 0.20 	 Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.20 	 Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	0.50
Waben	 Not limited 		 Not limited 	 	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50 	 Not limited 		Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	0.50
74679: Higdon	 Not limited 		 Not limited 		 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.29 	 Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.29 	Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	0.50
74680: Moniteau	Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited)	0.60	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	Limited seasonal wetness (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.91 0.50	 Limited seasonal wetness (limited) 	 0.91 	 Limited seasonal wetness (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.91 0.50
74685: Auxvasse	 Not limited 		 Not limited 	 	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.29	 Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.29 	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.29
75379: Kaintuck	 Not limited 		 Not limited 	; 	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50 	 Not limited 		 Very limited flooding (very limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50

Map symbol and soil name	Hand planting		Mechanical plant	ing	Use of harvesting equ	ipment	Mechanical site prepared (surface)	aration	Roads (natural surf	ace)
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75381: Bearthicket	 Not limited 		 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Not limited 		Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	0.50
75395: Jamesfin	 Not limited 		 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Not limited 	 		0.50
75408: Secesh	 Not limited 		 Not limited - 		 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Not limited 		 Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	0.50
75409: Relfe	 Not limited 		 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 		 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited)	 0.60
75411: Tilk	 Limited small stones (limited)	 0.77 	 Limited small stones (limited)	 0.77 	 Not limited 	 	 Limited small stones (limited)	 0.78 	 Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited)	 0.50
75416: Gladden	 Not limited 		 Not limited 	 	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50 	 Not limited 	 	Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	0.50

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Hand planting		 Mechanical planti: 	ng	Use of harvesting equi	ipment	 Mechanical site prepa: (surface)	ration	Roads (natural surf	ace)
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75417: Relfe	 Moderately limited small stones (moderately limited) very sandy (surface) (moderately limited)		 Moderately limited small stones (moderately limited) very sandy (surface) (moderately limited)	 0.58 0.50	 Moderately limited very sandy (surface) (moderately limited) 		 Moderately limited small stones (moderately limited)	 0.56 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) very sandy (surface) (moderately limited)	
Sandbur	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00
75426: Gabriel	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.29	 Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.29 	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	0.50
75428: Tilk	 Slightly limited small stones (slightly limited) 	 0.11 	 Slightly limited small stones (slightly limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 0.11 0.01	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) slippage potential (moderately limited)	0.50
Cornwall	Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) 	 0.34 	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (moderately limited)	 0.50 0.34 	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.34 	Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	0.50
Poynor	 Slightly limited small stones (slightly limited) 	 0.04 	 Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) small stones (slightly limited)	 0.47 0.04 	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50 	 Not limited 	 	Limited slope (limited) slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	0.50

Map symbol and soil name	 Hand planting 		 Mechanical planti: 	ng	 Use of harvesting equ 	ipment	 Mechanical site prepa (surface)	ration	Roads (natural surf	ace)
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75429: Tilk	 Limited small stones (limited) 	 0.77 	 Limited small stones (limited) 	 0.77 	 Not limited 	 	 Limited small stones (limited) 	 0.77 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) slippage potential (moderately limited)	0.50
Secesh	 Slightly limited large stones (slightly limited) small stones (slightly limited)	 0.17 0.05	 Moderately limited large stones (moderately limited) small stones (slightly limited)	 0.45 0.05 		 0.50 	 Slightly limited large stones (slightly limited) 		 Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	0.50
75430: Wideman	 Not limited 		 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited)	0.60
75451: Gladden	 Not limited 		 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Not limited 		 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	0.50
75467: Wilbur	 Not limited 		 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.50 0.24 	 Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.24 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.50 0.24
75468: Elsah	 Slightly limited small stones (slightly limited)	 0.04 	 Slightly limited small stones (slightly limited)	 0.04 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Not limited 		 Very limited flooding (very limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Hand planting		 Mechanical planti 	ng	Use of harvesting equ	ipment	 Mechanical site prepa: (surface)	ration	Roads (natural surf	ace)
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
77000: Killarney	 Limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	
	surface stones (limited)	0.77 	surface stones >15% (very limited)	1.00 	large surface stones (very limited)	1.00 	large surface stones (very limited)	1.00 	slope (very limited)	1.00
	small stones (moderately limited)	0.31 	slope (very limited)	1.00 	slope (limited)	0.79 	slope (limited)	0.79 	large surface stones (very limited)	1.00
	slope (slightly limited)	0.20	small stones (moderately limited)	0.31	seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	0.10	small stones (slightly limited)	0.12	surface stones (limited)	0.77
Frenchmill	1		 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited	
	surface stones (limited)	0.77	surface stones >15%	i	large surface stones (very limited)	İ	large surface stones (very limited)	į	slope (very limited)	1.00
	slope (slightly limited)	0.20	slope (very limited)	1.00	slope (limited)	0.79	slope (limited)	0.79	large surface stones (very limited)	į
	small stones (slightly limited)	0.08	large stones (slightly limited)	0.27	<u> </u>	 	 	 	surface stones (limited)	0.77
77002:						 		 	 	
Delassus	Not limited 		Slightly limited slope (slightly limited)	 0.10 	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50 	Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.16 	Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited)	0.50
	 		 	i I	seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	0.16	 	 	low strength (moderately limited)	0.50
							 	 	seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	0.16
77005:	 				 	 	 	 	 	
Hassler	Slightly limited slope (slightly limited)	0.02	Limited slope (limited)	 0.64 	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50 	Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.17 	Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00
	 		surface stones (slightly limited)	0.02	seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	0.17	slope (slightly limited)	0.10	slippage potential (moderately limited)	0.50
				į Į	slope (slightly limited)	0.10		į Į	low strength (moderately limited)	0.50
Syenite	 Slightly limited		 Limited		 Moderately limited		 Slightly limited		 Very limited	
	slope (slightly limited)	0.05	slope (limited)	0.72	(moderately limited)	0.50	slope (slightly limited)	0.20	slope (very limited)	1.00
	<u> </u>		surface stones (slightly limited)	0.02	slope (slightly limited)	0.20		 	slippage potential (moderately limited)	
	 		 	 		 	 	 	low strength (moderately limited)	0.50

Map symbol and soil name	Hand planting		 Mechanical planti 	ng	Use of harvesting equ	ipment	 Mechanical site prepa (surface)	ration	Roads (natural surf	ace)
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
77008: Hassler	 Not limited 		 Slightly limited slope (slightly limited) surface stones (slightly limited)	 0.30 0.02 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.17 	 Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.17 	Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.50 0.50 0.31
80000: Calhoun	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	0.60	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	0.50	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.50
80001: Oaklimeter	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.20	 Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.20 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.20
82000: Dubbs	 Not limited 		 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50
82001: Amagon	 Limited seasonally ponded (limited) seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.80 0.60 	 Limited seasonally ponded (limited) seasonal wetness (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.60 		 1.00 0.80 0.50	 Very limited seasonal wetness (very limited) seasonally ponded (limited)	 1.00 0.80 		 1.00 1.00 0.50
82002: Forestdale	Limited seasonally ponded (limited) seasonal wetness (moderately limited) stickiness (surface) (moderately limited)		Limited seasonally ponded (limited) seasonal wetness (moderately limited) stickiness (surface) (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.60 0.50	 Very limited seasonal wetness (very limited) seasonally ponded (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.80 0.50	 Very limited seasonal wetness (very limited) seasonally ponded (limited) stickiness (surface) (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.80 0.50	Very limited seasonal wetness (very limited) ponded (wetness) (very limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.50

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Hand planting		Mechanical planti	ng	Use of harvesting equ	ipment	Mechanical site prepa (surface)	ration	Roads (natural surf	ace)
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
82005: Malden	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Not Limited 	
82006: Bosket	 Not limited	<u> </u> 	 Not limited	 	 Not limited	 	 Not limited	 	 Not Limited	į Į
82007: Bosket	 Not limited - 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Not limited - 	 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	0.50
82009: Forestdale	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) stickiness (surface) (moderately limited)		 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) stickiness (surface) (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.50 			 Very limited seasonal wetness (very limited) stickiness (surface) (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50		0.50
82010: Amagon	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Limited seasonal wetness (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.62 0.50	 Limited seasonal wetness (limited) 	 0.62 	 Limited seasonal wetness (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.62 0.50
82011: Crowley	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.50	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	0.60
86000: Dubbs	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	0.50

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Hand planting		Mechanical planting		Use of harvesting equipment		Mechanical site preparation (surface)		Roads (natural surface)	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
90001:	 		 		 		 		 	
Memphis	Not limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Not limited		Limited	
			slope	0.47	low strength	0.50			slope	0.76
			(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)				(limited)	
									low strength	0.50
								-	(moderately limited)	- [
99001:					 		 		 	
Water	Not rated	İ	Not rated	İ	Not rated		Not rated	İ	Not rated	Ì
99003: Miscellaneous	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
water	Not rated	İ	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	İ
99007:			 		 		 		 	
Dam	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	
99015:	[[[[[[[[
Udorthents	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	
Water	 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated	

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra	ail	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviva	al
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
60033: Wrengart	 Limited slope/erodibility (limited)	 0.67 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.15	 Limited low strength (limited)	 0.80	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50 	 Not limited 	
60046: Minnith	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Limited slope/erodibility (limited) 	 0.61 	Limited low strength (limited)	0.80	 Very limited slope (very limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50	 Not limited 	
60053: Winfield	 Moderately limited slope/erodibility (moderately limited) 	 0.56 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.12 	Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	0.80	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.26	 Not limited 	
60054: Minnith	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited)	 1.00 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.29 	 Limited low strength (limited) 	0.80	 Limited slope (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.76 0.50	 Not limited 	
60055: Winfield	 Moderately limited slope/erodibility (moderately limited)	 0.39	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	0.09	 Limited low strength (limited)	0.80	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50	 Not limited 	
66000: Moniteau	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.22 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.05 	 Limited seasonal wetness (limited) low strength (limited)	 0.91 0.80	Limited seasonal wetness (limited) flooding (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.91 0.60 0.50	 Limited seasonal wetness (limited) flooding (moderately limited) 	 0.91 0.60

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra	il	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling survival	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
66054: Wakeland	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.06 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.01 	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.80 0.45 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50 0.45	 Limited flooding (limited) seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.90 0.31
66055: Haymond	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.17 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.04 	 Limited low strength (limited) 	 0.80 	Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.50	Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited)	 0.60
73055: Alred	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Moderately limited slope/erodibility (moderately limited) 	 0.49 	 Not limited 		 Very limited slope (very limited) slippage potential (limited)	 1.00 0.90	 Not limited 	
Rueter	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Moderately limited slope/erodibility (moderately limited) 	 0.49 	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited slope (very limited) slippage potential (limited)	 	 Not limited 	
73100: Wrengart	 Moderately limited slope/erodibility (moderately limited)	 0.44 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.10 	 Limited low strength (limited)	 0.80 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50 	 Not limited 	
73101: Wrengart	 Limited slope/erodibility (limited) 	 0.78 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.17 	 Limited low strength (limited) 	 0.80 	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) slope (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.15	 Not limited 	

Map symbol and soil name	Erosion on roads and	trails	erosion		Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling survival	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73139:			 		 	 				
Poynor	· ·		Slightly limited	!	Limited		Limited		Not limited	
	slope/erodibility	0.75	slope/erodibility	0.24		0.80	slope	0.76		
	(limited)		(slightly limited)	!	(limited)		(limited)			
	 		 		 	 	slippage potential (moderately limited)	0.50		-
]	1	 		 	 	low strength (moderately limited)	0.50 		
Clarksville	 Limited		 Slightly limited		 Limited	 	 Limited	 	Not limited	
	slope/erodibility	0.75	slope/erodibility	0.24	low strength	0.80	slope	0.76		
	(limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	ĺ	(limited)	ĺ	(limited)	İ		ĺ
	 	[]	 	 	 	 	slippage potential (moderately limited)	0.50 		
		i		i	! 	 	low strength	0.50		i
		į		į	 		(moderately limited)			į
Scholten	 Very limited		 Slightly limited		 Limited		 Limited	 	 Slightly limited	
	slope/erodibility	1.00	slope/erodibility	0.29	low strength	0.80	slope	0.76	seasonal wetness	0.26
	(very limited)		(slightly limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(slightly limited)	
	[]		 		seasonal wetness (moderately limited)	0.43	slippage potential (moderately limited)	0.50 	soil reaction (slightly limited)	0.12
	İ	i	İ	İ	į -	į	low strength	0.50		i
	i I	İ	 	İ I	 	 	(moderately limited)	 		Ì
73140:				į		į				
Clarksville			Moderately limited		Limited		Very limited		Slightly limited	
	slope/erodibility	1.00	slope/erodibility	0.59	low strength	0.80	slope	1.00		0.06
	(very limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	 	(very limited) slippage potential	 0.90	(slightly limited)	
		l	 	I I	 	l I	(limited)	10.30		ŀ
	1	i	 	i	 	 	low strength	0.50		i
				į		į	(moderately limited)			
Scholten	 Very limited		 Moderately limited		 Not limited	 	 Very limited	 	Not limited	
	slope/erodibility	1.00	slope/erodibility	0.49			slope	1.00		
	(very limited)		(moderately limited)				(very limited)			
							slippage potential	0.90		ļ
	 		 			 	(limited) 	 		
73141:	<u> </u>	į		į		į		į		į
Firebaugh	•	0.67	Slightly limited	0.15	Slightly limited seasonal wetness	 0.23	Moderately limited slippage potential	 0.50	Not limited	-
	slope/erodibility (limited)	0.67	slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	0.15	seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	∪.∠3 	slippage potential (moderately limited)	U.5U		
	(TIMILLEG)	1	(stiducty timiced)	1	(stiductà timiced)	I I	seasonal wetness	0.23] 	-

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra	il	Soil rutting		 Log landings 		Seedling survival	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73145: Crider	 Moderately limited slope/erodibility (moderately limited) 	 0.56 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.12 	 Limited low strength (limited) 	0.80	 Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50 0.50	 Not limited 	
73146: Marquand	 Limited slope/erodibility (limited) 	 0.67 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.15 	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.15 	Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	0.50	 Not limited 	
73150: Caneyville	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.24 	 Limited low strength (limited) 	 0.80 	Limited slope (limited) slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.76 0.50 0.50	 Not limited 	
Bucklick		 1.00 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.24 	Limited low strength (limited)	 0.80 	Limited slope (limited) slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.76 0.50 0.50	 Not limited 	
73151: Caneyville	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Moderately limited slope/erodibility (moderately limited) 	 0.39 	Limited Low strength (limited)	 0.80 	 Very limited slope (very limited) slippage potential (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.90 0.50	 Not limited 	

Map symbol and soil name	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra erosion	il	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling survival	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
	1	İ	İ	İ		İ		İ		İ
73151:										
Gasconade	1		Moderately limited		Limited		Very limited		Limited	ļ
	slope/erodibility	0.77	slope/erodibility	0.39	low strength	0.80	slope	1.00	droughty	0.92
	(limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	-
			 				slippage potential (limited)	0.90	 	
		-	 		 	l	low strength	0.50	 	-
			 			i i	(moderately limited)	10.30	 	-
		1	 	i	 	i	(moderacery rimited)	 	 	1
Bucklick	 Verv limited	i	Moderately limited	i	Limited	i	 Very limited		Not limited	i
	slope/erodibility	1.00	slope/erodibility	0.39	low strength	0.80	slope	1.00		i
	(very limited)	į	(moderately limited)	İ	(limited)	į	(very limited)	į	İ	j
							slippage potential	0.90		
							(limited)			
							low strength	0.50		
						ļ	(moderately limited)	ļ		ļ
73156:							 	l i	 	
/3150: Alred	I imited	-	 Slightly limited		 Not limited	l	 Limited	l I	 Not limited	-
AIIeu	slope/erodibility	0.75	slope/erodibility	0.24	NOC IMILICEG		slippage potential	0.90	NOC IIIIICed	-
	(limited)		(slightly limited)			1	(limited)		 	i
		i		i		i	slope	0.76		i
		i	İ	į	İ	i	(limited)	į		i
		1	[1				
Gepp	·		Slightly limited		Not limited	ļ	Limited		Not limited	!
	slope/erodibility	0.75	slope/erodibility	0.24			slippage potential	0.90		-
	(limited)	-	(slightly limited)		 		(limited) slope	0.76	İ	-
		1	 				(limited)	0.76	 	-
		1			 	1	(111111111111111111111111111111111111	İ	 	1
73157:		i		İ		i				i
Captina	Limited	i	Slightly limited	ĺ	Limited	i	 Moderately limited	ĺ	Not limited	i
-	slope/erodibility	0.67	slope/erodibility	0.15	low strength	0.80	slippage potential	0.50		İ
	(limited)		(slightly limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)			
		1	[seasonal wetness	0.15	low strength	0.50		
		-			(slightly limited)	ļ	(moderately limited)			
		-					seasonal wetness	0.15		
	!		1		I		(slightly limited)		I	

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra erosion	Off-road or off-trail erosion			 Log landings 		Seedling survival	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73223: Coulstone	 Limited slope/erodibility (limited) 	 0.96 	Moderately limited slope/erodibility (moderately limited)	 0.49 	 Not limited - - -			 1.00 0.58 0.50	 Very limited droughty (very limited) 	 1.00
Bender	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	 1.00 	Moderately limited slope/erodibility (moderately limited)	 0.59 	Not limited 		Very limited slope (very limited) slippage potential (moderately limited) very sandy (surface) (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50 0.50	 Very limited droughty (very limited) 	 1.00
73264: Alred	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	 1.00 	Limited slope/erodibility (limited)	 0.61 	 Limited low strength (limited) 	0.80	 Very limited slope (very limited) slippage potential (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.90 0.50	 Not limited - - - -	
Wrengart		 1.00 	Moderately limited slope/erodibility (moderately limited)	 0.49 	Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.10	Very limited slope (very limited) low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.50 0.10	Not limited 	
73265: Captina	 Limited slope/erodibility (limited) 	 0.67 	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.15 	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	0.80	Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.50 0.21	 Not limited 	

Map symbol and soil name	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-trail erosion		Soil rutting		 Log landings 	 Seedling surviva 	1	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73265: Scholten	 Limited slope/erodibility (limited) 	 0.67 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.12 	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.47 	Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (moderately limited)	 0.50 0.50 0.47	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.34
73266: Hildebrecht	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	1.00	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.29 	 Limited low strength (limited) 	 0.80 	 Limited slope (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.76 0.50	 Not limited 	
73267: Yelton	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	1.00	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.24 	Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.28 	Limited slope (limited) low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.76 0.50 0.28	 Not limited 	
Scholten		 1.00 	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) -	 0.29 	Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.47 	Limited slope (limited) slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.76 0.50 0.50	Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) soil reaction (slightly limited)	 0.34 0.12
73269: Brussels	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	1.00	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited slope (very limited) slippage potential (limited) large surface stones (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.90 0.60	 Slightly limited soil reaction (slightly limited) 	 0.01

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra	ail	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviv	al
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73269: Gasconade	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	 1.00 	Limited slope/erodibility (limited)	 0.78 	 Not limited - - -		 Very limited slope (very limited) slippage potential (limited) stickiness (surface) (limited)	 1.00 0.90 0.75	 Limited droughty (limited) soil reaction (slightly limited)	 0.89 0.01
Rock outcrop	 Not rated		Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated	
73270: Wrengart	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	 1.00 	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.29 	 Limited low strength (limited) 	 0.80 	 Limited slope (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.76 0.50	 Not limited 	
73343: Captina	 Limited slope/erodibility (limited) 	 0.67 	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.15 	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.80 0.21 	 Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.50 0.21	 Not limited 	
73344: Captina	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	 1.00 	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.29 	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.21	Limited slope (limited) slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.76 0.50 0.50	 Not limited 	
73345: Hildebrecht	 Limited slope/erodibility (limited) 	 0.78 	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.17 		 0.80 0.15	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) slope (slightly limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.15 0.15	 Not limited 	

Map symbol and soil name	 Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tr	ail	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviv	al
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73346: Hildebrecht	 Limited slope/erodibility (limited) 	 0.78 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.17 	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.15	Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) slope (slightly limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.15 0.15	 Slightly limited soil reaction (slightly limited) 	 0.06
74644: Deible	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.22 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.05 	 Limited seasonal wetness (limited) low strength (limited)	 0.91 0.80 	Limited seasonal wetness (limited) slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.91 0.50 0.50	 Limited seasonal wetness (limited) 	 0.91
74646: Cornwall	 Limited slope/erodibility (limited) 	 0.67 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.15 	Limited Low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.15 	Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.50 0.15	 Not limited 	
74648: Aslinger	 Limited slope/erodibility (limited) 	 0.67 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.15 	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.80 0.20	Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.50 0.20	 Not limited 	
74649: Aslinger	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.22 	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	0.80	Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.50 0.50 0.45	 Not limited 	

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-trail erosion		Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviva	al
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
74649: Waben	 Moderately limited slope/erodibility (moderately limited) 	 0.56 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	0.10	 Limited low strength (limited) 	 0.80 	 Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50 0.50	 Slightly limited droughty (slightly limited) 	 0.01
74679: Higdon	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.17 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	0.04	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	0.80	Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.50 0.29	 Not limited 	
74680: Moniteau	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.22 	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	0.05	Limited seasonal wetness (limited) low strength (limited)	 0.91 0.80	Limited seasonal wetness (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.91 0.50	 Limited seasonal wetness (limited) 	 0.91
74685: Auxvasse	 Moderately limited slope/erodibility (moderately limited) 	 0.44 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	0.10	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	0.80	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.29	 Not limited 	
75379: Kaintuck	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.22 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	0.05	 Limited low strength (limited) 	0.80	 Very limited flooding (very limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50	 Limited flooding (limited) 	 0.90
75381: Bearthicket	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.17 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.04 	Limited low strength (limited)	 0.80 	 Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50 0.50	 Not limited 	

Table	8bForest	ManagementContinued

Map symbol and soil name	 Erosion on roads and 	trails	Off-road or off-tra				 Log landings 		 Seedling surviva 	al
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
75395: Jamesfin	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.11 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.02 	 Limited low strength (limited) 	 0.80 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.50	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) 	 0.60
75408: Secesh	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	0.09	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	0.03	 Limited low strength (limited) 	 0.80 	 Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50 0.50	 Not limited 	
75409: Relfe	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	0.12	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.04 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) droughty (moderately limited)	0.35
75411: Tilk	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.08	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.04	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited)	 0.50 	 Slightly limited droughty (slightly limited)	 0.11
75416: Gladden	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.22 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	0.04	 Limited low strength (limited) 	 0.80 	Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	0.50	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) 	 0.60
75417: Relfe	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.12 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.04 	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) very sandy (surface) (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50	 Very limited droughty (very limited) flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.90
Sandbur	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.22 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.04 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50	 Very limited flooding (very limited)	 1.00 	 Limited flooding (limited)	0.90

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-trail erosion		 Soil rutting 		 Log landings 		Seedling surviva	1
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
75426: Gabriel		 0.11 	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.02 	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.29	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.29	 Not limited 	
75428: Tilk	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.12 	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	0.06	 Not limited 	 	Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) slippage potential (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.50	Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) droughty (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.18
Cornwall	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	 1.00 	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	0.18	Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.34 	Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.50 0.50 0.45		 0.11
Poynor		 0.46 	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	0.24	 Limited low strength (limited) 	 0.80 	Limited slope (limited) slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.76 0.50 0.50	 Limited droughty (limited) 	 0.77
75429: Tilk	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.06 	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.02 	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) slippage potential (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.50	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) 	 0.60
Secesh	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.09 	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	0.03	 Limited low strength (limited) 	 0.80 	Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50 0.50	 Not limited 	

Map symbol and soil name	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-trail erosion		Soil rutting		 Log landings 		 Seedling surviva 	.1
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75430: Wideman	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.12	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.04	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited)	 0.60	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited)	 0.60
75451: Gladden	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.11 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.02 	 Limited low strength (limited) 	 0.80 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.50	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) 	 0.60
75467: Wilbur	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.11 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.02 	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.24 		 1.00 0.50 0.24	 Limited flooding (limited) 	 0.90
75468: Elsah	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.22 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.04 	 Limited low strength (limited) 	 0.80 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50	 Limited flooding (limited) 	 0.90
77000: Killarney	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Moderately limited slope/erodibility (moderately limited) 	 0.59 	 Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.10 		 1.00 1.00 0.77	 Not limited 	
Frenchmill	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Moderately limited slope/erodibility (moderately limited) 	 0.59 	 Not limited 	 	Very limited large surface stones (very limited) slope (very limited) surface stones (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.77	 Not limited 	

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Erosion on roads and trails		Off-road or off-trail erosion		Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling survival	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
77002: Delassus	 Limited slope/erodibility (limited) 	 0.67 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.15 	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.16 	Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.50 0.16	 Not limited 	
77005: Hassler	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Moderately limited slope/erodibility (moderately limited) 	 0.31 	Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.17 	Very limited slope (very limited) slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50 0.50	 Not limited 	
Syenite	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Moderately limited slope/erodibility (moderately limited) 	 0.35 	 Limited low strength (limited) 	 0.80 	Very limited slope (very limited) slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50 0.50	 Not limited 	
77008: Hassler	 Limited slope/erodibility (limited) 	0.89	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.16 	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.17 	Moderately limited slippage potential (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.50 0.50 0.31	 Not limited 	
80000: Calhoun	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.06 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.01 	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.60	Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.50	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.60

Map symbol and soil name	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra	ail	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviva	1
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
80001: Oaklimeter	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.06 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.01 	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.20	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.20	 Not limited 	
82000: Dubbs	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.06	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	0.01	 Limited low strength (limited)	 0.80	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50	 Not limited 	
82001: Amagon	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.11 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.02 	 Very limited seasonal wetness (very limited) low strength (limited)	 1.00 0.80 	Very limited seasonal wetness (very limited) seasonally ponded (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.80 0.50	 Very limited seasonal wetness (very limited) 	 1.00
82002: Forestdale	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.11 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.02 	 Very limited seasonal wetness (very limited) low strength (limited)	 1.00 0.80	 Very limited seasonal wetness (very limited) seasonally ponded (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.80 0.50	 Very limited seasonal wetness (very limited) 	 1.00
82005: Malden	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.12	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.04	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50 	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited droughty (moderately limited)	 0.57
82006: Bosket	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.19 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.06	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited)	 0.50 	 Not limited - 	 	 Not limited 	
82007: Bosket	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.22 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	0.05	 Limited low strength (limited) 	 0.80 	Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.50	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) 	 0.60

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-trail erosion		Soil rutting		 Log landings 		 Seedling surviva 	1
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
82009: Forestdale	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.06 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.01 		 1.00 0.80 	Very limited seasonal wetness (very limited) low strength (moderately limited) stickiness (surface) (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50 0.50	 Very limited seasonal wetness (very limited) 	 1.00
82010: Amagon	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.11 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.02 	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (limited)	 0.80 0.62	 Limited seasonal wetness (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.62 0.50	 Limited seasonal wetness (limited) 	 0.62
82011: Crowley	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.06 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	0.01	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.60	Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.50	 Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.60
86000: Dubbs	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.22 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.05 	 Limited low strength (limited) 	 0.80 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.50	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) 	 0.60
86001: Calhoun	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.06 	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.01 	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.60 	Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) flooding (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.60 0.50	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.60 0.60

Map symbol and soil name	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra erosion	ail	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviva	1
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
86002: Falaya	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.11 	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.02 	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (limited)	 0.80 0.62 	Limited seasonal wetness (limited) flooding (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.62 0.60 0.50	 Limited seasonal wetness (limited) flooding (moderately limited) 	 0.62 0.60
86003: Amagon	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.11 	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.02 	 Limited low strength (limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.80 0.29 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited) seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.50 0.29	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) 	 0.60
86004: Forestdale	 Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) 	 0.11 	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.02 	 Very limited seasonal wetness (very limited) low strength (limited)	 1.00 0.80	 Very limited seasonal wetness (very limited) flooding (moderately limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60 0.50	 Very limited seasonal wetness (very limited) flooding (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60
90000: Memphis	 Limited slope/erodibility (limited)	 0.67 	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.15	 Limited low strength (limited)	 0.80	 Moderately limited low strength (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Not limited 	
90001: Memphis	 Very limited slope/erodibility (very limited) 	 1.00 	Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	 0.29 	 Limited low strength (limited) 	 0.80 	 Limited slope (limited) low strength (moderately limited)	 0.76 0.50	 Not limited 	

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra	ail	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviv	al
soil name			erosion							
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>
99001:	 	l I	 		 		 		 	l I
Water	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į
99003:	 	l I	 		 		 		 	l I
Miscellaneous	İ	j	İ	i	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	i
water	Not rated	Ì	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	
99007:			 		 		 		 	
Dam	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	
99015:	 		 		 					
Udorthents	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į
Water	 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated	

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings

(Absence of an entry indicates that trees generally do not grow to the given height.)

Map symbol		Trees having predic	ted 20-year average h	eight, in feet, of	
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35
				[
60033: Wrengart	 Fragrant sumac 	American plum; gray dogwood; southern arrowwood	 Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; Washington hawthorn	 Green ash; northern red oak; tuliptree; white fir	 Eastern white pine
60046:				<u> </u>	
Minnith	Fragrant sumac	American plum; gray dogwood; southern arrowwood	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; Washington hawthorn	Green ash; northern red oak; tuliptree; white fir	Eastern white pine
60053:	 			 	
Winfield	American hazelnut; fragrant sumac; southern arrowwood	American plum; blue spruce; eastern hophornbeam; eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; roughleaf dogwood	Arborvitae; common serviceberry; sugar maple 	Northern red oak; tuliptree; white ash; white oak	Eastern white pine
60054:	 	 		 	
Minnith	Fragrant sumac	American plum; gray dogwood; southern arrowwood	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; Washington hawthorn	Green ash; northern red oak; tuliptree; white fir	Eastern white pine
60055:	İ		į	İ	
Winfield	American hazelnut; black chokeberry; common elderberry; common juniper; common ninebark; common winterberry; coralberry; mapleleaf viburnum; redosier dogwood; silky dogwood	prairie crabapple;	Arborvitae; blue spruce; common persimmon; eastern redcedar; nannyberry; pecan; Washington hawthorn; white oak	Black walnut; blackgum; common hackberry; Douglas fir; green ash; northern red oak; Norway spruce; pin oak; tuliptree	Carolina poplar; eastern cottonwood; eastern white pine
66000:	İ	İ		ĺ	
Moniteau	Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash 	
66054:	İ	İ	İ	İ	
Wakeland	American hazelnut; common ninebark; wild hydrangea	American plum; blue spruce; possumhaw; roughleaf dogwood	Arborvitae; bur oak; green hawthorn; shingle oak	Austrian pine; baldcypress; hackberry; pin oak; red maple	American sycamore; eastern cottonwood; eastern white pine
66055:	 Amount gam h1	Amonian wi hi	Ambamui taga basa a -1-	 Number mine	Amoni gon g
Haymond	American hazeInut; common ninebark; wild hydrangea	American plum; blue spruce; possumhaw; roughleaf dogwood	Arborvitae; bur oak; green hawthorn; shingle oak	Austrian pine; baldcypress; hackberry; pin oak; red maple	American sycamore; eastern cottonwood; eastern white pine
73055:			į	İ	
Alred	Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash 	

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol	l	Trees having predict	ted 20-year average h	eight, in feet, of	
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35
73055: Rueter	 Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood		Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash	
F2100					
73100:	Emagnant gumag	 Amonicon nlime const	Eastern madbud.	Creen agh, northern	 Eastern white pine
Wrengart	Fragrant sumac - 	American plum; gray dogwood; southern arrowwood	Eastern redud; eastern redcedar; Washington hawthorn	Green ash; northern red oak; tuliptree; white fir	Eastern white pine
73101:					
Wrengart	Fragrant sumac	American plum; gray dogwood; southern arrowwood	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; Washington hawthorn	Green ash; northern red oak; tuliptree; white fir	:
73139:	 			! 	
Poynor	Fragrant sumac; ninebark; St. Johnswort	Eastern redcedar; possumhaw; roughleaf dogwood; Washington hawthorn	green hawthorn; post oak	Austrian pine; green ash; hackberry; honeylocust; pin oak	
Clarksville	 Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash	
Scholten	 Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	 Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	 Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash 	
73140:	 	 	l I	 -	
Clarksville	Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash 	
Scholten	 Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash	
73141:	 	 	 	 	
Firebaugh	Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash 	
73145: Crider	American hazelnut; fragrant sumac; southern arrowwood	American plum; blue spruce; eastern hophornbeam; eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; roughleaf dogwood	 Arborvitae; common serviceberry; sugar maple 	 Northern red oak; tuliptree; white ash; white oak	 Eastern white pine

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol	<u> </u>	 	ted 20-year average he		
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35
73146: Marquand	American hazelnut; fragrant sumac; southern arrowwood	spruce; eastern hophornbeam; eastern redbud; eastern redcedar;	 Arborvitae; common serviceberry; sugar 	Northern red oak; tuliptree; white ash; white oak	 Eastern white pine
73150: Caneyville	 Fragrant sumac; ninebark; St.	roughleaf dogwood	Arborvitae; bur oak;	Austrian pine; green ash; hackberry;	
Postal de la	Johnswort - 	roughleaf dogwood; Washington hawthorn		honeylocust; pin oak	
Bucklick	American hazeinut; fragrant sumac; southern arrowwood	American plum; blue spruce; eastern hophornbeam; eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; roughleaf dogwood	Arborvitae; common serviceberry; sugar maple	Northern red oak; tuliptree; white ash; white oak	Eastern white pine
73151:	 		 	 	
Caneyville	Fragrant sumac; ninebark; St. Johnswort	Eastern redcedar; possumhaw; roughleaf dogwood; Washington hawthorn	green hawthorn; post oak	Austrian pine; green ash; hackberry; honeylocust; pin oak	
Gasconade.		 			
Bucklick	American hazelnut; fragrant sumac 	American plum; blue spruce; eastern hophornbeam; eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; roughleaf dogwood	Arborvitae; common serviceberry; sugar maple; white oak 	Northern red oak; tuliptree; white ash	 Eastern white pine
73156:	 	 	 		
Alred	common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash	
Gepp	 Fragrant sumac; ninebark; St. Johnswort	 Eastern redcedar; possumhaw; roughleaf dogwood; Washington hawthorn	green hawthorn; post oak	Austrian pine; green ash; hackberry; honeylocust; pin oak	
73157: Captina	 Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	 Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash	
73223: Coulstone	 Coralberry; fragrant sumac; ninebark	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood		Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash	

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol		 	ted 20-year average he		
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35
73223: Bender	Coralberry; fragrant	Fagtorn rodbyd.	Common gozzi goborza.	 Black oak; mockernut	
Bender	sumac; ninebark	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern	
i	Sumac, minerark	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash	
i		gray dogwood	shingle oak;		
i		gray acgmood	shortleaf pine	 	
j				! 	!
73264:				 	
	Common ninebark;	Eastern redbud;	Common serviceberry;	Black oak; mockernut	
i	coralberry;	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern	<u> </u>
į	fragrant sumac	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash	İ
İ		gray dogwood	shingle oak;		
			shortleaf pine		
I					
73264:					
Wrengart	American hazelnut;	American plum; blue	Arborvitae; common	Northern red oak;	Eastern white pine
	fragrant sumac;	spruce; eastern	serviceberry; sugar	tuliptree; white	
	southern arrowwood	hophornbeam;	maple	ash; white oak	
ļ		eastern redbud;			
!		eastern redcedar;			
		roughleaf dogwood			
72065					
73265:	Common referebred	 Eastern redbud:	Gommon second culture	 Plack est	
Captina	Common ninebark;		:	Black oak; mockernut	
ļ	coralberry;	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern red oak; white ash	ļ Ī
ļ	fragrant sumac	flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	oak; red pine; shingle oak;	red oak; white ash	l I
		gray dogwood	shortleaf pine	 	
i			SHOTCLEAR PINE	 	
Scholten	Common ninebark;	Eastern redbud;	Common serviceberry:	Black oak; mockernut	
	coralberry;	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern	!
i	fragrant sumac	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash	!
i		gray dogwood	shingle oak;		
i			shortleaf pine		
į			į	İ	İ
73266:					
Hildebrecht	Common ninebark;	Eastern redbud;	Common serviceberry;	Black oak; mockernut	
I	coralberry;	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern	
	fragrant sumac	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash	
		gray dogwood	shingle oak;		
ļ			shortleaf pine		
73267:					
Yelton	Common ninebark;	Eastern redbud;		Black oak; mockernut	
	coralberry;	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern	
ļ	fragrant sumac	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash	
		gray dogwood	shingle oak; shortleaf pine	 	
			SHOTCLEAR PINE	 	
Scholten	Common ninebark	Eastern redbud;		 Black oak; mockernut	
	coralberry;	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern	
i	fragrant sumac	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash	
i	II agrano Damo	gray dogwood	shingle oak;		!
i			shortleaf pine	İ	İ
i			į	İ	
73269:			İ	İ	
Brussels	Common ninebark;	Eastern redbud;	Common serviceberry;	Black oak; mockernut	
	coralberry;	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern	
İ		flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash	
İ	fragrant sumac	,		I .	I
 	fragrant sumac	gray dogwood	shingle oak;		I
	fragrant sumac		shingle oak; shortleaf pine	 	
	fragrant sumac			 	
Gasconade.	fragrant sumac			 	
Gasconade.	fragrant sumac			 	

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol		Trees having predic	ted 20-year average h	eight, in feet, of	
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35
I		[[[
73270: Wrengart	American hazelnut; fragrant sumac; southern arrowwood	American plum; blue spruce; eastern hophornbeam; eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; roughleaf dogwood	 Arborvitae; common serviceberry; sugar maple 	 Northern red oak; tuliptree; white ash; white oak	 Eastern white pine
73343: Captina	Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	 Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	 Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash 	
73344:		 	 	 	
Captina	Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash 	
73345:			İ		
Hildebrecht	American plum; common lilac; fragrant sumac	Amur maple; gray dogwood; Washington hawthorn 	Austrian pine; common hackberry; eastern redcedar; honeylocust; unknown; Virginia pine	 	
73346:					
Hildebrecht	American plum; common lilac; fragrant sumac	Amur maple; gray dogwood; Washington hawthorn 	Austrian pine; common hackberry; eastern redcedar; honeylocust; unknown; Virginia pine	 	
74644:		 	 	 	
Deible	Common buttonbush; common ninebark	Possumhaw; sandbar willow 	Black willow; bur oak; green hawthorn 	Baldcypress; green ash; pecan; red maple; swamp white oak; sweetgum	Eastern cottonwood;
74646: Cornwall	Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	 Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	 Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	 Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash 	
74648:					
Aslinger	Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash 	
74649: Aslinger	Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood		Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash	i

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

and soil name Sant	
Common ninebark; Common nine	5
Common ninebark; Common nine	
coralberry fragrant sumsc flowring degwood gray dogwood shingle oak; shortleaf pine red oak; white ash red oak; white red oak; white red oak; white red oak; white red oak; white red oak; white red oak; white red oak; white red oak; white red oak; white red oak; white red oak; white red	_
Fragrant sumac Slowering dogwood Street pine Fragrant sumac Strowering dogwood Street pine Fragrant sumac Strowering dogwood Strowering pressument Fragrant sumac Strowering dogwood Strowering dog	
TAGT9:	
American hazelnut; American plum; Blacknaw; gray Bastern redcedar; American plum; Blacknaw; gray Bastern redcedar; American plum; Blacknaw; gray Bastern redcedar; American plum; Blacknaw; gray Bastern redcedar; American plum; Blacknaw; gray Bastern redcedar; American plum; Blacknaw; gray Bastern redcedar; American plum; Blacknaw; gray Bastern redcedar; American plum; Blacknaw; gray Bastern redcedar; American plum; Blacknaw; gray Bastern redcedar; American plum; Blacknaw; gray Bastern redcedar; American plum; Blacknaw; gray Bastern redcedar; American plum; Blacknaw; gray Bastern redcedar; American plum; Bastern redcedar; American plum; Bastern redcedar; Bastern redcedar; Bastern redcedar; Bastern redcedar; Bastern redcedar; Bastern redcedar; Bastern redcedar; Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Gray dogwood Gray dogwood Gray dogwood Gray dogwood Gray dogwood Bastern redcedar; Gray dogwood Gray dogwood Gray dogwood Gray dogwood Gray dogwood Gray dogwood Gray dogwood Gray d	
Higdon	
American hazelmut; Common ninebark; Coralberry; Eastern redoedar; flowering dogwood fragrant sumac Eastern redoedar; flowering dogwood fragrant sumac fragrant sumac flowering ninebark; Coralberry; Fagrant sumac flowering ninebark; Coralberry; Fagrant sumac Common ninebark; Coralberry; Fagrant sumac Common ninebark; Coralberry; Fagrant sumac Common ninebark; Coralberry; Fagrant sumac Common ninebark; Coralberry; Common ninebark;	
Common minebark; wild hydrangea Spruce; possumbase; green hawthorn; hackberry; pin cak; red maple eastern wild hydrangea Common minebark; wild hydrangea Spruce; possumbase; shingle cak hackberry; pin cak; red maple common minebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac Spruce; possumbase; shingle cak hackberry; pin cak; red maple common minebark; wild hydrangea Spruce; possumbase; shingle cak hackberry; pin cak; red maple common minebark; wild hydrangea Spruce; possumbase; shingle cak hackberry; pin cak; red maple common minebark; wild hydrangea Spruce; possumbase; shingle cak hackberry; pin cak; red maple common minebark; wild hydrangea common minebark; wild hydrangea common minebark; common minebark; wild hydrangea common minebark; common minebark; common minebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac common min	
wild hydrangea roughleaf dogwood shingle oak hackbrry; pin oak; eastern will red maple	ycamore;
74680: Moniteau	ottonwoo
Moniteau	hite pin
Moniteau	
Moniteau	
coralberry; fragrant sumac flowering dogwood shingle oak; shortleaf pine	
fragrant sumac fragrant sumac	-
Satern with the pine Satern with the pine	
Shortleaf pine Shor	
American plum; Blackhaw; gray Eastern redcedar; Baldcypress; green Eastern whi ash; sweetgum pin oak asherican pine; green ash; honeylecust; pin oak asherican sy asherican pine; posumhaw; green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern of special pine ash; sweetgum pin oak asherican pine; ash; honeylecust; pin oak asherican sy asherican pine; posumhaw; green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern of special pine ash; honeylecust; pin oak; pred maple ash; honeylecust; pin oak asherican sy asherican pine; posumhaw; pred maple ash; baldcypress; eastern or special pine ash; baldcypress; posumhaw; pred hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern or special pine ash; baldcypress; posumhaw; pred hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern or special pine ash; sweetgum pin oak; pred hawthorn; baldcypress; posumhaw; pred	
American plum; fragrant sumac dogwood namyberry; ash; sweetgum pin oak 75379: Kaintuck Amur maple; autumn olive; common lilac oak Pearthicket American hazelnut; common ninebark; wild hydrangea common ninebark; wild hydrangea roughleaf dogwood shingle oak American plum; blue common ninebark; spruce; possumhaw; common ninebark; wild hydrangea roughleaf dogwood shingle oak 75381: Jamesfin American hazelnut; American plum; blue common ninebark; spruce; possumhaw; roughleaf dogwood shingle oak 75395: Jamesfin American hazelnut; American plum; blue common ninebark; spruce; possumhaw; red maple 75408: Secesh Common ninebark; spruce; possumhaw; roughleaf dogwood shingle oak 75409: Relfe Common ninebark; Eastern redbud; Common serviceberry; Black oak; mockernut fragrant sumac Restern redcedar; haustrian pine; American sy green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern or hackberry; pin oak; red maple Restern with pin oak American plum; blue ah hackberry; pin oak; astern with pine; American sy green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern or hackberry; pin oak; red maple Restern redcedar; persimmon; post hackberry; pin oak; red maple Restern redcedar; persimmon; post hickory; northern oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine Restern redcedar; persimmon; post hickory; northern oak; white ash shortleaf pine Restern redcedar; haustrian pine; American sy green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern with pine; American sy green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern with pine; American sy green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern with pine; American sy green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern with pine; American sy green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern with pine; American pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; American pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; American pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; baldcypress; eastern with pin	
American plum; fragrant sumac dogwood namyberry; ash; sweetgum pin oak 75379: Kaintuck Amur maple; autumn olive; common lilac oak Pearthicket American hazelnut; common ninebark; wild hydrangea common ninebark; wild hydrangea roughleaf dogwood shingle oak American plum; blue common ninebark; spruce; possumhaw; common ninebark; wild hydrangea roughleaf dogwood shingle oak 75381: Jamesfin American hazelnut; American plum; blue common ninebark; spruce; possumhaw; roughleaf dogwood shingle oak 75395: Jamesfin American hazelnut; American plum; blue common ninebark; spruce; possumhaw; red maple 75408: Secesh Common ninebark; spruce; possumhaw; roughleaf dogwood shingle oak 75409: Relfe Common ninebark; Eastern redbud; Common serviceberry; Black oak; mockernut fragrant sumac Restern redcedar; haustrian pine; American sy green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern or hackberry; pin oak; red maple Restern with pin oak American plum; blue ah hackberry; pin oak; astern with pine; American sy green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern or hackberry; pin oak; red maple Restern redcedar; persimmon; post hackberry; pin oak; red maple Restern redcedar; persimmon; post hickory; northern oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine Restern redcedar; persimmon; post hickory; northern oak; white ash shortleaf pine Restern redcedar; haustrian pine; American sy green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern with pine; American sy green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern with pine; American sy green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern with pine; American sy green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern with pine; American sy green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern with pine; American pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; American pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; American pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; baldcypress; eastern with pine; baldcypress; eastern with pin	
fragrant sumac dogwood nannyherry; ash; sweetgum pin oak	ite pine
75379: Kaintuck	
Amur honeysuckle; Amur maple; autumn colive; common lilac common hackberry; eastern white pine; green ash; honeylocust; pin oak	
Amur honeysuckle; Amur maple; autumn colive; common lilac common hackberry; eastern white pine; green ash; honeylocust; pin oak	
Amur maple; autumm olive; common lilac Amur maple; autumm olive; common lilac Amur maple; autumm olive; common lilac Green ash; honeylocust; pin oak American hazelnut; Common ninebark; pruce; possumhaw; pred maple Common ninebark; pruce; possumhaw; pred maple Common ninebark; pruce; possumhaw; pred maple Common ninebark; pruce; possumhaw; pred maple Common ninebark; pruce; possumhaw; pred maple American sy pruce; possumhaw; pred maple Common ninebark; pruce; possumhaw; pred maple American sy pred hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern who pred maple American sy pruce; possumhaw; pred maple American sy pred hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern who pred maple American sy pred hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern who pred hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern who pred hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern who pred hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern who pred hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern who pred hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern who pred hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern	
Olive; common lilac eastern white pine; green ash; honeylocust; pin oak American plum; blue Arborvitae; bur oak; Austrian pine; eastern white pine; green ash; honeylocust; pin oak American plum; blue Arborvitae; bur oak; Austrian pine; eastern white pine; pin oak pin oak pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak pin oak pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak pin oak pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak pin oak pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak pin oak pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak pin oak pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak pin oak pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak pin oak pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak; pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak; pin oak; eastern white pine; pin oak; pi	ttonwood
75381: Bearthicket	
American hazelnut; American plum; blue Arborvitae; bur oak; Austrian pine; American sy common ninebark; spruce; possumhaw; green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern or red maple	
75381: Bearthicket	
75381: Bearthicket	
Bearthicket	
Bearthicket	
common ninebark; spruce; possumhaw; green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern of roughleaf dogwood shingle oak hackberry; pin oak; eastern where the maple shingle oak hackberry; pin oak; eastern where the maple shingle oak hackberry; pin oak; eastern where the maple shingle oak hackberry; pin oak; eastern of common ninebark; spruce; possumhaw; green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern of shingle oak hackberry; pin oak; eastern where the maple shingle oak hackberry; pin oak; eastern where the maple shingle oak hackberry; pin oak; eastern where the maple shingle oak hackberry; pin oak; eastern where the maple shingle oak hackberry; black oak; mockernut coralberry; eastern redcedar; persimmon; post hickory; northern fragrant sumac flowering dogwood; oak; red pine; red oak; white ash gray dogwood shingle oak; shortleaf pine shortleaf	vcamore.
wild hydrangea roughleaf dogwood shingle oak hackberry; pin oak; eastern where the maple roughleaf dogwood shingle oak hackberry; pin oak; eastern where the maple red maple red maple have been common ninebark; spruce; possumhaw; green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern common ninebark; spruce; possumhaw; green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern common ninebark; eastern where the maple red ma	
75395: Jamesfin	
75395: Jamesfin	irce pin
Jamesfin	
common ninebark; spruce; possumhaw; green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern common ninebark; spruce; possumhaw; green hawthorn; baldcypress; eastern common ninebark; coughleaf dogwood shingle oak hackberry; pin oak; eastern where the special content of th	
wild hydrangea	ycamore;
75408: Secesh	ottonwoo
75408: Secesh	hite pin
Secesh	
Secesh	
coralberry; eastern redcedar; persimmon; post hickory; northern fragrant sumac flowering dogwood; oak; red pine; red oak; white ash gray dogwood shingle oak; shortleaf pine 75409: Relfe	
fragrant sumac flowering dogwood; oak; red pine; red oak; white ash gray dogwood shingle oak;	-
gray dogwood shingle oak;	
75409:	
Relfe Common ninebark; Eastern redbud; Common serviceberry; Black oak; mockernut	
Relfe Common ninebark; Eastern redbud; Common serviceberry; Black oak; mockernut	
	_
coramority, cascern reacedar; persimmon; post mickory; northern	
fragrant sumac flowering dogwood; oak; red pine; red oak; white ash	
gray dogwood shingle oak;	
shortleaf pine	
75411:	
Tilk	-
coralberry; eastern redcedar; persimmon; post hickory; northern	
fragrant sumac flowering dogwood; oak; red pine; red oak; white ash	
gray dogwood shingle oak;	
shortleaf pine	

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol		Trees having predic	ted 20-year average he	eight, in feet, of	
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35
75416: Gladden	American hazelnut;	 American plum; blue	Arborvitae; bur oak;	 Austrian nine:	American sycamore;
Graddeir	common ninebark;	spruce; possumhaw;	green hawthorn;	baldcypress;	eastern cottonwood;
	wild hydrangea	roughleaf dogwood	shingle oak	hackberry; pin oak;	eastern white pine
				red maple	
	İ	İ	İ		
75417:					
Relfe	Coralberry; fragrant	!	:	Black oak; mockernut	
	sumac; ninebark	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern red oak; white ash	
	 	flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	oak; red pine; shingle oak;	red Oak; white ash	
	 	gray dogwood	shortleaf pine		
Sandbur	Coralberry;	Eastern redcedar;	Chinkapin oak;	Black oak;	
	flameleaf sumac	gray dogwood; jack	persimmon; post oak	honeylocust	
		pine			
75426:	 	 	 		
Gabriel	Buttonbush	Possumhaw	Eastern arborvitae;	Baldcypress; common	Eastern cottonwood
	İ		eastern redcedar;	hackberry; pin oak	
	İ	İ	nannyberry		
FF400					
75428: Tilk		 Eastern redbud;	 Common serviceherry:	Black oak; mockernut	
IIIK	coralberry;	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern	
	fragrant sumac	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash	
		gray dogwood	shingle oak;		
	İ		shortleaf pine		
- 11					
Cornwall	Common ninebark;	Eastern redbud;	:	Black oak; mockernut	
	coralberry; fragrant sumac	eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood;	persimmon; post oak; red pine;	hickory; northern red oak; white ash	
	ITagrant Sumac	gray dogwood	shingle oak;	red Oak, white ash	
			shortleaf pine		
		!	!		
Poynor	Common ninebark;	Eastern redcedar;		Austrian pine; green	
	fragrant sumac; St.	: -	green hawthorn;	ash; hackberry;	
	Johnswort	roughleaf dogwood; Washington hawthorn	post oak	honeylocust; pin oak	
75429:		!	!		
Tilk	Common ninebark;	Eastern redbud;	:	Black oak; mockernut	
	coralberry;	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern	l
	fragrant sumac	flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	oak; red pine; shingle oak;	red oak; white ash	
	 	gray dogwood	shortleaf pine		
	İ	İ	İ		
Secesh	Common ninebark;	Eastern redbud;	Common serviceberry;	Black oak; mockernut	
	coralberry;	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern	
	fragrant sumac	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash	
	l I	gray dogwood	shingle oak; shortleaf pine	 	
	 		Morerear prine		[
75430:	j	į	į		
Wideman	Coralberry; eastern	Eastern redcedar;	Chinkapin oak;	Black oak;	
	redcedar; flameleaf		persimmon; post oak	honeylocust	l
	sumac	pine	 	 -	
75451:]	 	 	 	[
Gladden	American hazelnut;	American plum; blue	Arborvitae; bur oak;	Austrian pine;	American sycamore;
	common ninebark;	spruce; possumhaw;	green hawthorn;	baldcypress;	eastern cottonwood;
	wild hydrangea	roughleaf dogwood	shingle oak	hackberry; pin oak;	eastern white pine
		!	!	red maple	

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol		 	ted 20-year average h		1
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35
75467: Wilbur	 American plum;		 Eastern redcedar;	 Paldarmmaga, amaan	 Eastern white pine;
WIIDUI	fragrant sumac	Blackhaw; gray dogwood	nannyberry;	Baldcypress; green ash; sweetgum	pin oak
	ITagrant Sumac	dogwood 	Washington hawthorn		pin oak
	! [
75468:					
Elsah		Amur honeysuckle;	Eastern redcedar	Austrian pine;	Eastern cottonwood
		Amur maple; autumn		common hackberry;	
	İ	olive; common lilac		eastern white pine;	İ
				green ash;	
				honeylocust; pin	
				oak	
77000:					
Killarney		Eastern redbud;	-	Black oak; mockernut	
	coralberry; fragrant sumac	eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood;	persimmon; post oak; red pine;	hickory; northern red oak; white ash	
	ITAGIANC SUMAC	gray dogwood	shingle oak;	red oak, white ash	
	! [gray aogwood	shortleaf pine	 	! [
		İ		İ	
Frenchmill	Common ninebark;	Eastern redbud;	Common serviceberry;	Black oak; mockernut	
	coralberry;	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern	
	fragrant sumac	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash	
		gray dogwood	shingle oak;		
			shortleaf pine		
77002:		 To set a constant	 C	 Disabosabos masbassis	
Delassus	Common ninebark; coralberry;	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar;	common serviceberry; persimmon; post	Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern	
	fragrant sumac	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash	
		gray dogwood	shingle oak;	Ica can, while and	! [
			shortleaf pine		
	İ	Ì	_	į	İ
77005:					
Hassler	Common ninebark;	Eastern redbud;	Common serviceberry;	Black oak; mockernut	
	coralberry;	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern	
	fragrant sumac	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash	
		gray dogwood	shingle oak;		
	 	 	shortleaf pine	 	
Syenite	Common ninebark;	Eastern redbud;	 Common serviceberry:	 Black oak; mockernut	
2,200	coralberry;	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern	
	fragrant sumac	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash	
		gray dogwood	shingle oak;	į	j
			shortleaf pine		
77008:	 		 	 Planta astronomic	
Hassler	!	Eastern redbud;		Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern	
	coralberry;	eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood;	persimmon; post oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash	
	fragrant sumac	gray dogwood	shingle oak;	red oak, white ash	
	! [gray aogwood	shortleaf pine	 	! [
	İ	İ		į	İ
80000:	j	į		į	į
Calhoun	Common ninebark;	Eastern redbud;	Common serviceberry;	Black oak; mockernut	
	coralberry;	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern	
	fragrant sumac	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash	!
		gray dogwood	shingle oak;		
			shortleaf pine		
80001:	 	[[
80001: Oaklimeter	 American hazelmut.	American plum; blue	Arborvitae; bur oak;	 Augtrian pine:	American gugamoro:
OGVITHECET	common ninebark;	spruce; possumhaw;	green hawthorn;	baldcypress;	American sycamore; eastern cottonwood;
	wild hydrangea	roughleaf dogwood	shingle oak	hackberry; pin oak;	
				red maple	
		İ		į	
	•	•		•	•

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol		 	ted 20-year average he		
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35
82000: Dubbs	American hazelnut; fragrant sumac; southern arrowwood	American plum; blue spruce; eastern hophornbeam; eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; roughleaf dogwood	 Arborvitae; common serviceberry; sugar maple 	 Northern red oak; tuliptree; white ash; white oak	 Eastern white pine
82001:		 	 	 	
Amagon	Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash	
82002:		 	 	 	
Forestdale	Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash	
82005:		 	 	 	
Malden	American plum; common lilac; fragrant sumac; gray dogwood	Autumn olive; Washington hawthorn	Blackjack oak; diospyros; eastern redcedar; jack pine	Eeastern cottonwood	
82006:		 	 	 	
Bosket	Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash	
82007:		 	 	 	
Bosket	Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash 	
82009:	Ī	 	 	 	
Forestdale	Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash	
82010:		 	 	 	
Amagon	Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash	
82011: Crowley	Buttonbush; silky dogwood	 Amur honeysuckle 	 Eastern redcedar 	 Baldcypress; green ash; loblolly pine; water oak	 American sycamore; eastern cottonwood pin oak; sweetgum

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol		Trees having predic	ted 20-year average h	eight, in feet, of	
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35
86000: Dubbs	American hazelnut; fragrant sumac; southern arrowwood	American plum; blue spruce; eastern hophornbeam; eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; roughleaf dogwood	Arborvitae; common serviceberry; sugar maple	 Northern red oak; tuliptree; white ash; white oak 	Eastern white pine
		İ	j	İ	
86001: Calhoun	 Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood		Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash	
86002:]	 	 	 	
Falaya	American hazelnut; common ninebark; wild hydrangea	American plum; blue spruce; possumhaw; roughleaf dogwood	Arborvitae; bur oak; green hawthorn; shingle oak	 Austrian pine; baldcypress; hackberry; pin oak; red maple	American sycamore; eastern cottonwood; eastern white pine
86003: Amagon	Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	 Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash	
86004:		 -	 	l	
Forestdale	Common ninebark; coralberry; fragrant sumac	 Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood	Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine	 Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash 	
90000: Memphis	American hazelnut; fragrant sumac; southern arrowwood	American plum; blue spruce; eastern hophornbeam; eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; roughleaf dogwood	 Arborvitae; common serviceberry; sugar maple	 Northern red oak; tuliptree; white ash; white oak	Eastern white pine
90001: Memphis	American hazelnut; fragrant sumac; southern arrowwood	American plum; blue spruce; eastern hophornbeam; eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; roughleaf dogwood	 Arborvitae; common serviceberry; sugar maple 	 Northern red oak; tuliptree; white ash; white oak	Eastern white pine
99001. Water	 	 	 	 	
99003. Miscellaneous water	 	 	 	 	
99007.					
Dam			į	į	
99015: Udorthents.	 	 	 	 	

Table 10.--Recreational Site Development

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	 Camp areas 		 Picnic areas 		 Playgrounds 		 Paths and trails 	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value
60033: Wrengart	 Slightly limited percs slowly (slightly limited) 	 0.13 	 Slightly limited percs slowly (slightly limited) 	 0.13 	 Limited slope (limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.98 0.13	 Not limited 	
60046: Minnith	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited erodes easily (very limited) slope (limited)	 1.00 0.92
60053: Winfield	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.81 	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.49 	 Limited wetness (limited) slope (limited)	 0.81 0.78	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.49
60054: Minnith	 Limited slope (limited)	 0.63 	 Limited slope (limited)	 0.63	 Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00	 Very limited erodes easily (very limited)	 1.00
60055: Winfield	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Slightly limited slope (slightly limited)	 0.22 	 Not limited 	
66000: Moniteau	 Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.13	 Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.13 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.60 0.13	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00
66054: Wakeland	 Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	 Limited wetness (limited) flooding (moderately limited)	 0.81 0.60	Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	Limited wetness (limited) flooding (moderately limited)	 0.81 0.60
66055: Haymond	 Very limited flooding (very limited)	 1.00 	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited)	 0.60 	 Not limited 	

Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds		Paths and trails	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73055:								
Alred	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	Limited	
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	small stones	1.00	slope	0.92
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	
	small stones	1.00	small stones	1.00	slope	1.00	large surface stones	0.70
	(very limited)	į	(very limited)	į	(very limited)	İ	(limited)	İ
	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70	percs slowly	0.39	small stones	0.12
	(limited)	 	(limited) 	 	(moderately limited)	 	(slightly limited)	
Rueter	· •	<u> </u>	Very limited	<u> </u>	Very limited	į	Limited	į
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	0.92
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	
	small stones	1.00	small stones	1.00	small stones	1.00	large surface stones	0.70
	(very limited)	 0.70	(very limited)		(very limited)	10.00	(limited) small stones	0.08
	large surface stones (limited)	0.70	large surface stones (limited)	0.70	large stones (limited)	0.80	small stones (slightly limited)	0.08
F2100								
73100: Wrengart	 Climbels limited	 	 Slightly limited	l I	 Moderately limited		 Not limited	
wrengarc	percs slowly	0.13	percs slowly	0.13	slope	0.40	Not immued	
	(slightly limited)	0.13	(slightly limited)	1	(moderately limited)	1	 	
	(brightly rimited)	 	(brightly rimited)	i	percs slowly	0.13		
					slightly limited)			İ
73101:			 	 				
Wrengart	 Slightly limited	 	 Slightly limited	 	 Very limited		 Not limited	
	percs slowly	0.13	percs slowly	0.13	slope	1.00		i
	(slightly limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	i	(very limited)	i		i
	İ	į	İ	į	percs slowly	0.13	İ	i
	į	į		į	(slightly limited)	į	į	į
73139:		 	 	 	 		 	
Poynor	Limited	İ	Limited	i	 Very limited	i	Slightly limited	i
-	small stones	0.69	small stones	0.69	slope	1.00	large surface stones	0.17
	(limited)	į	(limited)	į	(very limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	ĺ
	slope	0.63	slope	0.63	small stones	1.00		
	(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)			
	large surface stones	0.17	large surface stones	0.17	large stones	0.06		
	(slightly limited)	 	(slightly limited)	 	(slightly limited)	 	 	
Clarksville	Limited		 Limited		 Very limited		 Slightly limited	
	slope	0.63	slope	0.63	slope	1.00	large surface stones	0.17
	(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(slightly limited)	ļ
	small stones	0.31	small stones	0.31	small stones	1.00		ļ
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)			
	large surface stones (slightly limited)	0.17 	large surface stones (slightly limited)	0.17 	 	 	 	
gala I tan	 		 		 			
Scholten	· •		Very limited	1 00	Very limited	1 00	Limited	0.70
	wetness (work limited)	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	wetness (very limited)	1.00	wetness (limited)	0.78
	(very limited) percs slowly	 1.00	(very limited) wetness	 0.78	(very limited) slope	1.00	(limited) large surface stones	 0 17
	(very limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(slightly limited)	
	slope	0.63	slope	0.63	percs slowly	1.00		i
	(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		İ	i
	İ	İ	İ	İ	i	į	İ	j

Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name			 Picnic areas 		 Playgrounds 		 Paths and trails 	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73140: Clarksville	 Very limited slope (very limited) small stones (limited) large surface stones (limited)	 1.00 0.82 0.70	Very limited slope (very limited) small stones (limited) large surface stones (limited) Very limited	 1.00 0.82 0.70	Very limited slope (very limited) small stones (very limited) too acid (moderately limited) Very limited	 1.00 1.00 0.44	Very limited slope (very limited) large surface stones (limited)	 1.00 0.70
20102301	slope (very limited) percs slowly	 1.00 1.00	slope (very limited) percs slowly	 1.00 1.00	small stones (very limited) slope	 1.00 1.00	slope (limited) small stones	0.92
	(very limited) small stones (very limited)	 1.00 	(very limited) small stones (very limited)	 1.00 	(very limited) percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00	(limited) large surface stones (limited)	 0.70
73141: Firebaugh	Limited wetness (limited) percs slowly (moderately limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.65 0.39 0.12	Moderately limited percs slowly (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.39 0.39 0.12	Limited slope (limited) wetness (limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 0.98 0.65 0.39	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.39
73145: Crider	 Not limited - 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Limited slope (limited)	 0.78 	 Not limited 	
73146: Marquand	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.37 0.13 	Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.15 0.13 	Limited slope (limited) wetness (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.98 0.37 0.13	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.15
73150: Caneyville	 Limited slope (limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.63 0.13 	(limited)	 0.63 0.13 	Very limited slope (very limited) depth to bedrock (slightly limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.30 0.13	 Not limited 	
Bucklick	 Limited slope (limited) 	 0.63 	 Limited slope (limited) 	 0.63 	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Not limited 	

Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds		Paths and trails	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73151: Caneyville	 Very limited slope (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.13 	 slope (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.13 	 Very limited slope (very limited) depth to bedrock (slightly limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.28 0.13	 Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) 	 0.50
Gasconade	Very limited too clayey (very limited) slope (very limited) shallow to bedrock (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.90	Very limited too clayey (very limited) slope (very limited) shallow to bedrock (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.90	Very limited slope (very limited) shallow to bedrock (very limited) too clayey (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	Very limited too clayey (very limited) slope (moderately limited) large stones (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50 0.42
Bucklick	 Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00	 Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00	 Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00	 Moderately limited slope (moderately limited)	 0.50
73156: Alred	Limited slope (limited) percs slowly (moderately limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 0.63 0.39 0.17	Limited slope (limited) percs slowly (moderately limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 0.63 0.39 0.17		 	 Slightly limited large surface stones (slightly limited) 	 0.17
Gepp	Very limited small stones (very limited) slope (limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.63 0.30	Very limited small stones (very limited) slope (limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.63 0.30	Very limited small stones (very limited) slope (very limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.30	 Slightly limited large surface stones (slightly limited) small stones (slightly limited)	 0.17 0.12
73157: Captina	 Moderately limited percs slowly (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.39 0.35 	Moderately limited percs slowly (moderately limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 0.39 0.13 	Limited slope (limited) percs slowly (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.98 0.39 0.35	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.13
73223: Coulstone	slope (very limited) large surface stones (limited) large stones (limited)	 1.00 0.89 0.61	Very limited slope (very limited) large surface stones (limited) large stones (limited)	 1.00 0.89 0.61	Very limited slope (very limited) large stones >25% (very limited) small stones (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	(limited) large surface stones (limited) large stones (limited)	 0.92 0.89 0.61
Bender	Not rated 	 	Not rated 	 	Not rated 	 	Not rated 	

Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	 Camp areas 		 Picnic areas 		 Playgrounds		Paths and trails	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73264:	 		l		 		 	
Alred	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	l I	 Very limited	i i	 Very limited	
111100	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	erodes easily	1.00
	very limited)		very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70	small stones	0.88	slope	0.92
	(limited)	i	(limited)	ĺ	(limited)	i	(limited)	
	percs slowly	0.40	percs slowly	0.40	percs slowly	0.40	large surface stones	0.70
	(moderately limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į	(limited)	į
Wrengart	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	
J	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	erodes easily	1.00
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	İ
	percs slowly	0.13	percs slowly	0.13	percs slowly	0.13	slope	0.50
	(slightly limited)	į	(slightly limited)	į	(slightly limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į
73265:	 	 	 		 	 	 	
Captina	Limited	i	Limited	i	 Very limited	i	Moderately limited	i
_	small stones	0.93	small stones	0.93	small stones	1.00	wetness	0.32
	(limited)	į	(limited)	İ	(very limited)	į	(moderately limited)	ĺ
	wetness	0.56	percs slowly	0.39	slope	0.98		ĺ
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)			
	percs slowly	0.39	wetness	0.32	large stones	0.80		
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)			
Scholten	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Limited	
	wetness	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	0.83
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	
	percs slowly	1.00	wetness	0.83	percs slowly	1.00		
	(very limited)		(limited)		(very limited)			
	small stones	0.57	small stones	0.57	small stones	1.00		
	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)	 	(very limited)	 	 	
73266:								
Hildebrecht	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	percs slowly	0.99	percs slowly	0.99	slope	1.00	erodes easily	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	slope (limited)	0.63	slope (limited)	0.63	percs slowly (very limited)	0.99	l I	l i
			(IIIIICea)	 	(very limited)		 	
73267: Yelton	Limited		Limited		 Very limited		 Moderately limited	
1610011	wetness	0.90	slope	0.63	slope	1.00	wetness	0.56
	(limited)	10.30	(limited)	10.03	(very limited)	1	(moderately limited)	
	slope	0.63	wetness	0.56	wetness	0.90	(moderacery rimited)	
	(limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	1	 	
	percs slowly	0.40	percs slowly	0.40	percs slowly	0.40	! 	i
	(moderately limited)	1	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)			
Scholten	 Very limited	 	 Very limited		 Very limited	 	 Limited	
	wetness	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	0.83
	(very limited)	į	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	i	(limited)	İ
	percs slowly	1.00	wetness	0.83	slope	1.00	İ	İ
	(very limited)	İ	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i	İ	İ
	slope	0.63	slope	0.63	percs slowly	1.00	İ	ĺ
	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	İ	ĺ

Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	 Camp areas 		 Picnic areas 		 Playgrounds 		Paths and trails		
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
73269: Brussels	 Very limited slope (very limited) large surface stones (very limited) small stones (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.57	 Very limited slope (very limited) large surface stones (very limited) small stones (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.57	 Very limited slope (very limited) small stones (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.13	Very limited slope (very limited) large surface stones (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	
Gasconade	<u> </u>	 1.00 1.00 1.00	Very limited too clayey (very limited) slope (very limited) large surface stones (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	Very limited slope (very limited) shallow to bedrock (very limited) too clayey (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	Very limited slope (very limited) too clayey (very limited) large surface stones (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	
Rock outcrop	 Not rated	 	 Not rated	 	 Not rated	 	 Not rated	 	
73270: Wrengart	Limited slope (limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.63 0.13	Limited slope (limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.63 0.13	 Very limited slope (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.13	 Very limited erodes easily (very limited) 	 1.00 	
73343: Captina	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 0.56 0.39 	Moderately limited percs slowly (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.39 0.32 	Limited slope (limited) wetness (moderately limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 0.98 0.56 0.39	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.32 	
73344: Captina	Limited slope (limited) wetness (moderately limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	0.39	Limited slope (limited) percs slowly (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.63 0.39 0.32	 Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (moderately limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.56 0.39	 Very limited erodes easily (very limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.32 	
73345: Hildebrecht	Moderately limited percs slowly (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.39 0.35 	 Moderately limited percs slowly (moderately limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 0.39 0.13 		 1.00 0.39 0.35	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.13 	
73346: Hildebrecht	Moderately limited percs slowly (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited) too acid (slightly limited)	0.35	Moderately limited percs slowly (moderately limited) wetness (slightly limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.39 0.13 0.06	Very limited slope (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.39 0.35	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.13 	

Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds		Paths and trails	s
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
74644: Deible	 Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00
74646:	 	i I	- 	i I	_ 	i I	 	İ
Cornwall	Moderately limited percs slowly (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.39 0.35 	Moderately limited percs slowly (moderately limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 0.39 0.13 	Limited slope (limited) percs slowly (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.98 0.39 0.35	Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited)	 0.13
74648: Aslinger	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.13 	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.28 0.13 	Limited slope (limited) wetness (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.98 0.50 0.13	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.28
74649: Aslinger	 Moderately limited	 	 Slightly limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	
J	wetness (moderately limited) too acid (slightly limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	0.50 0.30 0.13	too acid (slightly limited) wetness (slightly limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	0.30 0.28 0.13	slope (very limited) wetness (moderately limited) too acid (slightly limited)	1.00 0.50 0.30	erodes easily (very limited) wetness (slightly limited)	1.00 0.28
Waben	 Not limited	 	 Not limited	 	 Limited small stones	 0.84	 Not limited	
		 		 	(limited) slope (limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 0.78 0.18	 	
74679:	 	 	 	 		 	 	
Higdon	Limited wetness (limited) flooding (rare) (limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.96 0.90 0.13	Limited wetness (limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.61 0.13 	Limited wetness (limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.96 0.13 	Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.61
74680: Moniteau	 Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (rare) (limited)	 1.00 0.90	 Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.13	 Wery limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.13	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00
	percs slowly (slightly limited)	0.13	 	[[

Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds		Paths and trails	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
74685:								
Auxvasse	Vor. limited		 Very limited	l I	 Very limited	 	 Limited	
Auxvasse	-	1 00	: -	1 00		!		10.00
	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	wetness	0.6
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	
	wetness	0.96	wetness	0.61	wetness	0.96		
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)			
			 	 	slope (moderately limited)	0.40	 	1
				İ		İ		i
75379:								
Kaintuck	-		Moderately limited		Very limited		Moderately limited	
	flooding	1.00	flooding	0.60	flooding	1.00		0.60
	(very limited)		(moderately limited)	 	(very limited)	 	(moderately limited)	
75381:					 		 	i
Bearthicket	Limited		Not limited		Not limited		Not limited	
	flooding (rare)	0.90		ĺ		ĺ		ĺ
	(limited)			ļ	!		!	
75395 :			 	 	 	 	 	
Jamesfin	Very limited		 Not limited	İ	 Moderately limited	 	 Not limited	i
	flooding	1.00		į	flooding	0.60	İ	i
j	(very limited)	į	İ	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	İ	İ
75408: Secesh	Limited		 Not limited	 	 Limited	 	 Not limited	
becessi	flooding (rare)	0.90		i	small stones	0.92		1
	(limited)				(limited)			i
				ļ		ļ		!
75409: Relfe	Wern limited		 Not limited	 	 Limited	 	Not limited	
VETTE	flooding	1.00	NOC IIIII CEG	l I	small stones	0.84	NOC IMMICEG	1
	(very limited)	1	I I	 	(limited)	0.01	I I	
	(very rimited)	l	 	l I	flooding	0.60	 	1
					(moderately limited)		 	i
				ļ		ļ		!
75411: Tilk	Wern limited		 Verv limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Limited	
IIIK	small stones	1.00	small stones	1.00	small stones	1.00	small stones	0.78
	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(limited)	
	flooding (rare)	0.90	(very rimiteed)	i	large stones	0.30	(111111111111111111111111111111111111	1
	(limited)				slightly limited)			i
75416: Gladden	Very limited		 Not limited	 	 Moderately limited	 	 Not limited	
Giddeli	flooding	1.00		İ	flooding	0.60		
	(very limited)				(moderately limited)			i
				ļ				!
75417: Relfe	Very limited		 Very limited	[[Very limited	 	 Moderately limited	
	flooding	1.00	small stones	1.00	flooding	1.00	-	0.60
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	
	small stones	1.00	flooding	0.60	small stones	1.00	small stones	0.56
	(very limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	
G	*******		lara de contra de la contra del la contra de ntra del la contra del l				Inc. december 2012 11 11 11	
Sandbur	-		Moderately limited		Very limited		Moderately limited	
	flooding	1.00	flooding	0.60	flooding	1.00		0.60
	(very limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	

Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds		Paths and trails	S
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75426: Gabriel	Limited wetness (limited) flooding (rare) (limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.96 0.90 0.13	 Limited wetness (limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.61 0.13 	 Limited wetness (limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.96 0.13 	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.61
75428: Tilk	 Very limited flooding (very limited) small stones (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.58 	 Moderately limited small stones (moderately limited) 	 0.58 	 Very limited small stones (very limited) flooding (moderately limited) large stones (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60 0.60	 Not limited 	
Cornwall	 Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited) slope (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.39 0.04	Limited wetness (limited) percs slowly (moderately limited) slope (slightly limited)	 0.68 0.39 0.04	 Very limited wetness (very limited) slope (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.39	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.68
Poynor	Limited slope (limited) small stones (moderately limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.63 0.33 0.18	Limited slope (limited) small stones (moderately limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.63 0.33 0.18	 Very limited slope (very limited) small stones (very limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.18	 Not limited 	
75429: Tilk	 Very limited flooding (very limited) small stones (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited small stones (very limited) 	 1.00 		 1.00 0.60 0.01	 Limited small stones (limited) 	 0.77
Secesh	Limited flooding (rare) (limited) small stones (moderately limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 0.90 0.37 0.17	Moderately limited small stones (moderately limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 0.37 0.17 	Very limited large stones >25% (very limited) small stones (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 		 0.17
75430: Wideman	 Very limited flooding (very limited)	 1.00 	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited)	 0.60 	 Not limited 	
75451: Gladden	 Very limited flooding (very limited)	 1.00 	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited)	 0.60 	 Not limited 	

Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	 Camp areas 		Picnic areas		 Playgrounds 		Paths and trails		
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
75467:	 	 		[[
Wilbur	Very limited flooding	 1.00	Moderately limited flooding	 0.60	Very limited flooding	 1.00	Moderately limited flooding	0.60	
	(very limited)	1.00	(moderately limited)	0.80	(very limited)	1.00	(moderately limited)	!	
	wetness	0.72	wetness	0.43	wetness	0.72	wetness	0.43	
	(limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į	(limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į	
75468:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 		
Elsah	: -		Moderately limited	!	Very limited		Moderately limited		
	flooding	1.00	flooding	0.60	flooding	1.00	flooding	0.60	
	(very limited) small stones	0.33	(moderately limited) small stones	 0.33	(very limited) small stones	1.00	(moderately limited)		
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)				
77000:		 	 	 	 	 			
Killarney	Very limited	į	 Very limited	İ	 Very limited	į	 Very limited	İ	
	slope	1.00	large surface stones	1.00	slope	1.00	large surface stones	1.00	
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		
	large surface stones	1.00	slope	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	slope	1.00	
	very limited) percs slowly	1.00	very limited) percs slowly	 1.00	(very limited) small stones	1.00	(very limited) small stones	0.12	
	very limited)		very limited)		(very limited)		(slightly limited)		
Frenchmill	 Verv limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited		
	slope	1.00	large surface stones	1.00	slope	1.00	large surface stones	1.00	
	(very limited)	į	(very limited)	į	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	į	
	large surface stones	1.00	slope	1.00	small stones	1.00	slope	1.00	
	(very limited)		(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(very limited)		
	small stones (moderately limited)	0.46 	small stones (moderately limited)	0.46 	large stones (limited)	0.95 			
77000	-	į	_	į		į	 	į	
77002: Delassus	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Slightly limited		
Delassus	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	wetness	0.19	
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		slightly limited)		
	wetness	0.41	wetness	0.19	slope	0.98		į	
	(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)		(limited)				
	 	 	 	 	wetness (moderately limited)	0.41	 		
					(moderatery rimited)				
77005:	 		 		 		[[[]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]		
Hassler	: -	1.00	Very limited slope	 1.00	Very limited slope	1 00	Slightly limited wetness	0.21	
	slope (very limited)	1.00	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1.00	wethess (slightly limited)	0.21	
	wetness	0.43	wetness	0.21	wetness	0.43	slope	0.17	
	(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)	ĺ	
	percs slowly	0.17	percs slowly	0.17	percs slowly	0.17	large surface stones	0.17	
	(slightly limited) 	 	(slightly limited) 	[(slightly limited) 		(slightly limited) 		
Syenite	: -		Very limited		Very limited		Moderately limited		
	slope (very limited)	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	0.33	
		1	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	ļ.	(moderately limited)		
		0 10	too agid	0 10	denth to hodroak	U 3E	large gurfage stores	10 17	
	too acid	0.18	too acid (slightly limited)	0.18	depth to bedrock (moderately limited)	0.35	large surface stones (slightly limited)	0.17	
		0.18	too acid (slightly limited) percs slowly	0.18 0.17	depth to bedrock (moderately limited) large stones	0.35 0.18	large surface stones (slightly limited) 	0.17 	

Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas		Picnic areas		 Playgrounds 		Paths and trails	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
77008: Hassler	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 0.43 0.17 		 0.21 0.17 0.17	Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.43 0.17	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 0.21 0.17
80000: Calhoun	 Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.40	 Limited wetness (limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.40	 Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.40	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.99
80001: Oaklimeter	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited)	 0.50 	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited)	 0.28 	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited)	 0.50 	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited)	 0.28
82000: Dubbs	 Not limited	 	 Not limited	 	 Not limited	 	 Not limited	
82001: Amagon	Very limited ponded (wetness) (very limited) wetness (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.39	 Very limited ponded (wetness) (very limited) wetness (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.39	Very limited ponded (wetness) (very limited) wetness (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.39	 Very limited ponded (wetness) (very limited) wetness (very limited)	 1.00 1.00
82002: Forestdale	Very limited ponded (wetness) (very limited) wetness (very limited) percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	Very limited ponded (wetness) (very limited) wetness (very limited) percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	Very limited ponded (wetness) (very limited) wetness (very limited) percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00		 1.00 1.00 0.96
82005: Malden	 Moderately limited too sandy (moderately limited)	 0.50	 Moderately limited too sandy (moderately limited)	 0.50	 Moderately limited too sandy (moderately limited)	 0.50	 Moderately limited too sandy (moderately limited)	 0.50
82006: Bosket	 Slightly limited too acid (slightly limited) 	 0.06 	 Slightly limited too acid (slightly limited) 	 0.06 	 Slightly limited slope (slightly limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.10 0.06	 Not limited 	
82007: Bosket	 Very limited flooding (very limited)	 1.00 	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited)	 0.60 	 Not limited 	

Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas		Picnic areas		 Playgrounds 		Paths and trails	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
82009: Forestdale	wetness (very limited) percs slowly	 1.00 1.00	Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly	 1.00 1.00	Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited wetness (very limited) too clayey	 1.00 0.96
	(very limited) too clayey (very limited)	 0.96 	(very limited) too clayey (very limited)	 0.96 	(very limited) too clayey (very limited)	0.96	(very limited) 	
82010:		 	 	 	 	 	 	
Amagon	Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.39	Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.39	Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.39	Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00
82011:		 	 		 	 		
Crowley	Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	Very limited percs slowly (very limited) wetness (limited)	 1.00 0.99	Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.99
86000: Dubbs	 Very limited flooding (very limited)	 1.00 	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited)	 0.60 	 Not limited 	
86001:		ĺ		į		į	į	į
Calhoun	Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.23	Limited wetness (limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.99 0.23 	Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.60 0.23	Limited wetness (limited)	 0.99
86002:				İ		İ		
Falaya	Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60	Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00
86003:								
Amagon	Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.96 0.39	Limited wetness (limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 0.61 0.39 	Limited wetness (limited) flooding (moderately limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 0.96 0.60 0.39	Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.61
86004:		į		į		į		į
Forestdale	Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness	 1.00 1.00	Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly	 1.00 1.00	Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly	 1.00 1.00	Very limited wetness (very limited) too clayey	 1.00 0.60
	(very limited) percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 	(very limited) too clayey (moderately limited)	 0.60 	(very limited) too clayey (moderately limited)	0.60	(moderately limited)	

Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds		Paths and trails		
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	
	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	
90000:	 		 		 		 		
Memphis	Not limited	i	Not limited	i	Limited	i	Not limited	i	
-	İ	i	İ	i	slope	0.98	İ	i	
	į	į		į	(limited)	į		į	
90001:	 		 		 		 		
Memphis	Limited		Limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	
	slope	0.63	slope	0.63	slope	1.00		1.00	
	(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		
99001:	 		l		l		 		
Water	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	ļ	Not rated		
99003:	 		 		 		 		
Miscellaneous water	Not rated		Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated		
99007:	 		 		 		 		
Dam	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	į	Not rated		
99015:	 		 		 		 		
Udorthents	Not rated		Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated		
Water	 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Grain and seed crops use as food and cov		,		Upland wild herbace plants	ous	Upland shrubs and v	ines	Upland deciduous tr	rees
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
60033:	 	 		 			 	 		
Wrengart	Limited	İ	Limited	İ	Slightly limited	İ	Slightly limited	İ	Moderately limited	İ
	high erodibility	0.80	high erodibility	0.80	wetness	0.13	wetness	0.13	wetness	0.37
	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i
	wetness	0.13	wetness	0.13		i		i	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i
	(slightly limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i	i	i	i	i		i
	percs slowly	0.13	percs slowly	0.13	i	i	i	i		i
	(slightly limited)	į	(slightly limited)	į	į	į		į		į
60046:	 	 		 	 					
Minnith	Limited	İ	Limited	ĺ	Not limited	ĺ	Not limited	İ	Slightly limited	İ
	high erodibility	0.80	high erodibility	0.80					wetness	0.30
	(limited)		(limited)						(slightly limited)	
	slope	0.60	slope	0.60						1
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)							
60053:				 			 			
Winfield	Limited		Limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Limited	1
	high erodibility	0.80	high erodibility	0.80	wetness	0.55	wetness	0.55	wetness	0.85
	(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	1
	wetness	0.55	wetness	0.55						1
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)							
60054:	 		 	 			 			
Minnith	Limited	İ	Limited	ĺ	Not limited	ĺ	Not limited	İ	Slightly limited	İ
	high erodibility	0.80	high erodibility	0.80	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	İ	wetness	0.30
	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	į	į		İ	(slightly limited)	Ì
60055:	[[[
	Slightly limited	i	 Slightly limited	i	Slightly limited	İ	Slightly limited	i	 Moderately limited	i
	wetness	0.13	wetness	0.13	wetness	0.13	wetness	0.13	wetness	0.37
	(slightly limited)	i	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	i .	(slightly limited)	1	(moderately limited)	i

Map symbol and soil name	•	n and seed crops (for e as food and cover)		Domestic grasses and legumes (for use as food and cover)		Upland wild herbaceous plants			Upland deciduous trees 	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
	IIIIICIIIG TEACUTES	<u> </u>	Immering reacures	<u> </u>	Immitting reactures		Immicing reactives	 	IIMITCHING TEACUTES	1
66000:			! 		 		 	i	 	1
Moniteau	Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i
	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	į į	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	j
	flooding	0.60	flooding	0.60	į	į į		İ		j
	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	İ	į į		İ	İ	j
	percs slowly	0.13	percs slowly	0.13	İ	į į		İ	İ	j
	(slightly limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	ĺ	İ	İ		Ì	İ	İ
										-
66054: Wakeland		1	 Limited		 Limited		 Limited		 Very limited	
Waketand	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	wetness	0.81	wetness	0.81	wetness	1.00
	(limited)	10.30	(limited)	10.30	(limited)	0.01	(limited)	10.01	(very limited)	1
	wetness	0.81	wetness	0.81	(IIIIICed)		(111111111111111111111111111111111111		(very rimited)	-
	(limited)		(limited)		I I		 	i	 	i
	(22112000)	İ		İ				i		i
66055:	İ	į	İ	j	İ			İ		j
Haymond	Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Not limited		Not limited		Not limited	
	flooding	0.60	flooding	0.60						
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		!				[-
73055:							l		 	
Alred	 Very limited	-	 Very limited		 Moderately limited		 Slightly limited		 Not limited	i i
Alled	small stones	1.00	small stones	1.00	small stones	0.31	small stones	0.12	Not illitted	i i
	(very limited)	1	very limited)	1	(moderately limited)	0.31	(slightly limited)	0.12	 	1
	droughty	0.99	high erodibility	0.80	(moderatery rimited)		(Bilghely limited)		 	-
	(limited)		(limited)	1	I I		 	i	 	i
	high erodibility	0.80	slope	0.60	I		 	i	 	i
	(limited)		(moderately limited)					i	 	i
	İ	į	į -	į	į	į į		į	İ	j
Rueter	Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	ĺ	Slightly limited		Slightly limited	İ	Not limited	ĺ
	small stones	1.00	small stones	1.00	small stones	0.28	small stones	0.08		
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)			
	droughty	0.86	high erodibility	0.80						
	(limited)		(limited)							
	high erodibility	0.80	slope	0.60						
	(limited)		(moderately limited)							

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Grain and seed crops use as food and cov		Domestic grasses and legumes (for use as food and cover)		Upland wild herbace	ous	Upland shrubs and v	ines	Upland deciduous trees 	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73100:					 		 		 	
Wrengart	Moderately limited moderate erodibility (moderately limited)	 0.50 	Moderately limited moderate erodibility (moderately limited)	 0.50 	Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited)	 0.13 	Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited)	 0.13 	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited)	 0.37
	wetness (slightly limited)	0.13	wetness (slightly limited)	0.13	 		 		 	İ I
	percs slowly (slightly limited)	0.13	percs slowly (slightly limited)	0.13						<u> </u>
73101:					 		 		 	
Wrengart	Limited high erodibility (limited)	0.80	 Limited high erodibility (limited)	0.80	Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited)	0.13	Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited)	0.13	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited)	0.37
	wetness (slightly limited)	0.13	wetness (slightly limited)	0.13		<u> </u> 				
	percs slowly (slightly limited)	0.13	percs slowly (slightly limited)	0.13	 		 		 	
73139:	 		 		 		 		 	
Poynor	Limited droughty (limited)	 0.96 	Limited high erodibility (limited)	 0.80 	Slightly limited small stones (slightly limited)	0.14	Not limited 	 	Not limited 	
	high erodibility (limited)	0.80	small stones (limited)	0.69		į Į	 		 	į Į
	small stones (limited)	0.69	 		 		 		 	
Clarksville	droughty	 0.99	 Limited high erodibility	 0.80	 Slightly limited small stones	0.04	 Not limited 		 Not limited 	
	(very limited) high erodibility (limited)	 0.80 	(limited) small stones (moderately limited)	 0.31 	(slightly limited) 	 	 	 	 	
	small stones (moderately limited)	0.31	 							<u> </u>
Scholten	 Very limited		 Very limited		 Limited		 Limited		 Very limited	
	droughty (very limited)	1.00	percs slowly (very limited)	1.00	wetness (limited)	0.78	wetness (limited)	0.78	wetness (very limited)	1.00
	percs slowly (very limited)	1.00	high erodibility (limited)	0.80	droughty (moderately limited)	0.45	droughty (moderately limited)	0.45	droughty (moderately limited)	0.45
	high erodibility (limited)	0.80	wetness (limited)	0.78	small stones (slightly limited)	0.06	 		 	

Map symbol and soil name	Grain and seed crops (for use as food and cover)		Domestic grasses and legumes (for use as food and cover)		Upland wild herbaceous plants		Upland shrubs and vines		Upland deciduous trees	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73140:		 	 		 	 	 	 		
Clarksville	Limited		Limited		Slightly limited		Not limited		Not limited	
	droughty	0.90	small stones	0.82	small stones	0.17				
	(limited)		(limited)		(slightly limited)				!	!
	small stones	0.82	high erodibility	0.80						
	(limited)		(limited)							1
	high erodibility	0.80	slope	0.79						-
	(limited)		(limited)	1	 	 	 -		 	1
Scholten	 Verv limited	 	 Very limited		Limited	 	 Limited	 	 Moderately limited	l I
	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	small stones	0.80	small stones	0.80	wetness	0.39
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(limited)	İ	(limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i
	droughty	1.00	small stones	1.00	wetness	0.17	wetness	0.17	droughty	0.05
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(slightly limited)	ĺ	(slightly limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	İ
	small stones	1.00	high erodibility	0.80	droughty	0.05	droughty	0.05		
	(very limited)		(limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)			
73141:			 			 	 			
Firebaugh	 T.imited	l I	 Limited	i i	 Moderately limited	l I	 Moderately limited	l I	Limited	1
riiebaugii	high erodibility	0.80	high erodibility	0.80	wetness	0.50	wetness	0.50	wetness	0.71
	(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	0171
	wetness	0.50	wetness	0.50		İ		i		i
	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	1		İ		i		i
	percs slowly	0.39	percs slowly	0.39		İ	!	i		i
	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	į	İ	İ	İ	İ	j	İ
73145:										
/3145: Crider	 T.imited	 	 Limited		 Not limited	 	 Not limited	 	 Not limited	1
	high erodibility	0.80	high erodibility	0.80				i		i
	(limited)		(limited)		İ	İ		İ		į
T0116										1
73146: Marquand	 Limited	 	 Limited		 Moderately limited	 	 Moderately limited		 Moderately limited	1
marquanu	high erodibility	0.80	high erodibility	0.80	wetness	 0.37	wetness	0.37	wetness	0.52
	(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	0.57	(moderately limited)	0.37	(moderately limited)	1
	wetness	0.37	wetness	0.37	/moderacery rimited)	 	'moderacery rimited'		moderacery immiced)	İ
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	1		İ	! 			İ
	percs slowly	0.13	percs slowly	0.13		i		<u> </u>		ì
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	1	1		I		i	1

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Grain and seed crops use as food and cove		Domestic grasses as legumes (for use as legumes)		 Upland wild herbaced plants 	ous	 Upland shrubs and v: 	ines	 Upland deciduous tr 	rees
	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73150:		 		 		 		 		
Caneyville	Limited high erodibility (limited)	 0.80 	Limited high erodibility (limited)	 0.80 	Not limited 	 	Slightly limited depth to bedrock (slightly limited)	 0.30 	Slightly limited depth to bedrock (slightly limited)	0.30
	droughty (limited)	0.73	depth to bedrock (slightly limited)	0.30		 	 	 	 	
	depth to bedrock (slightly limited)	0.30 	percs slowly (slightly limited)	0.13	 	 	 	 	 	
Bucklick	Limited droughty (limited) high erodibility (limited)	 0.94 0.80	Limited high erodibility (limited)	 0.80 	Not limited 	 	Not limited	 	Not limited	
73151: Caneyville	Limited droughty (limited) high erodibility (limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.92 0.80 0.31	Limited high erodibility (limited) slope (moderately limited) depth to bedrock (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.31 0.28	 Not limited 	 	 Slightly limited depth to bedrock (slightly limited) 	 0.28 	 Slightly limited depth to bedrock (slightly limited) 	 0.28
Gasconade	 Very limited droughty (very limited) shallow to bedrock	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited droughty (very limited) shallow to bedrock	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited droughty (very limited) large stones	 1.00 0.42	 Very limited droughty (very limited) shallow to bedrock	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited shallow to bedrock (very limited) droughty	 1.00 1.00
	(very limited) high erodibility (limited)	 0.80 	(very limited) high erodibility (limited)	 0.80 	(moderately limited) too clayey (moderately limited)	 0.36 	(very limited) large stones (moderately limited)	 0.42 	(very limited) large stones (moderately limited)	 0.42
Bucklick	Limited high erodibility (limited) slope (moderately limited) droughty (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.31 0.26	 Limited high erodibility (limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.31 	Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Grain and seed crops use as food and cove		Domestic grasses a legumes (for use as and cover)		Upland wild herbaced plants	ous	Upland shrubs and v	ines	Upland deciduous tr 	ees
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73264:		 		 	 	 	 			
Alred	Limited	i	Limited	i	Not limited	i	Not limited	i	Not limited	i
	droughty	0.81	high erodibility	0.80	i	i	i	i	İ	i
	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	i	i	İ	i	İ	i
	high erodibility	0.80	slope	0.60	i	i	İ	i	İ	i
	(limited)	İ	(moderately limited)		i	i	İ	i	İ	i
	slope	0.60	percs slowly	0.40	i I	i	i I	i	i I	i
	(moderately limited)	1	(moderately limited)	1						
Wrengart	Limited		 Limited		 Slightly limited	 	 Slightly limited		 Moderately limited	
	high erodibility	0.80	high erodibility	0.80	wetness	0.28	wetness	0.28	wetness	0.45
	(limited)		(limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)	
	slope	0.31	slope	0.31	(21191101)	i		i		i
	(moderately limited)	1	(moderately limited)	1	! 	i	! 		! 	i
	wetness	0.28	wetness	0.28	I	i	! 	i	! 	i
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)							
73265:		 			 	 	 		 	
Captina	Limited	i	Limited	i	Moderately limited	i	Moderately limited	i	Limited	i
	small stones	0.93	small stones	0.93	wetness	0.47	wetness	0.47	wetness	0.63
	(limited)	İ	(limited)	i	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(limited)	1
	high erodibility	0.80	high erodibility	0.80	small stones	0.19	1	i	İ	i
	(limited)	İ	(limited)	i	(slightly limited)		İ	i	İ	i
	wetness	0.47	wetness	0.47		i	i I	i	i I	i
	(moderately limited)	1	(moderately limited)							
Scholten	 Very limited	 	 Very limited		 Limited	 	 Limited		 Very limited	
	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	wetness	0.83	wetness	0.83	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	droughty	1.00	wetness	0.83	droughty	0.16	droughty	0.16	droughty	0.16
	(very limited)		(limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		slightly limited)	1
	wetness	0.83	high erodibility	0.80	small stones	0.11		i		i
	(limited)		(limited)		slightly limited)					
73266:		 			 	 	 		 	
Hildebrecht	Limited	i	Limited	i	 Not limited	i	 Not limited	İ	 Slightly limited	ì
	percs slowly	0.99	percs slowly	0.99				İ	wetness	0.30
	(very limited)	0.55	very limited)	0.55	 		 		(slightly limited)	10.50
	high erodibility	0.80	high erodibility	0.80	 		 		(brightery rimited)	1
	(limited)	10.00	limited	10.00	I	I	I	I	I	1

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Grain and seed crops use as food and cove		Domestic grasses at legumes (for use as and cover)		Upland wild herbace	ous	Upland shrubs and v	ines	Upland deciduous tr	rees
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73343:		 	 		 	 	 	 	 	
Captina	Limited	İ	Limited	į	Moderately limited	į	Moderately limited	İ	Limited	İ
	high erodibility	0.80	high erodibility	0.80	wetness	0.47	wetness	0.47	wetness	0.63
	(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	-
	droughty	0.49	wetness	0.47						1
	(moderately limited)	0 47	(moderately limited)						 	-
	wetness (moderately limited)	0.47 	percs slowly (moderately limited)	0.39 	 	 	 	 	 	
73344:		[[
Captina	Limited	i	Limited	i	Moderately limited	İ	Moderately limited	İ	Limited	i
	high erodibility	0.80	high erodibility	0.80	wetness	0.47	wetness	0.47	wetness	0.63
	(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	
	wetness	0.47	wetness	0.47						1
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)							!
	percs slowly	0.39	percs slowly	0.39						1
	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)		 		 	 	 	
73345:			 		 		 		 	
Hildebrecht	Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited	
	moderate erodibility	0.50	moderate erodibility	0.50	wetness	0.36	wetness	0.36	!	0.51
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited))
	percs slowly	0.39	percs slowly	0.39						1
	(moderately limited)	 0.36	(moderately limited)	0.36			 		 	1
	wetness (moderately limited)	10.36	wetness (moderately limited)	0.36	 	 	 	 	 	-
	(moderatery rimited)	 	(moderatery rimited)							
73346:	 Moderately limited		 Moderately limited		 Moderately limited		 Moderately limited		 Moderately limited	
IIII GEDI ECIIC	moderate erodibility	0.50	moderate erodibility	0.50	wetness	0.36	wetness	0.36	wetness	0.51
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	
	percs slowly	0.39	percs slowly	0.39		i		i		i
	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i		i		İ		i
	wetness	0.36	wetness	0.36	j	į	j	İ	İ	į
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)						 	
74644:	[
Deible	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	percs slowly	1.00	1 2 2	1.00						1
	(very limited)		(very limited)							
	moderate erodibility	0.50	moderate erodibility	0.50	 		 	 	 	1
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	1	I		I		I	1

Map symbol and soil name	Grain and seed crops use as food and cove 		Domestic grasses at legumes (for use as and cover)		Upland wild herbace plants	ous	Upland shrubs and v	ines	Upland deciduous tr 	ees
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
74646: Cornwall	Limited high erodibility (limited) percs slowly (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.39 0.36	Limited high erodibility (limited) percs slowly (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.39 0.36	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.36 	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.36 	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.51
74648: Aslinger		 1.00 0.80 0.44	 Limited high erodibility (limited) wetness (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.44 0.13	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) droughty (slightly limited) 	 0.44 0.01 	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) droughty (slightly limited) 	 0.44 0.01 	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) droughty (slightly limited) 	 0.59 0.01
74649: Aslinger	 Very limited droughty (very limited) high erodibility (limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.80 0.44	Limited high erodibility (limited) wetness (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.44 0.13	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) droughty (slightly limited)	 0.44 0.06 	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) droughty (slightly limited)	 0.44 0.06 	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) droughty (slightly limited)	 0.59 0.06
Waben	 Very limited droughty (very limited) high erodibility (limited)	 1.00 0.80	 Limited high erodibility (limited) droughty (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.01	 Slightly limited droughty (slightly limited) 	 0.01 	 Slightly limited droughty (slightly limited) 	 0.01 	 Slightly limited droughty (slightly limited) 	 0.01
74679: Higdon	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.13	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.13	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.99

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Grain and seed crops use as food and cov		Domestic grasses a legumes (for use as and cover)		Upland wild herbace plants	ous	Upland shrubs and v	rines	Upland deciduous to	rees
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
74680: Moniteau	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	
	wetness (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	1.00 0.13	wetness (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	1.00 0.13	wetness (very limited) 	1.00	wetness (very limited) 	1.00	wetness (very limited) 	1.00
74685: Auxvasse	Very limited percs slowly (very limited) wetness (moderately limited) moderate erodibility (moderately limited)	0.50	Very limited percs slowly (very limited) wetness (moderately limited) moderate erodibility (moderately limited)	0.50		 0.60 	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Limited wetness (limited) 	0.99
75379: Kaintuck	 Limited flooding (limited)	 0.90	 Limited flooding (limited)	 0.90	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 		 Not limited 	
75381: Bearthicket	 Moderately limited moderate erodibility (moderately limited)		 Moderately limited moderate erodibility (moderately limited)		 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 		 Not limited 	
75395: Jamesfin	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) moderate erodibility (moderately limited)	0.50	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) moderate erodibility (moderately limited)	0.50	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 		 Not limited 	
75408: Secesh	 Moderately limited moderate erodibility (moderately limited)		 Moderately limited moderate erodibility (moderately limited) 		 Not limited - 	 	 Not limited 		 Not limited - 	

Map symbol and soil name	Grain and seed crops use as food and cove		Domestic grasses as legumes (for use as legumes and cover)		Upland wild herbace plants	ous	Upland shrubs and v	ines	Upland deciduous to	rees
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75409:		 	 	 	 		 		 	
Relfe	Very limited		Limited		Limited		Limited		Limited	
	droughty	1.00	droughty	0.84	droughty	0.84	droughty	0.84	1	0.84
	(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	flooding	0.60	flooding	0.60						
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)							
	moderate erodibility		moderate erodibility	0.50						
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)							
75411:	 		 		 		 		 	
Tilk	 Verv limited	i	 Very limited	i	Limited		Limited	i	 Slightly limited	1
	small stones	1.00	small stones	1.00	small stones	0.77	small stones	0.78	droughty	0.04
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)		slightly limited)	
	droughty	1.00	moderate erodibility	0.50	droughty	0.04	droughty	0.04		i
	(very limited)		(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)		slightly limited)			i
	moderate erodibility	0.50	droughty	0.04			(===g, ====,	i		i
	(moderately limited)		slightly limited)			İ		i		ì
	į	İ		į	j	İ		į		j
75416:			[[
Gladden	Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Not limited		Not limited		Not limited	
	flooding	0.60	flooding	0.60						
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)							
	moderate erodibility	0.50	moderate erodibility	0.50						
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)							
75417:	 		 		 	 	 		 	
Relfe	Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	İ	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i
	droughty	1.00	droughty	1.00	droughty	1.00	droughty	1.00		1.00
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)		(very limited)	i	(very limited)	1
	small stones	1.00	small stones	1.00	small stones	0.58	small stones	0.56		i
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)			i
	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	1	İ		i		i
	(limited)		(limited)			İ		İ		j
Sandbur			Limited		Not limited		Not limited		Not limited	!
	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90				ļ		1
	(limited)		(limited)					ļ		1
	droughty	0.34						ļ		1
	(moderately limited)									

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Grain and seed crops use as food and cov		Domestic grasses a legumes (for use as and cover)		Upland wild herbace	ous	 Upland shrubs and v 	ines	 Upland deciduous tr 	ees
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75426: Gabriel	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.13	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.13	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.99
75428: Tilk		0.58	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) small stones (moderately limited) droughty (moderately limited)	0.58	 Moderately limited droughty (moderately limited) small stones (slightly limited)	 0.55 0.11 	 Moderately limited droughty (moderately limited) 	 0.55 	 Moderately limited droughty (moderately limited) 	 0.55
Cornwall	Limited wetness (limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 0.68 0.39	 Limited wetness (limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 0.68 0.39	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.68 	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.68 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00
Poynor	 Very limited droughty (very limited) small stones (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.33	Moderately limited droughty (moderately limited) small stones (moderately limited)	0.33	Moderately limited droughty (moderately limited) small stones (slightly limited)	 0.44 0.04	 Moderately limited droughty (moderately limited) 	 0.44 	 Moderately limited droughty (moderately limited) 	 0.44
75429: Tilk		 1.00 1.00 0.60	 Very limited small stones (very limited) flooding (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60 	 Limited small stones (limited) 	 0.77 	 Limited small stones (limited) 	 0.77 	 Not limited 	
Secesh	Moderately limited large stones (moderately limited) small stones (moderately limited)	 0.45 0.37	 Moderately limited large stones (moderately limited) small stones (moderately limited)	0.37	 Slightly limited large stones (slightly limited) small stones (slightly limited)	 0.17 0.05	 Slightly limited large stones (slightly limited) 	 0.17 	 Slightly limited large stones (slightly limited) 	 0.17

Map symbol and soil name	Grain and seed crops use as food and cove		Domestic grasses a legumes (for use as and cover)		Upland wild herbace plants	ous	Upland shrubs and v	ines	Upland deciduous tr 	rees
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75430: Wideman	 Limited droughty	 0.65	 Moderately limited flooding	 0.60	 Not limited	 	 Not limited		 Not limited	
	(limited) flooding (moderately limited)	0.60	(moderately limited)			 		 		
75451: Gladden	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) droughty (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.01	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	
75467: Wilbur	 Limited flooding (limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.90 0.52	 Limited flooding (limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.90 0.52	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.52 	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.52 	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.77
75468: Elsah	Limited flooding (limited) moderate erodibility (moderately limited) small stones (moderately limited)	 0.90 0.50 0.33	Limited flooding (limited) moderate erodibility (moderately limited) small stones (moderately limited)	0.33	 Slightly limited small stones (slightly limited) 	 0.04 	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	
77000: Killarney		 1.00 1.00 0.88	 Very limited percs slowly (very limited) small stones (very limited) high erodibility (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.80	 Moderately limited small stones (moderately limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 0.31 0.28 	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) small stones (slightly limited)	 0.28 0.12 	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.45

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Grain and seed crops use as food and cov		Domestic grasses a legumes (for use as and cover)		Upland wild herbace plants	ous	Upland shrubs and v	ines	Upland deciduous tr	rees
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
77000:				 	 	 	 	 	[[
Frenchmill	Limited	i i	Limited	i	Slightly limited	i	Not limited	i	Not limited	i
	high erodibility	0.80	high erodibility	0.80	small stones	0.08	İ	i		i
	(limited)	i i	(limited)	i	(slightly limited)	İ	İ	į		i
	slope	0.79	slope	0.79	İ	İ	İ	į	İ	İ
	(limited)	į į	(limited)	İ	İ	İ	İ	į		İ
	droughty	0.61	small stones	0.46		ĺ		İ		İ
	(limited)		(moderately limited)			İ			1	
77002:					 					
Delassus	:		Very limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited	
	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	wetness	0.39	wetness	0.39	wetness	0.54
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	!
	high erodibility	0.80	high erodibility	0.80						ļ
	(limited)		(limited)							ļ
	wetness	0.39	wetness	0.39	!		!			
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)						1	
77005:	1		 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Hassler	 Limited	1	Limited		 Moderately limited	i	 Moderately limited	i	 Moderately limited	i
11400101	high erodibility	0.80	high erodibility	0.80	wetness	0.40	wetness	0.40	wetness	0.55
	(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	,
	wetness	0.40	wetness	0.40		i		i		i
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	i		i		i		i
	percs slowly	0.17	percs slowly	0.17		i		i		i
	(slightly limited)	į	(slightly limited)	į	į	į	į	į		į
Syenite	Limited		 Limited	 	 Not limited	 	 Moderately limited	 	 Moderately limited	
-	high erodibility	0.80	high erodibility	0.80	İ	İ	depth to bedrock	0.35	depth to bedrock	0.35
	(limited)	i i	(limited)	i	İ	İ	(moderately limited)	į	(moderately limited)	i
	droughty	0.40	depth to bedrock	0.35	İ	İ	İ	į	_	İ
	(moderately limited)	į į	(moderately limited)	İ	İ	İ	İ	į		İ
	depth to bedrock	0.35	slope	0.20		ĺ		İ		İ
	(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)						 	
77008:			 		 		 	 	 	
Hassler	Limited		Limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited	
	high erodibility	0.80	high erodibility	0.80	wetness	0.40	wetness	0.40	wetness	0.55
	(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	
	wetness	0.40	wetness	0.40						
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)							
	percs slowly	0.17	percs slowly	0.17						
	(slightly limited)	1	(slightly limited)	I				1	1	1

Map symbol and soil name	Grain and seed crops use as food and cov		Domestic grasses a legumes (for use as and cover)		Upland wild herbace plants	ous	Upland shrubs and v	ines	Upland deciduous tr	ees
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
80000:	 		 	 	 	 	 	 		
Calhoun	Limited	į	Limited	į	Limited	į	Limited	į	Very limited	į
	wetness	0.99	wetness	0.99	wetness	0.99	wetness	0.99	wetness	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	percs slowly	0.40	percs slowly	0.40						
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		 		 	 	 	
80001:			 		 		 		 	
Oaklimeter	Moderately limited	ĺ	Moderately limited	ĺ	Moderately limited	İ	Moderately limited	ĺ	Moderately limited	İ
	wetness	0.44	wetness	0.44	wetness	0.44	wetness	0.44	wetness	0.59
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	
82000:	 	 	 		 		 	 	 	
Dubbs	Moderately limited	į	Moderately limited	i	Not limited	į	Not limited	į	Not limited	İ
	moderate erodibility	0.50	moderate erodibility	0.50		İ		ĺ		İ
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	İ	į					
82001:	 		 		 		 	 		
Amagon	Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	Very limited	i	Very limited	İ	 Very limited	İ
_	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ
	ponded (wetness)	1.00	ponded (wetness)	1.00	seasonally ponded	0.80	seasonally ponded	0.80	seasonally ponded	0.80
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	percs slowly	0.39	percs slowly	0.39						
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)							
82002:			 		 		 	 	 	
Forestdale	Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	Ì
	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	ponded (wetness)	1.00	ponded (wetness)	1.00	seasonally ponded	0.80	seasonally ponded	0.80	seasonally ponded	0.80
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	too clayey	0.30	too clayey	0.30		
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	 	 	
82005:	 		 		! 				 	
Malden	Very limited		Limited		Limited		Limited		Limited	
	droughty	1.00	droughty	0.70	droughty	0.70	droughty	0.70	droughty	0.70
	(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	too sandy	0.50	too sandy	0.50	too sandy	0.50	too sandy	0.50		
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)			

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Grain and seed crops use as food and cove		Domestic grasses at legumes (for use as and cover)		Upland wild herbace	eous	 Upland shrubs and v 	rines	 Upland deciduous t 	rees
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
82006: Bosket	 Not limited	 	 Not limited	 	 Not limited	 	 Not limited	 	 Not limited	
82007: Bosket	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited)	 0.60	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited)	 0.60	 Not limited 		 Not limited 		 Not limited 	
82009: Forestdale	Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (very limited) too clayey (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.30	Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (very limited) too clayey (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.30	 Very limited wetness (very limited) too clayey (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.30	 Very limited wetness (very limited) too clayey (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.30	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00
82010: Amagon	 Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.39	 Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.39	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00
82011: Crowley	 Very limited percs slowly (very limited) wetness (limited)	 1.00 0.99	 Very limited percs slowly (very limited) wetness (limited)	 1.00 0.99	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.99 	 Limited wetness (limited)	 0.99 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00
86000: Dubbs	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) moderate erodibility (moderately limited)		 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) moderate erodibility (moderately limited)	0.50	 Not limited 		 Not limited 		 Not limited 	

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Grain and seed crops use as food and cov		Domestic grasses a legumes (for use as and cover)		Upland wild herbace plants	eous	Upland shrubs and v 	rines	Upland deciduous t	rees
	Rating class and	Value		Value		Value		Value	,	Valu
	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	ļ	limiting features	ļ	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>
99001:									 	
Water	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į
99003:										
Miscellaneous										
water	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	
99007:									 	
Dam	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	
99015:									 	
Udorthents	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	
Water	 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated	

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Upland mixed decidue conifer trees	ous-	Riparian herbaceous p	lants	Riparian shrubs, vin	es, and	Freshwater wetland p	lants	Irrigated freshwat wetland plants	er
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
60033: Wrengart	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.37 	Limited deep to water (limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 0.82 0.80	 Not limited 		 Limited deep to water (limited) 	 0.82 	Limited slope (limited) seepage (slightly limited)	 0.91 0.18
60046: Minnith	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.30 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.80 	 Slightly limited deep to water (slightly limited) 	 0.01 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (moderately limited) deep to water (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.42 0.01
60053: Winfield	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.85 	 Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (moderately limited)	0.35	 Not limited 		 Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited) 	 0.35 	 Limited slope (limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 0.66 0.45
60054: Minnith	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.30 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.80	 Slightly limited deep to water (slightly limited) 	 0.01 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	very limited slope (very limited) seepage (moderately limited) deep to water (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.42 0.01
60055: Winfield	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.37 	 Limited deep to water (limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 0.82 0.80	 Not limited - 		 Limited deep to water (limited) 	 0.82 	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) slope (slightly limited)	 0.45 0.17

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Upland mixed decidu	ous-	 Riparian herbaceous p 	lants	 Riparian shrubs, vine trees	es, and	 Freshwater wetland p	lants	Irrigated freshwate wetland plants	er
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
66000: Moniteau	 Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00	 Moderately limited infrequent flooding (moderately limited)	 0.50	 Not limited 		 Not limited 		 Slightly limited seepage (slightly limited)	 0.18
66054: Wakeland	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Moderately limited infrequent flooding (moderately limited) deep to water (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.15	 Not limited 		 Slightly limited deep to water (slightly limited)	 0.15 	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) 	 0.45
66055: Haymond	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50	 Not limited 		 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) 	 0.45
73055: Alred	 Not limited 	 		 1.00 0.80 0.12	 Slightly limited small stones (slightly limited) 	0.12	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00
Rueter	 Not limited 	 	Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited) small stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.80 0.08	 Slightly limited small stones (slightly limited) 	 0.08 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.45
73100: Wrengart	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.37 	 Limited deep to water (limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 0.82 0.80	 Not limited 		 Limited deep to water (limited) 	 0.82 	 Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) seepage (slightly limited)	 0.31 0.18

Map symbol and soil name	Upland mixed decidu	ous-	Riparian herbaceous p	lants	Riparian shrubs, vine	s, and	Freshwater wetland	plants	Irrigated freshwat wetland plants	er
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73101: Wrengart	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.37 	Limited deep to water (limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 0.82 0.80	 Not limited 	 	 Limited deep to water (limited) 	0.82	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.18
73139:	 				 		 			
Poynor	Not limited	 	Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.80	Not limited	 	Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.45
Clarksville	Not limited 	 	Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.80	Not limited 	 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.45
Scholten	 Very limited wetness (very limited) droughty (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.45	Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.17	 Moderately limited droughty (moderately limited) 	 0.45 	Slightly limited deep to water (slightly limited) soil reaction (slightly limited)	 0.17 0.12	Very limited slope (very limited) soil reaction (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.12
73140:					 					
Clarksville	Not limited	 	Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.80 	Not limited	 	Very limited deep to water (very limited) soil reaction (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.06 	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (moderately limited) soil reaction (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.45 0.06
Scholten	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) droughty (slightly limited)	 0.39 0.05 	Limited infrequent flooding (limited) small stones (limited) deep to water (limited)	 0.80 0.80 0.77	 Limited small stones (limited) droughty (slightly limited) 	 0.80 0.05 	 Limited deep to water (limited) 	 0.77 	Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Upland mixed decidud conifer trees	ous-	 Riparian herbaceous p 	lants	 Riparian shrubs, vine trees	es, and	 Freshwater wetland p 	lants	 Irrigated freshwat wetland plants	er
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73141: Firebaugh	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.71 	 Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.40	 Not limited 		 Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited) 	 0.40 	 Limited slope (limited) 	 0.91
73145:				i	İ	İ				i
Crider	Not limited - -	 	Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.80	Not limited		Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	Limited slope (limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 0.66 0.45
73146:	 		 				 		 	
Marquand	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.52 	Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.52	Not limited 		Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited) 	 0.52 	Limited slope (limited) seepage (slightly limited)	 0.91 0.18
73150:		 	 		 				 	
Caneyville	Slightly limited depth to bedrock (slightly limited) 	 0.30 	Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.80	Not limited 	 	Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.18
Bucklick	 Not limited		 Very limited	 	 Not limited		 Very limited		 Very limited	
	 	 	deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	1.00 0.80	 		deep to water (very limited)	1.00 	slope (very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	1.00 0.45
73151: Caneyville	 Slightly limited depth to bedrock	 0.28		 1.00	 Not limited 		 Very limited deep to water	 1.00	 Very limited slope	1.00
	(slightly limited) 	 	(very limited) infrequent flooding (limited) 	 0.80 	 	 	(very limited) 	 	(very limited) seepage (slightly limited) 	 0.18

Map symbol and soil name	Upland mixed decidu conifer trees	ous-	Riparian herbaceous p 	lants	Riparian shrubs, vine trees	s, and	Freshwater wetland p	lants	Irrigated freshwat wetland plants	er
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73151:		 	 	 	 	 	 		 	
Gasconade	shallow to bedrock (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.42	Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited) large stones (moderately limited)	 0.42	Very limited droughty (very limited) large stones (moderately limited) 	 1.00 0.42 	Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.18
Bucklick	Not limited 	 	Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.80	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	 very limited slope (very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.45
73156:	İ	İ	İ	į	į	į		į		i
Alred	Not limited 	 	Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.80	Not limited 	 	Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00
Gepp	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited) small stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.80 0.12	 Slightly limited small stones (slightly limited) 	 0.12 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.45
73157:	 		 		 		 			
Captina	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited)	 0.51 	Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (moderately limited)	0.53	Not limited	 	Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited) 	 0.53 	Limited slope (limited)	0.91
73223:	 		[[[Ì
Coulstone	droughty (very limited)	 1.00 0.61 	Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited) large stones (limited)	 1.00 0.80 0.61	Very limited droughty (very limited) large stones (limited)	 1.00 0.61 	Very limited deep to water (very limited)	 1.00 	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (limited)	 1.00 0.79

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Upland mixed decidu	ous-	 Riparian herbaceous p 	lants	Riparian shrubs, vine trees	s, and	 Freshwater wetland p 	lants	Irrigated freshwa	ter
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73223: Bender	Very limited droughty (very limited) large stones (moderately limited) depth to bedrock (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.50 0.27		 1.00 0.80 0.50	 Very limited droughty (very limited) large stones (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (limited)	 1.00 0.89
73264: Alred	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.80	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited)	 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00
Wrengart	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited)	 0.45 	Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (limited)	0.80	Not limited	 	Limited deep to water (limited)	 0.61 	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.18
73265: Captina	 Limited wetness (limited)	 0.63 	Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (moderately limited)	0.80	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited) 	 0.43 	 Limited slope (limited) 	 0.91
Scholten	 Very limited wetness (very limited) droughty (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.16	Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.13	 Slightly limited droughty (slightly limited) 	 0.16 	 Slightly limited deep to water (slightly limited) 	 0.13 	 Limited slope (limited) 	 0.91
73266: Hildebrecht	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.30 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.80	 Slightly limited deep to water (slightly limited) 	 0.01 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) deep to water (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.01

Map symbol and soil name	Upland mixed decidu	ous-	Riparian herbaceous p	lants	Riparian shrubs, vine trees	es, and	Freshwater wetland p	lants	Irrigated freshwa wetland plants	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73267: Yelton	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.93 	 Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.32	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited) 	 0.32 	Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00
Scholten	 Very limited wetness (very limited) droughty (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.16	Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.13	 Slightly limited droughty (slightly limited) 	 0.16 	Slightly limited deep to water (slightly limited) soil reaction (slightly limited)	 0.13 0.12	Very limited slope (very limited) soil reaction (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.12
73269:	l I		 	 	 		 			l
	 Slightly limited droughty (slightly limited) 	 0.08 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.80 	 Slightly limited droughty (slightly limited) 	0.08	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) soil reaction (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.01 	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (slightly limited) soil reaction (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.18 0.01
Gasconade		 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited) 	 1.00 0.80 	 Very limited droughty (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) soil reaction (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.01 	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (slightly limited) soil reaction (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.18 0.01
Rock outcrop	 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		Not rated	
73270: Wrengart	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.37 	Limited deep to water (limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 0.82 0.80	 Not limited 		Limited deep to water (limited)	 0.82 	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.18
73343: Captina	 Limited wetness (limited)	 0.63 	 Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.43	 Not limited 		 Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited) 	 0.43 	Limited slope (limited)	 0.91

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Upland mixed decidude conifer trees	ous-	 Riparian herbaceous p	lants	 Riparian shrubs, vine trees	s, and	 Freshwater wetland p	lants	 Irrigated freshwat wetland plants	:er
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73344: Captina	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.63 	 Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.43	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited)	 0.43 	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00
73345: Hildebrecht	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.51 	 Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.53	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited) 	 0.53 	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00
73346: Hildebrecht	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.51 	 Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (moderately limited)	0.53	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited) soil reaction (slightly limited)	 0.53 0.06	 Very limited slope (very limited) soil reaction (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.06
74644: Deible	 Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00	 Not limited 		 Not limited 		 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	
74646: Cornwall	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.51 	 Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.53	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited) 	 0.53 	 Limited slope (limited) 	 0.91
74648: Aslinger	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) droughty (slightly limited)	 0.59 0.01	Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.45	 Slightly limited droughty (slightly limited) 	 0.01 	 Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited) 	 0.45 	 Limited slope (limited) seepage (slightly limited)	 0.91 0.18

Map symbol and soil name	Upland mixed decidud	ous-	Riparian herbaceous p	lants	Riparian shrubs, vine	es, and	Freshwater wetland p	lants	Irrigated freshwat wetland plants	er
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
74649: Aslinger	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) droughty (slightly limited)	 0.59 0.06	 Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (moderately limited)	0.45	 Slightly limited droughty (slightly limited) 	 0.06 	 Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited) 	 0.45 	 Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.18
Waben	 Slightly limited droughty (slightly limited) 	 0.01 	Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.80	 Slightly limited droughty (slightly limited) 	 0.01 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	Limited seepage (limited) slope (limited)	 0.79 0.66
74679: Higdon	 Limited wetness (limited)	 0.99 	 Slightly limited deep to water (slightly limited)	 0.30	 Not limited 		 Slightly limited deep to water (slightly limited)	 0.30	 Slightly limited seepage (slightly limited)	 0.18
74680: Moniteau		 1.00 	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Slightly limited seepage (slightly limited)	 0.18
74685: Auxvasse	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.99 	Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (slightly limited)	0.80	 Not limited 		 Slightly limited deep to water (slightly limited) 	0.30	 Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) 	0.31
75379: Kaintuck	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited)	 1.00 	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited)	 1.00 	 Limited seepage (limited)	 0.79
75381: Bearthicket	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited)	 1.00 	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited)	 1.00 	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited)	0.45
75395: Jamesfin	 Not limited 	; 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.45

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Upland mixed decidu	ious-	 Riparian herbaceous p 	lants	 Riparian shrubs, vine trees	s, and	 Freshwater wetland 	plants	 Irrigated freshwat wetland plants	er
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75408: Secesh	 Not limited 		 Very limited deep to water (very limited)	 1.00	 Not limited 		 Very limited deep to water (very limited)	 1.00	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited)	0.45
75409: Relfe	 Limited droughty (limited) 	0.84	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (moderately limited)		 Limited droughty (limited) 	 0.84 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited seepage (very limited) 	 1.00
75411: Tilk	 Slightly limited droughty (slightly limited) 	 0.04 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) small stones (limited)	 1.00 0.78	 Limited small stones (limited) droughty (slightly limited)	 0.78 0.04	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Limited seepage (limited) 	 0.79
75416: Gladden	 Not limited 		 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited)	 1.00 	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) 	 0.45
75417: Relfe	 Very limited droughty (very limited) 	1.00	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) small stones (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.56	 Very limited droughty (very limited) small stones (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.56	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Limited seepage (limited) 	 0.75
Sandbur	 Not limited 		 Very limited deep to water (very limited)	 1.00 	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited)	 1.00 	 Limited seepage (limited)	 0.79
75426: Gabriel	 Limited wetness (limited)	 0.99 	 Slightly limited deep to water (slightly limited)	 0.30	 Not limited 	 	 Slightly limited deep to water (slightly limited)	0.30	 Slightly limited seepage (slightly limited)	 0.18

Map symbol and soil name	Upland mixed decidude conifer trees	ous-	Riparian herbaceous p	lants	Riparian shrubs, vines	s, and	Freshwater wetland p	plants	Irrigated freshwat wetland plants	er
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75428: Tilk	 Moderately limited droughty (moderately limited) 	 0.55 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50	 Moderately limited droughty (moderately limited) 	 0.55 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Limited seepage (limited) slope (slightly limited)	 0.79 0.08
Cornwall	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 	Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (slightly limited)	0.80	Not limited 	 	 Slightly limited deep to water (slightly limited) 	 0.24 	 Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00
Poynor		 0.44 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.80	 Moderately limited droughty (moderately limited) 	 0.44 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.36
75429: Tilk	 Not limited 	 			 Limited small stones (limited) 	 0.77 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Limited seepage (limited) 	 0.79
Secesh	 Slightly limited large stones (slightly limited) 	 0.17 	Very limited deep to water (very limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.17	 Slightly limited large stones (slightly limited) 	 0.17 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited)	 0.45
75430: Wideman	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Limited seepage (limited) 	 0.79

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Upland mixed decidu	ous-	Riparian herbaceous p	lants	Riparian shrubs, vine	es, and	 Freshwater wetland p 	lants	Irrigated freshwat wetland plants	er
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75451: Gladden	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50	 Not limited 		 Very limited deep to water (very limited)	 1.00 	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) 	 0.45
75467: Wilbur	 Limited wetness (limited)	 0.77	 Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited)	0.38	 Not limited 		 Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited)	0.38	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited)	 0.45
75468: Elsah	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited)	 1.00	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited)	 1.00 	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited)	 0.45
77000: Killarney	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.45 	Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (limited) small stones (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.61 0.12	 Slightly limited small stones (slightly limited) 	 0.12 	 Limited deep to water (limited) 	 0.61 	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00
Frenchmill	 Not limited 	 	Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.80	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.45
77002: Delassus	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.54 	 Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.50	 Not limited 		 Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Limited slope (limited)	 0.91
77005: Hassler	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.55 	 Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.49	 Not limited 		 Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited) 	 0.49 	 Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.15

Map symbol and soil name	Upland mixed deciduous-		Riparian herbaceous plants		Riparian shrubs, vines, and trees		 Freshwater wetland plants 		Irrigated freshwater wetland plants	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
77005: Syenite	 Moderately limited depth to bedrock (moderately limited)	 0.35 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.80	 Not limited 		 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.15
77008: Hassler	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.55 	 Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.49	 Not limited 		 Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited) 	 0.49 	 Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.15
80000: Calhoun	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 	Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (slightly limited)	0.80	 Not limited 		 Slightly limited deep to water (slightly limited) 	 0.02 	 Not limited 	
80001: Oaklimeter	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.59 	Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (moderately limited)	0.45	 Not limited 		 Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited) 	 0.45 	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) 	 0.45
82000: Dubbs	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.80	 Not limited 		 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) 	 0.45
82001: Amagon	 Very limited wetness (very limited) seasonally ponded (limited)	 1.00 0.80	 Limited seasonally ponded (limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 0.80 0.80	Limited seasonally ponded (limited)	 0.80 	Limited seasonally ponded (limited)	 0.80 	 Limited seasonally ponded (limited) 	 0.80

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Upland mixed decidu	ous-	Riparian herbaceous plants		Riparian shrubs, vines, and trees		Freshwater wetland plants		Irrigated freshwater wetland plants	
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u>i</u>	limiting features	<u>i</u>	limiting features	<u> </u>
82002: Forestdale	Very limited wetness (very limited) seasonally ponded (limited)	 1.00 0.80	 Limited seasonally ponded (limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 0.80 0.80	 Limited seasonally ponded (limited) 	 0.80 	 Limited seasonally ponded (limited) 	 0.80 	 Limited seasonally ponded (limited) 	 0.80
82005: Malden	 Limited droughty (limited) 	 0.70 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited) too sandy (moderately limited)	0.50	 Limited droughty (limited) 	 0.70 	 Very limited deep to water (very limited) too sandy (moderately limited) 	 1.00 0.50 	 Very limited seepage (very limited) too sandy (moderately limited) 	 1.00 0.50
82006: Bosket	 Not limited 		 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.80	 Not limited 		 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) slope (slightly limited)	0.45
82007: Bosket	 Not limited 		 Very limited deep to water (very limited) infrequent flooding (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50	 Not limited 		 Very limited deep to water (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) 	 0.45
82009: Forestdale	 Very limited wetness (very limited)	1.00	 Limited infrequent flooding (limited)	 0.80	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	
82010: Amagon	 Very limited wetness (very limited)	1.00	 Limited infrequent flooding (limited)	0.80	 Not limited 		 Not limited 		 Not limited 	
82011: Crowley	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 	Limited infrequent flooding (limited) deep to water (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.02	 Not limited 		 Slightly limited deep to water (slightly limited) 	 0.02 	 Not limited 	

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and	Upland mixed deciduous-		Riparian herbaceous plants		Riparian shrubs, vine	s, and	Freshwater wetland plants		Irrigated freshwater	
soil name	conifer trees				trees				wetland plants	
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>
99001:										
Water	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	
99003:			 							
Miscellaneous		İ		ĺ		İ		İ		Ì
water	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	
99007:	 		 		 		 		 	
Dam	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	
99015:			 		 					
Udorthents	Not rated	İ	Not rated	İ	Not rated	İ	Not rated		Not rated	İ
Water	 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated	

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without basements		Dwellings with basements		Small commercial buildings		Local roads and str	eets	Lawns and landscap	ing
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
60033:	 		 		 		 	 	 	
Wrengart	(moderately limited)	 0.45 0.37	Limited wetness (limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.39	Limited slope (limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 0.68 0.45	Very limited low strength (very limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.45	Not limited 	
60046:										ì
Minnith	Very limited slope (very limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.45	Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (limited)	 1.00 0.95	Very limited slope (very limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.45	Very limited slope (very limited) low strength (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00
	wetness (slightly limited)	0.30	shrink-swell (slightly limited)	0.04	- 	 	shrink-swell (moderately limited)	0.45	 	į Į
60053:				İ						İ
Winfield	Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.85 	Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.49 0.45	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.49 	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.49
60054:		 								ì
Minnith	slope (limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 0.76 0.45 	(limited) slope (limited)	 0.95 0.76 	Very limited slope (very limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.45	Very limited low strength (very limited) slope (limited)	 1.00 0.63	Limited slope (limited) 	 0.63
	wetness (slightly limited) 	0.30 	shrink-swell (slightly limited) 	0.04	 	 	shrink-swell (moderately limited) 	0.45 	 	
60055: Winfield	 Moderately limited	[[Limited	 	 Moderately limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Not limited	
	shrink-swell (moderately limited) wetness	0.45 0.37	wetness (limited) shrink-swell	0.99 0.45	shrink-swell (moderately limited)	0.45 	low strength (very limited) shrink-swell	1.00 0.45	 	
	(moderately limited)	1	(moderately limited)	1	 		(moderately limited)	10.17	 	i

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without bas	Dwellings with basements		Small commercial buildings		Local roads and streets		Lawns and landscaping		
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
66000: Moniteau		 1.00 1.00 	Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (very limited) low strength (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	 Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (moderately limited) 	 1.00 0.60
66054: Wakeland	Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (limited)	 1.00 0.81	 Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (limited)	 1.00 0.81	 Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (limited)	 1.00 0.81
66055: Haymond	 Very limited flooding (very limited)	1.00	Very limited flooding (very limited)	1.00	 Very limited flooding (very limited)	 1.00	 Very limited flooding (very limited)	 1.00	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited)	0.60
73055: Alred	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited slope (very limited) shrink-swell (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.10	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) small stones (very limited)	 1.00 1.00
Rueter			Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) small stones (very limited) large stones (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.60
73100: Wrengart	Moderately limited shrink-swell (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	0.37	Limited wetness (limited) shrink-swell (slightly limited)	0.99	Moderately limited shrink-swell (moderately limited) slope (slightly limited)	 0.45 0.15	 Very limited low strength (very limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.45	Not limited	

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	 Dwellings without bas 	ements	Dwellings with basements		Small commercial buildings		Local roads and str	eets	Lawns and landscaping	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73140: Scholten	 Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.39 	Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (limited)	 1.00 0.99 	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) small stones (very limited) too acid (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.42
73141: Firebaugh	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.71 	Very limited wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.01	 Limited slope (limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.68 0.39	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.39 	 Moderately limited too acid (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.42 0.39
73145: Crider	 Not limited 		Slightly limited shrink-swell (slightly limited)	 0.07	 Moderately limited slope (moderately limited)	 0.45	 Very limited low strength (very limited)	 1.00	 Not limited 	
73146: Marquand	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.52 	Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	 Limited slope (limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 0.68 0.15	 Very limited low strength (very limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.15	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.15
73150: Caneyville	 Limited slope (limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 0.76 0.45 0.45	Very limited hard bedrock <40" (very limited) slope (limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.76 0.45	 Very limited slope (very limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.45 0.45	 Very limited low strength (very limited) slope (limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.63 0.45	 Limited slope (limited) depth to bedrock (slightly limited)	 0.63 0.30
Bucklick	į	 1.00 0.76 	Very limited shrink-swell (very limited) slope (limited) depth to bedrock (limited)	 1.00 0.76 0.75	 Very limited slope (very limited) shrink-swell (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	Very limited shrink-swell (very limited) low strength (very limited) slope (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.63	 Limited slope (limited) 	 0.63

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without bas	ements	Dwellings with basem	ents	Small commercial build	dings	Local roads and stre	eets	Lawns and landscap	ping
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73151:	 			 				 		
Caneyville	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	slope	1.00	hard bedrock <40"	1.00	slope	1.00	low strength	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)		(very limited)	į	(very limited)	į
	shrink-swell	0.45	slope	1.00	shrink-swell	0.45	slope	1.00	depth to bedrock	0.28
	(moderately limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(moderately limited)		(very limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i
	depth to bedrock	0.43	shrink-swell	0.45	•	0.43	shrink-swell	0.45		i
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)			į
Gasconade	 Very limited		 Very limited	 	 Very limited		 Very limited	 	 Very limited	
	hard bedrock <20"	1.00	hard bedrock <40"	1.00	hard bedrock <20"	1.00	hard bedrock <20"	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)		(very limited)	į	(very limited)	İ
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	shallow to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)		(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	shrink-swell	0.45	shrink-swell	0.45	shrink-swell	0.45	shrink-swell	0.45	too clayey	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	
Bucklick	 Very limited		 Very limited	 	 Very limited		 Very limited	 	 Very limited	
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	shrink-swell	0.45	shrink-swell	0.92	shrink-swell	0.45	low strength	1.00		İ
	(moderately limited)	İ	(limited)	ĺ	(moderately limited)		(very limited)	İ	İ	İ
	i -	i	depth to bedrock	0.72	i -		shrink-swell	0.45	İ	i
		į	(limited)	į			(moderately limited)	į		į
73156:	 		 	 	 		 	 	 	
Alred	Limited		Limited		Very limited		Limited		Limited	
	slope	0.76	slope	0.76	slope	1.00	slope	0.63	slope	0.63
	(limited)	İ	(limited)	ĺ	(very limited)		(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ
	į	İ	shrink-swell	0.09	İ		İ	į	too acid	0.12
		į	(slightly limited)	į				į	(slightly limited)	į
Gepp	 Limited		 Limited		 Very limited		 Very limited	 	 Very limited	
	slope	0.76	slope	0.76	slope	1.00	low strength	1.00	small stones	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	shrink-swell	0.45	shrink-swell	0.45	shrink-swell	0.45	slope	0.63	slope	0.63
	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	ĺ	(moderately limited)		(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ
	į	į	· ·	i	į -		shrink-swell	0.45	too acid	0.61

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without base	ements	Dwellings with basements		Small commercial buile	dings	Local roads and str	eets	Lawns and landscar	oing
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73157: Captina	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.51 	Very limited wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.08	 Limited slope (limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 0.68 0.13	 Very limited low strength (very limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.13	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) 	0.13
73223: Coulstone	Very limited slope (very limited) large stones (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	Very limited slope (very limited) large stones (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited slope (very limited) large stones (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited slope (very limited) large stones (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited slope (very limited) droughty (very limited)	 1.00 1.00
Bender		 1.00 1.00 0.42	Very limited hard bedrock <40" (very limited) slope (very limited) large stones (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	Very limited slope (very limited) large stones (very limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.42	Very limited slope (very limited) large stones (very limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.42	large stones >30% (very limited) Not rated 	1.00
73264: Alred	- 	 1.00 0.95	Very limited slope (very limited) shrink-swell (limited)	 1.00 0.66	(insiderately limited)	 1.00 0.95	(insiderately limited)	 1.00 0.95		 1.00 0.61 0.07
Wrengart		0.45	Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.05	Very limited slope (very limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 		 1.00 0.45 	Very limited slope (very limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.24

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without base	ements	Dwellings with basements		Small commercial buil	dings	Local roads and str	eets	Lawns and landscap	ing
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73265: Captina	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.63 	Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	 Limited slope (limited) wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.68 0.32 	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.32 	Limited small stones (limited) large stones (moderately limited) too acid (moderately limited)	0.36
Scholten	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	 Limited wetness (limited) slope (limited)	 0.83 0.68 	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.83 	Limited wetness (limited) small stones (moderately limited) too acid (moderately limited)	0.36
73266: Hildebrecht	Limited slope (limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 0.76 0.45 0.30	Limited wetness (limited) slope (limited) shrink-swell (slightly limited)	 0.95 0.76 0.05	 Very limited slope (very limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.45 		 1.00 0.63 0.45	 Limited slope (limited) 	 0.63
73267: Yelton	 Limited wetness (limited) slope (limited)	 0.93 0.76 	Very limited wetness (very limited) slope (limited)	 1.00 0.76	 Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.56 	Limited low strength (limited) slope (limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.78 0.63 0.56	Limited slope (limited) wetness (moderately limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.63 0.56 0.30
Scholten	 Very limited wetness (very limited) slope (limited)	 1.00 0.76 	Very limited wetness (very limited) slope (limited)	 1.00 0.76	Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (limited)	 1.00 0.83 	 Limited wetness (limited) slope (limited) 	 0.83 0.63 	Limited wetness (limited) too acid (limited) slope (limited)	 0.83 0.76 0.63

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without base 	ements	Dwellings with basem	ents	Small commercial build	dings	Local roads and str	eets	Lawns and landscap	oing
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73269:	 	 		 	 			 		
Brussels	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	shrink-swell	0.45	shrink-swell	0.45	shrink-swell	0.45	shrink-swell	0.45	small stones	0.57
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	
									droughty	0.08
	 	 			 	 		 	slightly limited)	
Gasconade	 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited	
	hard bedrock <20"	1.00	hard bedrock <40"	1.00	hard bedrock <20"	1.00	hard bedrock <20"	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	shallow to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	shrink-swell	0.45	shrink-swell	0.45	shrink-swell	0.45	shrink-swell	0.45	too clayey	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	
Rock outcrop	 Not rated 	 	Not rated	 	 Not rated 	 	 Not rated 	 	 Not rated 	
73270:										İ
Wrengart	Limited		Limited		Very limited		Limited		Limited	
	slope	0.76	wetness	0.99	slope	1.00	slope	0.63	slope	0.63
	(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	shrink-swell	0.45	slope	0.76	shrink-swell	0.45	shrink-swell	0.45		
	(moderately limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)			
	wetness	0.37	shrink-swell	0.12						
	(moderately limited)		slightly limited)		l		 		 	
73343:										
Captina	Limited		Very limited		Limited		Very limited		Moderately limited	
	wetness	0.63	wetness	1.00	slope	0.68	low strength	1.00	wetness	0.32
	(limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	
	shrink-swell	0.45	shrink-swell	0.14	shrink-swell	0.45	shrink-swell	0.45		
	(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)			
					wetness	0.32	wetness	0.32		
	 	 		 	(moderately limited)	l I	(moderately limited)]	
73344:										
Captina	Limited		Very limited		Very limited		Limited		Limited	
	slope	0.76		1.00	slope	1.00	slope	0.63	slope	0.63
	(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)	1
	wetness	0.63	slope	0.76	wetness	0.32	wetness	0.32	too acid	0.61
	(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	1
									wetness	0.32
									(moderately limited)	

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without bas	ements	Dwellings with basem	ents	Small commercial bui	ldings	Local roads and sti	reets	Lawns and landscap	ing
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73345: Hildebrecht	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) slope	 0.51 0.15	 Very limited wetness (very limited) slope	 1.00 0.15	 Limited slope (limited) wetness	 0.83 0.13	 Very limited low strength (very limited) wetness	 1.00 0.13	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) too acid	0.13
73346: Hildebrecht	(slightly limited) Moderately limited	 	(slightly limited) Very limited	 	(slightly limited) 		(slightly limited) Very limited	 	(slightly limited) Moderately limited	
niidebiecht	wetness (moderately limited) slope (slightly limited)	 0.51 0.15		1.00 0.15	slope (limited) wetness (slightly limited)	0.83	low strength (very limited) wetness (slightly limited)	1.00		0.36
74644: Deible	 Very limited wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (limited)	 1.00 0.83 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (very limited)	 1.00 1.00		 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00
74646: Cornwall	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.51 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Limited slope (limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 0.68 0.13	Very limited low strength (very limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.13	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.13
74648: Aslinger	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.59 	 Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	 Limited slope (limited) wetness (slightly limited)	0.68	 Very limited low strength (very limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.28	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) droughty (slightly limited)	 0.28 0.01
74649: Aslinger	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.59 0.45 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) slope (moderately limited)	 	 Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.28	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) slope (slightly limited)	0.28	 Limited too acid (limited) wetness (slightly limited) droughty (slightly limited)	 0.61 0.28 0.06

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without bas	ements	Dwellings with basem	ents	Small commercial buil	dings	Local roads and str	eets	Lawns and landsca	ping
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
74649:						 	 		 	
Waben	Slightly limited	i i	Slightly limited	İ	Moderately limited	į	Slightly limited	İ	Slightly limited	i
	large stones	0.01	large stones	0.01	slope	0.45	large stones	0.01	large stones	0.19
	(slightly limited)	i i	(slightly limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i
	i	i i		i	large stones	0.01		i	droughty	0.01
		į į		į	(slightly limited)	į		į	(slightly limited)	į
74679:	 		 		 	 	 		 	
Higdon	 Very limited	i i	 Very limited	i	Very limited	i	Limited	İ	Limited	i
3	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding (rare)	0.90	wetness	0.61
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	wetness	0.99	wetness	1.00	wetness	0.61	wetness	0.61	(=====; 	i
	(limited)		(very limited)	1	(limited)		(limited)		 	i
	shrink-swell	0.45	shrink-swell	0.39	shrink-swell	0.45	shrink-swell	0.45	I 	i
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)			
74680:			 		 	 	 		 	
Moniteau	 Verv limited		 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i
	wetness	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	low strength	1.00	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	flooding	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	too acid	0.12
	(very limited)		very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(slightly limited)	0.12
	shrink-swell	0.45	shrink-swell	0.23	shrink-swell	0.45	flooding (rare)	0.90	(Singhery rimineed)	
	(moderately limited)	1	slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)			
74685:]		 		 	 	 		 	
Auxvasse	 Verv limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited		 Very limited		Limited	i
	shrink-swell	1.00	wetness	1.00	shrink-swell	1.00	low strength	1.00	wetness	0.61
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	
	wetness	0.99	shrink-swell	1.00	wetness	0.61	shrink-swell	1.00	(====,	i
	(limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		 	i
	(111111111111111111111111111111111111			i	slope	0.15	wetness	0.61	 	i
				į	(slightly limited)		(limited)			į
75379:]		 		 	 	 		 	
Kaintuck	 Very limited		 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i
11021100011	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00		1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
75381:	 		 		 	 	 		 	
Bearthicket	 Verv limited		 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited		 Not limited	i
_our ourovec-	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	low strength	1.00		
	(very limited)	1	very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	 	
	/ Act A TIMIT COM		 (AGTÀ ITHITCECT)	1	/ /AGTÀ ITHITCECT)	1	flooding (rare)	0.90	 	1
	 		[(limited)		 	

Table	12Building	Site	DevelopmentContinu	ıed
	1			1

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without bas	sements	Dwellings with base	ments	Small commercial bui	ldings	Local roads and st	reets	Lawns and landscap	ing
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
75395: Jamesfin	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.16	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 		 Very limited flooding (very limited) low strength (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.22	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) 	 0.60
75408:			 							
Secesh	Very limited flooding (very limited)	 1.00 	Very limited flooding (very limited)	1.00	Very limited flooding (very limited)	1.00	Limited flooding (rare) (limited)	0.90	Not limited 	
75409:			 							
Relfe	Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited flooding (very limited) 	1.00	Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	Limited droughty (limited) flooding (moderately limited)	 0.84 0.60
75411:	 		 				 		 	
Tilk	Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	Limited flooding (rare) (limited)	 0.90 	Very limited small stones (very limited) large stones (moderately limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.31 0.18
75416:		ļ								
Gladden	Very limited flooding (very limited)	1.00	Very limited flooding (very limited)	1.00	Very limited flooding (very limited)	1.00	Very limited flooding (very limited)	1.00	Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited)	0.60
75417:	 		 		 		 		 	
Relfe	flooding (very limited)	1.00	Very limited flooding (very limited)	1.00	Very limited flooding (very limited)	1.00	Very limited flooding (very limited)	1.00	Very limited flooding (very limited)	1.00
	 		 	 	 		 	 	droughty (very limited) small stones (very limited)	1.00 1.00
Sandbur	 Very limited flooding (very limited)	1.00	 Very limited flooding (very limited)	 1.00	 Very limited flooding (very limited)	 1.00	 Very limited flooding (very limited)	 1.00	 Very limited flooding (very limited)	 1.00

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without base	ements	Dwellings with basem	ents	Small commercial buile	dings	Local roads and str	reets	Lawns and landscap	oing
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
75426: Gabriel	 Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.99 0.45	 Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.37		 1.00 0.61 0.45	Very limited low strength (very limited) flooding (rare) (limited) wetness (limited)	 1.00 0.90 0.61	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.61
75428: Tilk	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) small stones (moderately limited) droughty (moderately limited)	0.58 0.55
Cornwall	 Very limited wetness (very limited) slope (moderately limited) 	 1.00 0.45 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) slope (moderately limited) 	 1.00 0.45 	 Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (limited) 	 1.00 0.68 	 Limited wetness (limited) slope (slightly limited) 	 0.68 0.04 	(limited)	 0.68 0.24 0.04
Poynor	 Limited slope (limited) 	 0.76 	(limited)	 0.76 0.17 	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00 	Limited slope (limited)	 0.63 	Limited slope (limited) too acid (moderately limited) droughty (moderately limited)	0.44
75429: Tilk		 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 		 1.00 0.60 0.01

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without bas	ements	Dwellings with baseme	ents	Small commercial buil	dings	Local roads and str	eets	Lawns and landscap	oing
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
77000: Frenchmill	 Very limited slope (very limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.13	(very limited)	 1.00 0.13 	 Very limited slope (very limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.13 	 Very limited slope (very limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.13	 Very limited slope (very limited) large stones (limited) small stones (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.76 0.46
77002: Delassus	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.54 	(very limited)	 1.00 0.27	 Limited slope (limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 0.68 0.19 	 Very limited low strength (very limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.19	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.19 0.18
77005: Hassler	Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (moderately limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.55 0.04	(very limited) slope (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.91	Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (slightly limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.21 0.04	Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (slightly limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.21 0.04	 Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.21
Syenite	 Very limited slope (very limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited) 	 1.00 0.47 	(very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited) 	 1.00 0.47 	 Very limited slope (very limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited) 	 1.00 0.47 		0.35
77008: Hassler	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.55 0.31 	(very limited) depth to bedrock (limited)	 1.00 0.69 0.31	Limited slope (limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 0.99 0.21 	Limited low strength (limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 0.78 0.21 	Slightly limited too acid (slightly limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 0.24 0.21

Map symbol and soil name	 Dwellings without bas 	ements	 Dwellings with basem 	ents	 Small commercial build 	dings	 Local roads and str 	eets	Lawns and landscap	ping
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
80000: Calhoun	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.20	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.99 	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.99 	 Limited wetness (limited)	 0.99
80001: Oaklimeter	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited)	 0.59	 Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited)	 0.28	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited)	 0.28	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited)	 0.28
82000: Dubbs	 Moderately limited shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 0.45	 Moderately limited shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 0.43	 Moderately limited shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 0.45	 Moderately limited shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 0.45 	 Slightly limited too acid (slightly limited)	 0.06
82001: Amagon	Very limited wetness (very limited) ponded (very limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.45	Very limited ponded (very limited) wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.17	Very limited ponded (wetness) (very limited) wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.45	Very limited ponded (wetness) (very limited) wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.45	Very limited wetness (very limited) ponded (wetness) (very limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.12
82002: Forestdale	very limited wetness (very limited) ponded (very limited) shrink-swell (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00		 1.00 1.00 1.00	Very limited ponded (wetness) (very limited) wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	Very limited low strength (very limited) ponded (wetness) (very limited) wetness (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	very limited wetness (very limited) ponded (wetness) (very limited) too clayey (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.96
82005: Malden	 Not limited 		 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Limited droughty (limited)	 0.70
82006: Bosket	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited too acid (moderately limited)	 0.36

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without bas	ements	Dwellings with basem	ents	Small commercial buil	dings	Local roads and str	eets	Lawns and landscap	oing
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
82007:	 	 	 	 	 	 				
Bosket	Very limited flooding (very limited)	 1.00 	Very limited flooding (very limited)	 1.00 	Very limited flooding (very limited)	 1.00 	Very limited flooding (very limited)	1.00	Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited)	0.60
82009:		 	 	 	 		 		 	
Forestdale	Very limited wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	Very limited low strength (very limited) wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	Very limited wetness (very limited) too clayey (very limited)	 1.00 0.96
82010:	į	į		į				į		į
Amagon	Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.14	Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00
82011:		 	 							
Crowley	Very limited wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited) 	 1.00 0.37 	Very limited shrink-swell (very limited) wetness (limited) 	 1.00 0.99 	Very limited low strength (very limited) shrink-swell (very limited) wetness (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.99	Limited wetness (limited) 	0.99
86000: Dubbs	 Very limited flooding (very limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.45 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) shrink-swell (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.23 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.45 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) low strength (very limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.45	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) 	0.60

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without bas	ements	Dwellings with basem	ents	Small commercial buil	dings	Local roads and str	reets	Lawns and landscap	ing
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
86001:	 			 	 		 		 	
Calhoun	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Limited	
	wetness	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	wetness	0.99
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	
	flooding	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	0.99	wetness	0.99	flooding	0.60
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	
							low strength	0.22	too acid	0.12
							(slightly limited)		slightly limited)	
86002:					 				 	
Falaya	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	wetness	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	flooding	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	0.60
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	
86003:	 			 	 		 		 	
Amagon	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Limited	
	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	wetness	0.61
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	
	wetness	0.99	wetness	1.00	wetness	0.61	low strength	1.00	flooding	0.60
	(limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	
	shrink-swell	0.45	shrink-swell	0.36	shrink-swell	0.45	wetness	0.61		
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)			
86004:	 			 	 		 		 	
Forestdale	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	wetness	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	low strength	1.00	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	flooding	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	too acid	0.61
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	
	shrink-swell	1.00	shrink-swell	1.00	shrink-swell	1.00	flooding	1.00	too clayey	0.60
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	
90000:					 				 	
Memphis	Not limited		Not limited		Limited		Very limited		Not limited	
					slope	0.68	low strength	1.00		
					(limited)		(very limited)			
90001:					 		 		 	
Memphis	Limited		Limited		Very limited		Very limited		Limited	
	slope	0.76	slope	0.76	slope	1.00	low strength	1.00	slope	0.63
	(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	
							slope	0.63	too acid	0.12
	I .	1	I	1	I .	I	(limited)	1	(slightly limited)	1

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without bas	sements	Dwellings with basem	ents	Small commercial buil	dings	Local roads and str	reets	Lawns and landsca	ping
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>
99001:							 			
Water	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į
99003:							 			
Miscellaneous		İ		İ	İ	İ	İ	İ		j
water	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	
99007:			 				 			
Dam	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	
99015:							 			
Udorthents	Not rated	İ	Not rated	į	Not rated	İ	Not rated	İ	Not rated	İ
Water	 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated	

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Septic tank absorpt field	tion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (tr 	rench)	Sanitary landfill (a 	rea)	Daily cover for land	lfill
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
60033:	 				 					
Wrengart	wetness	1.00	Very limited wetness	1.00	Limited wetness	0.69	Moderately limited wetness	0.44	Moderately limited wetness	0.35
	(very limited) percs slowly (limited)	0.71	(very limited) slope (limited)	 0.91 	(limited) too acid (slightly limited)	0.24	(moderately limited) 	 	(moderately limited) too acid (slightly limited)	0.24
			seepage (moderately limited)	0.50	too clayey (slightly limited)	0.16			too clayey (slightly limited)	0.04
60046:			 		 		 		 	
Minnith	Very limited slope	1.00	 Very limited slope	1.00	Very limited slope	1.00	 Very limited slope	1.00	 Very limited slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	i
	wetness (limited)	0.99	seepage (very limited)	1.00	seepage (limited)	0.74	seepage (limited)	0.70 	seepage (moderately limited)	
	percs slowly (slightly limited)	0.30	wetness (limited)	0.69	wetness (moderately limited)	0.60	wetness (slightly limited)	0.30	wetness (moderately limited)	0.31
60053:					 					
Winfield	· -		Very limited		Very limited		Limited		Moderately limited	
	wetness (very limited)	1.00	(very limited)	1.00	wetness (very limited)	1.00	wetness (limited)	0.93	wetness (moderately limited)	
	percs slowly (slightly limited)	0.25	slope (limited)	0.66 	too clayey (moderately limited)	0.41	 		too acid (slightly limited)	0.24
			seepage (moderately limited)	0.50	too acid (slightly limited)	0.24	 		too clayey (slightly limited)	0.20
60054:					 					1
Minnith	Limited	į į	Very limited	ĺ	Limited		Limited	Ì	Limited	ĺ
	wetness (limited)	0.99	slope (very limited)	1.00	slope (limited)	0.63	slope (limited)	0.63	slope (limited)	0.63
	slope (limited)	0.63	wetness (very limited)	1.00	wetness (moderately limited)		wetness (slightly limited)	0.30	wetness (moderately limited)	
	percs slowly (slightly limited)	0.30	seepage (moderately limited)	0.32	too acid (slightly limited)	0.24	 		too acid (slightly limited)	0.24

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Septic tank absorp	ion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (a 	Daily cover for landfill		
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
60055: Winfield	 Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.25	Very limited wetness (very limited) seepage (moderately limited) slope (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.50 0.17	 Limited wetness (limited) too clayey (slightly limited)	 0.69 0.15	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.44 	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) too clayey (slightly limited)	0.35
66000:					 		 			
Moniteau	Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (very limited) percs slowly (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.71	Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (very limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.24	Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.24
66054:										
Wakeland	Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.25	Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.50	Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.81
66055:					 		 			
Haymond	Very limited flooding (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.25	Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50	Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	Not limited 	
73055:					 		 	 		
Alred	Very limited slope (very limited) percs slowly (limited) 	 1.00 0.93 	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50 	Very limited slope (very limited) too clayey (very limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.18	Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited slope (very limited) too clayey (very limited) hard to pack (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.70

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Septic tank absorpt	ion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73055: Rueter	 Very limited slope (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.25	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 		 1.00 1.00 0.18	 Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (limited)	 1.00 0.75 	Very limited slope (very limited) too clayey (very limited) small stones (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.99
73100:					 				 	
Wrengart	Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (limited)	 1.00 0.71 	Very limited wetness (very limited) seepage (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50 0.31	Limited too clayey (limited) wetness (limited) too acid (moderately limited)	0.80	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited)	 0.44 	Moderately limited too clayey (moderately limited) too acid (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	0.42
73101:										
Wrengart	Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (limited)	 1.00 0.71 	Very limited wetness (very limited) slope (very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.50	Limited too clayey (limited) wetness (limited) too acid (moderately limited)	 0.80 0.69 0.42	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.44 	Moderately limited too clayey (moderately limited) too acid (moderately limited) wetness moderately limited)	0.35
73139:										
Poynor	Limited slope (limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.63 0.25 	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	Very limited too clayey (very limited) slope (limited) too acid (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.63 0.36	Limited seepage (limited) slope (limited)	 0.75 0.63 	Very limited too clayey (very limited) hard to pack (limited) slope (limited)	 1.00 0.70 0.63
Clarksville	 Limited slope (limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.63 0.25 	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50 	 Limited too clayey (limited) slope (limited)	 0.74 0.63 	 Limited slope (limited) 	 0.63 	 Limited slope (limited) small stones (moderately limited) too clayey (moderately limited)	 0.63 0.59 0.51

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Septic tank absorp	tion	Sewage lagoons	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
73139: Scholten	Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (very limited) slope (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.63	 Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (very limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.50		 1.00 0.89 0.79	 Very limited wetness (very limited) slope (limited)	 1.00 0.63 	 Limited too clayey (limited) wetness (limited) hard to pack (limited)	 0.78 0.78 0.70	
73140:			 		 	1	 		 	1	
Clarksville	 Very limited slope (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.25	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) too clayey (limited) too acid	 1.00 0.84 0.24	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (limited)	 1.00 0.75 	 Very limited slope (very limited) small stones >35% (very limited) too clayey	 1.00 1.00 0.68	
	ļ				(slightly limited)				(limited)]	
Scholten	Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (very limited) percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (very limited) seepage (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00		 1.00 0.79 0.72	Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.48 		 1.00 1.00 0.36	
73141:	 	l i	 		 		 		 		
Firebaugh	Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (limited)	 1.00 0.93	Very limited wetness (very limited) slope (limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.91 0.50	Very limited wetness (very limited) too clayey (limited) too acid (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.82 0.48	Limited wetness (limited)	 0.86 	Limited small stones (limited) too clayey (limited) wetness (moderately limited)	0.73	
73145:	İ	i		i							
Crider	Slightly limited percs slowly (slightly limited)	0.25	Limited slope (limited) seepage	0.66	Slightly limited too clayey (slightly limited) too acid	0.27	Not limited	 	Slightly limited too clayey (slightly limited) too acid	0.13	
	 		seepage (moderately limited) 		too acid (slightly limited) 		 	 	too acid (slightly limited) 		

Daily cover for landfill

Value

Rating class and

Table 13. -- Sanitary Facilities -- Continued

Value

Sewage lagoons

Rating class and

Sanitary landfill (trench)

Value

Rating class and

Sanitary landfill (area)

Value

Rating class and

Map symbol and

soil name

Septic tank absorption

field
Rating class and

|Value|

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Septic tank absorpt	tion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73151: Bucklick	 Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00	 Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00	 Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00	 Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00	 Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00
	depth to bedrock (limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	0.72	depth to bedrock (limited) seepage (moderately limited)	0.72 0.50	depth to bedrock (very limited) too clayey (limited)	1.00	depth to bedrock (moderately limited)	0.54	too clayey (limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited)	0.80
73156:	 				 		 		 	
Alred	 Limited percs slowly (limited)	0.93	Very limited slope (very limited)	1.00	 Very limited too clayey (very limited)	1.00	Limited slope (limited)	0.63	 Very limited too clayey (very limited)	1.00
	slope (limited)	0.63	seepage (moderately limited)	0.50	slope (limited) too acid	0.63	 	 	hard to pack (limited) slope	0.70
		į į		į	slightly limited)	į	 	į	(limited)	į
Gepp	slope	0.63		1.00	 Very limited too clayey	1.00	Limited slope	0.63	 Very limited too clayey	1.00
	(limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.25 	(very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	0.50	(very limited) slope (limited) too acid	 0.63 0.24	(limited) 	 	(very limited) hard to pack (limited) slope	 0.70 0.63
		į į			(slightly limited)		 		(limited)	
73157: Captina	 Town limited		 Very limited		 Limited		 - Limited		 Limited	
Captina	wetness (very limited)	1.00	wetness (very limited)	1.00	too clayey (limited)	0.93	wetness (limited)	0.69	too clayey (limited)	0.85
	percs slowly (limited)	0.93	slope (limited) seepage	0.91 0.50	wetness (limited) too acid	0.89 0.54	 		too acid (moderately limited) wetness	0.54 0.45
	 		seepage (moderately limited) 	1	(moderately limited)	1	 	 	(moderately limited)	
73223: Coulstone	 Verv limited	į į	 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited	
	slope (very limited)	1.00	slope (very limited)	1.00	slope (very limited)	1.00	slope (very limited)	1.00	slope (very limited)	1.00
į	large stones (very limited)	1.00	seepage (very limited)	1.00	large stones (very limited)	1.00	seepage (limited)	0.79	large stones >35% (very limited)	1.00
	 		large stones (very limited)	1.00	seepage (limited)	0.67 	 		too acid (slightly limited)	0.18

Table 13Sanitary	FacilitiesContinued
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Map symbol and soil name	Septic tank absorpt field	tion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (tro	ench)	Sanitary landfill (a 	area)	Daily cover for land	fill
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73223:				 	 	 				
Bender	 Very limited	i	Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i
201102	depth to bedrock	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1
	slope	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	very limited)	11.00	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	very limited)	1	very limited)	11.00
	large stones	1.00	•	1.00		0.89		0.97	large stones >35%	1.00
	(very limited)	1.00	seepage (very limited)		seepage (limited)	0.89	seepage (limited)	0.97	(very limited)	
73264:	 				 		 		 	
Alred	 Very limited		Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited	
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)	i	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	i
	percs slowly	0.94	seepage	0.50	too clayey	1.00	(i	too clayey	1.00
	(limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)		! 		(very limited)	
	(111111111111111111111111111111111111		(moderacery rimited)		too acid	0.24	[[hard to pack	0.70
					(slightly limited)				(limited)	
Wrengart	 Very limited		Very limited		 Very limited	 	 Very limited		 Very limited	
09	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	very limited)	1	very limited)	1	very limited)	1
	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	0.79	wetness	0.61	too clayey	0.54
	(very limited)	11.00	(very limited)	1	(limited)	10.73	(limited)	10.01	(moderately limited)	10.24
	percs slowly	0.71		0.50	too clayey	0.76	(IIIIII (ea)		wetness	0.40
	percs slowly (limited)	0.71	seepage (moderately limited)		(limited)	0.76			wetness (moderately limited)	0.40
73265:				İ	 -		1		1	Ì
Captina	 Verv limited		Very limited	 	 Very limited		 Limited		 Moderately limited	
<u>-</u>	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	0.82		0.54
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	
	percs slowly	0.93	slope	0.91	too clayey	0.61	(111111111111111111111111111111111111		wetness	0.51
	(limited)	0.55	(limited)	10.71	(limited)	10.01	 	l	(moderately limited)	10.31
	(IIMICed)		seepage	0.50	too acid	0.36	 	l	too acid	0.36
			(moderately limited)	1	(moderately limited)				(moderately limited)	1
Scholten	 Very limited		Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited	
DOINT COIL	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	small stones >35%	1.00
	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1 - 00
	percs slowly	1.00	slope	0.91	too clayey	 0.97	/ (Aeth ITHITCAG)			0.94
		11.00	-	10.91		0.97	 		too clayey	0.94
	(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)		 		(limited)	
	 -		seepage	0.50	too acid	0.42	 		wetness	0.83
	l		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)				(limited)	1

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Septic tank absorpt	tion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (tre	ench)	Sanitary landfill (a 	rea)	Daily cover for land	lfill
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73266:	 		 	 	 	 	 			
Hildebrecht	Limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Limited	İ	 Very limited	i
	wetness	0.99	slope	1.00		1.00	slope	0.63	too clayey	1.00
	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	percs slowly	0.99	wetness	1.00	slope	0.63	wetness	0.30	slope	0.63
	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i	(limited)	i
	slope	0.63	seepage	0.50	wetness	0.60	i	i	too acid	0.42
	(limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)				(moderately limited)	
73267:	 				 	 	 		 	
Yelton	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Limited		Limited	
	wetness	1.00	slope	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	0.96	slope	0.63
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	percs slowly	0.94	wetness	1.00	slope	0.63	slope	0.63	wetness	0.59
	(limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	
	slope	0.63	seepage	0.50	too acid	0.24		İ	too acid	0.24
	(limited)		(moderately limited)	İ	slightly limited)				(slightly limited)	
Scholten	 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited	
	wetness	1.00	slope	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	too clayey	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	percs slowly	1.00	wetness	1.00	too clayey	1.00	slope	0.63	small stones	0.98
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	slope	0.63	seepage	0.50	slope	0.63			wetness	0.83
	(limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)				(limited)	
73269:	 		 		 		 		 	
Brussels	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	percs slowly	0.71			too clayey	0.36			small stones	0.76
	(limited)				(moderately limited)				(limited)	
									too clayey	0.18
	 		 	 	l I	 	 		(slightly limited)	
Gasconade	 Verv limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited		 Very limited	
	depth to bedrock	1.00	slope	1.00		1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)	1	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	slope	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00		1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	
	large stones	0.01		i	too clayey	0.86		İ	small stones	0.01
	(slightly limited)	i		i	(limited)	İ	İ	İ	(slightly limited)	
		i	İ	i		i	İ			
Rock outcrop	Not rated	i	Not rated	i	Not rated	i	 Not rated	i	Not rated	i
		i		i		İ		İ		i

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Septic tank absorpt field	tion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73270:				 	 			 		
Wrengart	Very limited	į į	Very limited	ĺ	Limited	İ	Limited	İ	Limited	Ì
	wetness	1.00	slope	1.00	too clayey	1.00	slope	0.63	too clayey	0.99
	(very limited)	i i	(very limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	į	(limited)	İ
	percs slowly	0.71	wetness	1.00	wetness	0.69	wetness	0.44	slope	0.63
	(limited)	i i	(very limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(limited)	İ
	slope	0.63	seepage	0.50	slope	0.63	İ	İ	wetness	0.35
	(limited)	į į	(moderately limited)	į	(limited)	į	 -	į	(moderately limited)	į
73343:	 				 		 	 		
Captina	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Limited		Limited	
	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	0.82	too clayey	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	percs slowly	0.93	slope	0.91	too clayey	1.00			hard to pack	0.70
	(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)				(limited)	
			seepage	0.50	too acid	0.36			wetness	0.51
	 		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		 		(moderately limited)	
73344:					 					
Captina	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Limited		Limited	
	wetness	1.00	slope	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	0.82	too acid	0.76
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	percs slowly	0.93	wetness	1.00	too acid	0.76	slope	0.63	slope	0.63
	(limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	slope	0.63	seepage	0.50	slope	0.63			wetness	0.51
	(limited)		(moderately limited)	 	(limited)		 	 	(moderately limited)	1
73345:										İ
Hildebrecht			Very limited		Limited		Limited		Moderately limited	!
	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	0.89	wetness	0.69	too acid	0.54
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	
	percs slowly	0.93	slope	1.00	too clayey	0.70			too clayey	0.45
	(limited)		(very limited)		(limited)				(moderately limited)	
		!!!	seepage	0.50	too acid	0.54			wetness	0.45
			(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	 	 	 	(moderately limited)	1
73346:		į		į		į		į		į
Hildebrecht			Very limited		Very limited		Limited		Very limited	
	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	too clayey	1.00	wetness	0.69	too clayey	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	percs slowly	0.93	slope	1.00	wetness	0.89			wetness	0.45
	(limited)		(very limited)		(limited)				(moderately limited)	
			seepage	0.50	too acid	0.24			too acid	0.24
	l	1	(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)		!		(slightly limited)	

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Septic tank absorpt	tion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
74644: Deible	 Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited) too clayey (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.40	 Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) too clayey (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.20
74646:	 				 					
Cornwall	Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (limited)	 1.00 0.93 	Very limited wetness (very limited) slope (limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.91 0.50	Limited wetness (limited) too acid (slightly limited) too clayey (slightly limited)	 0.89 0.18 0.15	Limited wetness (limited)	 0.69 	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.45 0.18
74648:										
Aslinger	Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (limited)	 1.00 0.71 	Very limited wetness (very limited) slope (limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.91 0.50	Limited wetness (limited) too clayey (limited) too acid (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.68 0.48	Limited wetness (limited)	 0.80 	Limited small stones (limited) wetness (moderately limited) too acid (moderately limited)	0.48
74649:	 				 	 	 		 	
Aslinger	wetness (very limited) percs slowly (limited) slope	 1.00 0.71 0.04	Very limited wetness (very limited) slope (very limited) seepage	 1.00 1.00 0.50	Limited wetness (limited) too clayey (limited) slope	 0.99 0.87 0.04	Limited wetness (limited) slope (slightly limited)	 0.80 0.04	Limited too clayey (limited) wetness (moderately limited) slope	0.73
	(slightly limited) 		(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)		 		(slightly limited)	
Waben	Slightly limited large stones (slightly limited) 	0.01	Very limited seepage (very limited) slope (limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.66 0.03	Limited seepage (limited) too clayey (slightly limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.79 0.24 0.12	Limited seepage (limited)	0.75	Limited small stones (limited) sepage (moderately limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.99 0.50 0.12

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Septic tank absorpt	ion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (tro	ench)	Sanitary landfill (a:	rea)	Daily cover for land	fill
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
74679: Higdon	Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (limited) flooding (rare) (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.71 0.60	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 	very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (rare) (moderately limited) too clayey (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.60 0.09	 Limited wetness (limited) flooding (rare) (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.60 	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.60
74680: Moniteau	 Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (limited) flooding (rare) (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.71 0.60	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 	very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (rare) (moderately limited) too clayey (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.60 0.04	 Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (rare) (moderately limited) 	 1.00 0.60 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00
74685: Auxvasse	 Very limited wetness (very limited) percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) slope (moderately limited) 	 1.00 0.31 	Very limited wetness (very limited) too acid (limited) too clayey (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.99 0.46	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.99 	Limited too acid (limited) wetness (moderately limited) too clayey (slightly limited)	 0.99 0.60 0.23
75379: Kaintuck	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (very limited) too sandy (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.60	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited seepage (very limited) too sandy (moderately limited) 	 1.00 0.60
75381: Bearthicket	 Moderately limited flooding (rare) (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.25	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Moderately limited flooding (rare) (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Moderately limited flooding (rare) (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Not limited 	

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Septic tank absorpt	ion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75395: Jamesfin	Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.31 0.25	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.15 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Not limited 	
75408: Secesh		 0.60 0.25 	 Very limited seepage (very limited) 	 1.00 	Limited seepage (limited) flooding (rare) (moderately limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.79 0.60 0.06	 Limited seepage (limited) flooding (rare) (moderately limited)	 0.75 0.60 	Limited small stones (limited) seepage (moderately limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.95 0.50 0.06
75409: Relfe		 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	Very limited flooding (very limited) too sandy (very limited) seepage (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	Very limited seepage (very limited) too sandy (very limited) small stones >35% (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00
75411: Tilk	 Moderately limited flooding (rare) (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Very limited seepage (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited seepage (very limited) flooding (rare) (moderately limited) too acid (moderately limited)	0.36	 Limited seepage (limited) flooding (rare) (moderately limited)	 0.75 0.60 	very limited small stones >35% (very limited) seepage (moderately limited) too acid (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50 0.36
75416: Gladden	 Very limited flooding (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.25	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Not limited 	

Table 13. -- Sanitary Facilities -- Continued

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Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Septic tank absorpt	ion	Sewage lagoons	Sewage lagoons		ench)	Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75428: Poynor	slope (limited) percs slowly	 0.63 0.45	Very limited slope (very limited) seepage	 1.00 0.50		 0.70 0.63	 Limited slope (limited)	 0.63 	Limited hard to pack (limited) slope	 0.70 0.63
	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited) 	 	(limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.30 	 	 	(limited) too clayey (moderately limited)	0.45
75429: Tilk	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (limited)	 1.00 0.79	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (limited)	 1.00 0.75	 Very limited small stones >35% (very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50
Secesh	Moderately limited flooding (rare) (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.25 0.12	Very limited seepage (very limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.01 	(moderately limited)	 0.79 0.60 0.42	Limited seepage (limited) flooding (rare) (moderately limited)	 0.75 0.60 	Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) small stones (slightly limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.17 0.12
75430: Wideman	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 		 1.00 1.00 0.79	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited seepage (very limited) too sandy (very limited)	 1.00 1.00
75451: Gladden	 Very limited flooding (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.25	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Moderately limited small stones (moderately limited) 	 0.47

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Septic tank absorpt	tion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75467: Wilbur	Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.25	Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.50	 Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (limited)	 1.00 0.89	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.55
75468: Elsah	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.79 0.01	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (limited) 	 1.00 0.75 	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) small stones (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.14
77000: Killarney	Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (very limited) percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.50	 Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (limited) too acid (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.79 0.48	 Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (limited)	 1.00 0.61 	Very limited slope (very limited) small stones >35% (very limited) too acid (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.48
Frenchmill	Very limited slope (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.25 0.13	Very limited slope (very limited) large stones (limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.67 0.50	Very limited slope (very limited) too acid (moderately limited) too clayey (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.48 0.04	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited slope (very limited) too acid (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.48
77002: Delassus		 1.00 1.00 0.27	 Very limited wetness (very limited) slope (limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.91 0.50	 Very limited depth to bedrock (very limited) wetness (limited) too acid (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.92 0.54	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.73 	 Moderately limited too acid (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited) too clayey (slightly limited)	 0.54 0.47 0.09

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Septic tank absorpt	tion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
77005:						 			 	
Hassler	Very limited	i i	Very limited	İ	Very limited	į	 Very limited	İ	Very limited	i
	wetness	1.00	slope	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)	i i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	slope	1.00	wetness	1.00	slope	1.00	depth to bedrock	0.84	depth to bedrock	0.84
	(very limited)	i i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i
	depth to bedrock	0.91	depth to bedrock	0.91	wetness	0.94	wetness	0.74	wetness	0.47
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	
Syenite	 Very limited		Very limited		 Very limited	 	 Very limited		 Very limited	
	depth to bedrock	1.00	slope	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)	j i	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	slope	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)	j i	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	percs slowly	0.74		İ	too acid	0.54	İ	İ	too acid	0.54
	(limited)			İ	(moderately limited)				(moderately limited)	
77008:	 					 	 		 	
Hassler	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Limited		Moderately limited	
	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00	wetness	0.74	too acid	0.54
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	
	percs slowly	0.74	slope	1.00	wetness	0.94	depth to bedrock	0.52	depth to bedrock	0.52
	(limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	
	depth to bedrock	0.69	depth to bedrock	0.69	too acid	0.54	ĺ	İ	wetness	0.47
	(limited)	į į	(limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į	 	į	(moderately limited)	į
80000:	 					 	 		 	
Calhoun	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Limited	
	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	0.99
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	
	percs slowly	0.94								
	(limited)						 			
80001:							 			
Oaklimeter	Very limited		Very limited		Limited		Limited		Limited	
	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	0.99	wetness	0.80	too acid	0.61
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	percs slowly	0.25	seepage	0.50	too acid	0.61			wetness	0.50
	(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	 	 		(moderately limited)	
82000:										
Dubbs	Slightly limited		Very limited		Limited		Not limited	[Not limited	1
	percs slowly	0.25	seepage	1.00	seepage	0.79		[1
	(slightly limited)		(very limited)		(limited)					

Map symbol and soil name	Septic tank absorp	tion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (tr	ench)	Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
82001:						 	 			
Amagon	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ
	ponded (wetness)	1.00	wetness	1.00	ponded (wetness)	1.00	wetness	1.00	ponded (wetness)	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	wetness	1.00	ponded (wetness)	1.00	wetness	1.00	ponded (wetness)	1.00	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	percs slowly	0.93		İ	too acid	0.42	İ	İ	too acid	0.42
	(limited)	į		į	(moderately limited)	į		į	(moderately limited)	Ų.
82002:					 		 			l
Forestdale	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	 Very limited	İ
	ponded (wetness)	1.00	wetness	1.00	ponded (wetness)	1.00	wetness	1.00	ponded (wetness)	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	wetness	1.00	ponded (wetness)	1.00	wetness	1.00	ponded (wetness)	1.00	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	percs slowly	1.00		İ	too clayey	0.73		İ	hard to pack	0.70
	(very limited)	İ		į	(limited)				(limited)	İ
82005:							 			
Malden	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	 Very limited	İ
	poor filter	1.00	seepage	1.00	too sandy	1.00	seepage	1.00	seepage	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
		İ		İ	seepage	1.00	İ	İ	too sandy	1.00
		į		į	(very limited)	į		į	(very limited)	į
82006:					 		 			l
Bosket	Slightly limited	i	Very limited	i	Very limited	İ	Limited	İ	Very limited	i
	percs slowly	0.25	seepage	1.00	too sandy	1.00	seepage	0.75	too sandy	1.00
	(slightly limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i
		i	slope	0.08	seepage	0.79	İ	i	seepage	0.50
		į	(slightly limited)	į	(limited)	į		į	(moderately limited)	ij.
82007:							 			
Bosket	Very limited	i	 Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	ĺ	Moderately limited	i
	flooding	1.00		1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	too acid	0.54
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i i
	percs slowly	0.25	seepage	1.00	seepage	0.79	seepage	0.75	seepage	0.50
	(slightly limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i i
		İ	 	İ	too acid	0.54	İ	i	İ	i
			·							

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Septic tank absorpt	tion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
82009: Forestdale		 1.00 1.00	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 		 1.00 0.68 0.12	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) hard to pack (limited) too clayey (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.70 0.41
82010: Amagon		 1.00 0.93	 Very limited wetness (very limited) seepage (moderately limited) 	 1.00 0.50 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) too acid (moderately limited) too clayey (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.36 0.19	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 	very limited wetness (very limited) too acid (moderately limited) too clayey (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.36 0.06
82011: Crowley		 1.00 1.00	 Very limited seepage (very limited) 	 1.00 	(very limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.55	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited seepage (very limited) wetness (limited) too clayey (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.99 0.27
86000: Dubbs	 Very limited flooding (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.25	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited flooding (very limited) seepage (limited)	 1.00 0.79	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Not limited 	
86001: Calhoun	Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (very limited) percs slowly (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.94	 Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	(very limited)	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.99

Map symbol and soil name	Septic tank absorp	tion	<u>i</u> i i		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>
86002:	 		 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Falaya			Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	wetness	1.00	flooding	1.00	wetness	1.00	flooding	1.00	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	flooding	1.00	1	1.00	flooding	1.00	wetness	1.00	too acid	0.42
	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(very limited)		(very limited)	ļ	(moderately limited)	
	percs slowly	0.25	seepage	0.50	too clayey	0.58			too clayey	0.29
	(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)				(slightly limited)	
86003:	 		 	 	 	 	 			
Amagon	: -	!	Very limited	!	Very limited		Very limited		Moderately limited	!
	wetness	1.00	flooding	1.00	wetness	1.00	flooding	1.00	wetness	0.60
	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	
	flooding	1.00	wetness	1.00	flooding	1.00	wetness	0.99	too acid	0.42
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	
	percs slowly	0.93	seepage	0.50	too acid	0.42				
	(limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)					
86004:			 	 	 		 		 	
Forestdale	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	wetness	1.00	flooding	1.00	wetness	1.00	flooding	1.00	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	flooding	1.00	wetness	1.00	flooding	1.00	wetness	1.00	too clayey	0.94
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	
	percs slowly	1.00			too clayey	0.97			hard to pack	0.70
	(very limited)				(limited)				(limited)	
							[
90000:										
Memphis	Slightly limited		Limited		Slightly limited		Not limited		Slightly limited	
	percs slowly	0.25	slope	0.91	too acid	0.30			too acid	0.30
	(slightly limited)	!	(limited)		(slightly limited)				(slightly limited)	
		!	seepage	0.50	too clayey	0.12			too clayey	0.01
			(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)				(slightly limited)	
90001:		l	1	l I	 	 	 	l]	l i
Memphis	 T.imited		 Very limited	l I	 Limited	l I	Limited	l	 Limited	
Memphis	slope	0.63	slope	1.00	slope	0.63	slope	0.63	slope	0.63
	slope (limited)	0.03	(very limited)	1	slope (limited)	0.03	slope (limited)	10.03	slope (limited)	0.03
	percs slowly	0.25	seepage	0.50	too acid	0.12	(11m1 cea)	I	too acid	0.12
	(slightly limited)	0.45	seepage (moderately limited)	10.50	(slightly limited)	0.12	 	I	(slightly limited)	0.12
	(SIIGHCIY IIMICEG)		(moderacery rimitted)		too clayey	0.02	 	I	(singincing inmineed)	1
	 		 		(slightly limited)	0.02	 	I	 	1
		1	I .		(priducty rimiced)	1	1	!	l	1

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Soil Survey

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and	Septic tank absorp	tion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (tr	ench)	Sanitary landfill (a	area)	Daily cover for land	dfill
soil name	field		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	1	limiting features	1
99001:			 						 	
Water	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	
99003:			 				[
Miscellaneous	İ	Ì	İ	ĺ	İ	İ	İ	İ	j	İ
water	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	Ì
99007:			 						 	
Dam	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	
99015:			 							
Udorthents	Not rated		Not rated	į	Not rated	İ	Not rated	İ	Not rated	1
Water	 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated	

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Roadfill	ĺ	Sand		Gravel		Topsoil		Shallow excavations	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
60033:					 					
Wrengart	 Very limited	i i	Improbable	i	Probable	i	Moderately limited	i	 Very limited	i
	low strength (very limited)	1.00	excess fines (thickest layer)	1.00	excess fines (thickest layer)	1.00	too clayey (moderately limited)	0.58	cutbanks cave (very limited)	1.00
	shrink-swell (moderately limited)	0.39	excess fines (bottom layer)	1.00	probable source (bottom layer)	0.33	wetness (slightly limited)	0.03	wetness (limited)	0.99
	wetness (slightly limited)	0.03						 	too clayey (slightly limited)	0.04
60046:					 				 	
Minnith	Very limited	į į	Improbable	İ	Improbable	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	į
	low strength	1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	slope	0.92	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	too clayey	0.33	wetness	0.95
	(limited)		(bottom layer)	ļ	(thickest layer)	ļ	(moderately limited)		(limited)	
	shrink-swell (slightly limited)	0.04			 		too acid (slightly limited)	0.24	cutbanks cave (slightly limited)	0.29
60053:										
Winfield	Limited	į į	Improbable	İ	Improbable	ĺ	Limited	ĺ	Very limited	İ
	wetness	0.76	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	wetness	0.76	wetness	1.00
	(limited)		(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(limited)		(very limited)	
			excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	too clayey	0.12	cutbanks cave	0.29
		!!!	(bottom layer)	!	(thickest layer)	!	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	
					 		too acid (slightly limited)	0.06	too clayey (slightly limited)	0.20
60054:	 			1	 				 	l I
Minnith	 Very limited	i i	Improbable	i	Improbable	i	Limited	İ	Limited	i
	low strength	1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	slope	0.63	wetness	0.95
	(very limited)	į į	(thickest layer)	İ	(bottom layer)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	ĺ
	shrink-swell	0.04	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	too clayey	0.33	slope	0.63
	(slightly limited)		(bottom layer)		(thickest layer)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	
		ļ I				1	too acid	0.24	cutbanks cave	0.29
							(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Roadfill		Sand		Gravel		Topsoil	Shallow excavations		
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
60055: Winfield	Very limited low strength (very limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.45 0.03	 Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Moderately limited too clayey (moderately limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 0.55 0.03 	Limited wetness (limited) cutbanks cave (slightly limited) too clayey (slightly limited)	 0.99 0.29 0.03
66000:		 			<u> </u>			 	 	
Moniteau	Very limited wetness (very limited) low strength (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited) too acid (limited)	 1.00 0.84 	Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (moderately limited) cutbanks cave (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.60 0.29
66054: Wakeland	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.96 	 Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.96 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (moderately limited) cutbanks cave	 1.00 0.60 0.29
66055: Haymond	 Not limited 	 	 Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00	 - Not limited - -	 	(slightly limited) Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) cutbanks cave (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.29
73055: Alred	 Very limited low strength (very limited) slope (limited)	 1.00 0.92	 Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Possible excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 0.79	 Very limited slope (very limited) small stones (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	Very limited slope (very limited) cutbanks cave (very limited)	 1.00 1.00
	shrink-swell (slightly limited)	0.10	 				large surface stones (limited)	0.70	too clayey (very limited)	1.00

Map symbol and soil name	Roadfill		Sand		Gravel		Topsoil		Shallow excavations	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73055: Rueter	 Limited slope (limited)	 0.92	 Improbable excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00	 Probable excess fines (thickest layer)	 0.89	 Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00	 Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00
	low strength (slightly limited) 	0.22 	excess fines (bottom layer) small stones (thickest layer)	1.00 0.30 	probable source (bottom layer) small stones (thickest layer)	0.45 0.30 	small stones (very limited) area reclaim (very limited)	1.00 1.00 	cutbanks cave (very limited) too clayey (very limited)	1.00 1.00
73100:										
Wrengart	Very limited low strength (very limited) shrink-swell	 1.00 0.05	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines	 1.00 1.00	Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines	 1.00 1.00	Limited too clayey (limited) too acid	 0.72 0.42	Very limited cutbanks cave (very limited) wetness	 1.00 0.99
	(slightly limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 0.03 	(bottom layer) 		(thickest layer) 	 	(moderately limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 0.03 	(limited) too clayey (moderately limited) 	 0.60
73101:		į		į	į	į		į		
Wrengart	Very limited low strength (very limited)	1.00	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer)	1.00	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer)	1.00	Limited too clayey (limited)	 0.72 	Very limited cutbanks cave (very limited)	1.00
	shrink-swell (slightly limited)	0.05	excess fines (bottom layer)	1.00	excess fines (bottom layer)	1.00	too acid (moderately limited)	0.42	wetness (limited)	0.99
	wetness (slightly limited)	0.03		 	 	ļ	wetness (slightly limited)	0.03	too clayey (moderately limited)	0.60
73139:	 				 		 	 	 	
Poynor	Very limited	İ	Improbable	İ	Probable	j	Very limited	İ	Very limited	i
	low strength (very limited) shrink-swell	1.00 0.21	excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines	1.00 1.00	excess fines (bottom layer) probable source	1.00 0.37	too clayey (very limited) slope	1.00 0.63	cutbanks cave (very limited) too clayey	1.00 1.00
	(slightly limited)		(bottom layer)		(thickest layer)		(limited) too acid (moderately limited)	 0.36	(very limited) slope (limited)	0.63
Clarksville	 Not limited		Improbable	į Į	 Possible	į į	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	<u> </u>
	 -		excess fines (thickest layer)	1.00	excess fines (bottom layer)	1.00	small stones (very limited)	1.00	cutbanks cave (very limited)	1.00
	 		excess fines (bottom layer)	1.00	excess fines (thickest layer)	0.99 	slope (limited)	0.63	slope (limited)	0.63
			-	İ	<u>-</u> 	İ	too sandy (slightly limited)	0.30	too clayey (moderately limited)	0.51

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	 Roadfill 		 Sand		Gravel		 Topsoil 		Shallow excavations	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73139: Scholten	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.96 	 Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Possible excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 0.99		 1.00 0.96 0.63	Very limited wetness (very limited) cutbanks cave (very limited) too clayey (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.78
73140: Clarksville	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	1.00	 Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Probable excess fines (bottom layer) probable source (thickest layer)	 1.00 0.50	Very limited slope (very limited) small stones (very limited) area reclaim (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	Very limited slope (very limited) cutbanks cave (very limited) too clayey (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.68
Scholten	 Limited slope (limited) wetness (slightly limited)	0.92	 Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	Possible excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 0.99 		 1.00 1.00 1.00		 1.00 1.00 0.99
73141: Firebaugh	 Limited wetness (limited) shrink-swell (slightly limited)	 0.64 0.00	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer) small stones (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00 0.30	Probable probable source (thickest layer) small stones (thickest layer) small stones (bottom layer)	 0.45 0.30 0.30		 1.00 1.00 0.64	 Very limited wetness (very limited) cutbanks cave (very limited) too clayey (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.64
73145: Crider	Very limited low strength (very limited) shrink-swell (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.07	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Slightly limited too clayey (slightly limited) 	 0.29 		 0.29 0.13

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Roadfill	į	Sand	į	Gravel		Topsoil	Shallow excavations		
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
3146:	 	 								
Marquand	Very limited	i i	Improbable	į į	Improbable	İ	Moderately limited	ĺ	Very limited	ĺ
_	low strength	1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	too clayey	0.39	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)	i i	(thickest layer)	i i	(bottom layer)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	wetness	0.28	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	too acid	0.36	cutbanks cave	0.29
	(slightly limited)	i	(bottom layer)		(thickest layer)	1	(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)	1
	(211g1101) 1111111111111111111111111111111	i i	(20000111 20702)		(0112011000 14701)	1	wetness	0.28	too clayey	0.18
							(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	
3150:	 	 								
Caneyville	Very limited	i i	Improbable	i i	Improbable	i	 Very limited	İ	 Very limited	i
-	low strength	1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	too clayey	1.00	hard bedrock <40"	1.00
	(very limited)	i	(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)	1	(very limited)		(very limited)	i
	depth to bedrock	1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	depth to bedrock	0.99	too clayey	1.00
	(very limited)	1 1	(bottom layer)	1	(thickest layer)	1	(very limited)		(very limited)	1
	shrink-swell	0.45	(DOCCOM Tayor)		(chichebe layer)	1	slope	0.63	slope	0.63
	(moderately limited)						(limited)		(limited)	
Bucklick	 Verv limited	 	Improbable		Improbable		 Very limited		Limited	
		1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	too clayey	1.00	too clayey	0.91
	(very limited)		(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(very limited)		(limited)	
		1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	slope	0.63	depth to bedrock	0.75
	(very limited)	1 1	(bottom layer)	1	(thickest layer)	1	(limited)		(limited)	1
	depth to bedrock	0.57	(boccom rayer)		(chickest layer)		depth to bedrock	0.16	slope	0.63
	(moderately limited)						(slightly limited)		(limited)	
3151:	ĺ	 					 		 	
Caneyville	 Verv limited	i i	Improbable	i i	Improbable	i	 Very limited	i	 Verv limited	i
2	low strength	1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	slope	1.00	hard bedrock <40"	1.00
	(very limited)		(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
		1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	too clayey	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)	1 1	(bottom layer)	1	(thickest layer)	1	(very limited)	1	very limited)	1
	slope	0.50	(DOCCOM Tayer)		(chickest layer)		depth to bedrock	0.95	too clayey	0.73
	(moderately limited)						(limited)		(limited)	
Gasconade	 Very limited	 	Improbable		Improbable		 Very limited		 Very limited	
	depth to bedrock	1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00	hard bedrock <40"	1.00
	(very limited)		(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	slope	0.50	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(moderately limited)	1	(bottom layer)		(thickest layer)		very limited)		very limited)	
	shrink-swell	0.45	small stones	0.57	small stones	0.57	small stones	1.00	large stones	0.44
	(moderately limited)		(thickest layer)	0.57	(thickest layer)	0.57	(very limited)	1 - 00	(moderately limited)	1
	(moderatery rimited)	!!!	(unickest layer)		(unickest layer)	1	(AGTA TIMITEG)		(moderatery rimited)	1

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	 Roadfill 	 	Sand		 Gravel		 Topsoil 		Shallow excavations	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73151: Bucklick	Very limited low strength (very limited) shrink-swell (limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.92 0.54	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	Very limited slope (very limited) too clayey (very limited) depth to bedrock (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.12		 1.00 0.80 0.72
73156: Alred	 Very limited low strength (very limited) shrink-swell (slightly limited)	 	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Possible excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 0.94	 Very limited small stones (very limited) slope (limited) too acid (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.63 0.36	Very limited cutbanks cave (very limited) too clayey (very limited) slope (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.63
Gepp	Very limited low strength (very limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.45 	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00 	Very limited too clayey (very limited) slope (limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.63 0.24	Very limited too clayey (very limited) slope (limited) cutbanks cave (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.63 0.29
73157: Captina	Very limited low strength (very limited) wetness (slightly limited) shrink-swell (slightly limited)	 	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	Limited area reclaim (limited) too clayey (moderately limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.97 0.53 0.30	Very limited wetness (very limited) cutbanks cave (very limited) too clayey (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.85
73223: Coulstone	Limited large stones (very limited) slope (limited)	 	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer) large stones (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 0.30	Probable excess fines (bottom layer) large stones (thickest layer) large stones (bottom layer)	0.75	Very limited slope (very limited) small stones (very limited) area reclaim (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	Very limited slope (very limited) large stones (very limited) cutbanks cave (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.29

Map symbol and soil name	Roadfill		Sand		Gravel		Topsoil		Shallow excavation	ons
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73223:	 		 		 				 	
Bender	 Verv limited	i	Improbable	i	Improbable	i	Very limited		Very limited	i
	depth to bedrock	1.00	excess fines	1.00	small stones	1.00	slope	1.00	hard bedrock <40"	1.00
	(very limited)		(thickest layer)	i	(thickest layer)	i	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	1
	slope	1.00	excess fines	1.00	small stones	1.00	small stones	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)	i i	(bottom layer)	i	(bottom layer)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	large stones	1.00	small stones	1.00	possible source	0.48	large stones >25%	1.00	large stones	1.00
	(very limited)	į	(thickest layer)	į	(bottom layer)	į	(very limited)	į	(very limited)	į
73264:	 		 		 				 	
Alred	Limited		Improbable		Improbable		Very limited		Very limited	
	slope	0.92	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(limited)		(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	shrink-swell	0.66	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	too clayey	1.00	cutbanks cave	1.00
	(limited)		(bottom layer)		(thickest layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
							small stones	0.88	too clayey	1.00
	 						(limited)		(very limited)	
Wrengart	 Moderately limited		Improbable	i	Possible		Very limited		 Very limited	
	slope	0.50	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(thickest layer)		(thickest layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	!
	wetness	0.12	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	0.75	area reclaim	1.00	cutbanks cave	1.00
	(slightly limited)		(bottom layer)	ļ	(bottom layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	shrink-swell	0.05		ļ			too acid	0.24	wetness	1.00
	(slightly limited) 						slightly limited)		(very limited)	
73265:		į į		į	<u> </u>	į		į		į
Captina	Moderately limited		Improbable		Possible		Very limited		Very limited	
	wetness	0.55	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	area reclaim	1.00	wetness	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(thickest layer)		(thickest layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
			excess fines	1.00	excess fines	0.75	large stones	0.80	cutbanks cave	1.00
			(bottom layer)		(bottom layer)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	 						wetness	0.55	too clayey	0.31
							(moderately limited)		(moderately limited))
Scholten	Limited	į į	Improbable	ĺ	Probable	İ	Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	İ
	wetness	0.97	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	0.60	small stones	1.00	wetness	1.00
	(limited)		(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
			excess fines	1.00	probable source	0.30	area reclaim	1.00	cutbanks cave	1.00
			(bottom layer)		(thickest layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
							wetness	0.97	too clayey	0.94
					I		(limited)		(limited)	

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	 Roadfill 		 Sand 		 Gravel		 Topsoil 		Shallow excavations	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73266: Hildebrecht		 1.00 0.05	 Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	 Probable excess fines (thickest layer) probable source (bottom layer)	 1.00 0.50		 1.00 0.63 0.61	very limited cutbanks cave (very limited) too clayey (very limited) wetness (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.95
73267: Yelton	Limited wetness (limited) low strength (limited)	 0.82 0.78 	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer) small stones (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00 0.99	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer) small stones (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00 0.99	(very limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.82	Very limited dense layer <20" (very limited) wetness (very limited) cutbanks cave (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00
Scholten	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.97 	 Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	 Probable excess fines (bottom layer) probable source (thickest layer)	 1.00 0.33 	 Very limited small stones (very limited) wetness (limited) slope (limited)	 1.00 0.97 0.63	 Very limited wetness (very limited) cutbanks cave (very limited) too clayey (very limited)	 1.00 1.00
73269: Brussels	 Very limited slope (very limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.45 	 Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	 Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00 	very limited slope (very limited) small stones (very limited) large surface stones (very limited) the surface stones (very limited) very limited very	 1.00 1.00 		 1.00 1.00 0.18
Gasconade	slope (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.45	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	(very limited) slope (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	Very limited hard bedrock <40" (very limited) slope (very limited) cutbanks cave (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.29
Rock outcrop	 Not rated 	 	 Not rated 		 Not rated 	 	 Not rated 	 	 Not rated 	

Map symbol and soil name	Roadfill		Sand		 Gravel		Topsoil		Shallow excavatio	ons
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73270: Wrengart	 Slightly limited shrink-swell (slightly limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 0.12 0.03 	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	 Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00 	 Limited slope (limited) too clayey (slightly limited) area reclaim (slightly limited)	 0.63 0.29 0.08	 Very limited cutbanks cave (very limited) too clayey (limited) wetness (limited)	 1.00 0.99 0.99
73343: Captina	 Very limited low strength (very limited) wetness (moderately limited) shrink-swell (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.55 0.14	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	Limited too clayey (limited) wetness (moderately limited) too acid (moderately limited)	 0.63 0.55 0.42	Very limited wetness (very limited) cutbanks cave (very limited) too clayey (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00
73344: Captina	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.55 	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	 Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00 		 1.00 0.63 0.61		 1.00 1.00 0.63
73345: Hildebrecht	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.26 	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00 	Moderately limited too clayey (moderately limited) area reclaim (moderately limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 0.43 0.32 0.26	very limited wetness (very limited) cutbanks cave (very limited) too clayey (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.45
73346: Hildebrecht		 1.00 0.26 	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	 Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00 	Limited too acid (limited) too clayey (moderately limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 0.68 0.43 0.26	Very limited wetness (very limited) cutbanks cave (very limited) too clayey (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Roadfill	İ	Sand		Gravel		Topsoil		Shallow excavations	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
74644:		 			 			 		
Deible	Very limited	i i	Improbable	İ	Improbable	İ	Very limited	İ	 Very limited	i
İ	low strength	1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00
İ	(very limited)	i i	(thickest layer)	İ	(bottom layer)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
İ	wetness	1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	too clayey	0.86	cutbanks cave	0.29
İ	(very limited)	i i	(bottom layer)	İ	(thickest layer)	İ	(limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	İ
İ	shrink-swell	0.83	_	İ	İ	İ	too acid	0.30	too clayey	0.20
į	(limited)	į		į		į	(slightly limited)	į	(slightly limited)	į
74646:		 			 			 		
Cornwall	Very limited	i i	Improbable	İ	Improbable	İ	Slightly limited	İ	Very limited	İ
	low strength	1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	wetness	0.26	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(slightly limited)		(very limited)	
	wetness	0.26	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	too acid	0.18	cutbanks cave	0.29
	(slightly limited)		(bottom layer)		(thickest layer)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	
7 4648:		 			 			 	 	
Aslinger	Moderately limited		Improbable		Possible		Very limited		Very limited	
	wetness	0.48	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	0.75	area reclaim	1.00	wetness	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
			excess fines	1.00	small stones	0.66	wetness	0.48	cutbanks cave	1.00
			(bottom layer)		(bottom layer)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	
			small stones	0.66	excess fines	0.60	too clayey	0.17	too clayey	0.41
			(bottom layer)		(thickest layer)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)	
74649:		 			 			 		
Aslinger	Moderately limited	ĺĺ	Improbable	İ	Improbable	Ì	Limited	ĺ	Very limited	İ
	wetness	0.48	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	small stones	0.88	wetness	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(limited)		(very limited)	
			excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	area reclaim	0.68	cutbanks cave	1.00
			(bottom layer)		(thickest layer)		(limited)		(very limited)	
			small stones	0.66	small stones	0.66	wetness	0.48	too clayey	0.73
			(thickest layer)		(thickest layer)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	
 Waben	Slightly limited	ı 	Improbable		 Improbable		 Very limited		 Very limited	
ĺ	large stones	0.01	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	small stones	1.00	cutbanks cave	1.00
ĺ	(slightly limited)	l Ì	(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
į		ı i	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	area reclaim	1.00	too clayey	0.10
ĺ		l Ì	(bottom layer)		(thickest layer)		(very limited)		(slightly limited)	
		l İ					large stones	0.18	large stones	0.01
							(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	

Table 14. -- Construction Materials and Excavating -- Continued

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Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	 Roadfill 		 Sand 		 Gravel 		 Topsoil 		 Shallow excavatio 	ns
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75395: Jamesfin	 Slightly limited low strength (slightly limited) 	 0.22 	 Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	 Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Not limited 	 		 0.60 0.29 0.16
75408: Secesh	 Not limited 		Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	1.00	 Very limited area reclaim (very limited) small stones (limited)	 1.00 0.92	 Very limited cutbanks cave (very limited) 	 1.00
75409: Relfe	 Not limited 		Probable excess fines (thickest layer) probable source (bottom layer)	 1.00 0.25	 Probable excess fines (thickest layer) probable source (bottom layer)	 1.00 0.40	(very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	 Very limited cutbanks cave (very limited) flooding (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60
75411: Tilk	 Not limited 		 Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 0.99	 Probable excess fines (thickest layer) probable source (bottom layer)	 1.00 0.42		 1.00 1.00 0.38	 Very limited cutbanks cave (very limited) 	 1.00
75416: Gladden	 Not limited 		 Possible excess fines (thickest layer) 	 1.00 	 Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Not limited 	 	Very limited cutbanks cave (very limited) flooding (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60

Map symbol and soil name	Roadfill		Sand		Gravel		Topsoil		Shallow excavatio	ons
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75417:			 							
Relfe	Not limited	İ	Probable	İ	Probable	j	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ
		į	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	0.75	too sandy	1.00	cutbanks cave	1.00
		!	(thickest layer)	ļ	(thickest layer)		(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!
			probable source (bottom layer)	0.26	probable source (bottom layer)	0.25	small stones (very limited)	1.00	flooding (moderately limited)	0.60
		1	(DOCCOM Tayer)		(DOCCOM Tayer)	l	area reclaim	1.00	(moderatery rimited)	1
			 				(very limited)			
Sandbur	 Not limited		 Possible		 Possible		 Very limited		 Very limited	
		İ	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	area reclaim	1.00	cutbanks cave	1.00
			(thickest layer)		(thickest layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	1
			excess fines	0.97	excess fines	0.99	too sandy	0.76	flooding	0.60
			(bottom layer)		(bottom layer)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	
75426:										
Gabriel	· -	!	Improbable	ļ	Improbable		Limited		Very limited	!
	low strength	1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	wetness	0.86	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	wetness	0.86	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	too clayey	0.33	cutbanks cave	0.29
	(limited) shrink-swell	0.37	(bottom layer)		(thickest layer)		(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)	1
	(moderately limited)	1	 		 		 			
75428:			 		 		 			
Tilk	Not limited	i	Probable	i	Possible	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i
		i	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	small stones	1.00	cutbanks cave	1.00
		İ	(thickest layer)	j	(thickest layer)	į	(very limited)	į	(very limited)	İ
			probable source	0.43	excess fines	0.75	area reclaim	1.00	flooding	0.60
			(bottom layer)		(bottom layer)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	
							too sandy	0.61		
			 		1		(limited)		1	
Cornwall	Limited		 Improbable		 Improbable		 Very limited		 Very limited	
	wetness	0.91	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	area reclaim	1.00	wetness	1.00
	(limited)	1	(thickest layer)		(thickest layer)	-	(very limited)	[(very limited)	1

excess fines

(bottom layer)

1.00

excess fines

(bottom layer)

|1.00 | wetness

(limited)

too clayey

(moderately limited)

0.91 | cutbanks cave

0.40 | too clayey

(very limited)

(slightly limited)

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

1.00

0.07

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Roadfill		 Sand 		Gravel		 Topsoil 		Shallow excavations	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75428: Poynor	 Slightly limited shrink-swell (slightly limited) 	 0.17 	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	 Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited small stones (very limited) slope (limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.63 0.18	 Very limited cutbanks cave (very limited) slope (limited) too clayey (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.63 0.45
75429: Tilk	 Not limited 		Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	Probable excess fines (bottom layer) probable source (thickest layer)	 0.75 0.42 	Very limited small stones (very limited) area reclaim (very limited) too sandy (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.66	 Very limited cutbanks cave (very limited) flooding (moderately limited) 	 1.00 0.60
Secesh		0.12	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer) small stones (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00 0.66	Possible excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer) small stones (thickest layer)	 1.00 0.99 0.66	Very limited large stones >25% (very limited) small stones (very limited) area reclaim (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	Very limited cutbanks cave (very limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.12
75430: Wideman	 Not limited 		Probable excess fines (bottom layer) probable source (thickest layer)	 1.00 0.29	Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited too sandy (very limited) area reclaim (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.08	 Very limited cutbanks cave (very limited) flooding (moderately limited)	1.00
75451: Gladden	 Not limited 		Possible excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 0.73	 Probable excess fines (thickest layer) probable source (bottom layer)	 1.00 0.42	 Very limited area reclaim (very limited) small stones (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	Very limited cutbanks cave (very limited) flooding (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	 Roadfill 	İ	Sand		Gravel		 Topsoil 		Shallow excavations	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75467: Wilbur	 Limited wetness (limited) low strength (slightly limited)	 0.69 0.22 	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Limited wetness (limited) 	 0.69 	very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (moderately limited) cutbanks cave (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.60 0.29
75468: Elsah	 Not limited 		Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited small stones (very limited) area reclaim (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited cutbanks cave (very limited) flooding (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60
77000: Killarney	Very limited slope (very limited) wetness (slightly limited) large stones (slightly limited)		Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	Probable excess fines (thickest layer) probable source (bottom layer)	 0.84 0.50 	Very limited slope (very limited) small stones (very limited) large surface stones (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	Very limited slope (very limited) cutbanks cave (very limited) wetness (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00
Frenchmill	 Very limited slope (very limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.13 	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	 Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00 		 1.00 1.00 0.95		 1.00 1.00 0.13
77002: Delassus	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.33 	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	 Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00	Limited too clayey (limited) too acid (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.66 0.48 0.33	very limited wetness (very limited) cutbanks cave (slightly limited) depth to bedrock (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.29 0.27

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	 Roadfill 		 Sand 		 Gravel 		 Topsoil 		Shallow excavation	ons
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
77005: Hassler	Limited depth to bedrock (limited) wetness (moderately limited) slope (slightly limited)	 0.84 0.36 0.17	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer) large stones (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 0.34	Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer) large stones (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 0.34	 Very limited slope (very limited) small stones (limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.99 0.38		 1.00 1.00 0.91
Syenite	Very limited depth to bedrock (very limited) slope (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.33 	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00 	Very limited depth to bedrock (very limited) slope (very limited) too acid (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.54	Very limited hard bedrock <40" (very limited) slope (very limited) cutbanks cave (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.29
77008: Hassler	Moderately limited depth to bedrock (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	0.36	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer) large stones (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 0.30	Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer) large stones (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00 0.30	Moderately limited too acid (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 0.42 0.36 0.17	Very limited wetness (very limited) cutbanks cave (very limited) depth to bedrock (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.69
80000: Calhoun	 Very limited wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.20	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited wetness (very limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.18	 Very limited wetness (very limited) cutbanks cave (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.29
80001: Oaklimeter	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.48 	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.48 	Very limited wetness (very limited) cutbanks cave (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.29
82000: Dubbs	 Moderately limited shrink-swell (moderately limited) 	 0.43 	 Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Not limited 	 	 Slightly limited cutbanks cave (slightly limited) 	 0.29

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Roadfill		Sand		Gravel		Topsoil		Shallow excavatio	ns
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
82001:								 		
Amagon	Very limited wetness (very limited) shrink-swell	 1.00 0.17	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines	 1.00 1.00	Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines	 1.00 1.00	Very limited wetness (very limited) too clayey	 1.00 0.67	Very limited ponded (wetness) (very limited) wetness	 1.00 1.00
	(slightly limited)	 	(bottom layer)	 	(thickest layer) 	 	(limited) too acid (moderately limited)	 0.42 	(very limited) cutbanks cave (slightly limited)	0.29
82002:										
Forestdale	low strength (very limited)		Improbable excess fines (thickest layer)		Improbable excess fines (bottom layer)		Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	Very limited ponded (wetness) (very limited)	1.00
	wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (very limited)	1.00 1.00	excess fines (bottom layer)	1.00 	excess fines (thickest layer)	1.00	too clayey (very limited)	1.00 	wetness (very limited) too clayey (moderately limited)	1.00 0.50
82005:								 		
Malden	Not limited	 	Probable probable source (thickest layer) probable source (bottom layer)	 0.40 0.26	Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00	Very limited too sandy (very limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.12	Very limited cutbanks cave (very limited)	1.00
82006:					 			 		
Bosket	Not limited		Probable excess fines (thickest layer)	1.00	Improbable excess fines (bottom layer)	1.00	Moderately limited too sandy (moderately limited)	 0.41 	Very limited cutbanks cave (very limited)	1.00
	 		probable source (bottom layer)	0.31	excess fines (thickest layer)	1.00	 	 	 	
82007:	 				 		 	 	 	
Bosket	 Not limited 	ļ	Improbable excess fines	1.00	Improbable excess fines	1.00	Slightly limited too acid	0.18	Moderately limited flooding	0.60
	 		(thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	1.00	(bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	1.00	(slightly limited) 	 	(moderately limited) cutbanks cave (slightly limited)) 0.29

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Roadfill		 Sand 		Gravel		 Topsoil 		Shallow excavatio	ns
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
82009: Forestdale	Very limited low strength (very limited) wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00	Very limited wetness (very limited) too clayey (very limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.12	Very limited wetness (very limited) too clayey (moderately limited) cutbanks cave (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.41 0.29
82010: Amagon	Very limited low strength (very limited) wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.14	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited) cutbanks cave (slightly limited) too clayey (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.29 0.06
82011: Crowley	Very limited low strength (very limited) wetness (very limited) shrink-swell (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.37	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00 	Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) too clayey (limited) too acid (limited)	 1.00 0.99 0.61	Very limited wetness (very limited) cutbanks cave (very limited) too clayey (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.27
86000: Dubbs	Very limited low strength (very limited) shrink-swell (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.23	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Not limited 		Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) cutbanks cave (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.29
86001: Calhoun		 1.00 1.00	Improbable excess fines (thickest layer) excess fines (bottom layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Improbable excess fines (bottom layer) excess fines (thickest layer)	 1.00 1.00	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (moderately limited) cutbanks cave (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.60 0.29

Map symbol and soil name	Roadfill		Sand		Gravel		Topsoil		Shallow excavation	ons
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
86002:	 									
Falaya	Very limited	i	Improbable	i	Improbable	i	 Very limited	İ	Very limited	i
	wetness	1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
			excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	too acid	0.36	flooding	0.60
			(bottom layer)	ļ	(thickest layer)		(moderately limited)	ļ	(moderately limited)	
			 						too clayey (slightly limited)	0.29
86003:]	[[
Amagon	Very limited	İ	Improbable	j	Improbable	j	Limited	j	Very limited	į
	low strength	1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	wetness	0.86	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	wetness	0.86	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	too acid	0.42	flooding	0.60
	(limited)		(bottom layer)	ļ	(thickest layer)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	
	shrink-swell	0.36					too clayey	0.29	cutbanks cave	0.29
	(moderately limited)		 		 		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	
86004:			İ	i	İ					i
Forestdale	Very limited		Improbable		Improbable		Very limited		Very limited	
	low strength	1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	wetness	1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	too clayey	1.00	too clayey	0.94
	(very limited) shrink-swell	1.00	(bottom layer)		(thickest layer)		(very limited)	0.61	(limited) flooding	0.60
	(very limited)						(limited)		(moderately limited)	1
90000:]	[[
Memphis	Very limited	İ	Improbable	į	Improbable	j	Moderately limited	į	Slightly limited	İ
	low strength	1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	too clayey	0.51	cutbanks cave	0.29
	(very limited)		(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)	
			excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	too acid	0.30	1	0.01
	1		(bottom layer)		(thickest layer)		(slightly limited)	l I	(slightly limited)	
90001:										1
Memphis	Very limited	i	Improbable	i	Improbable	İ	Limited	İ	Limited	i
	low strength	1.00	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	slope	0.63	slope	0.63
	(very limited)		(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(limited)		(limited)	
		!	excess fines	1.00	excess fines	1.00	too clayey	0.29	cutbanks cave	0.29
		!	(bottom layer)	ļ	(thickest layer)	ļ	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	
		1		1			too acid	0.12		
			 	1	I I		(slightly limited)		1	
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Roadfill		Sand		Gravel		Topsoil		Shallow excavati	ons
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features	ļ	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>
99001:	 				 		 			
Water	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į
99003:	 				 		 		 	
Miscellaneous	İ	i		i	İ	İ	İ	i	İ	i
water	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	į
99007:					 		 			
Dam	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	İ	Not rated		Not rated	į
99015:	 				 		 			
Udorthents	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į
Water	 Not rated		Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated	

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir are	as	Drainage		Irrigation		Terraces and divers	ions	Grassed waterway	rs
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Valu
	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	l	limiting features	J
										1
60033:	 		 Limited		 Limited		 			1
wrengart	Moderately limited	0.50	slope	0.98	slope	0.98	Moderately limited erodes easily	0.60	Moderately limited erodes easily	0.60
	seepage (moderately limited)		slope (limited)	10.30	(limited)	10.30	(moderately limited)	10.60	(moderately limited)	1
	slope	0.31	percs slowly	0.13	erodes easily	0.60	slope	0.31	slope	0.31
	(moderately limited)	0.51	(slightly limited)	1	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	1
		İ		i	percs slowly	0.13	wetness	0.13	wetness	0.13
		i		i	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	
		i		i		i		İ		i
60046:		i		i		i		i	!	i
Minnith	Very limited	i	Very limited	i	Very limited	i	Very limited	İ	Very limited	i
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	Ì	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ
	seepage	1.00			erodes easily	0.60	erodes easily	0.60	erodes easily	0.60
	(very limited)				(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	
60053:		!		ļ		!		ļ		!
Winfield	Moderately limited		Limited		Limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited	
	seepage	0.50	slope	0.78		0.78	erodes easily	0.60		0.60
	(moderately limited)	1	(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	
	slope	0.20	 		erodes easily	0.60	wetness	0.55	wetness	0.55
	slightly limited)		 		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited) slope	0.20	(moderately limited) slope	0.20
	 	l I	 	1	 	l I	(slightly limited)	0.20	slope (slightly limited)	10.20
	 	i i	 		 		(Silghely limited)		(Singuity indiced)	1
60054:		i		i		i		İ	 	i
Minnith	Limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	Limited	i	Limited	i
	slope	0.99	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	0.99	slope	0.99
	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i
	seepage	0.32	İ	İ	erodes easily	0.60	erodes easily	0.60	erodes easily	0.60
	(moderately limited)				(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	
60055:										
Winfield	Moderately limited	!	Slightly limited		Moderately limited	[Moderately limited		Moderately limited	!
	seepage	0.50	slope	0.22		0.60	erodes easily	0.60	erodes easily	0.60
	(moderately limited)	1	(slightly limited)	!	(moderately limited)	1	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	
	slope	0.05		1	slope	0.22	wetness	0.13	wetness	0.13
	(slightly limited)				(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	
				1			slope (slightly limited)	0.05	slope (slightly limited)	0.05

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir are	as	Drainage		Irrigation		Terraces and divers	ions	Grassed waterway	rs
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
66000: Moniteau	 Not limited 	 		 0.60 0.13 	(moderately limited)	0.60	 Very limited wetness (very limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) erodes easily (moderately limited) 	 1.00 0.60
66054: Wakeland	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Limited flooding (limited) 	 0.90 	 Limited flooding (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 0.90 0.60	 Limited wetness (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 0.81 0.60	 Limited wetness (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 0.81 0.60
66055: Haymond	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	0.60	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) 	 0.60
73055: Alred	 Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.50 	Very limited slope (very limited) large surface stones (limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	0.39	 Very limited slope (very limited) large surface stones (limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 0.39	 Very limited slope (very limited) large surface stones (limited)	 1.00 0.70 	 Very limited slope (very limited) large surface stones (limited)	 1.00 s 0.70
Rueter	 Very limited slope (very limited) seepage (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 		 1.00 1.00 0.70	Very limited slope (very limited) large surface stones (limited)	 1.00 0.70 	Very limited slope (very limited) large surface stones (limited)	 1.00 0.70 	Very limited slope (very limited) large surface stones (limited)	 1.00

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir are	as	Drainage		 Irrigation 		Terraces and divers	ions	Grassed waterway	rs
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73100: Wrengart	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) slope (slightly limited)	 0.50 0.10 	(moderately limited)	 0.40 0.13 	Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.40 0.13	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (slightly limited) slope (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.13 0.10	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (slightly limited) slope (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.13 0.10
73101:		İ		i		 				ì
	Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.50 0.45 	(very limited)	 1.00 0.13 	Very limited slope (very limited) erodes easily (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.60 0.13	Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited) wetness (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.45 0.13	Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited) wetness (slightly limited)	0.45
F2120							 			
73139: Poynor	 Very limited seepage (very limited) slope (limited)	 1.00 0.99	(very limited)	 1.00 0.17	 Very limited slope (very limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.17	 Limited slope (limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 0.99 0.17	 Limited slope (limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 0.99 s 0.17
Clarksville	 Limited slope (limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.50 	 Very limited slope (very limited) large surface stones (slightly limited) large stones (slightly limited	 1.00 0.17 0.12	 Very limited slope (very limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.17 	 Limited slope (limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 0.99 0.17 	 Limited slope (limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 0.99 s 0.17
Scholten	Very limited seepage (very limited) slope (limited)	 1.00 0.99 	Very limited slope (very limited) percs slowly (very limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.17	Very limited slope (very limited) percs slowly (very limited) droughty (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.45	Limited slope (limited) wetness (limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 0.99 0.78 0.17	Limited slope (limited) rooting depth (limited) wetness (limited)	 0.99 0.80 0.78

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

soil name			j		Irrigation		Terraces and divers	10110	Grassed waterway	's
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
						<u> </u>				
73140:										
Clarksville	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	seepage	1.00	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70
	(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)	 	(limited)		(limited)	
Scholten	 Verv limited		 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited		 Very limited	
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	seepage	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	large surface stones	0.70	rooting depth	0.80
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	İ	(limited)	i	(limited)	i
		i	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70	wetness	0.17	large surface stones	0.70
	İ	į	(limited)	j	(limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	į	(limited)	İ
73141:										
	 Moderately limited	l i	 Very limited		 Limited	l I	 Moderately limited	 	 Moderately limited	1
rirebaugh	seepage	0.50	large stones	1.00	slope	 0.98	erodes easily	0.60	erodes easily	0.60
	(moderately limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(limited)	0.96 	(moderately limited)	10.00	(moderately limited)	1
	slope	0.31	slope	0.98	erodes easily	0.60	wetness	0.50	wetness	0.50
	(moderately limited)	1	(limited)	1	(moderately limited)	0.00	(moderately limited)	0.50	(moderately limited)	1
	(moderatery rimited)	i	percs slowly	0.39	•	0.39	slope	0.31	slope	0.31
			(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	1
F214F										-
73145: Crider	 Moderately limited	 	 Limited	 	 Limited	 	 Moderately limited	 	 Moderately limited	1
	seepage	0.50	slope	0.78	slope	0.78	erodes easily	0.60	erodes easily	0.60
	(moderately limited)	İ	(limited)	1	(limited)		(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	i
	slope	0.20		i	erodes easily	0.60	slope	0.20	slope	0.20
	(slightly limited)	į	İ	j	(moderately limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	į	(slightly limited)	İ
73146:						 				
	 Moderately limited	 	 Limited		 Limited	 	 Moderately limited	 	 Moderately limited	1
marquanu	slope	0.31	slope	0.98	slope	 0.98	erodes easily	0.60	erodes easily	0.60
	(moderately limited)	1	slope (limited)	0.30	slope (limited)	0.36	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	1
	/moderacery rimited)		percs slowly	0.13	erodes easily	0.60	wetness	0.37	wetness	0.37
	! [i	(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	1
				i		0.13	slope	0.31	slope	0.31
		i		İ	(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	1
	į	į	į	į	j	İ		į	į	į

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir are	as	 Drainage 		 Irrigation 		Terraces and divers	ions	Grassed waterwa	ys
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73150: Caneyville	 Limited slope (limited)	 0.99	 Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00	 Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00	 Very limited depth to bedrock (very limited)	 1.00	 Limited slope (limited)	0.99
	depth to bedrock (limited)	 0.85 	depth to bedrock (slightly limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	0.30	depth to bedrock (slightly limited)	0.30	slope (limited)	 0.99 	depth to bedrock (limited)	0.85
Bucklick	Limited slope (limited) depth to bedrock (limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.63 0.50	Very limited slope (very limited)	1.00	 very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00 	Limited slope (limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.57 	Limited slope (limited) depth to bedrock (limited)	0.99
73151: Caneyville	Very limited slope (very limited) depth to bedrock (limited)	 1.00 0.84	Very limited slope (very limited) depth to bedrock (slightly limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.28 0.13	Very limited slope (very limited) depth to bedrock (slightly limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.28 0.13	Very limited slope (very limited) depth to bedrock (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) depth to bedrock (limited)	 1.00 0.84
Gasconade	Very limited bedrock <20 in. (very limited) slope (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) shallow to bedrock (very limited) large stones (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00		 1.00 1.00 1.00	Very limited slope (very limited) depth to bedrock (very limited) large stones (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00		 1.00 1.00 1.00
Bucklick	Very limited slope (very limited) depth to bedrock (limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.62 0.50	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited slope (very limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.54 		 1.00 0.62

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir area	as	 Drainage 		 Irrigation 		 Terraces and divers: 	ions	Grassed waterway	rs
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73156: Alred	Limited slope (limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.50 	 Very limited slope (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.39 0.17	 Very limited slope (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.39 0.17	 Limited slope (limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 0.99 0.17 	 Limited slope (limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 0.99
Gepp	Limited slope (limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.50	(very limited)	 1.00 0.17	 Very limited slope (very limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.17	 Limited slope (limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 0.99 0.17	 Limited slope (limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	 0.99 s 0.17
73157: Captina	Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.50 0.31 	(limited)	 0.98 0.39 	Limited slope (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 0.98 0.60 0.39	Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.36 0.31	Limited rooting depth (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	0.36
73223: Coulstone	slope (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 		 1.00 1.00 0.89		 1.00 1.00 1.00	(very limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.89	Very limited slope (very limited) droughty (very limited) large stones (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00
Bender	slope (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.84	 Very limited slope (very limited) large stones (very limited) large surface stones	 1.00 1.00 0.43	Very limited slope (very limited) droughty (very limited) large stones	 	(very limited) depth to bedrock (very limited)	 	 Very limited slope (very limited) droughty (very limited) large stones	 1.00 1.00

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir are	as	Drainage		Irrigation		Terraces and divers	ions	Grassed waterway	rs
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73264:	 			 		 	 		 	[[
Alred	Very limited	i	Very limited	i	Very limited	į	Very limited	İ	Very limited	i
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	į	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	seepage	0.50	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70
	(moderately limited)	İ	(limited)	ĺ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	ĺ	(limited)	
			percs slowly	0.40	erodes easily	0.60	erodes easily	0.60	erodes easily	0.60
			(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	
Wrengart	 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited	
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)	1	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	seepage	0.50	percs slowly	0.13	erodes easily	0.60	erodes easily	0.60	erodes easily	0.60
	(moderately limited)	!	(slightly limited)	ļ	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	1
		!		ļ	percs slowly	0.13	wetness	0.28	wetness	0.28
	 	 		 	(slightly limited)	 	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	
73265:		İ	į	į	į					į
Captina	Moderately limited		Limited		Limited		Moderately limited		Limited	
	seepage	0.50	slope	0.98	slope	0.98	erodes easily	0.60	rooting depth	0.80
	(moderately limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	
	slope	0.31	percs slowly	0.39	erodes easily	0.60	wetness	0.47	erodes easily	0.60
	(moderately limited)	1	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	1
		1		-	percs slowly	0.39	slope	0.31	1	0.47
	 			 	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	
Scholten	Moderately limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	į	Limited	İ	Limited	İ
	seepage	0.50	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	wetness	0.83	wetness	0.83
	(moderately limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	slope	0.31	slope	0.98	slope	0.98	slope	0.31	rooting depth	0.80
	(moderately limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	
					droughty	0.16			slope	0.31
					(slightly limited)	 			(moderately limited)	
73266:										
Hildebrecht	Limited		Very limited		Very limited		Limited		Limited	
	slope	0.99	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	0.99	slope	0.99
	(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	seepage	0.50	percs slowly	0.99	percs slowly	0.99	erodes easily	0.60	rooting depth	0.80
	(moderately limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	
					erodes easily	0.60			erodes easily	0.60
					(moderately limited)				(moderately limited)	

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir are	as	Drainage		Irrigation		Terraces and divers	ions	Grassed waterway	rs
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73267:		 								
Yelton	Limited		Very limited		Very limited		Limited		Limited	
	slope	0.99	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	0.99	slope	0.99
	(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	seepage	0.50	percs slowly	0.40	percs slowly	0.40	wetness	0.58	rooting depth	0.80
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	
		İ	Ī	ĺ	ĺ	İ	ĺ	İ	wetness	0.58
		ĺ		İ			1		(moderately limited)	
Scholten	 Limited	 	 Very limited		 Very limited	 	 Limited	 	 Limited	
	slope	0.99	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	0.99	slope	0.99
	(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	seepage	0.50	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	wetness	0.83	wetness	0.83
	(moderately limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
					droughty	0.16			rooting depth	0.80
		ĺ			(slightly limited)				(limited)	
73269:							 			
Brussels	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
			large surface stones	1.00	large surface stones	1.00	large surface stones	1.00	large surface stones	1.00
			(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
			percs slowly	0.13	percs slowly	0.13			droughty	0.08
			(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)				slightly limited)	
Gasconade	 Very limited	 	 Very limited		 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	
	bedrock <20 in.	1.00	slope	1.00	shallow to bedrock	1.00	slope	1.00	bedrock <20 in.	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	slope	1.00	shallow to bedrock	1.00	droughty	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
			large surface stones	1.00	slope	1.00	large surface stones	1.00	droughty	1.00
		 	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
Rock outcrop	Not rated		 Not rated		Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated	
73270:		 	 	 		 	 		 	1
Wrengart	Limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	Limited	i	Limited	ì
3	slope	0.99		1.00	slope	1.00	slope	0.99	slope	0.99
	(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	seepage	0.50		0.13	erodes easily	0.60	erodes easily	0.60	erodes easily	0.60
	(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	1
	(i	(22291101) 111111000)	i	percs slowly	0.13	wetness	0.13	wetness	0.13
	 	i	 		(slightly limited)		slightly limited)	3.13	(slightly limited)	
		i								

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir are	as	Drainage		 Irrigation 		Terraces and divers	ions	 Grassed waterway 	rs
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73343: Captina	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.50 0.31 	Limited slope (limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 0.98 0.39 	Limited slope (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 0.98 0.60 0.39	Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.47 0.31	Limited rooting depth (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	0.47
73344: Captina	 Limited slope (limited) seepage (moderately limited) 	 0.99	Very limited slope (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.39 		 1.00 0.60 0.39	Limited slope (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.60 0.47	Limited slope (limited) rooting depth (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	0.99
73345: Hildebrecht	Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.50 0.45 	Very limited slope (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.39 	 Very limited slope (very limited) erodes easily (moderately limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60 0.39	Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.45 0.36	Limited rooting depth (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	0.45
73346: Hildebrecht	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited) 	 0.50 0.45 	Very limited slope (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.39 		 1.00 0.60 0.39	Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.45 0.36	Limited rooting depth (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	0.45
74644: Deible	 Not limited 		Very limited percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 	 Very limited percs slowly (very limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60	 Very limited wetness (very limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60

Soil Survey

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir are	as	 Drainage 		Irrigation		Terraces and divers	ions	Grassed waterway	rs
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
74646: Cornwall		0.31	 Limited slope (limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 0.98 0.39 	Limited slope (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 0.98 0.60 0.39	Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.36 0.31		0.36
74648: Aslinger	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	0.31	Limited slope (limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.98 0.13 	Limited slope (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.98 0.60 0.13	Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.44 0.31	Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	0.44
74649: Aslinger	Limited slope (limited) seepage (moderately limited)	 0.70 0.50 	 Very limited slope (very limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.13 	Very limited slope (very limited) erodes easily (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.60 0.13	Limited slope (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.70 0.60 0.44	Limited slope (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.70 0.60 0.44
Waben	Very limited seepage (very limited) slope (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.20 	Limited slope (limited) large stones (moderately limited)	 0.78 0.51 	Limited slope (limited) droughty (slightly limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 0.78 0.01 0.01	Very limited large stones (very limited) slope (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.20 	Very limited large stones (very limited) slope (slightly limited) droughty (slightly limited)	 1.00 0.20 0.01
74679: Higdon	 Not limited 	 	 Slightly limited percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.13 	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.13	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.60	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	0.60

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir are	as	Drainage		Irrigation		Terraces and divers	ions	Grassed waterway	rs
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
74680: Moniteau	 Not limited 	 	 Slightly limited percs slowly (slightly limited) 	 0.13 	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.13	 Very limited wetness (very limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60	 Very limited wetness (very limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60
74685: Auxvasse	 Slightly limited slope (slightly limited) 	 0.10 	 Very limited percs slowly (very limited) slope (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.40 		 1.00 0.60 0.40	Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited) slope (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.60 0.10	Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited) slope (slightly limited)	0.60
75379: Kaintuck	 Very limited seepage (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Limited cutbanks cave (limited) flooding (limited)	 0.90 0.90	 Limited flooding (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 0.90 0.60	 Moderately limited too sandy (moderately limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.60	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) 	0.60
75381: Bearthicket	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited)	 0.50	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited)	 0.60 	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited)	 0.60	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited)	0.60
75395: Jamesfin	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.60	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) 	0.60
75408: Secesh	 Very limited seepage (very limited)	 1.00	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	
75409: Relfe	 Very limited seepage (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Limited droughty (limited) flooding (moderately limited)	 0.84 0.60	 Very limited too sandy (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Limited droughty (limited) 	 0.84

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir are	eas	 Drainage 		 Irrigation		Terraces and divers	ions	Grassed waterway	rs
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75411: Tilk	 Very limited seepage (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Moderately limited large stones (moderately limited)	 0.51 	 Slightly limited droughty (slightly limited) 	 0.04 	 Limited large stones (limited) 	 0.90 	 Limited large stones (limited) droughty (slightly limited)	 0.90 0.04
75416: Gladden	 Very limited seepage (very limited) 		 Limited cutbanks cave (limited) flooding (moderately limited)	 0.90 0.60	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	
75417: Relfe	 Very limited seepage (very limited) 	1.00	 Limited flooding (limited) 	 0.90 	 Very limited droughty (very limited) flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.90	 Moderately limited too sandy (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Very limited droughty (very limited) 	 1.00
Sandbur	 Very limited seepage (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Limited flooding (limited) 	 0.90 	 Limited flooding (limited) 	 0.90 	 Very limited too sandy (very limited)	 1.00 	 Not limited 	
75426: Gabriel	 Not limited 		 Slightly limited percs slowly (slightly limited) 	 0.13 	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.13	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.60	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	0.60
75428: Tilk	 Very limited seepage (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) slope (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.10 	Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) droughty (moderately limited) slope (slightly limited)	0.55	 Slightly limited large stones (slightly limited) 	 0.10 	 Moderately limited droughty (moderately limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 0.55 0.10

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir are	as	Drainage 		Irrigation		Terraces and divers	ions	Grassed waterway	s
į	Rating class and	Value		Value		Value	Rating class and	Value		Value
	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>
75428:		1	 	 	 			 	 -	
Cornwall	Limited		 Very limited		 Very limited	 	Limited		 Limited	i
	slope	0.70	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	0.70	slope	0.70
i	(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
i	seepage	0.50	percs slowly	0.39	percs slowly	0.39	wetness	0.68	wetness	0.68
į	(moderately limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į	(limited)	į	(limited)	į
Poynor	Limited		 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	Limited		 Limited	
i	slope	0.99	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	0.99	slope	0.99
į	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	į	(limited)	İ	(limited)	i
į	seepage	0.50		İ	droughty	0.44	large stones	0.19	droughty	0.44
	(moderately limited)				(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)	
									large stones	0.19
			 		 				slightly limited)	
75429:										
Tilk	Very limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Not limited		Not limited	
	seepage	1.00	flooding	0.60	flooding	0.60				1
	(very limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	 			l I	
Secesh	Very limited		 Very limited		 Slightly limited		 Very limited		 Very limited	
	seepage	1.00	large stones	1.00	large stones	0.12	large stones	1.00	large stones	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		slightly limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
75430:									 	
Wideman	Very limited	ĺ	Limited	ĺ	Moderately limited	ĺ	Very limited	ĺ	Not limited	İ
	seepage	1.00	cutbanks cave	0.90	flooding	0.60	too sandy	1.00		
	(very limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)			
			flooding	0.60						!
ļ			(moderately limited)		 	 			 	
75451:										
Gladden	Very limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited	
	seepage	1.00		0.60	flooding	0.60	erodes easily	0.60	•	0.60
	(very limited)	!	(moderately limited)	ļ	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	ļ	(moderately limited)	!
		ļ		ļ	erodes easily	0.60		ļ		
			 		(moderately limited)				 	
75467:		İ								
Wilbur	Moderately limited		Limited		Limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited	
I	seepage	0.50	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	erodes easily	0.60	erodes easily	0.60
	(moderately limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	
		1		1	erodes easily	0.60	wetness	0.52	wetness	0.52
		1	 	1	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	0.00	(moderately limited)	1

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

limitin	ng features ited imited)	Value 1.00	limiting features	Value 0.90	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	limiting features	Value								
Frenchmill Very limi seepage (very limi slope (very limi seepage (worderate)) Frenchmill Very limi seepage (moderate) Frenchmill Very limi slope (very limi seepage (moderate)) Frenchmill Very limi slope (very limi seepage (moderate)) 77002: Delassus Moderatel seepage (moderate) slope (moderate) slope (moderate) depth to (slightly	imited)	 1.00 	flooding (limited) large stones	 0.90		 	Limited	 	 	1								
seepage (very limi slope (very limi seepage (wery limi seepage (moderat slope (very limi slope (very limi slope (very limi seepage (moderat slope (moderat slope (moderat slope (slight))	imited)	 1.00 	flooding (limited) large stones	 0.90 			Limited		1-1 1. 1	1								
77000: Killarney Very limi slope (very li: seepage (moderat slope (very li: seepage (moderat slope (moderat slope (moderat slope (moderat slope (moderat slope (moderat slope (slight))	imited)	1.00 	(limited) large stones	0.90	flooding				Limited									
77000: Killarney Very limi slope (very li seepage (moderat slope (very limi slope (very limi seepage (moderat seepage (moderat slope (moderat slope (moderat depth to (slightli	ited	 	large stones	ĺ		0.90	large stones	0.77	large stones	0.77								
Killarney Very limi slope (very limi seepage (moderat slope (very limi seepage) (moderat slope (very limi seepage) (moderat slope) (moderat slope (moderat slope) (moderat depth to (slight)		 			(limited)	ĺ	(limited)	ĺ	(limited)	ĺ								
Killarney Very limi slope (very limi seepage (moderat slope (very limi seepage) (moderat slope (very limi seepage) (moderat slope) (moderat slope (moderat slope) (moderat depth to (slight)		 	(limited)	0.75	İ	İ		İ	İ	ĺ								
Killarney Very limi slope (very limi seepage (moderat slope (very limi seepage) (moderat slope (very limi seepage) (moderat slope) (moderat slope (moderat slope) (moderat depth to (slight)				į		į		į		į								
slope (very limi seepage (moderat slope (very limi slope (very limi seepage (moderat seepage (moderat slope (moderat slope (moderat slope (moderat depth to (slight);		1	 	 	 	 		 	 									
slope (very limi seepage (moderat slope (very limi slope (very limi seepage (moderat seepage (moderat slope (moderat slope (moderat slope (moderat depth to (slight))		i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	Very limited	i	 Very limited	i								
(very limi seepage (moderat limit seepage (moderat limit slope (very limi seepage (moderat limit seepage (moderat slope (moderat slope (moderat depth to (slight);		1.00		1.00	slope	1.00	· •	1.00	slope	1.00								
seepage (moderat left			(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)									
Frenchmill Very limi slope (very limi seepage (moderat moderat seepage (moderat slope (moderat depth to (slight):		0.50	large surface stones	1.00	tely limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)					
slope (very li seepage (moderat le seepage (moderat le seepage (moderat slope (moderat slope (moderat depth to (slight))	,	i		1.00		1.00		1.00	large stones	1.00								
slope (very li seepage (moderat le seepage (moderat le seepage (moderat slope (moderat slope (moderat depth to (slight))		İ	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)									
slope (very li seepage (moderat le seepage (moderat le seepage (moderat slope (moderat slope (moderat depth to (slight))	ited	 	 Very limited		1.00		1.00	slope	1.00	· -	1.00	slope	1.00					
seepage (moderatel		1	very limited)	1	very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	very limited)	1								
77002: Delassus Moderatel seepage (moderat slope (moderat depth to (slight)	-	0.50	large surface stones	1 00	tely limited)		(very limited)	1	cery rimited,	i	large stones	0.79	large stones	0.13		1.00	large stones	1.00
Delassus Moderatel seepage (moderat slope (moderat depth to (slight)			(limited)		slightly limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)									
Delassus Moderatel seepage (moderat slope (moderat depth to (slight)		 	 	 	 	 		 	 									
seepage (moderat slope (moderat depth to (slight)	lv limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	İ	Moderately limited	İ	Limited	i								
(moderat slope (moderat depth to (slight)	-	0.50		1.00	percs slowly	1.00	erodes easily	0.60	rooting depth	0.80								
slope (moderat depth to (slight)	tely limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)									
(moderat depth to (slight)	-	0.31		0.98	slope	0.98	wetness	0.39	erodes easily	0.60								
depth to (slightl	tely limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)									
(slightl	-	0.27	(====,	i	erodes easily	0.60	slope	0.31	wetness	0.39								
77005	ly limited)			İ	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)									
Hassler Very limi	ited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	Very limited	i	 Very limited	i								
slope		1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	· •	1.00	slope	1.00								
(very li		i	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	ì								
	imited)	0.69	large stones	1.00	percs slowly	0.17	· -	1.00	large stones	1.00								
(limited			(very limited)		slightly limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)									
seepage	o bedrock	0.50	percs slowly	0.17	large surface stones	0.17	depth to bedrock	0.84	depth to bedrock	0.69								
(moderat	o bedrock d)		slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(limited)		(limited)									

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir are	as	Drainage		Irrigation		Terraces and divers:	ions	Grassed waterway	rs
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
77005: Syenite	 Very limited slope	 1.00	 Very limited slope	 1.00	 Very limited slope	 1.00	 Very limited depth to bedrock	 1.00	 Very limited slope	 1.00
	(very limited) depth to bedrock (limited)	 0.86 	(very limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited) large stones (slightly limited	 0.35 0.18	(very limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.35 0.17	(very limited)	 1.00 0.17	(very limited) depth to bedrock (limited) large surface stones (slightly limited)	0.86
77008: Hassler	 Limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Limited	 	 Limited	
	depth to bedrock (limited)	0.61	slope (very limited)	1.00	slope (very limited)	1.00	large stones (limited)	0.72	large stones (limited)	0.72
	slope (moderately limited) seepage	0.60 0.50	percs slowly (slightly limited) large surface stones	0.17 0.17	percs slowly (slightly limited) large surface stones	0.17 0.17	slope (moderately limited) depth to bedrock	0.60 0.52	depth to bedrock (limited) slope	0.61 0.60
	(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	
80000: Calhoun	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited percs slowly (moderately limited) 	 0.40 	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.40	 Limited wetness (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.60	 Limited wetness (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.60
80001: Oaklimeter	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.44	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.44
82000: Dubbs	 Very limited seepage (very limited)	 1.00	 Not limited 		 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited)	 0.60	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited)	 0.60	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited)	0.60
82001: Amagon	 Not limited 	 	 Very limited ponded (wetness) (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited) 	 1.00 0.39 	 Very limited ponded (wetness) (very limited) erodes easily (moderately limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60 0.39	(very limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.60	 Very limited wetness (very limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir are	eas	 Drainage 		 Irrigation 		 Terraces and divers 	ions	 Grassed waterway 	rs
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
82002: Forestdale	 Not limited 		 Very limited ponded (wetness) (very limited) percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 		 1.00 1.00 0.60	 Very limited ponded (wetness) (very limited) wetness (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00
82005: Malden	 Very limited seepage (very limited) 	1.00	 Limited cutbanks cave (limited) 	 0.90 	 Limited fast intake (limited) droughty (limited)	 0.90 0.70	Very limited too sandy (very limited)	 1.00 	 Limited droughty (limited) 	 0.70
82006: Bosket	 Very limited seepage (very limited) 	1.00	 Limited cutbanks cave (limited) slope (slightly limited)	 0.90 0.10	 Slightly limited slope (slightly limited) 	 0.10 	 Very limited too sandy (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Not limited 	
82007: Bosket	 Very limited seepage (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Limited cutbanks cave (limited) flooding (moderately limited)	 0.90 0.60	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.60	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) 	 0.60
82009: Forestdale	 Not limited 		 Very limited percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 	 Very limited percs slowly (very limited) slow intake (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60	 Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	 Very limited wetness (very limited)	1.00
82010: Amagon	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) 	0.50	 Moderately limited percs slowly (moderately limited) 	 0.39 	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.39	 Very limited wetness (very limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60	 Very limited wetness (very limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir are	as	 Drainage 		 Irrigation 		 Terraces and divers: 	ions	 Grassed waterway 	s
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
82011: Crowley	 Very limited seepage (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited percs slowly (very limited) cutbanks cave (limited)	 1.00 0.90	 Very limited percs slowly (very limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60	 Limited wetness (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.60	 Limited wetness (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.60
86000: Dubbs	 Very limited seepage (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	0.60	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	 Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) 	 0.60
86001: Calhoun	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.23 	Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) erodes easily (moderately limited) percs slowly (slightly limited)	 0.60 0.60 0.23	Limited wetness (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.60 	Limited wetness (limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.60
86002: Falaya	 Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) 	 0.50 	 Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) 	 0.60 	Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.60	 Very limited wetness (very limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60	 Very limited wetness (very limited) erodes easily (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60
86003: Amagon	Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited)	 0.50 	Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.39 	Moderately limited flooding (moderately limited) erodes easily (moderately limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	0.39	Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.60 	Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.60 0.60

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir are	as	Drainage		Irrigation		Terraces and divers	ions	Grassed waterway	rs
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
86004:		 	 	l I		 	 	 	 	
Forestdale	Not limited 	 	Very limited percs slowly (very limited) flooding (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60 	Very limited percs slowly (very limited) flooding (moderately limited) slow intake (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60 	Very limited wetness (very limited) 	 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00
90000:		 	 			 		 		
Memphis	Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) slope	 0.50 0.31	Limited slope (limited)	 0.98 	Limited slope (limited) erodes easily	 0.98 0.60	Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) slope	 0.60 0.31	Moderately limited erodes easily (moderately limited) slope	0.60
	(moderately limited)	ĺ	İ	İ	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	
90001: Memphis	slope (limited) seepage	 0.99 0.50	 Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00	(very limited) erodes easily	 1.00 0.60	Limited slope (limited) erodes easily	 0.99 0.60	(limited) erodes easily	 0.99 0.60
	(moderately limited)	 	 		(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)	
99001: Water	 Not rated	 	 Not rated 	 	 Not rated	 	Not rated	 	 Not rated 	
99003: Miscellaneous water	 Not rated	 	 Not rated	 	 Not rated		 Not rated	 	 Not rated	
99007: Dam	 Not rated 	 	 Not rated 	 	 Not rated 	 	 Not rated 	 	 Not rated 	
99015: Udorthents	 Not rated	 	 Not rated		 Not rated	 	 Not rated	 	 Not rated	
Water	 Not rated	 	 Not rated	 	 Not rated	 	 Not rated	 	 Not rated	

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Land application of m and food-processing		Land application o municipal sewage sl		Disposal of wastewate irrigation	r by	Treatment of wastewat slow rate proces	-	Treatment of wasteward rapid infiltration pro-	-
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
60033:	 						 			
Wrengart	Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.13 	Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.13 	Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.31 0.13 	Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) wetness (slightly limited)	0.31	Very limited percs slowly (very limited) wetness (very limited) slope (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.91
60046:	 	 	 	j I	 	j I	l I	j I	 	İ
Minnith	Very limited slope (very limited) percs slowly (limited)	 1.00 0.61	Very limited slope (very limited) percs slowly (limited)	 1.00 0.61	Very limited slope (very limited) percs slowly (limited)	 1.00 0.61	Very limited slope (very limited) percs slowly (limited)	 1.00 0.61	Very limited percs slowly (very limited) slope (very limited)	 1.00 1.00
	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	wetness (very limited) 	1.00
60053: Winfield	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) 	 0.55 	Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited)	 0.55 	(moderately limited) slope	 0.55 0.20	 Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) slope	 0.55 0.20	 Very limited percs slowly (very limited) wetness	 1.00 1.00
	 	 	 	 	(slightly limited) 	 	(slightly limited) 	 	(very limited) slope (limited) 	 0.66
60054: Minnith	slope	 0.76		 0.76		 0.99	 Limited slope	 0.99	 Very limited percs slowly	 1.00
	(limited) percs slowly (limited)	 0.61 	(limited) percs slowly (limited)	 0.61 	(limited) percs slowly (limited)	 0.61 	(limited) percs slowly (limited)	 0.61 	(very limited) slope (very limited)	 1.00
	 		 		 		 		wetness (very limited)	1.00

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Land application of m		Land application o municipal sewage sl		Disposal of wastewate: irrigation	r by	Treatment of wastewat slow rate proces	-	Treatment of wastewat rapid infiltration pr	-
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
60055: Winfield	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.13 	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) 	 0.13 	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) slope (slightly limited)	 0.13 0.05 	 Slightly limited wetness (slightly limited) slope (slightly limited)	 0.13 0.05 	Very limited percs slowly (very limited) wetness (very limited) slope (slightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.17
66000:			 	 		 	 		 	
Moniteau	Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	Very limited percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00
	flooding (limited)	0.90	flooding (limited)	0.90	flooding (limited)	0.90	flooding (limited)	0.90	wetness (very limited)	1.00
	percs slowly (limited)	0.61	percs slowly (limited)	0.61	percs slowly (limited)	0.61	percs slowly (limited)	0.61	flooding (moderately limited)	0.60
66054: Wakeland	 Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (limited)	 1.00 0.81	 Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (limited)	 1.00 0.81	 Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (limited)	 1.00 0.81	 Very limited flooding (very limited) wetness (limited)	 1.00 0.81	 Very limited percs slowly (very limited) wetness (very limited) flooding	 1.00 1.00 1.00
66055: Haymond	 - Limited flooding (limited) 	 0.90 	 Limited flooding (limited) 	 0.90 	 - Limited flooding (limited) 	 0.90 	 - Limited flooding (limited) 	 0.90 	(very limited) Very limited percs slowly (very limited) flooding (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.60
73055: Alred	 Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00	 Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00	 Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00	 Very limited slope (very limited)	 1.00	 Very limited percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00
	poor filter (very limited)	1.00	poor filter (very limited)	1.00	poor filter (very limited)	 1.00 	poor filter (very limited)	1.00	slope (very limited)	1.00
	large surface stones (limited)	0.70	large surface stones (limited)	0.70	large surface stones (limited)	0.70	large surface stones (limited)	0.70	large surface stones (limited)	0.70

symbol and	Land application of	manure	Land application of	Disposal of	wastewater by	Tre

Map symbol and soil name	Land application of ma		Land application of municipal sewage sl		Disposal of wastewate: irrigation	r by	Treatment of wastewate slow rate process	-	Treatment of wastewat rapid infiltration pr	-
	' -	Value	·	Value	'	Value	'	Value	' .	Valu
	limiting features		limiting features	Value	limiting features		limiting features	varue	limiting features	
73055:		 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Rueter	 Very limited	i	Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	İ	Very limited	i
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)		(very limited)	i
	. –	1.00		1.00		1.00		1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
73100:		 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Wrengart	Slightly limited	i	Slightly limited	i	Slightly limited	İ	Slightly limited	İ	Very limited	i
•	wetness	0.13	wetness	0.13	wetness	0.13	wetness	0.13	percs slowly	1.00
	(slightly limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i	(slightly limited)	İ	(very limited)	i
		i	i	i	slope	0.10	slope	0.10	wetness	1.00
		i	i	i	(slightly limited)	i	(slightly limited)	İ	(very limited)	i
		i	i	i	i	i	İ	İ	slope	0.31
		į		į					(moderately limited)	,
73101:		 		 	 	 	 	 	 	
Wrengart	Slightly limited	İ	Slightly limited	İ	Moderately limited	İ	Moderately limited	İ	Very limited	İ
•	slope	0.15	slope	0.15	slope	0.45	slope	0.45	percs slowly	1.00
	(slightly limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	İ	(very limited)	i
	wetness	0.13	wetness	0.13	wetness	0.13	wetness	0.13	wetness	1.00
	(slightly limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i	(slightly limited)	İ	(very limited)	i
		i	i	i	i	i	İ	İ	slope	1.00
		į		į		į			(very limited)	
73139:		 	 	 	 	 		 	 	
Poynor	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	slope	0.76	slope	0.76	slope	0.99	slope	0.99	percs slowly	0.32
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	
	large surface stones	0.17	large surface stones	0.17	large surface stones	0.17	large surface stones	0.17	large surface stones	0.17
	(slightly limited)	ĺ	slightly limited)		slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		slightly limited)	
Clarksville	 Very limited	 	 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited	 	 Very limited	1
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	slope	0.76	slope	0.76	slope	0.99	slope	0.99	slope	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	too acid	0.30	too acid	0.30	too acid	0.30	too acid	0.30	large surface stones	0.17
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	1	(slightly limited)	1	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	1

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Land application of ma		Land application o municipal sewage sl		Disposal of wastewate: irrigation	r by	Treatment of wastewate slow rate process	-	Treatment of wastewat rapid infiltration pr	-
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73139:		 		 	 	 		 	 	
Scholten	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	ĺ
	wetness	0.78	wetness	0.78	slope	0.99	slope	0.99	slope	1.00
	(limited)	ĺ	(limited)	ĺ	(limited)	ĺ	(limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	ĺ
	too acid	0.76	too acid	0.76	wetness	0.78	wetness	0.78	wetness	1.00
	(limited)	İ	(limited)	į	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(very limited)	į
73140:	 	 		 	 	 	 	 	 	
Clarksville	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
Scholten	 Very limited	 	 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited	
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70	large surface stones	0.70	wetness	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
73141:		 			 		 		 	
Firebaugh	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	percs slowly	0.99	percs slowly	0.99	percs slowly	0.99	percs slowly	0.99	wetness	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	wetness	0.50	wetness	0.50	wetness	0.50	wetness	0.50	slope	0.91
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	
73145:	 						 			
Crider	Not limited		Not limited		Slightly limited		Slightly limited		Very limited	
					slope	0.20	slope	0.20	percs slowly	1.00
					(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(very limited)	
									slope	0.66
									(limited)	

Map symbol and soil name	Land application of ma		Land application o municipal sewage sl		Disposal of wastewate irrigation	r by	Treatment of wastewat slow rate proces	-	Treatment of wastewa rapid infiltration p	-
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
/3146:	 			 	 				 	
Marquand	Limited		Limited		Limited		Limited		Very limited	
	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	wetness	0.37	wetness	0.37	wetness	0.37	wetness	0.37	wetness	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	
					slope	0.31	slope	0.31	slope	0.91
					(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	
3150:	 			 	 				 	
Caneyville	Limited	l i	Limited		Limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	slope	0.76	slope	0.76	slope	0.99	depth to bedrock	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	slope	0.99	slope	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	depth to bedrock	0.30	depth to bedrock	0.30	depth to bedrock	0.30	percs slowly	0.61	depth to bedrock	1.00
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
Bucklick	 Limited	 	Limited	 	 Limited		 Limited		 Very limited	
	slope	0.76	slope	0.76	slope	0.99	slope	0.99	percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)	i i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	İ	i i		i	İ	i	depth to bedrock	0.57	slope	1.00
	İ	i i		i	İ	i	(moderately limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	İ	i i		i	İ	i		i	depth to bedrock	1.00
				į			į	į	(very limited)	
3151:	 	 		 	 		 	 	 	
Caneyville	 Very limited	i i	Very limited	İ	 Very limited	İ	 Very limited	İ	 Very limited	i
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	poor filter	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
Gasconade	 Very limited		Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited		 Very limited	l I
	shallow to bedrock	1.00	droughty	1.00	droughty	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)	į i	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	i
	droughty	1.00	shallow to bedrock	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)	į į	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	i
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	shallow to bedrock	1.00	large stones	0.76	depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)	i i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

1im 73151:	ppe ery limited) or filter ery limited) r limited or filter ery limited or filter ery limited) epe mited) ege surface stones eightly limited)	Value 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.76	limiting features	Value 1.00 imiting features Very limited slope (very limited) poor filter (very limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited) Very limited poor filter (very limited) slope	Value 1.00 1.00 0.54 	limiting features Very limited percs slowly (very limited) slope (very limited) depth to bedrock (very limited) Very limited percs slowly (very limited)	Value 			
Bucklick Very slop (ver poor (ver poor (ver slop (lim larg (sli slop (lim larg (sli too (lim	ppe ery limited) or filter ery limited) r limited or filter ery limited or filter ery limited) epe mited) ege surface stones eightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.76	slope (very limited) poor filter (very limited) Very limited poor filter (very limited) slope (limited) large surface stones	 1.00 1.00 0.76	slope (very limited) poor filter (very limited) 	 1.00 1.00	slope (very limited) poor filter (very limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited) Very limited poor filter (very limited)	 1.00 0.54 1.00	percs slowly (very limited) slope (very limited) depth to bedrock (very limited) Very limited percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 1.00
	ppe ery limited) or filter ery limited) r limited or filter ery limited or filter ery limited) epe mited) ege surface stones eightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.76	slope (very limited) poor filter (very limited) Very limited poor filter (very limited) slope (limited) large surface stones	 1.00 1.00 0.76	slope (very limited) poor filter (very limited) 	 1.00 1.00	slope (very limited) poor filter (very limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited) Very limited poor filter (very limited)	 1.00 0.54 1.00	percs slowly (very limited) slope (very limited) depth to bedrock (very limited) Very limited percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 1.00
73156: Alred	ery limited) or filter ery limited) or filter ery limited or filter ery limited) ope mited) ege surface stones eightly limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.76	(very limited) poor filter (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.76	(very limited) poor filter (very limited)	 1.00 1.00	(very limited) poor filter (very limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited) Very limited poor filter (very limited)	 1.00 0.54 1.00	(very limited) slope (very limited) depth to bedrock (very limited) Very limited percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 1.00
poor (ver	or filter ery limited or filter ery limited or filter ery limited) ope mited) rge surface stones eightly limited)	 1.00 0.76	poor filter (very limited) Very limited poor filter (very limited) slope (limited) large surface stones	 1.00 0.76	poor filter (very limited) 	 1.00	poor filter (very limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited) Very limited poor filter (very limited)	 0.54 1.00	slope (very limited) depth to bedrock (very limited) Very limited percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00
73156: Alred	r limited or filter ery limited) ope mited) rge surface stones rightly limited)	 1.00 0.76	(very limited)	 1.00 0.76	(very limited)	 1.00	(very limited) depth to bedrock (moderately limited) Very limited poor filter (very limited)	 0.54 1.00	(very limited) depth to bedrock (very limited) Very limited percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00
73156: Alred	r limited or filter ery limited) ope mited) rge surface stones rightly limited)	0.76	 - Very limited poor filter (very limited) slope (limited) large surface stones	 0.76 	 - Very limited poor filter (very limited) slope		depth to bedrock (moderately limited) Very limited poor filter (very limited)	 1.00	depth to bedrock (very limited) Very limited percs slowly (very limited)	
73156: Alred	r limited or filter ery limited) ope mited) rge surface stones rightly limited)	0.76	 - Very limited poor filter (very limited) slope (limited) large surface stones	 0.76 	poor filter (very limited) slope		(moderately limited) Very limited poor filter (very limited)	 1.00	(very limited) Very limited percs slowly (very limited)	
Alred	or filter ery limited) ope mited) oge surface stones dightly limited)	0.76	poor filter (very limited) slope (limited) large surface stones	 0.76 	poor filter (very limited) slope		(moderately limited) Very limited poor filter (very limited)		(very limited) Very limited percs slowly (very limited)	
Alred	or filter ery limited) ope mited) oge surface stones dightly limited)	0.76	poor filter (very limited) slope (limited) large surface stones	 0.76 	poor filter (very limited) slope		poor filter (very limited)		percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00
poor (ver slop (11m larg (sli Very poor (ver slop (11m too (11m too (11m too (12m Table	or filter ery limited) ope mited) oge surface stones dightly limited)	0.76	poor filter (very limited) slope (limited) large surface stones	 0.76 	poor filter (very limited) slope		poor filter (very limited)		percs slowly (very limited)	1.00
(ver slop (lim larg (sli larg (sli larg slop (lim larg	ery limited) ppe mited) rge surface stones .ightly limited)	0.76	(very limited) slope (limited) large surface stones	 0.76 	(very limited) slope		(very limited)		(very limited)	1.00
slop (lim larg (sli larg (sli larg	ope mited) rge surface stones .ightly limited)		slope (limited) large surface stones		slope	 0.99	· -			i
slop (lim larg (sli larg (sli larg	ope mited) rge surface stones .ightly limited)		(limited) large surface stones			0.99	· -			1
larg (sli	ge surface stones ightly limited)	 0.17 	large surface stones	 0.17	(limited)		PTODE	0.99	slope	1.00
larg (sli	ge surface stones ightly limited)	0.17	large surface stones	0.17			(limited)		(very limited)	i
Gepp	ightly limited)		, -		large surface stones	0.17	large surface stones	0.17	large surface stones	0.17
poor	. limited				(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	
73157: Captina Moder	TIMITIEU	i	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	
slop (1im too (1im 73157: Captina Moder	or filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
73157: Captina Moder	ery limited)	i	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	į	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
73157: Too	pe	0.76	slope	0.76	slope	0.99	slope	0.99	slope	1.00
73157: Moder	mited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	į	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i
73157: Moder	acid	0.61	too acid	0.61	too acid	0.61	too acid	0.61	too acid	0.21
Captina Moder	mited)	į	(limited)	į	(limited)	į	(limited)	į	(slightly limited)	į
-			 	 		 		 		
wetn	rately limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Very limited	
	ness	0.36	wetness	0.36	wetness	0.36	wetness	0.36	percs slowly	1.00
(mod	derately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	ĺ	(moderately limited)	ĺ	(moderately limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
į		İ	İ	İ	slope	0.31	slope	0.31	wetness	1.00
į		i	İ	i	(moderately limited)	į	(moderately limited)	i	(very limited)	i
j		i	İ	i	i -	İ	-	i	slope	0.91
į		į		į		į		į	(limited)	į
73223:			 	 		 		 	1	
Coulstone Very	limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ
slop	pe	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
(ver	ery limited)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	oughty	1.00	droughty	1.00	droughty	1.00	poor filter	1.00	too stony	1.00
· ·	ery limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	į	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i
· ·	or filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	large stones >35%	0.99	too cobbly	1.00
(ver		i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Land application of m and food-processing		Land application o municipal sewage sl		Disposal of wastewater	r by	Treatment of wastewate slow rate proces	_	Treatment of wastewat rapid infiltration pr	_
DOLL HOME	Rating class and	Value	<u>'</u>	Value	'	Value	Rating class and	Value	<u>'</u>	Value
	limiting features	Varue	limiting features	varue	limiting features	varue	limiting features	varue	limiting features	Value
73266:	 		 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Hildebrecht	Limited	i	Limited	i	Limited	i	Limited	į	Very limited	i
	slope	0.76	slope	0.76	slope	0.99	slope	0.99	percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)	i	(limited)	İ	(limited)	i	(limited)	į	(very limited)	i
	į	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	slope	1.00
	j	İ		İ	İ	İ		į	(very limited)	İ
	į	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	wetness	1.00
		į		į	į	į		į	(very limited)	į
73267:	 		 	 		 	 	 	 	
Yelton	Limited		Limited		Limited		Limited		Very limited	
	slope	0.76	slope	0.76	slope	0.99	slope	0.99	percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	wetness	0.58	wetness	0.58	wetness	0.58	wetness	0.58	slope	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	
	too acid	0.30	too acid	0.30	too acid	0.30	too acid	0.30	wetness	1.00
	(slightly limited)		slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		slightly limited)		(very limited)	
Scholten	 Limited		 Limited		 Limited		 Limited		 Very limited	
	wetness	0.83	wetness	0.83	slope	0.99	slope	0.99	slope	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	too acid	0.76	too acid	0.76		0.83	wetness	0.83	wetness	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	slope	0.76	slope	0.76	too acid	0.76	too acid	0.76	percs slowly	0.32
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	 	(limited)	 	(moderately limited))
73269:										
Brussels			Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	large surface stones	1.00	large surface stones	1.00	large surface stones	1.00	large surface stones	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	ļ	(very limited)	!	(very limited)		(very limited)	
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	large surface stones	3 1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)	 	(very limited)	 	(very limited)	 	(very limited)	
Gasconade	 Very limited	İ	 Very limited	İ	 Very limited	İ	 Very limited		 Very limited	İ
	slope	1.00	droughty	1.00	droughty	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	shallow to bedrock	1.00	shallow to bedrock	1.00		1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	droughty	1.00	slope	1.00		1.00	large surface stones	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)	 	(very limited)	 	(very limited)	 	(very limited)	
Rock outcrop	Not rated		Not rated		 Not rated		Not rated		 Not rated	

Map symbol and soil name	Land application of m and food-processing		Land application o municipal sewage sl		Disposal of wastewate: irrigation	r by	Treatment of wastewat	_	Treatment of wastewa rapid infiltration p	_
	Rating class and	Value	<u>' </u>	Value	<u>' </u>	Value	<u>'</u>	Value	'	Value
	limiting features		limiting features		limiting features		limiting features		limiting features	
73270:	1		 		l	 	 			
Wrengart	Limited	i	Limited	i	Limited	 	Limited	i	 Very limited	i
	slope	0.76	slope	0.76	slope	0.99	slope	0.99	percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	slope	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	wetness	0.13	wetness	0.13	wetness	0.13	wetness	0.13	wetness	1.00
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(very limited)	
73343:			 		 	 	 			
	 Moderately limited	 	 Moderately limited		 Moderately limited	 	 Moderately limited		 Very limited	Ì
<u>-</u>	wetness	0.47	wetness	0.47	wetness	0.47	wetness	0.47	percs slowly	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	
	(i	(i	slope	0.31	slope	0.31	wetness	1.00
		i		i	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	
		i		i		i		i	slope	0.91
	į	į	į	į		ĺ	į	į	(limited)	į
73344:	1		 		l	 	l	 	 	
Captina	Limited	i	Limited	i	 Limited	 	Limited	i i	 Very limited	
<u>-</u>	slope	0.76	slope	0.76	slope	0.99	slope	0.99	percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	too acid	0.61	too acid	0.61	too acid	0.61	too acid	0.61	slope	1.00
	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	İ	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	wetness	0.47	wetness	0.47	wetness	0.47	wetness	0.47	wetness	1.00
	(moderately limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į	(very limited)	į
73345:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
	Moderately limited	i	Moderately limited	i	Moderately limited	i	Moderately limited	i	 Very limited	
	wetness	0.36	wetness	0.36	slope	0.45	slope	0.45	percs slowly	1.00
	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	slope	0.15	slope	0.15	wetness	0.36	wetness	0.36	wetness	1.00
	(slightly limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	į	(moderately limited)	İ	(very limited)	į
	too acid	0.12	too acid	0.12	too acid	0.12	too acid	0.12	slope	1.00
	(slightly limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	İ	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(very limited)	
73346:	 	 	 		 	 	 	 	 	
	Moderately limited	i	Moderately limited	i	Moderately limited	İ	Moderately limited	i	Very limited	i
	wetness	0.36	wetness	0.36	slope	0.45	slope	0.45	percs slowly	1.00
	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	too acid	0.36	too acid	0.36	•	0.36	wetness	0.36	wetness	1.00
	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	slope	0.15	slope	0.15	too acid	0.36	too acid	0.36	slope	1.00
	(slightly limited)	1	(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)	I	(moderately limited)		(very limited)	i

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Land application of m and food-processing		Land application o municipal sewage sl		Disposal of wastewate irrigation	r by	Treatment of wastewat	-	Treatment of wastewat rapid infiltration pr	-
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
74644: Deible	 Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	 Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	 Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	 Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	 Very limited percs slowly (very limited) wetness (very limited)	 1.00 1.00
74646:			 		 		 	 		
Cornwall	Limited percs slowly (limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.36 	Limited percs slowly (limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.36 	Limited percs slowly (limited) wetness (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.36 0.31	Limited percs slowly (limited) wetness (moderately limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.99 0.36 0.31	Very limited percs slowly (very limited) wetness (very limited) slope (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.91
74648:		İ								
Aslinger	percs slowly	 0.61	Limited percs slowly	0.61	Limited percs slowly	0.61	Limited percs slowly	 0.61	Very limited percs slowly	1.00
	(limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.44 	(limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.44 	(limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.44 	(limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.44 	<pre>(very limited) wetness (very limited)</pre>	1.00
	droughty (slightly limited)	0.01	droughty (slightly limited)	0.01	slope (moderately limited)	0.31	slope (moderately limited)	0.31	slope (limited)	0.91
74649:		 	 	 	 	 		 		
Aslinger	Limited	İ	Limited	į	Limited	į	Limited	İ	Very limited	İ
	percs slowly (limited)	0.61 	percs slowly (limited)	0.61 	slope (limited)	0.70 	slope (limited)	0.70 	percs slowly (very limited)	1.00
	too acid (limited)	0.61 	too acid (limited)	0.61 	percs slowly (limited)	0.61 	percs slowly (limited)	0.61 	wetness (very limited)	1.00
	slope (moderately limited)	0.45	slope (moderately limited)	0.45	too acid (limited)	0.61	too acid (limited)	0.61	slope (very limited)	1.00
Waben			 Slightly limited		 Slightly limited		 Slightly limited	 	Limited	
	droughty (slightly limited)	0.01 	droughty (slightly limited)	0.01 	(slightly limited) droughty	0.20 0.01	slope (slightly limited) 	0.20 	slope (limited) percs slowly	0.66 0.32
		[[(slightly limited) 		 	 	(moderately limited) too cobbly (slightly limited)	0.01

Map symbol and soil name	Land application of m		Land application o municipal sewage sl		Disposal of wastewate: irrigation	r by	Treatment of wastewat slow rate proces	_	Treatment of wastewat rapid infiltration pr	_
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
74679:		 		 		 				
Higdon	Limited		Limited		Limited		Limited		Very limited	
	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	wetness	0.60	wetness	0.60	wetness	0.60	wetness	0.60	wetness	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	
	flooding	0.30	flooding	0.30	flooding	0.30	flooding	0.30		
	slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		slightly limited)			
74680:		 			 					
Moniteau	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	wetness	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	flooding	0.30	flooding	0.30	flooding	0.30	flooding	0.30		
	slightly limited)		slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		slightly limited)			
74685:										
Auxvasse	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	wetness	0.60	wetness	0.60	wetness	0.60	wetness	0.60	wetness	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	
					slope	0.10	slope	0.10	too acid	0.77
		[[slightly limited)		slightly limited)		(limited)	
75379:										
Kaintuck	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	percs slowly	0.32
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	
75381:	 	[
Bearthicket	Slightly limited		Slightly limited		Slightly limited		Slightly limited		Very limited	
	flooding	0.30	flooding	0.30	flooding	0.30	flooding	0.30	percs slowly	1.00
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(very limited)	1

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Land application of r and food-processing		Land application of municipal sewage sl		Disposal of wastewat	er by	Treatment of wastewat	_	Treatment of wastewat rapid infiltration pr	_
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75395:	 									
Jamesfin	Limited	i	Limited	i	Limited	i	Limited	i	Very limited	i
	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	İ	i		i	İ	i		i	wetness	0.61
	İ	Ì		İ	İ	į	İ	İ	(limited)	i
	İ	Ì		İ	İ	į	İ	İ	flooding	0.60
									(moderately limited)	
75408:	 		 							
Secesh	Slightly limited		Slightly limited		Slightly limited		Slightly limited		Very limited	
	flooding	0.30	flooding	0.30	flooding	0.30	flooding	0.30	percs slowly	1.00
	(slightly limited)		slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(very limited)	1
75409:	 						 			1
Relfe	Very limited	Ì	Very limited	İ	Very limited	į	Very limited	İ	Limited	i
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	flooding	0.60
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(moderately limited)	İ
	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90		
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)			
	droughty	0.84	droughty	0.84	droughty	0.84				
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)					
75411:	 		 							
Tilk	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Slightly limited	
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	percs slowly	0.32
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	
	flooding	0.30	flooding	0.30	flooding	0.30	flooding	0.30	too acid	0.01
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	
	too acid	0.18	too acid	0.18	too acid	0.18	too acid	0.18		
	(slightly limited)		slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		 	
75416:										
Gladden	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	1
	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.60
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	1	(moderately limited)	1

Map symbol and soil name	Land application of mail and food-processing		Land application of municipal sewage slu		Disposal of wastewate: irrigation	r by	Treatment of wastewate slow rate proces	-	Treatment of wastewat rapid infiltration pr	-
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75417: Relfe		 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	(very limited) droughty (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	(very limited)	 1.00 1.00 1.00	 Very limited flooding (very limited) poor filter (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited) 	 1.00 0.50
Sandbur	Very limited flooding (very limited)	 1.00 	Very limited flooding (very limited)	 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) 	 1.00 	 Very limited flooding (very limited) percs slowly (moderately limited)	 1.00 0.32
75426: Gabriel	percs slowly (limited) wetness (moderately limited)	0.61	(limited) wetness (moderately limited)	 0.61 0.60 0.30	Limited percs slowly (limited) wetness (moderately limited) flooding (slightly limited)	 0.61 0.60 0.30	Limited percs slowly (limited) wetness (moderately limited) flooding (slightly limited)	 0.61 0.60 0.30	 Very limited percs slowly (very limited) wetness (very limited)	 1.00 1.00
75428: Tilk	flooding (limited)	 0.90 0.55 	(moderately limited)	 0.90 0.55 0.24	Limited flooding (limited) droughty (moderately limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.90 0.55 0.24	Limited flooding (limited) too acid (slightly limited) large stones (slightly limited)	 0.90 0.24 0.01	Limited flooding (moderately limited) percs slowly (moderately limited) too acid (slightly limited)	0.32
Cornwall	wetness (limited) slope (moderately limited)	0.68 0.45	(limited) slope (moderately limited)	 0.68 0.45 0.24	 Limited slope (limited) wetness (limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.70 0.68 0.24	 Limited slope (limited) wetness (limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.70 0.68 0.24		 1.00 1.00 1.00

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Land application of mand and food-processing		Land application o municipal sewage sl		Disposal of wastewate irrigation	r by	Treatment of wastewat slow rate proces	_	Treatment of wastewat rapid infiltration pr	_
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	·	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
75428:	 	 	 	 			 	 		
Poynor	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ
	slope	0.76	slope	0.76	slope	0.99	slope	0.99	percs slowly	0.78
	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i
	too acid	0.48	too acid	0.48	too acid	0.48	too acid	0.48	too acid	0.07
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	1	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		slightly limited)	
75429:				 			 			
Tilk	Limited		Limited		Limited		Limited		Limited	
	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.60
	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	ı İ
	İ	i	İ	i	i	i	İ	i	percs slowly	0.32
		į		į	į	į		į	(moderately limited)	ı İ
Secesh	 Moderately limited	 	 Moderately limited		 Moderately limited		 Moderately limited	 	 Very limited	
	large stones	0.45	large stones	0.45	large stones	0.45	large stones	0.45	percs slowly	1.00
	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	flooding	0.30	flooding	0.30	flooding	0.30	flooding	0.30	too cobbly	0.92
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		slightly limited)		(limited)	
75430:				 			 			
Wideman	Very limited	İ	Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Limited	İ
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	flooding	0.60
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(moderately limited)	ı İ
	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	percs slowly	0.32
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	
75451:		 	 	 			 	 		
Gladden	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	1	Very limited		Very limited	
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.60
	(limited)	į	(limited)	į	(limited)	į	(limited)	į	(moderately limited)	ij
75467:	[[
Wilbur	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	wetness	0.52	wetness	0.52	wetness	0.52	wetness	0.52	wetness	1.00
	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(very limited)	i
		i		i		i		i	flooding	1.00
	! 		! 	i		į.	! 	i	(very limited)	
] 	1	1	1	1	1	1 1	1		1

Map symbol and	Land application of ma		Land application of		Disposal of wastewate	r by	Treatment of wastewate	_	Treatment of wastewat	-
soil name	and food-processing		municipal sewage sl		irrigation		slow rate process		rapid infiltration pr	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
75468:		 		 	 	 	 	 		
Elsah	Very limited	i i	Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	İ	 Very limited	i
	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	flooding	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	i
		i		i	İ	i	İ	İ	flooding	1.00
				İ		İ	İ	İ	(very limited)	
77000:		 		 	 	 	 	 	 	
Killarney	 Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	 Very limited	İ	 Very limited	İ	 Very limited	İ
	large surface stones	1.00	large surface stones	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	large surface stones	1.00	large surface stones	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
Frenchmill	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited		 Very limited	 	 Very limited	
	large surface stones	1.00	large surface stones	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	large surface stones	1.00	large surface stones	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	large surface stones	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)	į	(very limited)	į	(very limited)	į	(very limited)	į
77002:		 		 	 		 	 		
Delassus	Moderately limited	ĺ	Moderately limited	ĺ	Moderately limited	ĺ	Moderately limited	ĺ	Very limited	İ
	wetness	0.39	wetness	0.39	wetness	0.39	wetness	0.39	percs slowly	1.00
	(moderately limited)	į į	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	too acid	0.18	too acid	0.18	slope	0.31	slope	0.31	depth to bedrock	1.00
	(slightly limited)	į į	(slightly limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
		į į		İ	too acid	0.18	too acid	0.18	wetness	1.00
				į	(slightly limited)	į	(slightly limited)	į	(very limited)	į
77005:		 		 	 	 	 	 		
Hassler	Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	İ
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)	l i	(very limited)	I	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)	į i	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	depth to bedrock	0.84	depth to bedrock	1.00
	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Land application of mand food-processing		Land application o municipal sewage sl		Disposal of wastewate irrigation	r by	slow rate proces	-	Treatment of wastewat rapid infiltration pr	-
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
77005:	 			 			 	 		
Syenite	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	slope	1.00	slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	poor filter	1.00	depth to bedrock	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
77008:										
Hassler	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	depth to bedrock	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	wetness	0.40	wetness	0.40	slope	0.60	slope	0.60	wetness	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	
80000:	 						 	 		
Calhoun	Limited		Limited		Limited		Limited		Very limited	
	wetness	0.99	wetness	0.99	wetness	0.99	wetness	0.99	percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	wetness	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)	į	(limited)	į	(limited)	į	(very limited)	į
80001:	 						 	 		
Oaklimeter	Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Very limited	
	wetness	0.44	wetness	0.44	wetness	0.44	wetness	0.44	percs slowly	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	
		į į		ĺ	ĺ	İ	ĺ	İ	wetness	1.00
									(very limited)	
	İ	į į		ĺ	İ	İ	İ	İ	too acid	0.21
	İ	į į		İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	(slightly limited)	İ
		į į		į	į	į		į		į
82000: Dubbs	 Slightly limited		Slightly limited		 Slightly limited		 Slightly limited	 	 Very limited	
	too acid	0.06	-	0.06	too acid	0.06		0.06	percs slowly	1.00
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	1	(slightly limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i	(very limited)	1
			323	i		i		i	too acid	0.01
	! 			i		i	 	<u> </u>	(slightly limited)	
	1			1		1	1 1	1		1

Map symbol and soil name	 Land application of m and food-processing		Land application of municipal sewage sl		Disposal of wastewate:	r by	 Treatment of wastewate	_	!	_
SOII name	' -				irrigation		slow rate process		rapid infiltration pr	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
82001: Amagon	 Very limited	 	Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	 	 Very limited	
	wetness (very limited)	1.00 	(very limited)	1.00 	(very limited)	1.00 	(very limited)	1.00 	percs slowly (very limited)	1.00
	ponded (wetness) (very limited)	1.00	(very limited)	1.00	(very limited)	1.00	(very limited)	1.00	ponded (wetness) (very limited)	1.00
	percs slowly (limited)	0.99	percs slowly (limited)	0.99	percs slowly (limited)	0.99	percs slowly (limited)	0.99	wetness (very limited)	1.00
82002:	 	 		 	 	 	 		 	
Forestdale	Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	Very limited wetness (very limited)	 1.00 	Very limited percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 	Very limited percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 	Very limited percs slowly (very limited)	1.00
	ponded (wetness) (very limited)	1.00	percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 		 1.00 		1.00	ponded (wetness) (very limited)	1.00
	percs slowly (very limited)	1.00	<pre>ponded (wetness) (very limited)</pre>	1.00	wetness (very limited)	1.00	wetness (very limited)	1.00	wetness (very limited)	1.00
82005: Malden	 Very limited poor filter (very limited) droughty (limited)	 1.00 0.70	Very limited poor filter (very limited) droughty (limited)	 1.00 0.70	 Very limited poor filter (very limited) droughty (limited)	 1.00 0.70	 Very limited poor filter (very limited)	1.00	 Unlimited 	
82006:		į Į		i I						į
Bosket	Moderately limited too acid (moderately limited)	 0.36 	Moderately limited too acid (moderately limited)	 0.36 	Moderately limited too acid (moderately limited)	 0.36 	Moderately limited too acid (moderately limited)	 0.36 	Very limited percs slowly (very limited) slope	 1.00 0.08
00007	 	[[(slightly limited) 	
82007: Bosket		 	Limited	 	 Limited		 Limited		 Very limited	
	flooding (limited)	0.90	flooding (limited)	0.90 	flooding (limited)	0.90 	flooding (limited)	0.90 	percs slowly (very limited) flooding	1.00 0.60
	 -	 		 	 	 			(moderately limited) too acid (slightly limited)	

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

soil name	Land application of mand food-processing		Land application of municipal sewage s		Disposal of wastewate	er by	Treatment of wastewa	-	rapid infiltration pr	-
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
82009:							 		[
Forestdale	Very limited	i i	Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ
	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
82010:					 		 			
Amagon	Very limited	i i	 Very limited	i	Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	Very limited	i
	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	wetness	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
į	(very limited)	i i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i
į	percs slowly	0.99	percs slowly	0.99	percs slowly	0.99	percs slowly	0.99	wetness	1.00
į	(limited)	i i	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	j	(very limited)	į
į		i i		İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	too acid	0.01
į		į į		į	į	į		į	(slightly limited)	į
82011:					 		 		 	
Crowley	 Verv limited	1	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i	 Very limited	i
	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00	percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	poor filter	1.00	wetness	1.00
i	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	wetness	0.99	wetness	0.99	wetness	0.99	wetness	0.99	too acid	0.21
į	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(slightly limited)	
86000:					 		l I		 	
Dubbs	Limited		Limited	i	Limited	1	Limited	1	 Very limited	i
	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	percs slowly	1.00
i	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
		i		i		i	(====,	i	flooding	0.60
		i		i	i	i		i	(moderately limited))
į		i i		i	İ	i		i	too acid	0.01
į		į į		į	į	į		į	(slightly limited)	į
86001:			 		[]		 			
Calhoun	Limited		Limited	i	Limited	1	 Limited		 Very limited	1
	wetness	0.99	wetness	0.99	wetness	0.99	wetness	0.99	percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)	i	(limited)	1	(limited)	i	(very limited)	
į	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	flooding	0.90	wetness	1.00
į	(limited)	i i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(very limited)	ĺ
1	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	percs slowly	0.61	flooding	0.60
1	Derce prowry	0.01	Derce prowry	U.U.					LICOULING	0.00

Map symbol and	 Land application of m	anure	 Land application o	£	Disposal of wastewate:	r by	 Treatment of wastewate	er by	 Treatment of wastewat	er by
soil name	and food-processing	waste	municipal sewage slu	udge	irrigation		slow rate process	s	rapid infiltration pr	ocess
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	l	limiting features	
86002: Falaya	 Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.90	(very limited)	 1.00 0.90 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.90 	 Very limited wetness (very limited) flooding (limited)	 1.00 0.90	 Very limited percs slowly (very limited) wetness (very limited) flooding (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.60
86003:	l I	 	 -	 	 		 	 	l I	
Amagon	 Limited percs slowly (limited) flooding (limited) wetness	 0.99 0.90 	(limited) flooding (limited)	 0.99 0.90 	 Limited percs slowly (limited) flooding (limited) wetness	 0.99 0.90 	 Limited percs slowly (limited) flooding (limited) wetness	 0.99 0.90 	 Very limited percs slowly (very limited) wetness (very limited) flooding	 1.00 1.00
	(moderately limited)		wetness (moderately limited)	0.60	(moderately limited)		wetness (moderately limited)	0.60	(moderately limited)	1
86004: Forestdale		 1.00 1.00 0.90	(very limited) percs slowly (very limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.90		 1.00 1.00 0.90	Very limited percs slowly (very limited) wetness (very limited) flooding (limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.90	 Very limited percs slowly (very limited) wetness (very limited) flooding (moderately limited)	 1.00 1.00 0.60
90000: Memphis	 Not limited 	 	 Not limited 	 	 Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) 	 0.31 	 Moderately limited slope (moderately limited) 	 0.31 	 Very limited percs slowly (very limited) slope (limited)	 1.00 0.91
90001: Memphis	 Limited slope (limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.76 0.12 	(limited)	 0.76 0.12 	 Limited slope (limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.99 0.12 	 Limited slope (limited) too acid (slightly limited)	 0.99 0.12 	 Very limited percs slowly (very limited) slope (very limited)	 1.00 1.00

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Land application of m	anure	Land application o	f	Disposal of wastewate	r by	Treatment of wastewat	er by	Treatment of wastewater	
soil name	and food-processing	waste	municipal sewage sl	udge	irrigation		slow rate proces	s	rapid infiltration p	rocess
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>
99001:					 				[l
Water	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	Ì
99003:										
Miscellaneous										
water	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	
99007:			 				 			
Dam	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	
99015:										
Udorthents	Not rated	į	Not rated	İ	Not rated	İ	Not rated		Not rated	1
Water	 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated		 Not rated	

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties

(Absence of an entry indicates that data were not estimated. For an explanation of the abbreviations in the USDA texture column, see "Texture, soil" in the Glossary.)

Man	Dec. 13	IIIDA hardan	Classif	ication	Fragi	ments		_	e Passi	ng	 T 3 a = 2 7	
Map symbol and soil name	Depth	USDA texture	 			3-10	: 	sieve n	umber		Liquid limit	Plas- ticity
			Unified	AASHTO	inches		4	10	40	200		index
	In				Pct	Pct	I		I	I	Pct	
coops												
60033: Wrengart	 0-5	SIL	CL, CL-ML	 A-4	 0	 0	100	 100	 00_100	 80-100	 10_30	 5-10
wrengart	0-5 5-11	SICL, SIL	CL-ML, CL	A-4, A-6	0	0 0				80-100		5-10
	11-34	SIL, SICL	CL CL	A-4, A-6	0	0				80-100		8-20
i	34-57	GR-SICL, SICL	CL	A-4, A-6	0	0-5				65-95		8-20
İ		GRX-SIL, GRV-	GC	A-2, A-4, A-6	0-5	0-20	25-55					8-15
į		SICL	İ	İ	İ	j	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
60046:					 	 		 	 	 	 	
Minnith	 0-5	SIL	CL, CL-ML	 A-4, A-6	 0	 0	100	100	 90-100	 70-90	 20-35	 5-15
	5-35	SICL, SIL	'	A-6, A-7	0	0	100			70-95		5-20
Ï	35-80	L	CL	A-6, A-4	0	0-5				60-75		5-15
į		İ	j	j	İ	j	į	į	į	į	į	İ
60053:							100	100				
Winfield		SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	100 100	100		90-100		5-10
	6-20 20-26	SICL, SIL	CL	A-6, A-4 A-6, A-7-6	0 0	0 0	100	100 100		90-100		10-20 15-25
	26-52	SIL, SICE	!	A-6, A-4	0	0 0	100	100		90-100		10-15
ļ	52-60	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100		90-100		5-15
				İ		İ	i	İ				
60054:		[ļ	!		!	!	ļ	!	ļ.	ļ	
Minnith		SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	100			70-90		5-15
ļ	5-35	SIL, SICL	!	A-6, A-7	0	0	100	100		70-95		5-20
	35-59 59-80	L, CL SCL, L, CL	CL-ML, CL	A-6, A-4 A-6	0 0	0-5 0-5			80-95 60-90		20-35 25-40	5-15 10-20
	39-80				U	0-3		 			23-40	10-20
60055:		İ	j	j	İ	j	į	į	į	į	į	İ
Winfield		SIL	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100		90-100		
	9-13	SIL, SICL	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100		90-100		15-20
ļ	13-62	SIL, SICL	CL	A-6, A-7	0	0 0	100	100		95-100		:
	62-80	SIL	CL	A-6 	0	U	100	100 	 95-100	90-100	30-35 	10-15
66000:			İ	İ		İ	i	İ	İ	İ	İ	
Moniteau	0-10	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100	90-100	85-100	15-35	5-15
	10-18	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100		85-100		5-15
	18-34	SIL, SICL	!	A-6, A-4	0	0	100	100		80-100		5-25
	34-75	SIL, SICL	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	0 	100	100	90-100 	80-100	15-40 	5-15
66054:			İ	İ			i		İ	İ		
Wakeland	0-6	SIL	ML, CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	100	100		70-90		NP-10
	6-24	SIL	CL-ML, CL, ML		0	0	100	100		70-90		NP-10
ļ	24-58	SIL	ML, CL-ML, CL	1	0	0	100	100		70-90		NP-10
	58-80	SIL	ML, CL-ML, CL	A-4 	0	0 	100	100 	 90-100	70-90 	20-30 	NP-10
66055:					! 	! 	i					
Haymond	0-5	SIL	ML, CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	90-100	85-100	20-30	NP-10
	5-51	SIL	ML, CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	90-100	80-100	20-30	NP-10
	51-80	FSL, L, SIL	CL, ML, SC,	A-4, A-6	0	0	95-100	90-100	65-100	35-95	15-35	NP-15
		I I	SM	 	 	l I	 	l I	 	 	l I	
73055:												
Alred	0-1	SPM										
I	1-7	GRV-SIL	GC-GM, GC, GM		0-7	:	35-50			20-35		NP-10
!		GR-SIL, GRV-SIL	'	A-2-4, A-4	0-7		50-75			30-50		NP-10
	11-30	GRV-L, GRX-L,	GP-GC, GC	A-2-6, A-1-a	0-10	0-40	25-50	15-50	15-50	10-35	20-35	5-15
		GRV-SIL, GRX-	 	 	 	 	I	 	I I	I I	 	
	30-80	C, GR-C, CB-C	 CH	 A-7-6, A-7-5	0-7	0-18	 80-100	 70-100	65-95	60-95	50-80	25-45
İ		i	į	į	İ	İ	į	İ	į	į	İ	İ

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	cation	<u> </u>	ments		rcentag sieve n	e Passin umber	ng	Liquid	
and soil name			 Unified	AASHTO	>10 inches	3-10 inches	 4	10	40	200	limit	ticity index
	In	<u>'</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Pct	Pct	' 	i i	İ		Pct	
			İ	İ	i	j	j	i	i	i	i	į
73055:												
Rueter	0-1	SPM										
	1-4	GRV-SIL	GC-GM, GM, GC	'	0-7	0-25		25-50	!	20-35	15-25	NP-10
	4-17	GR-SIL, GRV-SIL	!		0-7			35-70	!	30-50		NP-10
	17-32	GRV-L, CBV-SIL,	:	A-2-4, A-2-6,	0-10	0-40	25-50	15-50	15-50	10-35	20-35	5-15
	32-43	GRV-SIL, GRX-L	 GC	A-1-a	 0-10	 0-40			 25-50		35-50	 15-25
	32-43	GRV-CL, GRV- SICL, CBV-SIC,	!	A-7-6, A-2-6, A-2-7	0-10	U-4U 	35-50 	25-50 	25-50 	20-40 	35-50	15-25
		GRV-SIC, GRV-C	!	A-2-7 	l I	l I	l İ	i		l I		!
	43-71		!	A-2-7, A-7-5	0-10	0-40	35-95	25-90	25-90	25-85	60-80	30-45
		GRV-C, CBV-C			i	İ	İ					
			İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	i	i	İ	i	i
73100:			ĺ		ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ		İ	ĺ
Wrengart	0-8	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-6, A-4	0	0	100	100	90-100	70-90	20-40	5-15
	8-36	SICL, SIL	CL	A-6	0	0			85-100		30-45	10-20
	36-61	SICL, SIL, GR-	CL	A-6	0	0-5	55-100	50-100	45-100	35-90	25-40	10-20
		SICL, GR-SIL										
	61-80	GR-SIC, SIC,	CH, CL	A-7, A-7-6	0	0-15	60-95	55-90	50-90	40-85	45-70	25-45
		GR-C	l I	l I		 	 					
73101:		 	 	 	 	l I	l I		 	l I	I	
Wrengart	0-8	SIL	CL, CL-ML	 A-6, A-4	 0	l I 0	100	100	90-100	 70-90	20-40	5-15
	8-36	SICL, SIL	CL	A-6	0	0			85-100		1	10-20
		SICL, SIL, GR-	CL	A-6	0	0-5			45-100		25-40	!
		SICL, GR-SIL,	İ	İ	İ	į	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	į
j		GRV-SIL	ĺ		ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ		İ	ĺ
	61-80	GR-SIC, SIC,	CH, CL	A-7, A-7-6	0	0-15	50-95	45-90	45-90	40-85	45-70	25-45
		GR-C, GRV-C										
						ļ						
73139:	0.1	L GD24										
Poynor	0-1 1-4	SPM GR-SIL	 GC-GM, GM, SC	 alba24	 0-2	 0-15	 60-80	 50-75		 20-35	 15-25	 NP-10
	4-13	GRV-SIL, GR-SIL		'	0-2		50-75	!	!			NP-10
	13-24		!	A-2-6, A-6,	0-10		30-75	!	!			10-15
		SIL		A-2-4	0 20	0 20						
	24-80	C, CB-C, GR-C	CH	A-7-5, A-7-6	0-12	0-15	80-100	70-100	65-95	60-95	50-80	25-45
		İ	İ	İ	İ	j	j	į	į	İ	į	į
Clarksville	0-1	SPM										
	1-5	GR-SIL	GM, SC-SM, SC	A-1-b, A-2-4,	0-2	0-15	60-80	50-75	25-50	20-40	15-25	NP-10
				A-4								
	5-8	GR-SIL, GRV-SIL	!	A-1-b, A-4	0-7	:		35-70				NP-10
	8-18	GR-L, GR-SIL,	GC-GM, GC	A-2-6, A-1-b,	0-7	0-25	50-75	35-70	30-65	25-50	20-35	5-15
	10_42	GRV-L, GRV-SIL	!	A-6 A-2-6, A-7-6	 0_10	 0-40	 25_50	 15_50	 10_45	 10_40	30-45	 15_25
	10-42	GRV-CL, GRV-	GC-GM	A-2-0, A-7-0 	0-10	0-40 	23-30 	125-30	10-43	10-40		13-23
		SICL, GRX-CL		! 		! 	! 	i	i		i	
	42-65	C, GR-C, GRV-C	CL, CH, GC	A-2-6, A-7-6	0-7	0-20	30-95	25-90	25-85	25-80	40-60	20-30
		İ	İ	İ	İ	j	j	į	į	İ	į	į
Scholten	0-1	SPM										
	1-3	GR-SIL	SC, GC-GM, GM	A-1-b, A-4	0-2	0-15	60-80	50-75	45-50	20-40	15-25	NP-10
	3-8	GRV-SIL, GR-SIL			0-7	:					15-25	:
	8-17	GRV-SICL, GRV-	GC-GM, GC	A-1-b, A-6	0-7	0-25	35-50	25-50	25-50	20-45	20-40	5-20
	10 41	SIL	laa ab ss					115 50	115 50	10.25		110 15
	1/-41	GRV-SICL, CBV-	GC, GP-GC	A-2-4, A-2-6	U-7 	U-25 	⊿5-50 	125-50	12-20	10-35	25-35	10-15
		SIL, CBV-SICL, GRV-SIL, GRX-	 	 	I I	I I	l I		1	l I	I	
		GRV-SIL, GRX-	1 	! 	! 	I I	ı İ	1		l I	1	
	41-80		CH, GC	 A-2-6, A-7-6	0-7	0-25	45-80	35-75	35-75	30-70	40-70	20-40
		SICL, GR-C,			İ	i		i				
		GRV-C, GR-SIC	İ	İ	į	İ	İ	į	į	İ	į	İ

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

			Classif	ication	Fragi	ments		rcentage		ng		
Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture					! :	sieve n	mber		Liquid	:
and soil name			 Unified	AASHTO	>10 inches	3-10 inches	 4	10	40	200	limit 	ticity index
	In			l	Pct	Pct	<u>'</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u> 	<u> </u>	Pct	
		İ	ĺ	ĺ	İ		ĺ	ĺ		ĺ	ĺ	İ
73140:	0.1	GDM										
Clarksville	0-1 1-6	SPM GR-SIL		 a 1 b a 2 4	 0-2		 60-80	 E0 7E			15 25	 NP-10
		GR-SIL, GRV-SIL	!	A-1-b, A-2-4	0-2		50-75					NP-10
			!	A-1-b, A-6	0-7		50-75	!		!	!	5-15
		GRV-L, GRV-SIL	!	İ	i		İ	İ	j	İ	İ	į
	21-43	GRV-L, GRV-SIL,	GC, GP-GC	A-7-6, A-2-7,	0-10	0-40	25-50	15-50	10-45	10-40	35-45	15-25
		GRV-CL, GRV-		A-2-6								
	13-66	SICL, GRX-CL C, GR-C, GRV-C	 מכר כד כד	 A-2-6, A-7-6	 0-7	 0-25	 35-95	 25-90	 25_05	 25-80	 40-60	 20-30
	43-00	c, GR-C, GRV-C	GC, CL, CH	A-2-0, A-7-0 	0-7	U-25 	33-33	25-90 	25-65	25-60 	1 0-60	20-30
Scholten	0-1	SPM										
j	1-6	GRV-SIL	GC, GC-GM, GM	A-1-b, A-2-4	0-7	0-25	35-50	25-50	25-50	20-35	15-25	NP-10
	6-13	GR-SIL, GRV-SIL	GM, GC-GM, GC	A-2-4, A-4	0-7	0-25	50-75	35-70	35-65	30-50	15-25	NP-10
	13-34	GRV-CL, GRV-	GP-GC, GC	A-2-6, A-1-a,	0-7	0-25	25-50	15-50	15-50	10-45	20-35	5-15
		SIL, GRX-CL,		A-6								
	34_58	GRX-L GRV-SIL, GRV-L,	 מר מים-מר	 A-2-4, A-2-6	 0-7	 0-25	 25-50	 15_50	 15_50	 10_35	 25_35	 10_15
	34-30	GRV-DIL, GRX-	GC, GF - GC	N-2-4, N-2-0	0-7	0-25	25-50		13-30	10-33	25-55	
		CL, GRX-SIL,			i	i İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	i
j		GRX-L	İ	İ	İ	İ	į	į	į	į	į	į
	58-80	GR-SICL, GR-CL,	GC, CL, CH	A-2-6, A-7-6	0-10	0-40	45-80	35-75	35-75	30-70	35-70	20-40
		GR-C, GRV-C,			[
		GRV-CL										
3141:			 	 	l I	 	 	 	l I	 	 	
Firebaugh	0-1	SPM	 	 		 	 	 	 	 	 	
	1-4	SI	ML, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	90-100	85-100	80-100	75-95	15-25	NP-7
j	4-8	SIL, SI	ML, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	90-100	85-100	80-100	75-95	15-25	NP-7
		SIL, SICL	CL	A-6, A-4	0	0	80-100	75-100	70-95	60-85	30-40	10-20
	21-36		SC, GC, CL	A-6, A-2-6,	0-7	0-25	35-80	25-75	25-65	25-60	30-40	10-20
		GRV-L, GRV-		A-2-4					 			
	36-71	SICL GR-CL, GR-C,	GC, SC, CL,	 A-2-7, A-7-6,	 0-10	 0-40	 25-80	 15-75	 15-70	 15-65	 40-60	 20-30
	30 71	CBV-C, CBX-C	CH	A-2-6	0 10	0 10			13 70			
j			İ	İ	i	İ	į	į	į	į	į	İ
3145:												
Crider		SIL	!	A-4, A-6	0	0		95-100				
		SIL, SICL	!	A-6, A-4	0 0	0 0	100 90-100	95-100				
	32-74	SICL, C, SIC	CL, CH	A-6, A-7-6 	0	0	 	 85-100	70-100 	 	33-33	15-25
3146:				 	i	! 	İ	İ	! 	İ	İ	<u> </u>
Marquand	0-5	SIL	ML, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	100	95-100	90-100	85-100	15-25	NP-10
		SIL, SI	ML, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	100	95-100	90-100	85-100	15-25	NP-10
		SICL, SIL		A-4, A-6	0	0		95-100				
		SICL, SIL		A-4, A-6	0		95-100					
	43-80	L, SIL, CL,	CL	A-6, A-7-6	0	0-2	85-100	75-100	70-100	55-95	30-45	15-25
		SICH	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
'3150 :					İ	! 	İ	İ	! 	İ	İ	<u> </u>
Caneyville	0-8	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	0-2	90-100	85-100	75-100	60-95	20-35	5-15
		SIC, C, SICL	•	A-7-6, A-6	0		95-100					15-30
		SIC, C, SICL	:	A-7-6, A-6	0		95-100		:			20-35
	30-80	BR										
Bucklick	0-3	SIL	 CL	 A-4, A-6	 0	0-2	 90-100	 85-100	 75-100	 60-95	 20-35	 5-15
Ducktick		SICL, SIC, C		A-7-6, A-4	0		90-100					10-30
		SIC, C, GR-C		A-7-6, A-6	0-7		50-100					1
j	45-80	•	i		j	i	j	j	j	j	j	j
i					1				I		1	

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	 Depth	USDA texture	Classif	ication	Fragi	ments		rcentag sieve n	e Passi	ng	 Liquid	 Dlac-
and soil name	Depth	OSDA CEXCUTE		1	>10	3-10		sieve ii	OTTIDET			ticity
	İ	İ	Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200	İ	index
	In			1	Pct	Pct			T		Pct	
									!			
73151: Caneyville	 0-1	SPM	 	 	 	 	 	 		 	 	
CalleyVIIIe	1-4	SIL	CL, CL-ML	 A-4, A-6	0	1	 90-100	 85-100	 75-100	 60-95	 20-35	5-15
	!	SIC, C, SICL	CL, CH	A-7-6, A-7-5,					75-100			
				A-6	İ	İ						
	11-31	SIC, C, SICL	CL, CH	A-7-6, A-7-5,	0	0-2	95-100	85-100	75-100	65-100	40-70	20-35
				A-6		ļ			!			
	31-80	BR										
Gasconade	 0-3	SIC	CL, CH	 A-7-6, A-4	0-5	 0-10	 90-95	 85-90	 80-85	 75-80	 35-60	 10-30
Gabeonade	!	!	GC	A-7-6, A-2-6,			!	!	!	25-45	!	!
	İ	GRV-SIC, CBV-		A-7-5	i	İ	İ	İ	i	İ	İ	İ
		SICL	ĺ	ĺ	İ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ
	16-80	BR										
Burdal da		GDA										
Bucklick	0-1 1-6	SPM SIL	 CL	 A-4, A-6	 0	 0-2		 0E 100	 75-100			 5-15
	!	SICL, SIC, C	!	A-7-6, A-4	0				75-100			10-30
			! -	A-7-6, A-6	0-7		!	!	50-100	!	!	20-40
	47-80	1										
	İ	İ	İ	İ	į	į	İ	İ	į	İ	İ	j
73156:												
Alred		SPM	ļ									
	1-6	GRV-SIL	!	A-1-b, A-2-4	0-7	:			25-50			
		GR-SIL, GRV-SIL		A-4, A-2-4 A-2-6, A-1-a	0-7 0-10	:	50-75		35-65 15-50			NP-10 5-15
	11-31	GRV-I, GRX-I,	GC, GC-GM	A-2-0, A-1-a	0-10	U-40 	25-50 	125-20	15-50	10-35	20-35 	3-13
	 	SIL		i I	İ	l I			i			
	31-79	C, GR-C, CB-C	CH	A-7-6, A-7-5	0-7	0-15	80-100	70-100	65-95	60-95	50-80	25-45
		İ	ĺ	ĺ	İ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ
Gepp		SPM									!	
	1-6	GRV-SIL	!	A-1-b, A-2-4	0-7	:			25-50			:
	6-12	GR-CL, GR-SICL,	SC, CL, CH	A-6, A-7-6,	0	0-7	60-100	50-100	45-100	40-95	35-65	15-30
	 12-67	SIC, C	 CH	A-7-5 A-7-5, A-7-6	0-2	 0-10	 85-100	 75-100	 70-100	 65-95	 60-80	 30-45
	12-07			A-7-3, A-7-0	0-2	0-10	 	75-100 	70-100 	05-55	00-00 	
73157:		İ		İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	i	İ	İ	İ
Captina	0-5	SIL	CL-ML, CL	A-4	0	0	95-100	95-100	90-100	75-95	15-25	NP-10
	5-25	SIL, SICL	CL	A-6, A-4	0	0	90-100	90-100	85-100	80-95	30-40	10-20
	25-31	GRV-SICL, SIL,	GC, SC, CL	A-2-6, A-6,	0	0-25	35-100	30-100	30-100	25-95	30-40	10-20
		SICL, GRV-SIL,		A-2-4								
	21 70	GR-SIL GR-C, CB-CL,	GC, SC, CL,	 A-7-5, A-2-6,	 0	0.25	 4E 00		 35-75			
	31-76	CBV-C, GRV-C,	'	A-7-6	0	U-25 	45-60 	35-75	33-75	30-70	1 0 - 70 	20-35
	 	GR-SIC, GRV-		11 / 0		! 			i			
	İ	SIC		İ	i	İ	İ	İ	i	İ	İ	İ
73223:]	ļ	ļ.		!	!	!	!	!	!	
Coulstone	!	SPM				0-60						
	1-6 	CBX-SL	GP-GM, GC-GM, GM	A-1-b, A-2-4,	U-55 	U-55 	23-70 	20-55 	15-45	5-35 	10-20	NP-5
	 6-29	CBX-SL, GRX-SL,		A-1-a A-1-a, A-2-4,	0-55	0-55	 25-70	 25-50	 15-45	 5-35	10-30	 NP-10
	0-29	CBX-GRX-L		A-1-b		0 33	=5 .70			5.55		
	29-42	STX-SL, CBX-L,	!		0-55	0-45	39-65	20-50	15-45	5-40	20-52	5-23
	ĺ	CBX-C	İ	A-1-a	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
	42-80	STX-CL, GRV-C,	GC, GC-GM, GM	:	0-75	0-37	30-60	15-50	10-45	5-40	25-52	7-23
		CBX-SCL, GRX-		A-2-4		ļ	ļ	ļ		ļ	ļ	
		SL		Į.								
	l	1	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties-Continued

Map symbol	 Depth	USDA texture	Classif	ication	Frag	ments		rcentage sieve n		ng	 Liquid	 Plas-
and soil name		 	Unified	AASHTO	>10	3-10		10	40	200	limit	ticity
	 In	[Pct	Pct	<u></u>		<u></u>	200	Pct	
		İ	İ	İ		į	į	į	j	j	İ	İ
73223:										ļ	ļ	
Bender	0-1	SPM			0-18	0-60						
	1-5	CBX-SL	GC-GM, GM	A-1-b, A-1-a	0-20		!	!	10-40	5-25	5-10	NP-5
	5-21	CBX-SL, CBX-	GM, SM	A-1-b, A-1-a, A-2-4	0-30	0-55	30-60 	15-50 	10-40 	5-30 	5-20	NP-5
	21-31	STX-SL, GRV-	GP-GC, GC,	A-2-4, A-1-a 	0-90	0-90	 30-60 	 15-50 	 10-40 	 5-20 	5-35	 NP-10
		GRX-L	!	!					<u> </u>	ļ	ļ	
	31-80	BR								 		
73264:		 	 	 		 	 	 	 	l I		
Alred	0-1	SPM									i	
	1-3	GR-SIL	CL-ML, CL	A-4	0-2	0-15	55-80	50-75	50-70	40-60	15-25	NP-10
	3-8	GR-SIL, GRV-SIL	!	A-2-4, A-4	0-7	0-25	50-80	35-75	35-70	30-60	15-25	NP-10
	8-22	GRV-SICL, GRV-	GC-GM, GC	A-6, A-2-4	0-7	1					20-35	10-15
		SIL	j	j	İ	į	į	į	j	j	į	į
	22-80	C, GR-C, CB-C	CH	A-7-6, A-7-5	0-2	0-15	75-100 	65-100 	60-95 	55-90 	50-80	25-45
Wrengart	0-1	SPM									i	
	1-10	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	100	95-100	90-100	75-90	15-30	4-10
	10-30	SICL, SIL	CL	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	95-100	85-95	75-95	25-40	8-15
		SIL, SICL, L	CL-ML, CL	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	95-100	85-95	65-95	25-40	5-15
	53-80	GRV-SICL, C,	CH, GC	A-7-6, A-2-7,	0-5	0-10	25-90	20-90	20-90	15-85	25-60	15-40
		GRV-SIC		A-2-6								
73265:		 	 	 		 	 	 	l İ	 	l l	
Captina	0-8	SIL	ML, CL-ML, CL	A-4	0	0	95-100	95-100	90-100	75-95	15-25	NP-10
-	8-26	SIL, SICL	CL	A-6, A-4	0			90-100				10-20
	26-43	GRV-SICL, GR-	GC, SC, CL	A-2-6, A-6,	0	0-30	25-100	25-95	20-90	15-90	30-40	10-20
		SIL, SIL, GRV- SIL, GRX-SIL, SICL	 	A-2-4		 	 	 	 	 	 	
	43-80	GR-CL, CB-C,	GC, SC, CL,	A-7-6, A-2-6,	0	0-30	30-80	30-75	30-75	25-70	40-70	20-45
		CBV-C, GRV-C,	CH	A-2-7								
		GR-SIC, GRV-										
		sic								ļ	ļ	
Scholten	0-2	 GR-SIL	CL, GC-GM,	 A-4	0	 0-5	 60-80	 55-75	 50-70	 40-70	 15-25	 5-10
			CL-ML									
	2-7	GR-SIL 	GC-GM, CL,	A-4 	0	0-5 	55-80 	50-75 	50-70 	45-70 	15-25 	5-10
	7-16	GRV-SIL, GRV-	GC	A-2-4, A-6,	0-2	0-5	35-55	25-50	25-50	25-50	30-45	10-25
	 16-40	!	 GC	A-2-6, A-6,	0	0-30	 20-55	 15-50	 15-45	 15-40	25-35	10-15
		SIL, CBV-SICL, CBV-SIL, GR- SICL, GRV-	'	A-2-4		 	 	 	 	 	; 	
		SICL, GRX-SIL										
	40-80	GR-SICL, GRV-	'	A-2-7, A-7-6,	0-50	0-20	20-80	15-75	15-75	15-75	40-50	20-40
		SICL, C, GR-C, GRV-C, STX-C, SIC, GR-SIC	 	A-2-6 		 	 	 	 	 	 	
73266:												
Hildebrecht		SIL	'	A-4	0	0					15-30	
		SICL, SIL		A-4, A-6	0	0					25-40	'
	36-39		!	A-4, A-6	0						20-35	:
	39-62	GRX-SIL, GRV-	GC-GM, GC	A-2-4, A-4,	0	0-5	30-55	25-50	15-45	15-40	20-40	5-10
	62.00	SICL	CT CC	A-1-a A-7-6	0_5			 25_75	 15_65	 15.65	25.60	15.40
	02-80	GRV-SIC, GR-C,	cn, GC	A-7-6, A-2-7,	0-5	0-T0	45-85	45-75	12-02	122-02	25-60	13-40
		GRV-SICL		A-2-6								

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classi	fication	İ	ments		rcentag sieve n		ng	Liquid	
and soil name		İ	Unified	AASHTO	>10	3-10 inches	4	10	40	200	limit	ticity
	In	<u> </u> 		AADIIIO	Pct	Pct	-	1	40	200	Pct	IIIdex
ļ		İ					i	İ	İ	i		
73267:		İ	İ	Ì	İ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	İ	Ì	ĺ
Yelton		SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0		95-100			1		4-10
		1 -	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0		50-95			1		4-10
	11-29	GR-L, CL, GR- SICL, GR-SIL, SICL	CL, SC 	A-6, A-4 	0 	0-5 	70-95 	65-90 	55-85 	45-75 	30-40 	10-20
İ	29-42	GRV-L, GRX-SIL	GC, SC	A-1-a, A-2-4, A-6	0-5	0-10	30-75	25-50	20-45	15-40 	20-35	5-15
	42-80	SCL, CBV-SCL, GRV-CL, CL, GR-C	GC 	A-2-6, A-2-4, A-7-6	0-5 	0-55 	35-90 	30-85 	20-75 	15-60 	25-60 	10-30
Scholten	0-2	 GR-SIL 	 SC-SM, CL, CL-ML	 A-4 	 0-2 	 0-15 	 60-80 	 50-75 	 50-70 	 50-65 	15-25	 5-10
İ	2-7	GR-SIL	SC-SM, CL,	A-4	0-2	0-15	60-80	50-75	50-70	50-65	15-25	5-10
İ	7-16	GRV-SIL, GRV-	GC	A-2-4, A-6	0-7	0-15	35-55	25-50	25-50	20-45	25-40	10-25
	16-40	CB-SIL, GRV- SIL, GRV-SICL, GRX-SIL, GR- SICL, CBV-SIL, CBV-SICL	İ	A-2-6, A-2-4 	0-7 	0-25 	25-55 	20-50 	15-45 	10-35 	25-35 	10-15
	40-80	GR-SCL, GRV- SCL, CBV-SCL, GR-C, GRV-C, GR-CL	CL, GC 	A-7-6, A-2-6	 0-7 	 0-30 	 45-85 	 35-80 	 35-75 	 30-70 	 40-50 	 20-40
73269:		 		l I	 	l I		 	 	i	l I	
Brussels	0-1	SPM									i	
	1-10	GR-SICL	CL, GC	A-6, A-7-6	0-5	0-15	50-85	50-75	50-75	45-70	30-45	15-25
	10-49	GRV-SICL, GRV-	GC 	A-2-6, A-7-6 	0-5 	0-15 	25-60 	25-50 	25-50 	25-45 	40-50 	20-30
	49-70	GR-SICL, GR- SIC, C	CL, GC 	A-7-6, A-4 	0-5	0-15 	50-95 	50-90 	50-85 	45-80 	30-45	10-25
Gasconade	0-9	CB-C	CH, CL	 A-7-6, A-7-5, A-6	0-10	 7-20 	 70-90 	 60-85 	 50-80 	50-80	40-70	20-35
	9-14	CBV-CL, CBV-C,	GC 	A-2-6, A-7-6, A-7-5	0-20 	20-40	35-65 	30-60 	30-60 	25-50 	40-70 	20-35
	14-80	BR										
Rock outcrop	0-80	 BR 			 	 	 	 	 	 		
73270:												
Wrengart	0-6	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	90-100	75-90	18-30	4-10
İ		SICL, SIL	CL	A-4, A-6	0	0		95-100	85-95	75-95	25-40	8-15
	26-45	SIL, SICL	CL	A-4, A-6	0	0		95-100				8-15
	45-60	GRV-SIL, GRX- CL, GRV-SICL	GC 	A-2-4, A-2-6, A-6	0-5 	0-10 	25-55 	20-50 	20-50 	15-50 	25-40 	8-15
İ	60-80	GR-SIC, SIC, GR-C	CH, CL, GC	A-7-6	0-5	0-15	55-90 	50-90	45-90	40-90 	44-70	20-40

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Mana	D 12	TTGD3 to the state of the state	Classi	fication	Fragi	nents		_	e Passi	ng	 					
Map symbol and soil name	Depth	USDA texture	 			3-10	: 	sieve n	umber		Liquid limit	Plas- ticity				
			Unified	AASHTO		inches	4	10	40	200		index				
	In				Pct	Pct		I	I		Pct					
72242.						l						 				
73343: Captina	0-4	SIL	CL-ML, CL	 A-4	 0	 0	 95-100	 95-100	 90-100	 75-95	20-35	 5-15				
oup ozna	4-20	SIL, SICL	CL CL	A-6	0						30-40					
	20-28	GR-SIL, GRV- SICL, SIL, GRV-SIL, GRX-	GC, SC, CL	A-2, A-6	0 	0-25	30-100 	20-100 	20-100 	 15-95 	30-40 	10-20 				
	28-75	SIL, SICL GR-SIC, GRV- SIC, GR-C, CB- C, CBV-C, GRV- C	CH	 A-2, A-7 	 0 	 0-25 	 45-80 	 35-75 	 35-75 	 30-75 	 40-70 	 20-35 				
73344:					 	CL-ML, CL	A-4	0						20-24		
			CL	A-6, A-4	0						26-40					
	24-47	SIL, GR-SIL, GRV-SIL, GRX- SIL, SICL, GR- SICL, GRV-SICL	GC, CL 	A-2, A-6 	0 	0-30 	23-100 	15-100 	15-95 	15-95 	29-41 	11-19 				
	47-75		GC, CL, CH	A-2, A-6, A-7	0 	0-20	 25-100 	 20-75 	 15-70 	 10-65 	35-66 	 15-37 				
73345:																
Hildebrecht		!	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	100				20-35					
		SIL, SICL	CL	A-6	0	0	100				30-40					
	27-44	SIL, GRV-SIL,	CL, GC, SC,	A-2, A-6	0 	0-10	60-95 	30-80 	30-75 	25-70 	30-40	10-20				
	44-60	GR-SIC, GRV-C,	!	A-2-7, A-7	0	0-10	 60-100 	30-100	30-100	 25-95 	 45-75 	20-40				
73346:			 		 	CL, CL-ML	A-6, A-4	0	0	100	100	95-100	80-100	20-35	5-15	
	6-31	SICL	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	85-100	30-40	10-20				
	31-52	GRV-SIL, GR- SIL, GRV-CL, GRV-SICL	CL, GC, SC 	A-2, A-6 	0 	0-10 	60-95 	30-75 	30-75 	25-70 	30-40 	10-20 				
	52-80	C, GR-SIC, GRV-	CH, CL, GC,	A-2-7, A-7	0-10	0-10	60-100	30-100 	30-100 	 25-95 	 45-75 	20-40				
74644:						 										
Deible		SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0						20-35					
		SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-6, A-4	0	:	85-100					5-15				
		SICL, SIC SIL, CL, SICL, GR-CL	CL, CH CL 	A-7-6, A-6 A-7-6, A-6	0 0 	0 0 			90-100 70-100 		30-45	20-30 15-25 				
74646:			 		[[CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	85-100	80-100	80-100	75-95	20-30	5-10
j	5-17	SIL, SICL	CL	A-6, A-4	0	0	85-100	80-100	80-100	75-95	30-40	10-20				
	17-39	SIL, SICL, GR- SIL, GRV-SIL	CL, SC, GC	A-6, A-2-4,	0-2	0-15	30-100 	25-100 	25-100 	20-95 	30 -4 0 	10-20				
	39-60	GRV-SICL, GR- SICL, SICL, GRV-C, GRX-CL	CL, GC, SC	A-7-6, A-2-4, A-6	0-2	0-15	30-90	 25-85 	20-85	 15-80 	 35-50 	10-25				

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	ication	Frag	ments		rcentage	e Passi	-	Liquid	 Plas-
and soil name			17-151-1	 	>10	3-10	İ					ticity
		<u> </u>	Unified	AASHTO	<u>'</u>	inches	4	10	40	200	<u> </u>	index
	In	 	 	 	Pct	Pct	 	l I	 	 	Pct	
74648:		 	 	 	l I	i i	 		 	 	l I	
Aslinger	0-4	SIL	CL, CL-ML	 A-4	i i o	0	95-100	 90-100	 80-95	 70-90	20-30	5-10
	4-8	SIL	'	A-4	0		95-100					5-10
		SIL, SICL	1 -	A-6, A-4	0		80-100					'
		GR-L, GR-SIL,	GC-GM, GC, CL		0-2		30-85					5-15
		GRV-L, GRV-	İ	A-1-a	j	İ	į	İ	į	į	j	j
		SIL, GRX-L,		[
		GRX-SIL										
	29-55	GR-L, GR-CL,	GC, CL	A-2-6, A-6,	0-2	0-15	35-80	25-75	25-70	20-65	25-40	10-25
		GRV-L, GRV-CL		A-2-4								
	55-70	GR-SICL, GR-C,	GC	A-2-7, A-2-6,	0-10	0-40	35-65	25-60	25-55	20-50	35-60	15-35
		GRV-CL, GRX-C,		A-7-6				l				
		CBX-C	l I	l I	l I		 		 	 	 	
74649:		 	 	 	l I	 	 		 	 	l I	
Aslinger	0-3	SIL	CL, CL-ML	 A-4	l I 0	 0	 95-100	 90-100	 80-95	 70-90	 20-30	 5-10
	3-8	SIL	'	A-4	0		95-100					5-10
	8-20	SIL, SICL	1 -	A-6, A-4	0		80-100					10-20
	20-39	GR-L, GR-SIL,	GC, SC, CL	A-1-a, A-6	0-2	0-15	30-85	25-75	20-70	15-65	20-35	5-15
j		GRV-L, GRV-	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ		ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	
		SIL, GRX-L,										
		GRX-SIL										
	39-52	GR-L, GR-CL,	GC, SC, CL	A-6, A-2-4	0-2	0-15	35-80	25-75	25-70	20-65	25-40	10-25
		GRV-L, GRV-CL										
	52-80		GC, SC, CH	A-2-6, A-7-6	0-10	0-40	35-65	25-60	25-55	20-50	35-60	15-35
		GRV-CL, GRX-C,	 	l I	l I	l I	l I	l I	l I	l I	l I	
		CBA-C	 	 	l I	 	 		 	 	l I	
Waben	0-6	GR-SIL	GC-GM, CL-ML	 A-4	0-5	0-10	60-90	 50-75	50-70	50-65	15-25	NP-10
	6-15	GR-SIL, GRV-L,	'	A-1-b, A-2-4,	0-5		30-80					5-10
		GRV-SIL	İ	A-4	İ	İ	İ	i	İ	İ	İ	İ
j	15-54	GRV-L, GRV-SIL	GC, GC-GM	A-2-6, A-6,	0-5	0-40	30-60	25-50	25-50	20-40	25-35	5-15
				A-1-b								
	54-80	GRV-SCL, GRV-	GC, GC-GM	A-2-7, A-2-4,	0-5	0-40	30-60	25-50	25-50	20-40	30-45	10-25
		CL, GRX-CL		A-7-6								
E46E0												
74679: Higdon	0-7	 SIL	 ML, CL, CL-ML		 0	 0	 95-100	 05 100	 00 100	 70 00		 NTD 10
HIGGOII		SIL	ML, CL, CL-ML		0 0		95-100					NP-10 NP-10
		SIL, SICL	'	A-6, A-4	0 0		95-100					10-20
		L, SIL, CL,	1	A-6, A-4	0		80-100					
		SICL		İ	İ	i	İ		ĺ	İ	ĺ	
j						1						
74680:												
Moniteau	0-6	SIL	ML, CL, CL-ML	1	0	0			90-100			
	6-15		'	A-4, A-6	0	0			90-100			5-15
		SICL, SIL	'	A-6, A-7-6	0	0			95-100			'
	52-78	GR-L, SIL, SICL	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	65-100	60-100	60-100	55-100	15-40	5-15
74685:		ļ Ī	l I	l I	l I		 		 	 	 	
Auxvasse	0-6	 SIL	CL, CL-ML	 A-4, A-6	 0	 0	 100	 100	 90-100	 80-100	 20-33	 5-14
110VA006	6-17	!		A-4, A-6	0 0	0	100		90-100			7-13
		SIC, SICL	1 -	A-6, A-7	0	0	100		90-100			'
		SICL, SIL	'	A-7, A-6	0	0	100		90-100			'
		İ	İ		İ	i	İ		İ	İ	ĺ	ĺ
75379:		İ	į	į	İ	İ	į	İ	į	į	İ	
Kaintuck	0-9	L	CL-ML, ML,	A-4	0	0	95-100	85-100	75-95	60-75	0-20	NP-5
			SC-SM									
		SL, FSL, L, SIL	,	1	0		95-100					'
	36-80	COS, LS, LFS,	SM, SC-SM	A-2-4, A-1-b	0	0	95-100	85-100	50-60	20-25	0-20	NP-5
		SL, FSL			l							
		I		I	I	I	I	l	I		l	l

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	ication	Fragi	nents		_	e Passi: umber	-	 Liquid	 plac
and soil name	Depth	USDA texture	 		>10	3-10		sieve in	umber			Flas
		<u> </u>	Unified	AASHTO		inches	4	10	40	200	<u> </u>	index
	In	 		 	Pct	Pct	 	 	 	 	Pct	
5381:		 		 	İ	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Bearthicket	0-6	SIL	CL-ML, CL	A-4	0	0	100	95-100	95-100	75-100	20-30	5-10
į	6-19	SIL	CL-ML, CL	A-4	0	0	100	95-100	95-100	75-100	20-30	5-10
ĺ	19-45	SICL, SIL	CL	A-6, A-4	0	0	95-100	95-100	90-100	70-100	25-35	10-15
	45-64	L, SIL	CL-ML, CL	A-4, A-6	0	0	95-100	90-100	90-100	65-100	20-35	5-15
	64-80	COSL, FSL, L,	GC-GM, SC,	A-2-4, A-6,	0	0-10	60-100	50-100	50-100	20-60	15-30	5-15
		SL, GR-SL, GR- FSL, GRV-SL	CL-ML, CL 	A-1-b 			 	 	 	 	 	
Jamesfin	0-6	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	95-100	95-100	90-100	75-100	20-30	5-10
į	6-15	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	95-100	95-100	90-100	75-100	20-30	5-10
į	15-53	SIL	CL	A-4, A-6	0	0	95-100	95-100	90-100	75-100	25-35	10-15
į	53-62	FSL, L, SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	95-100	90-100	75-100	50-100	20-35	5-15
 5408:		 	 			 	 	 	 	 	 	
Secesh	0-4	SIL	CL-ML, CL	A-4	0	0	80-100	75-100	65-95	50-90	20-30	5-10
ĺ	4-10	L, SIL	CL-ML, CL	A-4	0	0	80-100	75-100	65-95	50-90	20-30	5-10
	10-26	L, SIL, GR-L,	CL	A-4, A-6 	0	0-10	70-100 	60-90 	55-90 	50-80 	25-40 	10-20
İ	26-36	L, SCL, GR-L,	SC, GC	A-2-6, A-6,	0-7	0-25	50-100	35-90	25-80	15-50	25-35	10-15
	36-80	GRV-SL, GRV-	 GC, GP-GC 	A-2-4 A-2-6, A-1-a 	0-7	 0-40 	 25-55 	 15-50 	 10-40 	 5-30 	 20-35 	 5-15
İ		COSL, GRX-SCL	 	j 	İ		j 	 	j 	j 	 	;
5409:	0.7	 ar	lag out ag			0.10					115 25	
Relfe 	0-7	SL 	SC-SM, SC	A-4, A-2-4, A-1-b	0-1	0-10	75-100 	75-100 	45-65 	20-40 	15-25 	5-10
	7-64	GRV-COS, GRV- LCOS, GRX-S,	GW, GW-GM, GP, SP-SM	A-2-4, A-1-a 	0-7	0-40	20-80 	15-50 	5-35 	0-10 	15-25 	NP-10
		GRX-LCOS	 	 	[
5411: Tilk	0-8	 GRV-SL	 GC-GM, GW-GC,	 A-2-4, A-1-a	 0	 0-15	 30-90	 15-50	 10-35	 5-35	 20-25	 5-10
	8-16	GRV-L, CBV-L,	SC, GC-GM,	 A-2-4, A-1-a	 0	0-15	 30-90	 15-50	 10-45	 5-35	 20-25	 5-10
	0-10	GRX-L, GRV-	GW-GC	 		U-13 	 	13-30 		 	2 0-23 	J-10
į	16-47	GRV-L, GRX-L,	!	A-2-6, A-1-a	0-5	0-40	30-90	15-50	10-45	5-35	20-30	5-15
		GRX-SL, CBV-L,	GC, GW-GC 	 			 	 	 	 	 	
Ï	47-70	GRX-LCOS, CBX-	GW-GC, GC,	A-2-6, A-1-a	0-30	0-40	20-50	15-40	10-30	5-20	20-30	5-15
İ		LCOS, GRV-	GP-GC	İ	i		İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
į		COSL, GRX-	İ	İ	j	İ	į	İ	į	į	İ	i
į		COSL, CBX-	İ	İ	j	İ	į	İ	į	į	İ	i
į		COSL, GRX-SL	į	į	į		į	ĺ	į	į	ĺ	į
 5 416:		 	 	 		 	 	 	 	 	 	
Gladden	0-5	L	CL, CL-ML	 A-4	0	l l 0	90-100	 80-100	 70-95	 50-75	20-30	5-10
		L, SIL	1 -	A-4	0		90-100					5-10
i		SL, FSL, L	CL, CL-ML,	A-2-4, A-4	0		90-100					1
i			SM, SC-SM		i	İ						
į	58-77	COS, S, LS	SM, SP-SM,	A-1-b, A-2-4	0	0	80-100	75-100	5-85	5-35	10-20	NP-5
		 	SC-SM	 		 	 	 	 	 	 	
I												
5417:		GRV-SL	GP-GM, GC,	A-2-4, A-1-a	0-1	0-5	30-55	25-50	15-35	10-20	10-25	3-9
5417: Relfe	0-6	GKV-DI	!	11 11 17 11 11 0	-		1					
			GC-GM GC, GW-GM, GW	į	j	İ	25-60	j	į	į	İ	 2-10

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Depth USDA texture		l		l		*	sieve n	miner			Plas-
		 	1.30	>10	3-10		10	1 40	1 000	limit	ticity
In	1	Unified	AASHTO	Pct	inches	4	10	40	200	Pct	index
			 			 			! 		
	İ	İ	İ	j j	İ	ĺ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
0-8			:	0							
	!	!								1	NP-10 NP-10
30 00	COSL, GRV-SL,	GC			0 30		33		3 20		
			 			! 		! 		i	
	!		!	0	0			!			!
		!		0	0	100				1	
46-81	SIL, CL, SICL	CL	A-/-6, A-6 	0	0 	100 	100 	 90-100	70-95 	35-45	15-20
				İ		! 	i	İ		İ	
0-4	GRV-L		:	0	0-15	20-60	15-55	10-50	5-40	20-25	5-10
4 10			!				15 50	110.45			
4-10		!	A-2-4, A-1-a 	0	0-15	20-55 	12-20	10-45 	5-35	20-25	5-10
	COSL			i i		İ	i	İ	İ	į	İ
10-35	1		A-2-6, A-1-a	0-5	0-40	20-55	15-50	10-45	5-35	20-30	5-15
35-65	1	 GP-GC	 A-2-6, A-1-a	 0-30	0-40	 20-55	 15-50	 10-25	 5-12	20-30	5-15
	LCOS, GRV- COSL, GRX- COSL, CBX-	 	- 	 		 		 	 	; 	;
	COSL, GRX-SL								 		
0-8	 STI.	CT. CTMT.	 A-4	 0	 0	 85-100	 80-100	 70-100	 65-95	20-30	5-10
8-35	SICL, SIL	!	!	0							10-20
35-62		!	A-6, A-2-4	0-2	0-15	35-100	30-100	25-100	20-95	30-40	10-20
62-80		CL, GC, SC	 A-7-6, A-2-4,	0-2	0-15	 30-85	 20-85	 20-85	 15-80	35-50	10-25
	SICL, GR-SICL, GRX-C, SICL, GRV-C		A-6			 		 	 	 	
0-1	 gpm	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
1-4	GR-SIL	GC, GC-GM,	 A-4	0-1	0-5	60-80	50-75	45-65	40-55	20-30	5-10
	[SC-SM	!			ļ		ļ.		ļ	
4-9		!	A-1-b, A-4	0	0-15	40-80	35-75 	25-65	20-50	20-30	5-10
9-26		GC	 A-2-6, A-6,	0-10	0-20	 25-60	 20-50	 15-50	 15-45	30-45	15-25
	SICL, GRX-SIL	İ	A-7-6	j j	İ	İ	İ	į	İ	İ	į
26-80	GR-C, C, CB-C	CH, CL	A-7-6, A-6	0-10	0-10	75-100	70-100	65-90	50-85	40-70	20-40
		 	 	 	 	l I	l I	l I	 	 	
0-8	GR-L	GC-GM, SC, GM	A-2-4, A-4	0	0-15	60-80	55-75	45-60	30-45	15-30	NP-10
8-14		!	A-2-4, A-1-a	0	0-35	30-55	25-50	25-30	15-25	20-30	3-10
	1	l I	 	 		 		 	 		1
14-37		GP-GM, GM,	 A-2-4, A-1-a	0-5	0-35	30-55	25-50	15-25	 10-15	20-35	3-10
	GRV-L	GW-GC	İ	j i		İ	İ	į	j	İ	į
37-80		GC, GC-GM, GM		0-10	0-35	30-55	25-50	20-40	15-30	20-35	3-15
		 	A-2-6 	 	 	 	 	 	 		
	COSL, CBX-										
	COSL, GRV-SL			l i							
	0-8 8-50 50-80 0-14 14-46 46-81 0-4 4-10 10-35 35-65 0-8 8-35 35-62 62-80 0-1 1-4 4-9 9-26 26-80 0-8 8-14 14-37	0-8 FSL 8-50 SR- FS SIL 50-80 CBX-L, GRX- COSL, GRV-SL, STX-L 0-14 SIL 14-46 SIL, CL, SICL 46-81 SIL, CL, SICL 46-81 SIL, CL, SICL 0-4 GRV-L CBV-SL, GRV- COSL 10-35 CBV-L, GRX-L, GRV-SL GRV-SL GRX-LCOS, CBX- COSL, GRX- COSL, GRX- COSL, GRX- COSL, GRX- COSL, GRX- COSL, GRX- COSL, GRX-SL 0-8 SIL 8-35 SICL, SIL 35-62 GR-SIL, GRV- SICL, GRV-SIL, GRX-C, SICL, FSL	0-8 FSL CL, ML, SM A-4, A-2-4 0 0 0 80-100 8-50 SR- FS SIL CL, ML, SM A-4, A-2-4 0 0 0-5 80-100 50-80 CEX-L, GRX-SL, GC STX-L 0-14 SIL CL, GRX-SL, GC STX-L 0-14 SIL CL, SICL CL A-7-6, A-6 0 0 100 46-81 SIL, CL, SICL CL A-7-6, A-6 0 0 100 -4 GRV-L GC-GM, GC-GM, A-1-a, A-2-4, A-4, 0 0 100 -4 GRV-L GC-GM, GC, A-2-4, A-1-a 0 0 100 -4 GRX-L, CEV-L, GC-GM, GC, A-2-4, A-1-a 0 0 0-15 20-60 COSL CSL, GRX-SL, GRY-CSL, GRY-CSL, GRX-SL, GRY-COSL, GRX-SL, GRX-COSL, GRX-SL, GRX-COSL, GRX-SL, GRX-COSL, GRX-SL, GRX-COSL, GRX-SL, GRX-COSL, GRX-SL, GRX	0-8 FSL	0-8 FSI, CL, ML, SM	0-8 FSL	0-8 FSL				

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	il name		Classif	ication	<u> </u>	ments		rcentage sieve n		-	 Liquid	
and soil name		 	Unified	AASHTO	>10 inches	3-10 inches	 4	10	40	200	limit 	ticity index
	In	İ	i	<u> </u>	Pct	Pct	İ	i	İ	İ	Pct	<u> </u>
		[[!								
75429:		!								!		
Secesh		GR-SIL		A-4	0					50-70		3-10
ļ		GR-SIL, SIL	!	A-6	0					50-75		10-15
ļ	16-36	GR-SIL, L, SIL,	!		0-2	7-40	70-100	50-95	40-85	30-75	25-35	5-15
	36-90	GR-L GR-L, GR-SIL,	CL	A-6 A-2-6, A-1-a	 0-7	 7-40	 50_100	 15_75	 10_40	10-30	 20-35	 5-15
	30-80	GRV-SL, GRV-			0-7	7- 1 0 						
/ 75 4 30:		 	 	 	 	 	 		 	 	 	
Wideman	0-5	FSL	SM, SC-SM	A-4, A-2-4	0	0	95-100	85-100	60-90	35-50	15-25	NP-7
į	5-13	FSL	SM, SC-SM	A-4, A-2-4	0	0	95-100	85-100	60-90	35-50	15-25	NP-7
ĺ	13-21	L, FSL	SM, ML, CL-ML	A-4, A-2-4	0	0	95-100	85-100	60-95	35-75	15-30	NP-7
	21-49	S, FS, LS, LFS	SM, SC-SM	A-2-4, A-1-b	0	0	95-100	85-100	50-85	15-35	10-20	NP-4
	49-71	GR-FS, GR-LS,	SP-SM, SC-SM	A-1-b, A-4	0	0	95-100	50-100	35-85	5-50	10-25	NP-7
		LFS, GR-SL, FSL	 	 	 	 	 		 	 	 	
/5451:		l I	 	 	 	 	 		 	 	 	
Gladden	0-5	SIL	ML, CL, CL-ML	 A-4	0	0	 90-100	 85-100	 65-100	65-90	20-30	NP-10
		GR-L, GR-SIL	CL, ML, SM,	!	0					25-65		NP-10
ľ			!	A-1-b	İ	İ			ĺ		İ	
İ	53-80	GRX-COSL, GRV-	GP-GM, GM,	A-4, A-2-4,	0	0-15	30-90	15-50	10-50	5-40	10-20	NP-5
į		SL, GRV-L	GW-GM, SC-SM	A-1-a, A-1-b	 	 	 	i I	i I	į į	 	į į
75467:		İ	İ	İ					İ			
Wilbur	0-9	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100	90-100	70-100	25-35	5-15
	9-60	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100	90-100	70-100	25-35	5-15
/5468 :		1		 	 	 	 				 	
Elsah	0-10	SIL	 CL	 A-6, A-4	 0-1	 0_15	 05_100	 00_100	 00_100	 80-100	 າາ_ຊາ	8-15
Bisaii		GR-SIL, GR-L	1	A-4, A-6	0-1					45-60		5-15
İ		GRV-SIL, GRX-L	!	A-4		15-60				1		NP-8
77000:	0 1	CTT										
Killarney	0-1 1-5	SPM CBV-SIL	GC-GM, GC, GM			 15-60	 50-70				 15-25	 NP-10
	1-5	CPA-SIL	GC-GM, GC, GM	A-1-b	U-10	12-60	30 - 70 	35-60 	30-33	25-50	15-25 	
i	5-16	GR-SIL, CBV-	CL, GM, GC-GM		0-10	0-60	 50-90	 45-85	40-75	35-65	15-25	NP-10
İ		SIL, GRV-SIL	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	i	İ	i	İ	i
į	16-32	GRV-SIL, CBV-	GC, GC-GM	A-2-4, A-1-b,	0-10	0-60	40-70	35-60	30-55	25-50	20-35	5-15
		SIL		A-6						!		
	32-48	•	GC	A-2-6, A-6,	0-10	0-60	25-80	20-70	15-65	15-50	25-35	10-15
ļ		GRV-SIL, CBV-		A-2-4								
ļ		L, GRV-L, GRX-	l I	 	 	 	 		 		 	
	48_80	GR-L, GR-CL,	CL, GC	 A-2-6, A-2-4,	l I 0	 0_40	 4n_9n	 35_85	 25_75	 20-65	 25_45	10-25
	40-00	GRV-L, GRV-CL,		A-7-6	0	0-40 	1 0-30	33-63	23-73	20-03	23-43	10-25
		CBV-L	 	11 / 5	 	 	! 				! 	
Frenchmill	0-1	SPM			 	 	 		 		 	
į	1-6	CBV-SIL	GM, SC, GC	A-1-b, A-4	0-10	20-60	50-70	35-60	30-55	20-50	15-25	NP-10
į	6-19	GR-SIL, GRV-	GM, CL	A-2-4, A-4	0-10	0-60	50-95	45-85	35-75	30-70	15-25	NP-10
		SIL, CBV-L										
	19-27	CBV-SIL, GRV-	GC-GM, GC	A-2-4, A-1-b,	0-10	0-60	40-70	35-60	30-55	25-50	20-35	5-15
		SIL		A-6								
ļ	27-58	GRV-L, CBV-L,	GC	A-2-4, A-6	0-10	0-60	40-70	35-60	25-55	20-50	25-40	10-20
	E0 00	GRV-CL, CBX-CL	!				 CE 100	 60				110.05
ļ	58-80	SCL, CL, GR-	GC, CL	A-7-6, A-6,	0-10	U-40	 02-T00	 00-T00	35-85 	30-80	3U-45 	10-25
		SCL, GR-CL, CB-CL	I I	A-2-4	I I	I I	l I	l I	I I	1	l I	I
		_ CD-CH	I	1	I	I	I	1	1	1	1	i .

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	icati	on	Fragi	ments		_	e Passi	ng	 Liquid	 Plas-
and soil name	 		m-161 - 3	ļ -	3.01m2	>10	3-10	İ			1 200		ticity
	 -	<u> </u>	Unified	A	ASHTO		inches	4	10	40	200	 B-t	index
	In		 			Pct	Pct	 	 	 	 	Pct	
77002:	 		 	ŀ		İ	l I	 	 		 	l I	
Delassus	0-3	SIL	CL-ML, CL, ML	A-4		0	0-10	85-100	80-100	75-100	65-90	15-25	NP-10
	3-7	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4		0	0-10	85-100	80-100	75-100	65-90	20-30	5-10
	7-31	SIL, L, SICL	CL	A-6		0	0-10	85-100	80-100	65-100	60-95	25-40	10-20
	31-61	SIL, L, SL, GR-		A-6,	A-4	0	0-25	65-100	60-95	40-90	35-80	20-35	5-15
		COSL, CB-SIL	CL-ML	ļ		!	!			!		ļ	!
	61-80	BR											
77005:	 		 	i i			l I	 	 		 	l I	
Hassler	 0-1	SPM	 	ŀ			 	 	 		 	 	
110000101	1-6	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4		0-2	1	 95-100	85-100	70-85	1	20-30	5-10
		SIL, GR-SIL,	CL-ML, CL	A-4		0-5				60-95		20-30	5-10
		CB-SIL	İ	į		j	į	į	į	į	į	İ	į
	11-20	L, SIL, SICL,	CL	A-6		0-5	0-25	80-100	70-100	60-95	50-90	30-40	10-20
		CB-L, GR-CL,											
		GR-SIL	!	!			[
	20-34	GRV-L, GR-L,	SC	A-2,	A-6	0-10	0-50	55-95	40-85	30-75	20-50	30-40	10-20
		CBV-L	 sc	 A-2		0-40	0-40	 EE 100				 25-35	110 15
	34-42 	COSL, BY-COSL, GR-COSL, CB-	SC	A-2		0-40	0-40	 33-100	40-85 	25-50 	12-35	25-35	10-12
	 	COSL, STV-COSL	 	ŀ			i i	 	 		 	l I	
		BR		i				 	 		 		
				i		i	İ	İ	İ	i	İ	İ	i
Syenite	0-1	SPM	i	İ			j	j	j		j		
	1-4	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4		0-2	0-10	95-100	85-100	70-85	50-80	20-30	5-10
	4-9	SIL, CB-SIL,	CL, CL-ML	A-4		0-5	0-25	95-100	85-100	70-85	50-80	20-30	5-10
		GR-SIL											
	9-19	L, SIL, SICL,	CL	A-6		0-5	0-25	80-100	70-100	60-95	50-90	30-40	10-20
		CB-L, GR-CL, GR-L	l I	1				 	 		 		
	 19-29	L, GR-L, CBV-L,	l Isc	A-2,	A-6	0-15	0-50	 60-95	 50-90	 30-75	 20-50	25-35	10-20
	10 10	BY-L, CB-L			11 0	0 13	0 30						
		BR		i			i						
j	İ	İ	İ	İ		į	İ	į	į	į	į	j	į
77008:													
Hassler		SPM		!									
	1-3	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4		0-2				70-85		20-30	5-10
	3-9	SIL, GR-SIL, CB-SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4		0-5	0-25	80-100	70-100	60-95	50-90	20-30	5-10
	 9-24	L, SIL, SICL,	 CL	 A-6		0-5	 0-25	 80-100	 70-100	 60-95	 50-90	 30-40	10-20
	5-24	CB-L, GR-CL,		A=0		0-3	0-25	 	70-100 		50-50	50-40	10-20
		GR-SIL		i		i	i	İ	İ	i	İ	İ	i
	24-31	GR-L, GRV-L,	sc	A-2,	A-6	0-10	0-50	55-95	40-85	30-75	20-50	30-40	10-20
j	İ	CBV-L	İ	İ		į	İ	į	į	į	į	j	į
	31-48	COSL, BY-COSL,	SC	A-2		0-40	0-40	55-100	40-85	25-50	15-30	25-35	10-15
		CB-COSL, GR-	!	!			[
		COSL, STV-COSL	!	!									
		BR											
80000:	 		 			1	I I	I I	I I		I I	I I	
Calhoun	 0-9	 SIL	CL, ML	A-4		0	 0	100	100	95-100	 90-100	 15-25	 NP-10
		SIL	ML, CL	A-4		0	0	100				15-25	
		SIL, SICL	CL	A-6		0	0	100				25-40	
j		SIL, SICL	CL	A-6		0	0	100	100	95-100	90-100	25-40	10-20
İ													
80001:			ļ.	ļ		ļ	!	!	!	!	!		
Oaklimeter		SIL	ML, CL, CL-ML			0	0	100				15-25	
		SIL, SI	ML, CL, CL-ML			0	0	100				15-25	
		SI, SIL SICL, SIL	ML, CL, CL-ML CL, ML	A-4 A-6,	74	0	0 0	100 100	100 100			15-25 15-35	
	31-11 	101(11, 1011)	CI, MI	A-0,	A-4	0	0	100	100	 	 	12233	 WE - TO
	l	1	I	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	 Depth	USDA texture	Classif	ication	Fragi	nents		_	ge Passi: number	ng	 Liquid	 Plas-
and soil name					>10	3-10						ticity
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200	<u> </u>	index
	In				Pct	Pct					Pct	
82000:			 	 						 		
Dubbs	0-9	SIL	CL-ML, ML, CL	A-4	0	0	100	100	95-100	60-95	15-25	NP-10
	9-58	SICL, SIL, CL	CL-ML, CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	60-95	20-40	5-20
	58-80	L, SIL, VFSL	CL, CL-ML, ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100	85-100	55-90	20-35	NP-15
82001:			 	 						 	 	
Amagon	0-5	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	95-100	90-100	20-35	5-15
	5-20	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	90-100	20-35	5-15
	20-53	SICL, SIL	!	A-6, A-7	0	0	100	100	1	85-95		15-25
	53-80	SIL, SICL	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	85-95	25-35	5-15
82002:	 											
Forestdale	0-2	SPM	i	i		i i			j	j		i
	2-9	SICL	CH, CL	A-6, A-7	0	0	100	100	95-100	90-100	30-58	12-30
	9-51	SIC, C, SICL	CH, CL	A-7	0	0	100	100		90-100		20-40
	51-80	VFSL, SIL,	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6, A-7	0	0	100	100	95-100	60-100	20-50	5-30
		SICL, SIC	 	1	 					 		
82005:												
Malden	0-6	LFS	SM	A-2-4	0	0	100	100	75-90	15-30	10-25	NP-10
	6-37	LS, LFS	SM, SC-SM	A-2-4	0	0	100	100	55-90	10-30	10-25	NP-10
	37-80	S, FS	SM, SC-SM	A-2-4	0	0	100	100	55-90	10-25	10-20	NP-10
82006:			 	 	 					 		
Bosket	0-9	FSL	CL-ML, ML,	A-2-4, A-4	0	0	100	100	60-100	30-65	10-20	NP-10
		İ	SC-SM, SM	ĺ		İ		İ		ĺ	İ	ĺ
	9-20	L, FSL, SL	CL-ML, ML,	A-2-4, A-4	0	0	100	100	60-100	30-65	10-25	NP-10
			SC-SM, SM,	 						 		
	20-45	L, SCL, CL, SL		A-2-4, A-4,	 0	 0	100	100	60-100	 30-80	25-40	7-20
			SC, SC-SM	A-6						ĺ		
	45-80	FSL, SL, S	SC-SM, SM,	A-2-4, A-4	0	0	100	100	60-100	10-55	10-30	NP-10
			CL, CL-ML,					1				
	İ		ML									
82007:	 		 	 	 	 				 		
Bosket	0-7	L	CL-ML, ML,	A-2-4, A-4	0	0	100	100	60-100	30-65	10-20	NP-10
	İ	İ	SC-SM, SM	j	İ	j j		į	j	į	į	į
	7-16	L, FSL, SL	CL-ML, ML,	A-2-4, A-4	0	0	100	100	60-100	30-65	10-25	NP-10
			SC-SM, SM,									
	16 27		CT CT M	 A-2-4, A-4,		 0	100	100		 30-80	105 40	7 20
	10-3/	L, SCL, CL, SL	SC, SC-SM	A-2-4, A-4,	0 	0	100	1 100	00-100	30-80 	25-40 	7-20
	 37-67	FSL, SL, S	CL-ML, ML,	A-2-4, A-4	0	0	100	100	60-100	30-55	10-30	NP-10
			SC-SM, SM,	İ						ĺ		
		İ	CL	İ				İ	İ	ĺ		ĺ
82009:	 		 	 	 					 		
Forestdale	0-4	SICL	CH, CL	 A-6, A-7	 0	 0	100	100	95-100	 90-100	 30-58	12-30
	4-40	SIC, C, SICL	CH, CL	A-7	0	0	100	100		90-100		20-40
	40-60	SICL, SIL, VFSL	!	A-7, A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100		75-100		5-30
92010												
82010: Amagon	 0-12	 SIL	CL, CL-ML	 A-4	 0	 0	100	100	 85-100	 85-100	0-30	 4-10
	12-28	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	100	100		85-100		4-10
		SICL, SIL	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100		70-100		10-20
	70-80	FSL, SIL, L,	CL, ML, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100	80-100	55-95	20-40	3-20
		SICL	ļ.	!							!	

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

			Classif	ication	Frag	ments		_	re Passi	ng	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Map symbol and soil name	Depth	USDA texture				3-10		sieve n	umber		Liquid	Plas- ticity
and soll name		 	Unified	AASHTO		inches	4	10	40	200	1111111 0	index
	In	<u> </u>			Pct	Pct			i 	i	Pct	
İ		İ	İ	İ	ĺ	į į		ĺ	İ	İ	ĺ	ĺ
82011:												
Crowley	0-9	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	100 100	100		85-95		5-15
		SIL, SI SICL, SIC, C	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6 A-6, A-7	0 0	0 0	100	100 100		85-95 85-95		5-15 15-25
	39-56	SIL, SICL	CL, CL-ML	A-6, A-4	0	0	100	100		60-95		5-15
	56-80	1	SM, SC-SM	A-4, A-2-4,	0	0	100	100		10-50		NP-5
İ		İ	İ	A-2	İ	į į	İ	İ	İ	İ	į	İ
0.5000												
86000: Dubbs	0-5	 SIL	CL, CL-ML, ML	13-4	 0	 0	100	 100		 60-90	 15_25	 NTD_10
Dubbs	5-47	SIL, SICL, CL	CL, CL-ML	A-6, A-4	0	0	100	100		85-100		5-20
		SL, L, SIL,	CL, CL-ML,	A-4, A-6, A-	0	0	100	100		30-90		'
j		VFSL	ML, SC-SM	2-4	İ	į į		İ	į	į	İ	İ
00001												
86001: Calhoun	0-6	SIL	CL, CL-ML, ML	 A-4. A-6	 0	 0	100	100	95-100	 90-100	 20-35	∣ NTP-15
002110021	6-25	SIL	ML, CL-ML, CL	•	0	0	100	100		90-100		NP-10
	25-50	SIL	ML, CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	90-100	20-30	NP-15
	50-80	SICL, SIL	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	90-100	25-40	10-20
86002:												
Falaya	0-10	 SIL	CL, CL-ML	 A-4	 0	 0	100	100	95-100	 95-100	 20-30	 5-10
- u-u-y u	10-34	SIL, SI	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	100	100		95-100		5-10
	34-69	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	100	100		90-100		5-10
	69-80	SIL, SICL	CL, CL-ML	A-7, A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	90-100	20-45	5-25
86003:		 						 				l I
Amagon	0-4	SIL	CL, CL-ML	 A-4	 0	 0	100	100	85-100	 85-100	0-30	 4-10
	4-15	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	100	100		85-100		4-10
j	15-71	SICL, SIL	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	85-100	70-100	30-40	10-20
	71-80	FSL, L, SIL,	CL, ML, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100	80-100	55-95	20-40	3-20
		SICL						 			 	
86004:		 			 			 		i	 	
Forestdale	0-4	SICL	CL	A-6, A-7	0	0	100	100	95-100	90-100	30-45	15-25
	4-55	SIC, C, SICL	CH, CL	A-7	0	0	100	100		90-100		20-40
	55-63	C, SIL, SICL,	CH, CL	A-4, A-6, A-7	0	0	100	100	95-100	75-100	20-65	5-30
		SIC	 		l I	 		 		 	 	
90000:									1	i		
Memphis	0-4	SIL	CL, CL-ML, ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	95-100	90-100	10-30	NP-10
	4-9	SIL, SICL	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100		90-100		10-20
	9-50	SICL, SIL	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	1	90-100		10-20
	50-65	SIL	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	90-100	25-35	10-15
90001:									1	i		
Memphis	0-2	SIL	CL, CL-ML, ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	100	90-100	10-30	NP-10
	2-64	SIL, SICL	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	100	90-100	30-40	10-20
	64-78	SIL	CL	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100	100	90-100	25-35	8-15
99001.		I I	 		[[
Water		i			ĺ	i i			i			
j		İ	İ	İ	İ	İ		İ	İ	İ	İ	
99003.		ļ				[[
Miscellaneous water												
water		 	 		I 			 			I 	
'		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

			Classif	ication	Frag	ments	Per	rcentag	e Passi	.ng		
Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture					8	sieve n	umber		Liquid	Plas-
and soil name					>10	3-10					_ limit	ticity
			Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In				Pct	Pct					Pct	
99007.		 		 		 		 	 			
Dam	İ	İ		ĺ		į į				į	1	İ
99015:	1	 		 		 		 	 			
Udorthents.	İ				i	i i			İ	İ	i	
		!		ļ	- [
Water.												
		l	l	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		l	l			<u> </u>

Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils

(Entries under "Erosion factors--T" apply to the entire profile. Entries under "Wind erodibility group" and "Wind erodibility index" apply only to the surface layer. Absence of an entry indicates that data were not estimated.)

Map symbol	Depth	 Sand	Silt	Clay	 Moist		 Available		Organic	Eros1	on fact	LOFS	erodi-	
and soil name					bulk density	hydraulic conductivity	water	extensi- bility	matter	Kw	Kf	 T	bility group	
	In	Pct	Pct	Pct	g/cc	um/sec	In/in	Pct	Pct	Kw		<u> </u>	group 	IIIGEX
j		i i	i			, ,	i '			İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
60033:													[
Wrengart	0-5	1-15				4.00-14.00			1.0-4.0	.43	.43	4	5	56
	5-11	1-15				4.00-14.00			0.5-2.0	.55	.55	!	!	!
	11-34	1-10				4.00-14.00			0.1-0.5	.43	.43			
	34-57 57-72	5-25				1.40-4.00	0.10-0.20		0.1-0.5	.43	.43	l I		
	37-72	10-35	40-65	13-30	1.30-1.30 	4.00-14.00	0.05-0.15	0.0-2.9	0.1-0.5	.10	.43	 	 	
60046:		i i	i						<u> </u>		İ		i	
Minnith	0-5	2-15	60-80	10-27	1.20-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	0.1-2.9	1.0-2.0	.37	.37	5	5	56
	5-35	2-15	55-75	15-35	1.30-1.60	1.40-14.00	0.18-0.20	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.37	.37	ĺ	İ	İ
	35-80	45-65	20-45	12-27	1.40-1.60	1.40-42.00	0.14-0.19	0.1-2.9	0.0-0.5	.37	.37			
50050														
60053: Winfield	0-6	 5-25	50-0F	10-20	 1 10-1 20	 4.00-14.00	 	0 1-2 0	2.0-4.0		 .49	 5	 5	 56
MTITTETG	0-6 6-20					4.00-14.00			0.2-1.0	.49	.49	5	5 	oc
	20-26	1-20				4.00-14.00			0.1-0.5	.37	.37	l I	i	i
	26-52	1-20				4.00-14.00			0.1-0.5	.55	.55	! 	 	i
	52-60	1-20				4.00-14.00			0.1-0.5	.55	.55	i	İ	i
j		i i	i		İ	İ	j i		į	į	į	İ	į	į
60054:		į į	ĺ				į į		ĺ	İ	ĺ		ĺ	ĺ
Minnith	0-5	2-15	60-80	10-27	1.20-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	0.1-2.9	1.0-2.0	.43	.43	5	5	56
	5-35	2-15				1.40-14.00			0.5-1.0	.43	.43			
	35-59	20-52				1.40-14.00			0.0-0.5	.32	.32	!		!
	59-80	20-65	5-45	15-35	1.40-1.60	1.40-14.00	0.14-0.19	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.43	.49			
60055 :					 	 	 		 		l I	l I	l I	l I
Winfield	0-9	1-7	64-78	20-27	 1.30-1.50	4.00-14.00	 0.22-0.24	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.37	.37	 5	 6	48
	9-13	1-7			•	4.00-14.00			0.1-0.5	.49	.49			-0
i	13-62	1-7				4.00-14.00			0.1-0.5	.43	.43	i	i	i
	62-80	1-7				4.00-14.00			0.1-0.5	.49	.49	İ	i	i
j		į į	ĺ				į į		ĺ		ĺ		ĺ	ĺ
66000:														
Moniteau	0-10		70-85			4.00-14.00			1.0-2.0	.55	.55	5	6	48
	10-18	1-15				4.00-14.00			0.1-0.5	.64	.64		!	!
	18-34	1-15				1.40-4.00	0.18-0.22		0.1-0.5	.64	.64			
	34-75	1-20	60-75	18-27	1.25-1.45	1.40-4.00	0.18-0.22	0.0-2.9	0.1-0.5	.55	.55	 	1	
66054:		 			 		 		 			 	 	
Wakeland	0-6	5-15	60-80	10-20	1.20-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	0.1-2.9	1.0-3.0	.49	.49	5	5	56
	6-24	10-30				4.00-14.00			0.5-2.0	.43	.43	i	i	i
i	24-58	5-15	60-80	10-20	1.20-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.20-0.22	0.1-2.9	0.2-1.0	.55	.55	İ	i	i
j	58-80	5-15	60-80	10-20	1.20-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.20-0.22	0.1-2.9	0.2-1.0	.55	.55	İ	İ	į
66055:														
Haymond	0-5					4.00-14.00				.49	.49	5	5	56
	5-51 51-80	2-40	50-80 30-80			4.00-14.00 4.00-14.00			0.5-2.0	.55	.55	l I	[[
	21-00	2-30 	30-00	5-41	2 0-1.40 	 4.00-14.00	U.17-U.22	0.1-4.9	0.2-1.5	.55	.55	 	! 	!
73055:		į į	i				' 						i	
Alred	0-1	i i				42.00-141.00	0.10-0.20		35-90			4	8	0
j	1-7	10-40	50-80	5-15		4.00-14.00			1.0-10	.20	.43	İ	İ	İ
į	7-11	10-40	50-80	5-15	1.25-1.45	4.00-14.00	0.12-0.17	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	.20	.49		[[
j	11-30	10-40	40-80	10-27	1.40-1.55	4.00-14.00	0.06-0.15	0.1-2.9	0.2-1.0	.15	.49			
	30-80	0-30	5-40		1.50-1.65			3.0-5.9		.10				

Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	 Depth	Sand	Silt	Clay	 Moist	 Saturated	 Available	Linear	Organic	 mrost	on fac	COLS	1	Wind erodi
and soil name	Depth		DIIC	Clay	bulk	hydraulic	water	extensi-	matter		 	Ι	bility	
	İ	<u>i i</u>			density	conductivity	capacity	bility	<u> </u>	Kw	Kf	Т	group	index
	In	Pct	Pct	Pct	g/cc	um/sec	In/in	Pct	Pct			[ļ
73055:	 						 	 	 		 	l	 	
Rueter	0-1					42.00-141.00	0.10-0.20		35-90			3	8	0
	1-4	10-40	50-80	5-15	1.05-1.25	14.00-42.00	0.09-0.15	0.1-2.9	2.0-10	.15	.37	İ	į	į
	4-17	10-40				14.00-42.00		•	0.2-3.0	.32	.55			
	17-32		'			14.00-42.00			0.2-1.0	.15	.49	!		!
	32-43		25-50			4.00-14.00			0.2-1.0	.10	.32			
	43-71	1-30	5-40	60-95	1.50-1.70 	4.00-14.00	0.04-0.09	3.0-5.9	0.2-0.5	.05	1.10		l I	
73100:		i i				! 				İ	İ	İ		İ
Wrengart	0-8	2-10				4.00-14.00			1.0-3.0	.43	.43	4	5	56
	8-36						0.18-0.19		0.1-0.5	.43	.43	ļ		ļ
	36-61					1.40-4.00	0.09-0.15		0.1-0.5	.37	.43	1		1
	61-80 	2-12	35-50	40-80	1.30-1.50 	1.40-4.00 	0.08-0.12	6.0-8.9 	0.1-0.5	.17	.24 	l		
73101:		i i			İ	İ	į	j	į	İ	İ	i	İ	į
Wrengart	0-8					4.00-14.00			1.0-3.0	.43	.43	4	5	56
	8-36					4.00-14.00			0.1-0.5	.43	.43	1		
	36-61					1.40-4.00	0.09-0.15		0.1-0.5	.43	.49			1
	61-80	2-12	35-50	40-80	1.30-1.50 	1.40-4.00	0.08-0.12	6.0-8.9	0.1-0.5	.17	.24 		l I	
73139:		i i				! 				İ	İ	i	İ	
Poynor	0-1	i i				42.00-141.00	0.10-0.20		35-90			3	8	0
	1-4	10-40				14.00-42.00			1.0-8.0	.15	.32			
	4-13	10-40				14.00-42.00		•	0.2-2.0	.20	.43			ļ
	13-24 24-80		'			14.00-42.00		•	0.2-1.0	.10	.43			1
	24-80 	1-30	10-50	45-90	1.50-1.65	4.00-14.00	0.07-0.09	3.0-5.9	0.2-0.3	.05	.10 		 	
Clarksville	0-1					 42.00-141.00	0.10-0.20		35-90			3	8	0
	1-5	10-40	50-70	5-15	1.20-1.40	14.00-42.00	0.15-0.20	0.1-2.9	2.0-10	.17	.28	İ	į	į
	5-8	10-40	50-70	5-15	1.20-1.40	14.00-42.00	0.12-0.18	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	.17	.37			
	8-18		40-80			14.00-42.00			0.1-1.0	.10	.32	!		ļ
	18-42 42-65		20-60 15-40			4.00-14.00 4.00-14.00		•	0.1-0.5	.10	.28			1
	42-65	10-40	13-40	40-60	1.35-1.55	4.00-14.00	0.04-0.08	3.0-3.9	0.1-0.2	.20	•2 4 		 	
Scholten	0-1	j i				42.00-141.00	0.10-0.20		35-90	i	i	3	8	0
	1-3		50-80			14.00-42.00		•	2.0-7.0	.28	.43	!		!
	3-8		50-80			4.00-14.00		•	1.0-2.0	.37	.55	!		
	8-17 17-41		50-80 50-80			4.00-14.00 0.01-0.42	0.08-0.12	•	0.7-2.0	.17	.37	1		l I
	41-80					14.00-42.00			0.0-0.2	1.15	.24	i	i i	İ
		i i									İ	İ	İ	İ
73140:										ļ	ļ			
Clarksville	!					42.00-141.00			35-90	1		3	8	0
	1-6 6-13					14.00-42.00 14.00-42.00			2.0-10	.15	.37 .49	1	 	l I
	13-21					14.00-42.00				1.15	.49	i	İ	İ
	21-43					4.00-14.00				.05	.28	i	İ	İ
	43-66	10-40	15-40	40-60	1.35-1.55	4.00-14.00	0.04-0.08	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.2	.05	.15	İ	İ	
Scholten	 0-1	 			 	 42.00-141.00		 	 35-90	 	 		 8	0
SCHOTCEH	1-6		50-80			14.00-42.00				.10	.37	3	•	0
	6-13					4.00-14.00				1.15	.43	i	İ	ì
	13-34					4.00-14.00				.05	.32	į	į	į
	34-58					0.01-0.42				.17	.43			
	58-80	10-45	10-50	35-80	1.35-1.55	14.00-42.00	0.01-0.05	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.3	.15	.32			
73141:	 	 			 	 	 	 	 	 	[[
Firebaugh	0-1					 42.00-141.00	0.10-0.20		35-90		 	4	5	56
-	1-4	5-20	80-90	5-15		4.00-14.00			2.0-5.0	.55	.55	İ		
	4-8		'			4.00-14.00		•		.64	.64			
	8-21		'			4.00-14.00		•		.37	.43	1		
	21-36 36-71		'			0.42-1.40		•		.15	.49			
		7-40	±⊃-40	22-60				3.0-3.9	· u.z-0.2			4		

Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Sand	Silt	Clay	Moist bulk	hydraulic	Available water	extensi-	Organic matter	İ			erodi-	
					<u> </u>	conductivity	· -	bility		Kw	Kf	T	group	index
	In	Pct 	Pct	Pct	g/cc 	um/sec	In/in 	Pct 	Pct 		 	İ		
73145:		i i	i				į	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Crider	0-8					4.00-14.00			2.0-5.0	.49	.49	5	5	56
	8-32 32-74	2-20					0.18-0.22		0.3-1.0	.43	.43			
		i i	i				į	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
73146: Marquand	0-5	 5_25	60-90	10-20	 n 05_1 15	 4.00-14.00	 n=22_n=24		2.0-5.0	.43	 .43	 5	 5	 56
Marquand	5-8	5-25					0.22-0.24		0.9-2.0	.49	.49	5	5	56
	8-22					1.40-4.00	0.17-0.22			.43	.43	i	i	i
İ	22-43	2-20	50-75	20-35	1.25-1.45	1.40-4.00	0.17-0.20	0.0-2.9	0.2-0.3	.43	.43	İ	į	į
	43-80	2-30	35-70	25-40	1.30-1.50	1.40-4.00	0.14-0.20	0.0-2.9	0.2-0.3	.32	.37			
73150:						 	 	 	 		 	İ		
Caneyville	0-8	2-30	50-80	10-27	1.00-1.20	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	0.0-2.9	2.0-5.0	.32	.37	2	5	56
	8-18	2-20	20-60	27-50	1.25-1.55	1.40-4.00	0.10-0.16	3.0-5.9	0.5-2.0	.28	.28			
	18-30	2-20				1.40-4.00	0.10-0.16		0.2-1.0	.20	.20	!		
	30-80					0.00-0.42	 							
Bucklick	0-3	2-30	 50-80	10-27	1.30-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.23-0.24	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.24	.28	4	6	48
	3-16	2-20				4.00-14.00	1		0.5-2.0	.17	.17	i		
	16-45	1-40	10-60	40-80	1.30-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.06-0.12	6.0-9.0	0.2-1.0	.15	.17	İ	İ	
	45-80					0.00-0.42								
73151:						 	 	 	 		 			
Caneyville	0-1	i i	i			42.00-141.00	0.10-0.20		35-90	i		2	5	56
	1-4	2-30	50-80	10-27	1.00-1.20	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	0.0-2.9	2.0-5.0	.32	.37			
	4-11	2-20					0.10-0.16		0.5-2.0	.28	.28	!		
	11-31 31-80	2-20	20-60	35-70		1.40-4.00	0.10-0.16	3.0-5.9	0.2-1.0	.28	.28			
	31-00													
Gasconade	0-3	2-20			1.35-1.50	4.00-14.00	1		6.0-12	.20	.20	1	5	56
	3-16	2-40				1.40-4.00	0.04-0.10		2.0-10	.05	.24	!		
	16-80					0.00-0.42	 	 						
Bucklick	0-1					 42.00-141.00	0.10-0.20	 	35-90			4	6	48
İ	1-6	2-20	50-80	10-27	1.30-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.28	.28	İ	İ	ĺ
	6-31	2-20				4.00-14.00	1		0.5-2.0	.24	.24			
	31-47 47-80	1-40		40-80		4.00-14.00	!	!	0.2-1.0	.15	.15			
	47-80					0.00-0.42	 	 	 		 	l		
73156:		i i	i			İ	İ		İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Alred	0-1					42.00-141.00			35-90			4	8	0
	1-6		50-80			4.00-14.00	:		1.0-10	.15	.37			
	6-11					4.00-14.00 4.00-14.00				.15	1			
	11-31 31-79					0.42-1.40	1			1.15	.43			
		į į	į		İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	į	İ	İ	į	į
Gepp	0-1					42.00-141.00	1		35-90			4	8	0
	1-6 6-12					4.00-14.00 4.00-14.00	1		1	.15	.37 .10		I	
	12-67					4.00-14.00	1			.10	.10			
B015B														
73157: Captina	0-5	 5-30	 60-80	5-15	 0.95-1.15	 4.00-14.00	 0.22-0.24	 0.0-2.9	2.0-6.0	.49	 .49		 5	 56
	5-25					4.00-14.00		'	'	.49	.49	i		
								0.0-2.9		.20	.55	i		i
	25-31	2-30	30-00	20 33	1.33-1.73	0.42-1.40	0.02-0.08	0.0-2.5	0.1-0.3	1.20		1	1	1

Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	 Depth	Sand	 Silt	 Clay	 Moist	Saturated	 Available	 Linear	 Organic	Frosi	on fac	LOIS	wind erodi-	Wind erodi
and soil name	pebm	Pario	DITL	Ciay	bulk	hydraulic	water	extensi-	matter				bility	
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	İ	İ	density	conductivity	capacity	bility	<u>i</u>	Kw	Kf	Т	group	
	In	Pct	Pct	Pct	g/cc	um/sec	In/in	Pct	Pct					
73223:	 		 	 	 	 	 	 	 		l I		 	
Coulstone	0-1	40-70	25-55	5-12	0.02-0.20	42.00-141.00	0.10-0.20		35-90			3	8	0
	1-6	40-70	25-55	5-12	1.20-1.45	42.00-141.00	0.03-0.10	0.1-2.9	1.0-3.0	.05	.20	İ	İ	
	6-29	35-70	25-55	6-24	1.25-1.45	14.00-42.00	0.02-0.09	0.1-2.9	0.2-1.0	.05	.24			
	29-42				,	14.00-42.00			0.1-0.3	.05	.24			
	42-80	30-55	8-40 	18-50 	 1.50-1.65	14.00-42.00	0.02-0.11 	0.1-5.9 	0.1-0.3	.05	.20	 	 	
Bender	0-1	50-75	15-50	1-8	0.02-0.20	42.00-141.00	0.10-0.20		35-90			2	8	0
	1-5	50-75	15-50	1-8	1.30-1.50	14.00-42.00	0.01-0.09	0.1-2.9	1.5-3.0	.05	.32			
	5-21		10-55			14.00-42.00		'	0.2-1.5	1.10	.37			
	21-31	40-85				14.00-42.00			0.0-0.5	.05	.28	!		
	31-80		 			0.00-1.40								
73264:	 	l I	l İ	 	 	 	 	 			 		 	
Alred	0-1	i	i			42.00-141.00	0.10-0.20		35-90			4	8	0
	1-3	10-40	50-80	5-20	1.20-1.45	4.00-14.00	0.09-0.19	0.0-2.9	1.0-10	.37	.55			
	3-8	10-40				4.00-14.00		'	0.5-2.0	.37	.55			
	8-22	10-40				4.00-14.00		'	0.1-1.0	.17	.43	ļ	!	
	22-80	0-30	5-40	45-95	1.50-1.65	0.42-1.40	0.07-0.09	3.0-5.9	0.1-1.0	.10	.15	l		
Wrengart	0-1		 	 	 	 42.00-141.00	0.10-0.20	 	35-90			4	 5	56
	1-10	1-10	!	10-25		4.00-14.00		'	1.0-2.0	.55	.55	i -		
	10-30	1-10	65-80	20-35	1.30-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.18-0.20	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.55	.55	i	į	į
	30-53	5-40	40-70	15-35	1.50-1.70	1.40-4.00	0.10-0.15	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.43	.43			
	53-80	5-15	25-70	30-65	1.30-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.05-0.10	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.10	.24			
73265:	 	l I	l I	 	 	l I	 	 	 		l I	 	 	
Captina	0-8	5-30	60-80	 5-15	0.95-1.15	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	0.0-2.9	2.0-6.0	.49	.49	3	5	56
•	8-26	2-20	50-80			4.00-14.00		'	0.3-1.0	.43	.43	i	i	i
	26-43	2-30	50-80	20-35	1.55-1.75	0.42-1.40	0.02-0.08	0.0-2.9	0.1-0.3	.10	.49	i	į	į
	43-80	2-45	10-60	35-70	1.45-1.65	1.40-4.00	0.02-0.08	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.3	.05	.24			
Scholten	 0-2	10-40	 60-80	 5-20	 1 20_1 40	14.00-42.00	 0 10-0 16	 0 0-2 9	2.0-8.0	.20	.43		 8	 0
bonorcon	2-7		60-80			14.00-42.00		'	1.0-2.0	.24	.49			
	7-16					14.00-42.00		'	0.5-2.0	.15	.32	i	i	İ
	16-40	10-40	50-70	15-27	1.55-1.75	0.01-0.42	0.05-0.08	0.0-2.9	0.1-0.3	.10	.43	i	į	į
	40-80	5-40	15-40	35-80	1.35-1.55	4.00-14.00	0.05-0.08	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.2	.05	.10			
73266:	 		 	 	 		 	 						
Hildebrecht	0-4	5-10	 70-80	 10-25	 1.30-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.20-0.22	0.0-2.9	1.0-5.0	.43	.43	4	 5	56
	4-36					4.00-14.00		'	0.5-1.0	.43	.43	į -		
	36-39						0.05-0.09	'	0.1-0.5	.43	.55	i	i	i
	39-62	5-20	60-70	15-30	1.50-1.70	0.42-1.40	0.02-0.06	0.0-2.9	0.1-0.5	.10	.55	İ	İ	
	62-80	5-15	20-70	35-80	1.30-1.50	1.40-4.00	0.05-0.10	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.5	.05	.17			
73267:	 	l I	l I		 	l I	 	 					 	
Yelton	0-5	10-40	50-80	 5-25	1 1.30-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.15-0.20	0.0-2.9	1.0-4.0	.32	.37	3	5	56
					1	4.00-14.00			1		.43	i		
	11-29	20-40	25-50	20-35	1.30-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.12-0.18	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.32	.37	i	į	į
	29-42	30-50	30-60	15-27	1.60-1.90	0.42-1.40	0.02-0.08	0.0-2.9	0.1-0.5	.10	.32			
	42-80	10-70	10-40	15-60	1.20-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.05-0.10	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.5	.05	.24			
Scholten	0-2	10-40	 60-80	 5-20	 1.20-1.40	14.00-42.00	 0.10-0.16	0.0-2.9	2.0-8.0	28	.43	3	 8	0
	2-7					14.00-42.00		'			.55	i		
	7-16				,	14.00-42.00			•		.37	i	i	i
	16-40	10-40	45-70	15-27	1.55-1.75	0.01-0.42	0.05-0.08	0.0-2.9	0.1-0.3	.10	.55			
	40-80	5-40	15-50	35-80	1.35-1.55	4.00-14.00	0.05-0.08	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.2	.15	.20			
73269:	 		 	 	 	 	 	 				 		
Brussels	0-1		 		 	 42.00-141.00	0.10-0.20	 	35-90			5	8	0
	1-10	1-20		27-40		1.40-4.00		'			!	i	į	į
	10-49	1-20	30-60	35-50	1.30-1.50	1.40-4.00	0.06-0.10	3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	.10	.28			
	49-70	1-40	30-70	20-40	1.30-1.50	1.40-4.00	0.06-0.10	3.0-5.9	0.5-2.0	.20	.37			

Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

W				6 7	 			 		Erosi	on fac	tors	1	Wind
Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Sand	Silt	Clay	Moist bulk density	Saturated hydraulic conductivity	Available water	Linear extensi- bility	Organic matter	 Kw	 Kf	 m	erodi- bility aroup	
	In	Pct	Pct	Pct	g/cc	um/sec	In/in	Pct	Pct	KW		-	group	Index
												ì		İ
73269:					<u> </u>	!						ļ		
Gasconade	0-9					1.40-4.00	0.08-0.10		6.0-10	.10	.15	1	8	0
	9-14 14-80	10-40	10-50	35-70	1.30-1.50	1.40-4.00	0.04-0.07	3.0-5.9	2.0-10	10	.20	l I	l I	
	14-80				 	0.00-0.11						İ	 	
Rock outcrop	0-80	i i	i i		i	0.00-0.42	i	i	i	i		i		
73270:														
73270: Wrengart	0-6	2-20	 55-85	10-27	 1 30-1 50	 4.00-14.00	 0 20-0 22	0 0-2 9	1.0-2.0	.49	 .49	 4	 5	 56
Wrengar C	6-26					4.00-14.00			0.5-1.0	.49	.49	*	3	50
	26-45						0.10-0.15		0.0-0.5	.55	.55	i	İ	İ
	45-60				1	4.00-14.00	0.05-0.10	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.15	.55			
	60-80	2-30	10-50	40-80	1.30-1.50	1.40-4.00	0.08-0.12	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.10	.15			
73343:					 	 	 	 	 					
Captina	0-4	5-30	 60-80	12-25	0.95-1.15	 4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	0.0-2.9	2.0-6.0	.43	.43	3	 5	56
	4-20					'	0.17-0.21		0.3-1.0	.43	.43		i	i
	20-28	2-30	50-80	20-35	1.55-1.75	0.42-1.40	0.06-0.10	0.0-2.9	0.1-0.3	.10	.49	İ	į	İ
	28-75	2-45	10-60	35-70	1.45-1.65	1.40-4.00	0.02-0.08	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.3	.15	.20			
73344:					 	 						ļ i		1
Captina	0-7	5-30	 60-80	12-25	0.95-1.15	 4.00-14.00	0.14-0.20	0.0-2.9	2.0-6.0	1 .49	1 .49	3	 5	56
	7-24				1	4.00-14.00			0.3-1.2	.43	.43		i	i
	24-47	2-30	50-80	20-35	1.55-1.75	0.42-1.40	0.08-0.12	0.0-2.9	0.1-0.3	.32	.43	İ	į	į
	47-75	2-45	10-60	35-70	1.45-1.65	1.40-4.00	0.02-0.08	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.3	.15	.37	ļ		
73345:					 	 	 		 					
Hildebrecht	0-11	2-30	 60-80	8-22	 1.35-1.45	 4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.55	.55	4	 5	56
	11-27					4.00-14.00			0.2-0.4	.49	.49	-		
	27-44	2-30	50-80	12-35	1.60-1.75	0.42-1.40	0.06-0.10	0.0-2.9	0.1-0.3	.28	.55	İ	į	į
	44-60	2-45	10-60	35-75	1.45-1.65	1.40-4.00	0.02-0.08	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.3	.17	.32			
73346:					 	 								
Hildebrecht	0-6	2-30	 60-80	8-22	1.35-1.45	 4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.49	1 .49	4	 5	56
	6-31				1	4.00-14.00			0.2-0.4	.49	.49	-		
	31-52	2-30	50-80	12-35	1.55-1.75	0.42-1.40	0.06-0.10	0.0-2.9	0.1-0.3	.43	.55	İ	į	į
	52-80	2-45	10-60	35-75	1.45-1.65	1.40-4.00	0.02-0.08	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.3	.10	.15			
74644:					 	 								
Deible	0-7	5-30	 50-80	10-27	 1.30-1.45	 4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	0.0-2.9	1.0-4.0	.55	.55	3	 5	56
20222	7-16					4.00-14.00			0.3-1.0	.49	.49			
	16-40	2-20	40-70	35-60	1.35-1.50	0.01-0.42	0.10-0.16	6.0-8.9	0.3-0.8	.32	.32	İ	į	į
	40-65	2-30	30-70	25-40	1.35-1.50	1.40-4.00	0.18-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.5	.37	.43	ļ		
74646														
74646: Cornwall	0-5	2-20	 60-80	10-20	 1 00-1 20	 4.00-14.00	 0 20-0 24	 0 0-2 9	1.0-3.0	.49	.49	4	 5	56
COLLINGIA	5-17					4.00-14.00				.43	.43	1		30
	17-39	2-20	60-80	20-30	1.50-1.70	0.42-1.40	0.08-0.18	0.0-2.9	0.1-0.3	.55	.55	İ	į	į
	39-60	10-40	20-60	27-50	1.45-1.65	4.00-14.00	0.06-0.14	0.0-2.9	0.1-0.3	.32	.43			
74648:						 								
Aslinger	0-4	10-40	 50-80	10-20	 0.90-1 10	 4.00-14.00	0.18-0 22	0.0-2 9	2.0-4.0	.43	.43	 4	 5	56
	4-8					4.00-14.00				.49	.49	1		30
	8-21					4.00-14.00				.49	.49	İ	į	į
	21-29					'	0.01-0.05			.15	.55			
	29-55					1.40-4.00	0.05-0.13			.10	.37			
	55-70	5-45	15-50	35-55	1.30-1.60	1.40-4.00	0.02-0.13	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.3	.05	.17	1		1

Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	Sand	Silt	Clay	Moist	1	Available	!	Organic		on fac		erodi-	
and soil name		 			bulk density	hydraulic conductivity	water capacity	extensi- bility	matter	Kw	 Kf	 T	bility group	
	In	Pct	Pct	Pct	g/cc	um/sec	In/in	Pct	Pct	İ	İ	Ī		İ
T1610			ļ										!	
74649:	0-3	 10-40	50-80	10 20	 0 00 1 10	 4.00-14.00	 0.18-0.22		2.0-4.0		1 42	4	 5	 56
Aslinger	0-3 3-8	10-40 10-40				4.00-14.00	0.18-0.22		1.0-2.0	.37	.43	4	5	56
	8-20	5-20				4.00-14.00	0.18-0.22		0.3-1.0	37	.43	1		
	20-39	10-45				1.40-4.00	0.01-0.05	1	0.2-0.5	.32	.49	i	ì	i
	39-52	10-45				1.40-4.00	0.05-0.13		0.2-0.3	.24	.43	i	i	i
	52-80	5-45			1.30-1.60	1.40-4.00	0.02-0.13		0.1-0.3	.05	.17	İ	į	į
Waben	0-6	5-40				1	0.09-0.13		1.0-3.0	.24	.43	4	8	0
	6-15 15-54	5-40 20-52				14.00-42.00 14.00-42.00	0.05-0.13		0.5-1.0	1.10	.24		1	
	54-80	20-52					0.05-0.15		0.1-0.5	.05	.20	i i	İ	l I
	01 00	20 30		-/								i	ì	İ
74679:		į į	į		ĺ	İ	ĺ	İ	İ	İ	į	İ	İ	İ
Higdon	0-7	2-35				1	0.22-0.24		1.0-3.0	.55	.55	5	5	56
	7-13	2-35				1	0.18-0.20		0.5-2.0	.64	.64		ļ	ļ
	13-43	2-30				1.40-4.00	0.15-0.19	!	0.3-0.7	.55	.55	!	ļ	!
	43-80	2-30	30-75	15-35	1.35-1.50 	1.40-4.00	0.15-0.20	3.0-5.9 	0.1-0.3	.49	.49		1	1
74680:			ľ		 	 	 	 	 		 	ŀ		
Moniteau	0-6	1-15	70-85	5-20	1.20-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.17-0.22	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.55	.55	5	6	48
	6-15	1-15	70-85	10-20	1.20-1.40	1	0.17-0.20		0.1-0.5	.64	.64	i	i	i
	15-52	1-15	55-70	20-35	1.30-1.50	1.40-4.00	0.17-0.20	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.5	.49	.49	i	İ	į
	52-78	1-40	40-75	15-30	1.25-1.45	1.40-4.00	0.17-0.20	0.0-2.9	0.1-0.5	.55	.55	İ	İ	İ
T4605			ļ											
74685: Auxvasse	0-6	 5-20	60-80	10-27	 1 30_1 45	 4.00-14.00	 0.22-0.24	 0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.55			 5	 56
AUX VADDE	6-17	5-20				1	0.20-0.22		0.3-2.0	.64	.64]	3	50
	17-51	2-15				0.01-0.42	0.10-0.16		0.1-0.5	.43	.43	i	i	i
	51-80	2-25	40-70	25-45	1.35-1.55	1.40-4.00	0.18-0.20	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.3	.55	.55	İ	į	į
			ļ			!				ļ			ļ	!
75379: Kaintuck	0-9	 35-52	30-50	7 15	 1 20 1 E0	 14.00-42.00	 0.09-0.17		0.5-2.0	.37	 .37	 5	3	86
Railituck	9-36	30-80				1	0.14-0.19		0.5-2.0	.24	.28	3	3	00
	36-80	60-95	2-35			42.00-141.00	1		0.1-0.5	1.15	.15	i i	İ	l I
												i	i	İ
75381:		į į	ĺ			ĺ			ĺ	ĺ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Bearthicket	0-6	2-40				1	0.22-0.24		1.0-4.0	.43	.43	5	5	56
	6-19	2-40				1	0.22-0.24		0.5-2.0	.43	.43	!	!	!
	19-45	2-40				1	0.20-0.22	!	0.2-1.0	.43	.43			
	45-64 64-80	2-40 40-80				4.00-14.00	0.18-0.22		0.2-0.5	.43	.43			1
	04-00	40-60 	10-50	5-20	1.20-1.50 	4.00-14.00	0.07-0.13	0.0-2.9	0.2-0.5	.13	.15			1
75395:		i i	i			İ				İ	İ	ì	i	İ
Jamesfin	0-6	2-40	50-85	10-20	1.20-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	0.1-2.9	2.0-4.0	.37	.37	5	5	56
	6-15	2-40	50-85	10-20	1.20-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	0.1-2.9	1.0-2.0	.49	.49			
	15-53					4.00-14.00	'				.49			[
	53-62	2-65	30-80	7-27	1.20-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.14-0.22	0.1-2.9	0.2-1.0	.37	.43			
75408:		[I I	 	 	 	 	I I	I I	1	1
Secesh	0-4	10-40	50-75	10-20	1.00-1.10	4.00-14.00	0.21-0.23	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.20	.32	5	5	56
	4-10					4.00-14.00	1				!	i	į -	
	10-26					4.00-14.00	'			.28	.43	i	i	i
	26-36					4.00-14.00	'			.15	.28	İ	İ	İ
	36-80	52-85	5-35	10-27	1.50-1.70	14.00-42.00	0.04-0.12	0.0-2.9	0.2-0.5	.05	.24			
== 400		ļ !												
75409:	0 7	=0 00'	10 45	4 10	 1 10 1 F1									_
Relfe	0-7 7-64	50-80 75-98	10-45 2-35			42.00-141.00 42.00-141.00	'				05	5	8	0
				T-T0								1	1	1

Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	Sand	Silt	 Clay	Moist	Saturated	 Available		Organic		on fac	LOIS	erodi-	Wind erodi-
and soil name					bulk	hydraulic	water	extensi-	matter			-	bility	
		1 2	Dt.	l	density	conductivity	·	bility	 B-t	Kw	Kf	T	group	inaex
	In	Pct	Pct	Pct	g/cc	um/sec	In/in	Pct	Pct		 		1	l I
75411:					 	 		 			 	1	ì	İ
Tilk	0-8	45-80	20-50	5-15	1.00-1.30	14.00-42.00	0.03-0.11	0.0-2.9	2.0-8.0	.05	.20	5	8	0
	8-16	45-80	20-50	5-15	1.00-1.30	14.00-42.00	0.04-0.14	0.0-2.9	0.9-2.0	.10	.37	i	İ	İ
İ	16-47	35-75	20-50	7-20	1.25-1.50	14.00-42.00	0.04-0.14	0.0-2.9	0.2-1.0	.10	.28	ĺ	İ	İ
	47-70	52-85	5-35	5-15	1.35-1.60	42.00-141.00	0.02-0.10	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.05	.15			
										!			ļ	
75416: Gladden	0.5	25 52	22 50	10 15	0 05 1 15	4 00 14 00						4		
Gladden	0-5 5-26		33-50 33-70		1	1	0.18-0.22		1.0-3.0	32	32	4	3	86
	26-58	30-75			1	1	0.12-0.18		0.1-1.0	.37	37	ŀ	İ	i i
	58-77	70-98			1	42.00-140.00			0.0-0.2	.10	.10	i	i	i
		i i	i		İ	İ		İ	İ	i	İ	i	İ	İ
75417:														
Relfe	0-6		15-45		1	14.00-42.00			1.0-4.0	.05	.17	5	5	56
	6-80	85-96	2-35	1-13	1.10-1.30	42.00-141.00	0.03-0.05	0.1-2.9	0.0-1.0	.02	.10		ļ	
Sandbur	0-8		 20-45		1 20 1 50	 14.00-42.00	 0.09-0.17		1.0-4.0	.24	 .24	 4	3	 86
Sandour	8-50	40-90			1	14.00-42.00	0.09-0.17		0.2-1.0	.28	.28	4	3	86
	50-80	52-85			1	14.00-42.00	0.04-0.10		0.1-0.5	.05	1.17	1	ì	İ
												i	i	i
75426:		j i	j		İ	İ	į	j	į	İ	į	į	į	į
Gabriel	0-14	2-10	60-80	12-27	1.25-1.30	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	0.1-2.9	2.0-4.0	.37	.37	5	6	48
	14-46	2-40			1.25-1.40	1.40-4.00	0.18-0.20	1	1.0-2.0	.43	.43			
	46-81	2-40	50-75	25-35	1.35-1.45	1.40-4.00	0.18-0.20	3.0-5.9	0.1-1.0	.43	.43		ļ	
75428:								 						
75428: Tilk	0-4	45-80	 20-50	 5_15	 1 00_1 30	 14.00-42.00	 0.08-0.14	 n n_2 9	2.0-8.0	.05	 .15	 5	8	 0
IIIK	4-10		20-50		1	14.00-42.00	0.08-0.11		0.9-2.0	.05	1.15		0	0
	10-35	:	20-50		1	14.00-42.00	0.05-0.08		0.2-1.0	.10	.20	i	ì	i
	35-65	52-85	5-35	5-15	1.35-1.60	14.00-42.00	0.02-0.10	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.05	.10	į	į	į
Cornwall	0-8	2-20			1	4.00-14.00	0.20-0.24		1.0-6.0	.32	.43	4	5	56
	8-35	2-20			1	4.00-14.00	0.16-0.20		0.1-1.0	.43	.43		ļ	
	35-62 62-80	2-20			1	0.42-1.40	0.08-0.18		0.1-0.3	1.15	.43			
	02-00	10-40	10-60	27-30 	1.4 5-1.65	4.00-14.00	0.06-0.14	0.0-2.9	0.1-0.3	.32	• 1 3	l		l I
Poynor	0-1				 	 42.00-141.00	0.10-0.20	 	35-90			3	8	0
	1-4	10-40	50-80	5-15	1.20-1.45	14.00-42.00	0.04-0.12	0.0-2.9	2.0-8.0	.17	.28		i	
	4-9	10-40	50-80	5-15	1.25-1.45	14.00-42.00	0.02-0.09	0.0-2.9	0.2-2.0	.17	.37	į	į	į
	9-26	10-40	40-80	15-30	1.40-1.55	4.00-14.00	0.02-0.09	0.0-2.9	0.1-0.5	.17	.43			
	26-80	1-40	10-50	45-90	1.50-1.65	4.00-14.00	0.08-0.12	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.5	.10	.15		!	
FF400														
75429: Tilk	0-8	 30-50	 30-50	 5_20	 1 00-1 20	 14.00-42.00	 0_06_0_19	 n n-2 e	2.0-8.0	15	.24	 5	 5	 56
TTTV	8-14	: :	10-50			14.00-42.00				.15	32	5	3	30
	14-37					14.00-42.00				.05	1.15	1	ì	İ
	37-80	: :	5-35			14.00-42.00			0.1-0.5	.05	.20	i	ì	İ
		j i	į į		j	j	į	j	į	į	İ	İ	į	į
Secesh	0-10					4.00-14.00				.20	.32	5	5	56
	10-16					4.00-14.00				.28	.43		ļ	
	16-36					4.00-14.00			•	1.10	.28			
	36-80	40-80	10-50	15-27 	1.30-1.50	14.00-42.00	0.06-0.12	0.0-2.9	0.2-0.5	.05	.24	 	1	
75430:					I I	I I	 	 	[[1	
Wideman	0-5	50-80	10-50	 5-15	1 1.20-1.40	 42.00-141.00	0.12-0.16	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.17	 .17	5	1	180
	5-13		10-50			42.00-141.00				.17	1.17		i	-30
	13-21		10-50			14.00-42.00				.37	.37	İ	i	i
	21-49		0-30			42.00-141.00				.10	.10	Ì	İ	İ
	49-71	50-95	5-40	1-15	1.30-1.60	14.00-42.00	0.04-0.12	0.0-2.9	0.3-1.0	.10	.17			

Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	Sand	 Silt	Clay	 Moist	 Saturated	 Available	 Linear	 Organic	Erosi	on fac	tors	Wind erodi-	Wind erodi
and soil name		İ			bulk density	hydraulic conductivity	water	extensi-	matter	Kw	 Kf	 T	bility	
	In	Pct	Pct	Pct	g/cc	um/sec	In/in	Pct	Pct	 	İ	i i		1
75451:						 	 	 	 	 	 	l I	 	l I
Gladden	0-5	10-45	50-80	10-20	1.25-1.45	4.00-14.00	0.20-0.24	0.0-2.9	2.0-5.0	.37	.37	4	5	56
	5-53		20-55			4.00-14.00			0.5-1.0	.24	.43	i	İ	i
	53-80	45-85	5-40			42.00-141.00			0.1-1.0	.05	.15	į	<u> </u>	į
75467:					 	 		 			 		 	
Wilbur	0-9 9-60					4.00-14.00			1.0-3.0	.49	.49	5	5	56
	9-60	2-35	30-60	10-17	1.30-1.43	4.00-14.00	0.20-0.22	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	.04	.04			
'5468: Elsah	0-10	2-30	 50-80	20-27	 1 20_1 40	 4.00-14.00	 0 17-0 24	0 0-2 9	1.0-2.0	.32	 .37	3	 5	56
Ersan	10-20					4.00-14.00			•	.32	.55]		50
	20-60					14.00-42.00			0.0-0.5	.20	.55	ì		
77000:					 	 	 	 	 		 		 	
Killarney	0-1					42.00-141.00			35-90			4	8	0
	1-5	1	50-80			4.00-14.00			3.0-6.0	.15	.37			
	5-16	1	50-80			4.00-14.00			0.5-2.0	.20	.64	!		
	16-32					4.00-14.00			0.2-1.0	.17	.55	!		
	32-48 48-80					'	0.02-0.06		0.1-0.3	15	.49 .43			1
Frenchmill	0.1								25.00			 5	 8	0
Frenchmill	0-1 1-6	10-45	 50-80		1	42.00-141.00 4.00-14.00			35-90 1.0-8.0	.15		5	8	0
	6-19		30-80 45-80			4.00-14.00			0.5-2.0	.20	.43	i	l I	
	19-27					4.00-14.00			0.2-0.8	1.17	.49	i	i i	i
	27-58					4.00-14.00			0.1-0.5	.17	.37	i	İ	ì
	58-80					4.00-14.00			0.1-0.3	.20	.20	į	į	į
77002:						 	 	 			 			1
Delassus	0-3	5-40	50-80	5-15	1.20-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.20-0.24	0.0-2.9	2.0-5.0	.49	.49	3	5	56
	3-7	5-40	50-80	10-20	1.20-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.20-0.24	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	.49	.49			
	7-31					4.00-14.00			0.3-1.0	.43	.43			
	31-61		20-70			'	0.04-0.08		0.1-0.3	.43	.49			
	61-80		 		 	0.00-0.11 	 	 	 		 			1
77005:		į						į		į	į		į _	
Hassler	0-1 1-6		 50-80			42.00-141.00			35-90 2.0-10	.24		3	5	56
	6-11	1	50-80 50-80			4.00-14.00 4.00-14.00			0.5-2.0	.28	.37	i i	l I	
	11-20	1					0.14-0.20		0.3-2.0	.24	37	i	l I	
	20-34						0.10-0.18		0.1-0.7	.17	.37	i	i	i
	34-42	52-75	10-40	5-15	1.35-1.60	4.00-14.00	0.06-0.12	0.0-2.9	0.1-0.2	.10	.32	i	į	į
						0.00-0.11								
Syenite	0-1					 42.00-141.00	0.10-0.20	 	 35-90		 	2	8	0
	1-4	15-45	50-80			4.00-14.00			2.0-10	.28	.37			
	4-9		50-80			4.00-14.00		1	0.5-2.0	.37	.43			
	9-19						0.14-0.20			.28	.43	ļ		
	19-29	40-52	30-50 	15-25	1.30-1.50 	1.40-4.00 0.00-0.11	0.10-0.18	0.0-2.9	0.1-0.7	.28	.43		 	
UT 0 0 0		į				 	İ	İ	İ	į	į	į	į	į
77008: Hassler	0-1		 		 	 42.00-141.00	0.10-0.20	 	35-90		 	3	 5	56
	1-3	15-45	50-80	5-15		4.00-14.00			2.0-10	.28	.37	İ	İ	į
	3-9		50-80			4.00-14.00		1	0.5-2.0	.32	.37			
	9-24						0.14-0.20			.28	.37			
	24-31						0.10-0.18			.15	.32	!		ļ
	31-48		10-40			4.00-14.00				.17	.32	!		ļ
						0.00-0.11						1	1	1

Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Sand	Silt	Clay	Moist bulk	hydraulic	 Available water	extensi-	Organic matter	İ	on fac		erodi-	bility
		<u> </u>			density	conductivity	· -	bility		Kw	Kf	T	group	index
	In	Pct	Pct	Pct	g/cc 	um/sec	In/in 	Pct 	Pct		 		1	
80000:		į	i		İ	İ				İ	İ	i	İ	İ
Calhoun	0-9	5-15				4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	0.0-2.9	0.5-4.0	.55	.55	5	5	56
	9-24	5-15				1.40-4.00	0.20-0.22	!	0.1-1.0	.64	.64	!		
	24-36 36-80	1				1.40-4.00	0.20-0.22		0.1-1.0	.64	64			
	36-60	0-15	65-65	10-30	1.30-1.65 	0.42-1.40	0.20-0.22 	3.0-3.9	0.1-1.0	.04	.04		1	l I
80001:		i	i		! 	İ		! 		İ	i	i	i	i
Oaklimeter	0-14	0-5	80-85	5-15	1.40-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.20-0.22	0.0-2.9	1.0-4.0	.43	.43	5	5	56
	14-34	0-5	75-85	5-18	1.40-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.20-0.22	0.0-2.9	0.1-1.0	.64	.64			
	34-57	5-10				4.00-14.00			0.1-0.5	.64	.64	!		ļ
	57-71	0-5	45-80	10-30	1.40-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.20-0.22	0.0-2.9	0.1-0.5	.64	.64			
32000 :					 	 	 	 			 			l I
Dubbs	0-9	10-35	 50-75	5-20	 1.40-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	.55	.55	5	 5	 56
	9-58	1				4.00-14.00			0.1-1.0	.55	.55			
	58-80	1				14.00-42.00			0.1-0.3	.55	.55	i	į	į
j			i											
82001:										ļ				
Amagon	0-5	1				4.00-14.00			2.0-8.0	.37	.37	5	5	56
	5-20	0-10				0.42-1.40	0.16-0.24		0.5-1.0	.64	.64	1		
	20-53 53-80	0-10				0.42-1.40	0.16-0.24		0.2-1.0	.55	.43		1	l I
	33-00	13-20	50-70	20-33	1.2 5-1.00 	0.42-1.40		0.0-2.5		.55	.55	i	İ	l I
82002:		İ	i			İ	İ			İ	İ	i	İ	İ
Forestdale	0-2		j			42.00-141.00	0.10-0.20		35-90	j		5	7	38
	2-9	1-15	50-70	27-40	1.50-1.55	1.40-4.00	0.20-0.22	3.0-5.9	2.0-6.0	.28	.28			
	9-51	1-10				1	0.14-0.18		0.2-0.5	.37	.37	!		ļ
	51-80	1-60	25-60	15-50	1.45-1.55	1.40-4.00	0.17-0.22	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.3	.37	.37			
82005 :		l I			 	l I	 	 	 		 	i i	l i	l I
Malden	0-6	70-90	0-25	0-15	 1.45-1.60	 42.00-141.00	0.06-0.10	0.0-2.9	0.5-3.0	.05	.05	5	2	134
	6-37	70-90	0-25			42.00-141.00		'	0.1-0.5	.10	.10	i	İ	i
j	37-80	85-	0-15	0-8	1.55-1.70	42.00-141.00	0.02-0.06	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.05	.05	İ	į	į
		100				!					!	!		ļ
2000														
32006: Bosket	0-9	25-80	 15-50	5_15	 1 30_1 50	 14.00-42.00	 0 16-0 18	 n n_2 q	0.5-2.0	.20	.20	 5	3	 86
DOBREC	9-20		15-50			14.00-42.00			0.1-1.0	.28	.28]	3	00
	20-45	1				4.00-14.00		'	0.1-1.0	.24	.24	i	İ	İ
j	45-80	45-90	5-50	4-20	1.30-1.50	14.00-42.00	0.05-0.16	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.15	.15	İ	į	į
82007:												! _		
Bosket						14.00-42.00	:	:		.37	:	5	3	86
	7-16 16-37	:				14.00-42.00				.43	.43		1	l I
	37-67					14.00-42.00	1			1	37	i		l I
												i	İ	İ
82009:		į	į		İ	İ	j	İ	j	İ	İ	İ	į	į
Forestdale	0-4	1-15	50-70	27-40	1.50-1.55	1.40-4.00	0.20-0.22	3.0-5.9		.28	.28	5	7	38
	4-40						0.14-0.18			.37	.37			
	40-60	1-60	25-60	10-40	1.45-1.55	1.40-4.00	0.17-0.22	0.0-5.9	0.1-0.3	.43	.43			
82010:		I I			 	I I	 	 	 	 	l I	1	I I	
Amagon	0-12	5-15	 65-85	15-25	1.25-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.16-0.24	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.43	.43	5	5	 56
· 3	12-28				•		0.16-0.24			.55	.55	i		
	28-70				•		0.16-0.24	'		.43	.43	i	İ	į
j	70-80	5-60	25-70	15-35	1.25-1.60	0.42-14.00	0.14-0.24	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.49	.49			
			ĺ											

Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

	<u> </u>	l I			 I	 I	<u> </u>	 I	 	Erosi	on fac	tors	Wind	Wind
Map symbol	Depth	Sand	Silt	Clay	Moist	Saturated	 Available	Linear	Organic					erodi-
and soil name	 				bulk density	hydraulic conductivity	water capacity	extensi- bility	matter	 Kw	 Kf	 T	bility group	bility
	 In	Pct	Pct	Pct	g/cc	um/sec	In/in	Pct	Pct			<u> -</u>		
	İ	į į	i		İ	İ		į	İ	į	İ	į	İ	İ
82011:														
Crowley	0-9					4.00-14.00	'		0.5-3.0	.43	.43	5	5	56
	9-16 16-39	5-18				4.00-14.00 0.01-0.42	0.20-0.22		0.5-1.0	.64	.64		l I	1
	39-56	5-50				4.00-14.00	1		0.0-0.5	.64	.64	i	İ	İ
	56-80	70-99	0-30			42.00-141.00	'		0.0-0.2	.43	.43	İ	İ	į
0.000														
86000: Dubbs	 0-5	 10-35	 50-75	5-18	 1 40-1 50	 4.00-14.00	 0 22-0 24	 0 0-2 9	0.5-2.0	.55	.55	 5	 5	 56
Dubbs	5-47	5-25				4.00-14.00			0.1-0.5	.55	.55		3	50
	47-80		15-65		1	14.00-42.00	1		0.1-0.3	.24	.24	İ		İ
						ļ								
86001: Calhoun	 0-6	2_10	70-05	10-27	 1 20_1 65	 4.00-14.00	 n_22_n_24	0 0-2 0	0.5-4.0			 5	 5	56
Camoun	0-6 6-25	2-10					0.22-0.24		0.1-1.0	.64	.64	3	5	50
	25-50						0.20-0.22	1	0.1-0.5	.64	.64	i	İ	ì
	50-80					1	0.20-0.22		0.1-0.5	.55	.55	İ		İ
86002: Falaya	 0-10	2_15	 65-90	5-20	 1 25_1 45	 4.00-14.00	 n=22_n=24		0.5-3.0	.49	 .49	 5	 5	56
raiaya	10-34	2-15					0.22-0.24		0.1-2.0	.64	.64]	3	50
	34-69		65-90		1	4.00-14.00			0.1-1.0	.64	.64	i	İ	İ
	69-80					4.00-14.00		1	0.0-1.0	.32	.32	İ	İ	į
						!								
86003:	0-4		FF 0F	15 07		 4.00-14.00			1.0-3.0			 5	 5	56
Amagon	0-4 4-15						0.16-0.24		0.5-2.0	.49	.37	5	5	56
	15-71						0.16-0.24		0.1-1.0	.49	.49	i	İ	ì
	71-80					0.42-14.00	1		0.0-0.5	.64	.64	İ		İ
0.004														
86004: Forestdale	 0-4	 1_15	 50-70	27_40	 1 50_1 55	0.42-4.00	 0.20-0.22	 3 0_5 9	 2.0-12	.32	.32	 5	 7	38
rolescuale	4-55	1-10			1	0.01-0.42	0.10-0.18		0.2-3.0	.24	.24		ļ ′	50
	55-63	1-40					0.08-0.22		0.1-1.0	.24	.24	į	İ	İ
		!!!				!								
90000:	0-4		CO 05			4 00 14 00			1.0-2.0		1 40	 5		56
Memphis	0-4 4-9	0-10	60-85			4.00-14.00 4.00-14.00	'		0.5-1.0	.49	.49	5	5	36
	9-50	0-15					0.18-0.22		0.1-0.5	.43	.43	1	İ	İ
	50-65	0-15				4.00-14.00	1		0.0-0.5	.55	.55	İ		İ
90001: Memphis	0-2	 0_15	 60-80	ຄ_ວວ	 1 20_1 50	 4.00-14.00	 n=20-0=24		 1 0-2 0	10	 .49		 5	 56
мещрить	2-64					4.00-14.00	']	3	50
	64-78					4.00-14.00			•			İ		İ
		!!!				!								
99001.							 	 						
Water	 	 			 	 	 	 	 		l I	 	I I	1
99003.												İ		
Miscellaneous water	İ	į į	i		İ	İ		İ	į	į	į	İ	į	į
00007														
99007. Dam	 	 			 	 	 	 	 			 	 	1
Dalli	 	 			! 	! 	 	! 	! 			l l		
99015:	İ	i i			İ			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	İ	İ		İ
Udorthents.		ļ İ	į		ļ	ļ		ļ	ļ	[ļ		
Water							 							
Water.	 	 	 		 	 	 	 	 			l l		
	<u> </u>				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>'</u>	<u>'</u>	·				<u> </u>	

Table 19.--Chemical Properties of the Soils (Absence of an entry indicates that data were not estimated.)

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Cation- exchange capacity		'
	Inches	meq/100 g		pH
		İ		
60033:				
Wrengart	0-5 5-11	9.0-18	 	5.6-7.3
	11-34	11-22	 10-20	5.1-6.5
	34-57	11-22	10-20	4.5-6.5
	57-72	10-16	5.0-15	5.1-7.8
60046:		 	 	
Minnith	0-5	7.0-17	5.0-13	5.1-7.3
	5-35	15-25	12-23	4.5-7.3
	35-80	5.0-11	12-18	4.5-7.3
60053:		 	 	
Winfield	0-6	10-15	7.0-12	5.1-7.3
	6-20	12-17	8.0-13	5.1-6.5
	20-26	20-30	17-27	4.5-6.0
	26-52	10-20	7.0-17	5.1-6.0
	52-60	10-14 	7.0-11 	5.1-6.0
60054:		į		ĺ
Minnith	0-5	7.0-17	5.0-13	5.1-7.3
	5-35 35-59	15-25 5.0-11	12-23 12-18	4.5-7.3
	59-80	8.0-18	5.0-15	5.1-7.3
60055:		 		
Winfield	0-9	10-15	10-15	5.1-7.3
	9-13	12-17	12-17	5.1-6.5
	13-62	13-18	13-18	4.5-6.0
	62-80	10-14	10-14 	5.1-7.3
66000:		İ		
Moniteau	0-10	7.0-16	4.3-10	5.1-7.3
	10-18 18-34	6.0-12	4.0-8.0	4.5-6.5
	34-75	9.0-25	5.0-15	3.5-7.3 5.1-7.8
	31 73			
66054: Wakeland	0-6	6.0-20	 4.0-18	5.6-7.3
wakeland	6-24	4.0-18	3.0-16	5.6-7.3
	24-58	4.0-18	3.0-16	5.6-7.3
	58-80	4.0-18	3.0-16	4.5-7.3
66055:		 	 	
Haymond	0-5	6.0-20	4.0-18	5.6-7.8
	5-51	6.0-20	5.0-19	5.6-7.8
	51-80	6.0-20	5.0-19	5.6-7.8
73055:				
Alred	0-1	10-40	5.0-30	3.5-6.5
	1-7	4.4-19	2.3-11	4.5-6.0
	7-11	3.7-7.6	1.6-3.9	4.5-6.0
	11-30 30-80	3.2-9.7	1.7-6.4 6.7-53	4.5-5.5
	30-00	3.0-40 	0.7-33	1 2.1-0.2

Table 19.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth 	exchange capacity	Effective cation- exchange capacity	!
	Inches	meg/100 g	'	pH
				1
73055:	İ	į	j	İ
Rueter	0-1	10-40	5.0-30	3.5-6.5
	1-4	6.8-23	2.8-10	4.5-6.0
	4-17	2.5-7.0	0.8-4.1	4.5-6.0
	17-32 32-43	2.9-11	1.7-7.2 5.5-17	4.5-5.5 5.1-6.0
	43-71	12-42	9.3-36	5.1-6.5
73100:	İ	į	j	İ
Wrengart	0-8	7.0-14	3.0-12	5.1-7.3
	8-36	15-26	11-21	4.5-7.3
	36-61	11-22	7.0-18	5.1-7.3
	61-80	24-40	19-35	5.1-7.8
73101:	 	1	 	
Wrengart	0-8	7.0-14	3.0-12	5.1-7.3
-	8-36	15-26	11-21	4.5-7.3
	36-61	11-22	7.0-18	4.5-7.3
	61-80	24-40	19-35	5.1-7.8
72120.			 	 I
73139: Poynor	 0-1	10-40	 5.0-30	 3.5-6.5
roynor	1-4	6.9-15	2.8-7.0	3.5-6.0
	4-13	3.2-7.3	1.2-3.2	3.5-6.0
	13-24	2.9-12	1.8-8.3	4.5-5.5
	24-80	8.5-22	6.1-19	4.5-5.5
en 1 133				
Clarksville	0-1 1-5	10-40 7.1-25	5.0-30 2.3-21	3.5-6.5
	5-8	3.7-8.1	1.7-5.2	3.5-6.0
	8-18	3.7-9.6	1.9-7.9	4.5-5.5
	18-42	5.1-13	3.7-9.1	4.5-5.5
	42-65	6.4-16	5.2-12	4.5-5.5
Scholten	0-1	10-40	5.0-30	3.5-6.5
	1-3 3-8	9.2-18	3.6-8.5	3.5-6.0
	8-17	7.3-18	4.5-13	4.5-5.5
	17-41	5.7-14	4.6-11	4.5-5.5
	41-80	7.6-22	5.2-18	4.5-5.5
73140:				
Clarksville	0-1	10-40	5.0-30	:
	1-6 6-13		2.3-21 1.7-5.2	•
	13-21	3.7-8.1	•	
	21-43		3.7-9.1	•
	43-66		•	4.5-5.5
Scholten	0-1	:	:	3.5-6.5
	1-6	1	1.9-4.5	
	6-13	1	1.7-3.9	3.5-6.0 4.5-5.5
	13-34 34-58		1.5-12 2.1-8.3	
	58-80	5.8-16	4.5-14	4.5-5.5

Table 19.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

and soil name exchange cation capacity exchange capacity exchange capacity	Map symbol	Depth	Cation-	 Effective	 Soil
		Берсп			'
Inches meq/100 g meq/100 g pH	į				İ
73141: Firebaugh			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Firebaugh		Inches	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	PH
1-4	73141:		 	 	
4-8	Firebaugh	0-1	10-40	5.0-30	3.5-6.5
8-21 9.7-20 7.6-17 4.5-5.5 21-36 5.9-17 4.3-16 4.5-5.5 21-36 5.9-17 4.3-16 4.5-5.5 36-71 6.6-23 5.4-21 4.5-5.5 36-71 6.6-23 5.4-21 4.5-5.5 36-71 6.6-23 5.4-21 4.5-5.5 73145:			1		4.5-6.0
21-36					
73145: Crider	ļ				
Crider					4.5-5.5
Crider	F2145				
8-32 8.8-14 6.1-12 5.1-7.3 32-74 9.3-20 6.3-10 5.1-6.5 73146:		0-8	 8.5-16	 7.4-9.1	 5.1-7.3
73146: Marquand		8-32		6.1-12	5.1-7.3
Marquand	ļ	32-74	9.3-20	6.3-10	5.1-6.5
5-8	73146:		 		
8-22 8.1-23 4.5-18 4.5-6.0 22-43 8.8-20 7.4-15 4.5-5.5 43-80 8.1-26 6.1-22 4.5-5.5 43-80 8.1-26 6.1-22 4.5-5.5 43-80 8.1-26 6.1-22 4.5-5.5 73150:	Marquand	0-5			5.6-6.5
22-43 8.8-20 7.4-15 4.5-5.5 43-80 8.1-26 6.1-22 4.5-5.5 43-80 8.1-26 6.1-22 4.5-5.5 43-80 8.1-26 6.1-22 4.5-5.5 45-5.5					5.6-6.5
73150: Caneyville					
73150: Caneyville	ļ				
Caneyville		45-00		0.1-22	4.5-5.5
8-18					
18-30	Caneyville				
Bucklick	 				5.6-7.8
3-16	j				
3-16	Bucklick	0-3	8 0-18	 4 4_7 0	 5 6-7 3
16-45 22-33 16-30 5.6-7.3 45-80	Duckiick				5.6-7.3
73151: Caneyville	İ	16-45	22-33	16-30	5.6-7.3
Caneyville		45-80			
1-4	73151:		l 	 	
4-11	Caneyville	0-1	10-40	5.0-30	3.5-6.5
11-31 16-36 11-33 5.6-7.8 31-80					4.5-6.0
Gasconade					
3-16	l I				
3-16	į		<u> </u>		
Bucklick	Gasconade				
1-6			1	 	
1-6	j		İ		
6-31 13-27 6.0-10 5.6-7.3 31-47 22-33 16-30 5.6-7.3 47-80	Bucklick				
31-47 22-33 16-30 5.6-7.5 47-80 73156:					
73156: Alred					
Alred	İ				
Alred	73156•		 	 	
1-6 4.4-19 2.3-11 4.5-6.0 6-11 3.7-7.6 1.6-3.9 4.5-6.0 11-31 3.2-9.7 1.7-6.4 4.5-5.5 31-79 9.8-46 6.7-53 5.1-6.5		0-1	10-40	5.0-30	3.5-6.5
11-31 3.2-9.7 1.7-6.4 4.5-5.5 31-79 9.8-46 6.7-53 5.1-6.5	İ				4.5-6.0
31-79 9.8-46 6.7-53 5.1-6.5 	İ	6-11			•
Gepp	!				
		31-79	9.8-46 	6.7-53 	5.1-6.5
1-6 8.2-22 3.6-15 4.5-6.0	Gepp		!		3.5-6.5
	!	1-6	8.2-22	3.6-15	4.5-6.0
					4.5-6.0
12-67 10-37 6.5-33 5.1-6.0		12-0/	10-37	0.5-33 	5.1-6.0

Table 19.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

			l nee	6.25
Map symbol	Depth		Effective	
and soil name		exchange		reaction
		capacity	capacity	
	Inches	meg/100 g		pH
73157:		j	İ	
Captina	0-5	8.3-14	3.0-12	4.5-6.5
	5-25	8.3-20	5.4-17	4.5-5.5
	25-31	9.3-21	6.5-14	3.5-5.5
	31-78	5.7-26	4.4-22	3.5-5.5
72002		 	 	
73223: Coulstone	0-1	10-40	5.0-30	3.5-6.5
Codiscone	1-6	3.0-12	2.0-9.0	4.5-6.0
	6-29	2.0-10	1.0-5.0	4.5-6.0
i	29-42	3.0-18	1.0-9.0	4.5-6.0
	42-80	4.0-18	1.0-9.0	3.5-5.5
į			l i	
Bender	0-1	10-40	5.0-30	3.5-6.5
	1-5	4.0-18	2.0-8.0	4.5-6.0
	5-21	2.0-8.0	1.0-5.0	4.5-6.0
	21-31	2.0-15	1.0-10	3.5-6.0
	31-80			
73264:		 	 	
Alred	0-1	10-40	5.0-30	3.5-6.5
	1-3	4.4-19	2.2-11	4.5-6.0
	3-8	3.7-7.6	1.6-3.9	4.5-6.0
	8-22	3.2-11	1.7-6.4	4.5-5.5
	22-80	9.8-46	6.7-53	5.1-6.5
į		j	İ	
Wrengart	0-1	10-40	5.0-30	3.5-6.5
	1-10	5.0-20	3.0-18	5.1-7.3
	10-30	10-20	7.0-18	4.5-6.5
	30-53	10-20	7.0-18	5.1-6.0
	53-80	10-20	1.0-18	5.1-7.3
73265:			 	
Captina	0-8	8.3-14	3.0-12	4.5-6.5
i	8-26	8.3-20	5.4-17	4.5-5.5
İ	26-43	9.3-21	6.5-14	3.5-5.5
	43-80	5.7-26	4.4-22	3.5-5.5
Scholten	0-2	9.2-18	3.6-8.5	3.5-6.0
	2-7	5.6-8.6	2.3-4.3	4.5-6.0
	7-16	7.3-18	4.5-13	3.5-5.5
	16-40	5.7-14	4.0-11 5.2-18	3.5-5.5
	40-00	7.0-22	3.2-16	3.3-3.3
73266:				
Hildebrecht	0-4	15-25	10-20	4.5-6.0
į	4-36	10-20	7.0-15	4.5-6.0
j	36-39	7.0-15	5.0-15	4.5-5.5
	39-62	7.0-15	5.0-12	4.5-5.5
	62-80	12-25	10-20	5.1-6.0
73267:	0.5		3 0 10	4 5 6 6
Yelton	0-5 5-11	5.0-15 5.0-15	3.0-10 3.0-10	4.5-6.0 4.5-6.5
	11-29	12-22	10-25	3.5-5.5
	29-42	5.0-14	5.0-15	3.5-5.5
	42-80	10-22	7.0-24	3.5-5.5
		İ		

Table 19.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	1	Effective cation- exchange capacity	
	Inches	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	pН
73267:			 	
Scholten	0-2	9.2-18	3.6-8.5	3.5-6.0
İ	2-7	5.6-8.6	2.3-4.3	4.5-6.0
	7-16	7.3-18	4.5-13	3.5-5.5
	16-40 40-80	5.7-14	4.6-11 5.2-18	3.5-5.5
73269:				
Brussels	0-1 1-10	10-40	5.0-30 20-30	3.5-6.5 6.1-7.8
	10-49	20-30	20-30	6.1-8.4
İ	49-70	20-30	20-30	6.1-8.4
Gasconade	0-9	30-60	 30-60	 6.1-7.8
Gasconade	9-14	30-60	30-60	6.1-7.8
	14-80			
Rock outcrop.			 	
73270:			 	
Wrengart	0-6	9.0-23	4.0-19	5.6-7.3
	6-26	15-26	12-23	4.5-6.5
İ	26-45	11-22	6.0-17	5.1-7.3
	45-60	11-22	6.0-17	5.1-7.3
	60-80	25-40	20-35	5.1-7.3
73343:				
Captina	0-4	8.3-14	3.0-12	4.5-6.5
	4-20 20-28	8.3-20	5.4-17 6.5-14	4.5-5.5 3.5-5.5
	20-28 28-75	5.7-26	4.4-22	3.5-5.5
73344: Captina	0-7	7.5-14	 3.0-12	 4.5-6.5
oup our	7-24	8.3-20	5.4-17	4.5-5.5
į	24-47	9.3-21	6.5-14	3.5-5.5
	47-75	5.7-26	4.4-22	3.5-5.5
73345:			 	
Hildebrecht	0-11	8.3-14	3.0-12	4.5-6.0
	11-27	8.3-20	5.4-17	4.5-6.0
	27-44	9.3-21	6.5-14	3.6-5.5 5.1-6.0
	44-60	5.7-26	4.4-22 	5.1-6.0
73346:		į	į	
Hildebrecht	0-6	8.3-14	3.0-12	4.5-6.0
	6-31 31-52	8.3-20	5.4-17 6.5-14	3.5-6.0 3.5-5.5
	52-80	5.7-26	4.4-22	5.1-6.0
74644: Deible	0-7	 7.2-14	 4.4-13	 5.1-7.3
	7-16	8.8-12	4.0-9.5	4.5-7.3
j	16-40	12-33	9.3-29	4.5-7.8
	40-65	13-23	11-26 	5.1-8.4
74646:		İ	İ	İ
Cornwall	0-5	7.0-15	5.0-15	5.1-7.3
	5-17	7.0-19	7.1-19	4.5-5.5
	17-39 39-60	7.0-19	7.3-16 7.6-18	4.5-5.5
	22 00	7.0-20	, 10	1 2.3-3.3

Table 19.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Man grahal	Donth	Coti	Reference	Soil
Map symbol and soil name	Depth	exchange	Effective	reaction
and soil name		capacity		reaction
		:	capacity	
	Inches	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	рН
74648:		 		<u> </u>
Aslinger	0-4	8.3-15	3.3-8.8	4.5-6.5
	4-8	5.8-11	3.0-7.4	4.5-6.5
	8-21	10-17	6.8-14	4.5-6.0
	21-29	6.2-14	4.7-11	4.5-5.5
	29-55	5.2-12 9.8-23	4.0-9.3 7.4-19	4.5-5.5
	55-70	9.8-23	/.4-19 	3.5-5.5
74649:		İ		
Aslinger	0-3	8.3-15	3.3-8.8	4.5-6.5
	3-8	5.8-11	3.0-7.4	4.5-6.5
	8-20 20-39	10-17 6.2-14	6.8-14 4.7-11	4.5-6.0
	39-52	5.2-14	4.7-11	4.5-5.5
	52-80	9.8-23	7.4-19	3.5-5.5
j		İ		
Waben	0-6	5.0-15	4.0-12	5.1-6.5
	6-15	5.0-15	4.0-12	4.5-6.0
	15-54 54-80	5.0-15 5.0-15	4.0-12 4.0-12	4.5-5.5
	54-80	5.0-15	4.0-12	4. 5-5.5
74679:		İ		İ
Higdon	0-7	9.7-12	6.3-8.8	5.1-7.3
	7-13	9.3-12	4.7-6.9	5.1-7.3
	13-43 43-80	8.3-19 7.8-21	5.8-14	5.1-7.3
	43-80	7.8-21 	12-19 	5.1-7.3
74680:		j		
Moniteau	0-6	7.0-16	4.3-10	5.1-7.3
	6-15	6.0-12	4.0-8.0	4.5-6.5
	15-52 52-78	15-25 9.0-20	14-24 10-15	4.5-7.3 5.1-7.8
	52-76	9.0-20	10-15	5.1-7.6
74685:		İ		
Auxvasse	0-6	7.2-14	4.4-13	5.1-7.3
	6-17	8.8-12	4.0-9.5	5.1-6.5
	17-51 51-80	12-33 13-23	9.3-29	3.5-6.5 5.1-6.5
	31-00	13-23	9.0-20	3.1-0.3
75379:				
Kaintuck	0-9	4.0-12	5.0-10	5.6-7.3
	9-36	5.0-12	4.0-10	5.6-7.3
	36-80	2.0-8.0	2.0-8.0	5.6-7.3
75381:		İ		į
Bearthicket	0-6	8.1-13	3.6-9.2	5.1-7.3
	6-19	7.9-12	4.0-8.0	5.1-7.3
	19-45	6.6-14	3.9-8.1	5.1-7.3
	45-64 64-80	5.9-12 4.7-6.6	5.4-10 5.6-6.0	5.1-7.3 5.6-7.3
75395:				
Jamesfin	0-6	6.0-20	4.0-18	5.6-7.8
	6-15 15-53	6.0-20 6.0-20	4.0-18 5.0-19	5.6-7.8 5.6-7.8
	53-62	6.0-20	5.0-19	5.6-7.8
'				

Table 19.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	exchange capacity	Effective cation- exchange capacity	
	Inches	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	pН
75408:			 	
Secesh	0-4	9.3-11	4.4-7.1	5.1-6.0
	4-10	7.3-9.8	3.7-6.0	5.1-6.0
	10-26 26-36	6.9-14	3.5-11	4.5-6.0
	36-80	5.1-8.6	3.0-4.8	4.5-6.0
75409:			 	
Relfe	0-7	5.4-12	5.4-10	5.6-7.3
	7-64	1.4-6.3	0.5-4.3 	5.6-7.3
75411: Tilk	0-8	7.8-22	3.7-18	5.1-6.5
1111	8-16	4.7-7.1	1.8-3.8	4.5-6.0
	16-47	3.3-8.0	1.0-5.9	4.5-6.0
	47-70	2.4-8.6	0.5-6.2	5.1-6.0
75416:			 	
Gladden	0-5	7.5-11	0.0-9.8	5.6-7.3
	5-26	6.0-8.5	0.0-6.2	5.6-7.3
	26-58	2.9-12	0.0-12	5.6-7.3
	58-77	1.0-4.3	0.0-1.1	5.1-6.5
75417:			 	
Relfe	0-6	6.4-12	3.9-10	5.1-7.3
	6-80	1.5-6.3	0.5-4.3	5.1-7.3
Sandbur	0-8	4.0-10	2.0-10	5.6-7.3
	8-50	5.0-8.0	2.0-8.0	5.6-7.3
	50-80	2.0-10	0.5-5.0	5.1-6.5
75426:				
Gabriel	0-14	15-25	11-21	5.6-7.3
	14-46 46-81	15-25 15-25	10-20 12-22	5.1-7.3
75428:		İ	 	 -
Tilk	0-4	7.8-22	 3.7-18	5.1-6.5
j	4-10	4.7-8.0	1.8-3.8	4.5-6.0
	10-35	3.3-8.0	1.0-5.9	4.5-6.0
	35-65	2.4-8.6	0.5-6.2	5.1-6.0
Cornwall	0-8	7.0-15	3.0-15	5.1-7.3
	8-35	7.0-19		4.5-5.5
	35-62	7.0-19	6.0-16	4.5-5.5
	62-80	7.0-20	6.0-18 	4.5-5.5
Poynor	0-1	10-40		3.5-6.5
	1-4	6.9-15		3.5-6.0
	4-9	3.2-7.3	'	3.5-6.0
	9-26 26-80	2.9-12		4.5-5.5 4.5-5.5
75420.			 	
75429: Tilk	0-8	5.0-12	 2.0-10	 5.1-6.5
	8-14	2.0-12	2.0-10	4.5-6.0
	14-37	2.0-12	2.0-10	4.5-6.0
	37-80	2.0-12	2.0-10	5.1-6.0

Table 19.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	1	Effective	
and soil name		exchange		reaction
		capacity 	capacity	
	Inches	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	рН
75429:				
Secesh	0-10	9.3-10	4.4-7.1	5.1-6.5
	10-16	6.9-9.8	3.5-4.3	4.5-6.0
	16-36	6.9-14	3.5-11	4.5-6.0
	36-80	5.9-9.8	2.8-5.1	4.5-6.0
75430:				
Wideman	0-5	1.0-15	1.0-12	5.1-7.3
	5-13	1.0-15	1.0-12	5.1-7.3
	13-21	2.9-15	2.0-12	5.1-7.3
	21-49	1.0-10	1.0-10	5.1-7.3
	49-71	1.0-15	1.0-10	5.1-7.3
75451:		i		
Gladden	0-5	10-20	5.0-10	5.6-7.3
	5-53	5.0-10	3.0-7.0	5.6-7.3
	53-80	5.0-10	3.0-7.0	5.1-6.5
75467:				
Wilbur	0-9	4.0-16	4.0-16	5.6-7.3
	9-60	4.0-15	4.0-15	5.6-7.3
75468:				
Elsah	0-10	11-19	11-19	5.6-7.3
	10-20	8.0-17	8.0-17	5.6-7.3
	20-60	5.0-12	5.0-12	5.6-7.3
77000:				
Killarney	0-1	10-40	5.0-30	3.5-6.5
	1-5	7.5-10	2.6-7.6	4.5-6.0
	5-16	3.5-5.9	1.6-3.0	4.5-6.0
	16-32	4.2-11	2.3-8.0	4.5-5.5
	32-48 48-80	4.9-10	4.0-7.6 4.3-10	3.5-5.0 4.5-5.5
		İ		
Frenchmill	0-1	10-40	5.0-30	3.5-6.5
	1-6	5.6-14	2.9-10	4.5-6.0
	6-19 19-27	3.7-8.1 4.7-13	2.1-3.9	4.5-5.5
	27-58	6.2-25	4.2-23	4.5-5.5
	58-80	9.3-18	7.4-13	4.5-5.5
77000				
Delassus	0-3	6.9-11	5.0-12	 4.5-6.0
	3-7	6.0-15	3.0-8.0	4.5-6.0
	7-31	9.2-20	5.0-15	3.5-5.5
	31-61	7.1-13	3.0-15	3.5-5.5
	61-80			
77005:				
Hassler	0-1	10-40	5.0-30	3.5-6.5
	1-6	12-22	4.9-16	4.5-6.0
	6-11	5.5-10	2.7-8.8	4.5-6.0
	11-20	7.4-22	4.8-17	4.5-5.5
	20-34 34-42	8.5-15 7.4-15	5.5-12 4.5-12	4.5-5.5
		7.4-15	4.5-12	4.5-5.5

Table 19.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	exchange capacity	Effective cation- exchange capacity	
	Inches	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	pН
77005 :				
Syenite	0-1	10-40	5.0-30	3.5-6.5
	1-4	8.0-22	3.0-16	4.5-6.0
	4-9	5.5-10	2.7-8.8	4.5-6.0
	9-19	9.5-21	6.5-17	4.5-5.5
	19-29	7.6-14	5.5-12	4.5-5.5
77008:	0.1	10.40	 F 0 30	
Hassler	0-1 1-3	10-40 12-22	5.0-30 4.9-16	3.5-6.5 4.5-6.0
	3-9	5.5-10	2.7-8.8	4.5-6.0
	9-24	9.5-21	6.5-16	4.5-5.5
	24-31	8.5-14	5.5-12	4.5-5.5
	31-48	7.4-15	4.5-12	4.5-5.5
j		i		
Calhoun	0-9	5.0-20	4.0-15	 4. 5-7.3
	9-24	5.0-15	2.0-12	3.5-6.0
	24-36	5.0-20	5.0-20	3.5-5.5
	36-80	5.0-20	5.0-20	4.5-7.8
80001:				
Oaklimeter	0-14	5.0-15	3.0-15	4.5-7.3
j	14-34	5.0-15	3.0-15	4.5-6.5
	34-57	4.0-12	1.0-10	4.5-5.5
	57-71	4.0-12	1.0-10	4.5-5.5
82000:				
Dubbs	0-9	5.0-15	2.0-12	4.5-6.0
	9-58	5.0-15	2.0-12	4.5-6.0
	58-80	5.0-25	2.0-20	4.5-6.0
82001:				
Amagon	0-5	10-25	7.0-20	5.1-6.5
	5-20	5.0-20	2.0-15	4.5-6.5
	20-53	10-25	7.0-20	4.5-6.5
	53-80	10-25	7.0-20	5.1-6.5
82002:		İ		
Forestdale	0-2	10-40	5.0-30	3.5-6.5
	2-9	17-34	12-13	4.5-6.5
	9-51	19-38	16-21	4.5-7.8
	51-80	15-24	13-21	4. 5-7.8
82005:		İ		
Malden	0-6	2.0-9.0	1.0-7.0	5.1-7.3
	6-37	3.0-8.0	1.0-6.0	5.1-6.5
	37-80	2.0-6.0	1.0-5.0	5.1-6.5
82006:		İ		
Bosket	0-9	2.0-15	0.5-12	4.5-7.3
	9-20	2.0-15	0.5-12	4.5-6.5
	20-45 45-80	10-25	2.0-20 0.5-12	5.1-6.5 4.5-6.5
	-5 50			
82007:	0.7			
Bosket	0-7 7-16	5.0-15	3.0-12	5.1-7.3 5.1-6.5
	7-16 16-37	5.0-15 10-25	3.0-12 7.0-22	5.1-6.5 5.1-6.5
	37-67	5.0-15	3.0-12	3.1-6.5 4.5-6.5
	3, 0,	1 3.0-13	J.U-12	1.5-0.5

Table 19.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	exchange	Effective cation- exchange capacity	reaction	
	Inches	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	pН	
82009:					
Forestdale	0-4	17-34	12-13	4.5-6.5	
	4-40	19-38	16-21	4.5-6.0	
İ	40-60	15-24	13-21	4.5-7.8	
82010:		 			
Amagon	0-12	8.0-15	8.0-20	4.5-7.3	
	12-28	5.0-15	5.0-20	4.5-6.0	
	28-70	8.0-20	5.0-20	4.5-6.0	
	70-80	10-20	5.0-20	5.1-7.3	
82011:					
Crowley	0-9	10-25	5.0-15	5.1-7.3	
	9-16	8.0-25	5.0-15	5.1-6.5	
	16-39	22-45	16-40	4.5-7.3	
	39-56 56-80	8.0-25	5.0-20 1.0-15	4.5-7.3 4.5-7.3	
l I	56-80	3.0-20	1.0-15	4.5-7.3	
86000:		İ			
Dubbs	0-5	5.0-15	2.0-10	4.5-6.0	
	5-47 47-80	5.0-15	2.0-10	4.5-6.0 4.5-6.0	
l I	47-80	3.0-20	2.0-15	4.5-6.0	
86001:		İ			
Calhoun	0-6	5.0-20	4.0-15	4.5-7.3	
	6-25	5.0-15	2.0-12	4.5-7.3	
	25-50 50-80	5.0-15	2.0-12	4.5-5.5 4.5-8.4	
l I	50-80	5.0-20	5.0-20	4.5-8.4	
86002:		į			
Falaya	0-10	10-15	5.0-10	4.5-6.5	
	10-34 34-69	5.0-15	2.0-10	4.5-5.5 4.5-5.5	
l I	69-80	5.0-15	2.0-10	4.5-5.5	
<u> </u>		į			
86003: Amagon	0-4	8.0-16	8.0-20	4.5-7.3	
	4-15	5.0-15	5.0-20	4.5-6.0	
	15-71	8.0-21	5.0-20	4.5-6.0	
į	71-80	10-20	5.0-20	5.1-7.3	
86004:					
Forestdale	0-4	15-35	10-30	4.5-6.5	
	4-55	15-35	10-30	4.5-7.8	
	55-63	15-35	10-30	4.5-7.8	
90000:					
Memphis	0-4	9.0-23	8.0-21	4.5-7.3	
	4-9	11-25	10-22	4.5-7.3	
	9-50	11-22	10-20	4.5-6.0	
	50-65	11-22	10-20	5.1-6.0	
90001:					
Memphis	0-2	9.0-23	8.0-21	4.5-6.0	
	2-64	11-25	10-22	4.5-6.0	
	64-78	11-22	10-20	5.1-6.0	
99001.			 		
Water		1			

Table 19.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth		 Effective cation- exchange capacity	
	Inches	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	pН
99003. Miscellaneous water		 	 	
99007. Dam		 	 	
99015: Udorthents.		 	 	
Water.		 	 	

Table 20.--Water Features

(See text for definitions of terms used in this table. Estimates of the frequency of ponding and flooding apply to the whole year rather than to individual months. Absence of an entry indicates that the feature is not a concern or that data were not estimated.)

	 		1	!	table	I	Ponding		Floo	
Map symbol	Hydro-		Month	Upper	Lower	Surface	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
and soil name	logic	runoff	1	limit	limit	water				
	group	<u> </u>	1			depth	l	<u> </u>		1
			1	Ft	Ft	Ft				
0033:		l I	I I	1	l I			I I	 	
Wrengart	l c	 Medium	1	1	l I	 				
Wiengar C	-	Medium	November	2.0-3.5	 2		 	None	 	None
		 	December	2.0-3.5				None		None
		 	January		2.8-4.3			None		None
		 	February	2.0-3.5				None		None
		 	March		2.8-4.3			None		None
		 	April		2.8-4.3			None		None
		 		2.0 3.3	1.0 1.5				 	
50046:		 	i	İ	i i				 	i i
Minnith	c	Very high	i	İ	i i				 	i i
			January	3.0-6.0	3.5-6.5			None		None
		İ	February	3.0-6.0				None		None
		İ	March		3.5-6.5			None		None
		İ	April		3.5-6.5			None		None
		 	November	3.0-6.0				None		None
		 	December		3.5-6.5			None		None
50053:		 	i		İ			i	 	
Winfield	B	Medium	i		İ			i	 	
	i -		December	1.7-2.5	5.0-5.0			None		None
	i	İ	January		5.0-5.0			None		None
			February	1.7-2.5				None		None
		 	March		5.0-5.0			None		None
		 	April		5.0-5.0			None		None
		 		1.7	3.0 3.0				 	
50054:			ì	i				i		
Minnith	c	High	i		İ			i	 	
			January	3.0-6.0	3.5-6.5			None		None
		 	February	3.0-6.0				None		None
		 	March		3.5-6.5			None		None
	i		April		3.5-6.5			None		None
	i		November	3.0-6.0				None		None
	i		December		3.5-6.5			None		None
	i					i				
50055:			ì	i				i		
Winfield	В	Low	ì	i				i		
	i -		February	2.0-3.5	>6.0			None		None
	i	İ	March	2.0-3.5				None		None
			April	2.0-3.5				None		None
	i					i				
56000:	i		i	i	i	i		i		İ
Moniteau	C/D	Medium	i		İ			i	 	
	0,2		January	0.0-1.0	>6.0			None	 Very brief	Occasiona
		 	February	0.0-1.0				None	Very brief	Occasiona
		 	March	0.0-1.0				None	Very brief	Occasiona
		 	April	0.0-1.0				None	Very brief	Occasiona
		İ	May	0.0-1.0				None	Very brief	Occasiona
		İ	June					None	Very brief	Rare
		İ	July					None	Very brief	Rare
		! 	August					None	Very brief	Rare
		! 	September					None	Very brief	Rare
		! 	October					None	Very brief	Rare
		! 	November	0.0-1.0				None	Very brief	Occasiona
		! 	December	0.0-1.0			 	None	Very brief	Occasiona
	1	I .	December	10.0-1.0	/ /0.0			140116	ACTA DITEL	Occasiona

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

				Water	table	<u> </u>	Ponding		Floo	ding
Map symbol	Hydro-	Surface	Month	Upper	Lower	Surface	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
and soil name	logic	runoff	ļ	limit	limit	water				
	group		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	depth	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
			ļ	Ft	Ft	Ft				
				!	!	!				
66054:	!!!			!		!				
Wakeland	C	Low		!						
			November					None	Very brief	Frequent
			December	1.2-2.0				None	Very brief	Frequent
			January	1.2-2.0				None	Very brief	Frequent
			February	1.2-2.0				None	Very brief	Frequent
			March	1.2-2.0				None	Very brief	Frequent
			April	1.2-2.0				None	Very brief	Frequent
			May					None	Very brief	Frequent
			June					None	Very brief	Occasional
			July					None	Very brief	Occasional
			August					None	Very brief	Occasional
			September					None	Very brief	Occasional
			October					None	Very brief	Occasional
CCOFF			1	1	[1		
66055:			1	1	[1		
Haymond	B	Very low		1	[
			November					None	Very brief	Occasional
			December					None	Very brief	Occasional
			January					None	Very brief	Occasional
			February					None	Very brief	Occasional
			March					None	Very brief	Occasional
			April					None	Very brief	Occasional
			May					None	Very brief	Occasional
			June					None	Very brief	Rare
			July					None	Very brief	Rare
			August					None	Very brief	Rare
			September					None	Very brief	Rare
			October					None	Very brief	Rare
72055				1			 			
73055:		****								
Alred	B	High	 							
			Jan-Dec					None		None
Para bases		***	-							
Rueter	B	High								
			Jan-Dec					None		None
F3100										
73100:										
Wrengart	C	Low	 							
			January		2.8-4.3			None		None
			February	2.0-3.5				None		None
			March		2.8-4.3			None		None
			April	1	2.8-4.3		 	None	 	None
			November		2.8-4.3		 	None	!	None
			December	2.0-3.5	2.8-4.3			None		None
73101:			I	1	I I	I	 	I I	I I	I I
Wrengart	c	Medium	I I	I	I I	1	 	I I	I I	I I
wrendar c		Medium	Tanuare	2.0-3.5	1 0 4 2		l I	None	 	None
			January				 	None	 	None
			February	2.0-3.5			!	None	!	None
	<u> </u>		March April	2.0-3.5				None		None
				14.0-3.5	2.8-4.3			None		None
							i	Menn	i	NT
			November December	2.0-3.5			 	None None	i	None None

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

			1		table	<u> </u>	Ponding		Floo	
Map symbol and soil name	Hydro-	Surface runoff	Month	Upper limit	Lower	Surface water	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
	group		1	 Ft	 Ft	depth Ft				<u> </u>
				FC	FC	FC				
3139:	į	İ	İ	İ	į	į į		į į		İ
Poynor	В	Medium								
			Jan-Dec					None		None
Clarksville	 B	Medium		1		 				
CIAIRSVIIIE	5	Median	Jan-Dec			 		None		None
				İ	İ	i i		i i		
Scholten	C	Medium								
			December		1.2-2.5			None		None
			January		1.2-2.5			None		None
	l I	 	February March		1.2-2.5 1.2-2.5			None None		None None
			April		1.2-2.5			None		None
3140:	İ		İ	i	į	i i		į į		
Clarksville	В	High	İ	Ì	İ	İ		į į		
			Jan-Dec					None		None
- 1 - 1										
Scholten	C	Very high	Demonite	11 2 2 0	11 2 2 0			N		Name .
	l I	 	December January	1.2-2.9	1.3-3.0			None None		None None
			February	1.2-2.9				None		None
			March		1.3-3.0			None		None
			April		1.3-3.0			None		None
	į	į	į -	į	į	į į		į į		j
3141:										
Firebaugh	C	High								
			December	1.5-2.2				None		None
			January		2.5-3.2			None		None
	 		February March	1.5-2.2	2.5-3.2			None None		None None
			April		2.5-3.2			None		None
						i i		1.0220		
3145:	į		İ	į	į	į į		į į		İ
Crider	В	Medium								
			Jan-Dec					None		None
								!!!		
3146:	-	36. 34						!!!		
Marquand	C	Medium	December	2.0-2.5	12 5 2 0	 		N		Non-
	 	 	January		2.5-3.0			None None		None None
		 	February	2.0-2.5				None		None
			March		2.5-3.0			None		None
	İ		April		2.5-3.0			None		None
			İ	İ	İ	į į		į į		
3150:					[
Caneyville	C	High		ļ						
			Jan-Dec					None		None
Bucklick	 C	l High								
Buckiick	0	High	Jan-Dec			 		None		None
		 	Jan-Dec			 		110116		140116
3151:	i			İ	i	į i				
Caneyville	C	High	İ	İ	İ	į į		į į		İ
			Jan-Dec	j	j	j j		None		None
Gasconade	D	Very high		ļ						
			Jan-Dec					None		None
		***		I						
			1	1	1			1 1		1
Bucklick	C	High	Jan-Dec	i		' I		None		None

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

	 		1	·	table	<u> </u>	Ponding			ding
Map symbol	Hydro-	Surface	Month	Upper		Surface	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequen
and soil name	logic	runoff	ļ	limit	limit	water		!!!		
	group	<u> </u>	1			depth				
		 		Ft	Ft	Ft				
3156:		 			 	 				
Alred	В	 High	i		i			i i		
	i		Jan-Dec			i i		None		None
	i	İ	i	i	İ	i i		i i		İ
Gepp	В	High	1							
			Jan-Dec					None		None
			ļ		!					
3157:	-		1							
Captina	c C	Medium								
		l I	December	1.5-3.0				None None		None None
	1	 	January February	1.5-3.0		: :		None		None
		 	March	1.5-3.0		: :		None		None
		! 	April	1.5-3.0				None		None
3223:	i	<u> </u>	i	i	İ	i i		i i		İ
Coulstone	В	Medium	İ	İ	İ	į į		į į		İ
			Jan-Dec	j	j	j j		None		None
Bender	В	High								
			Jan-Dec					None		None
			ļ		!					
3264:			ļ		!			!!!		
Alred	В	High	!							
			Jan-Dec					None		None
		***	-							
Wrengart	C	High	December	12 5 2 2		l l		None		None
	1	 	January	2.5-3.2				None		None
		 	February	2.5-3.2				None		None
		 	March	2.5-3.2				None		None
			April	2.5-3.2		: :		None		None
	i		i	i	İ	i i		i i		İ
3265:	İ	İ	ì	i	į	i i		į į		İ
Captina	C	Very high	İ	İ	ĺ	İ		į į		İ
			December	1.6-2.8	1.7-2.9			None		None
			January	1.6-2.8				None		None
			February	1.6-2.8				None		None
			March	1.6-2.8		: :		None		None
			April	1.6-2.8	1.7-2.9			None		None
	-		1							
Scholten	c C	Very high		1 0 0 4						
		l i	December January	1.0-2.4				None None		None None
	1	 	February	1.0-2.4				None		None
		 	March	1.0-2.4				None		None
		 	April	1.0-2.4				None		None
		 				' ' 		1.0220		
3266:	i	İ	i	i	i	<u> </u>		j i		
Hildebrecht	C	High	İ	i	į	j i		<u> </u>		İ
	i		December	2.0-3.0	2.1-3.1	i i		None		None
	İ		January	2.0-3.0				None		None
			February	2.0-3.0				None		None
			March	2.0-3.0	2.1-3.1	j j		None		None
			April	2.0-3.0	2.1-3.1			None		None
3267:										
Yelton	C	Very high	ļ							
			December	1.5-2.0				None		None
			January	1.5-2.0				None		None
		 -	February	1.5-2.0				None		None
		 	March	1.5-2.0				None		None
	1	I	April	1.5-2.0	∠.∪-≾.5			None		None

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

		 -	I		table	<u> </u>	Ponding		Floo	
Map symbol	Hydro-	Surface	Month	Upper	Lower	Surface	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequenc
and soil name	logic	runoff		limit	limit	water				
	group	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ		depth		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
			ļ	Ft	Ft	Ft		!!!		
200			1							
3267:		 *******	1							
Scholten	C	Very high	Dogombon	11024	 1 2 2 E	 		None		None
		 	December	1.0-2.4				None		None
		l i	January		1.2-2.5 1.2-2.5			None None		None None
		 	February March		1.2-2.5			None		None
		 	April		1.2-2.5			None		None
		 						110110		
73269:			i	i	i	i		i i		
Brussels	C	 High	ì	i	i	i		i i		
			Jan-Dec					None		None
	i	 	i	i	i	i		i i		
Gasconade	D	High	i	i	İ	i		i i		İ
	į į	İ	Jan-Dec	j	j			None		None
	į i	İ	ì	İ	İ	į		į į		İ
Rock outcrop	i	Very high						į į		
	į i		Jan-Dec					None		None
								ı İ		
3270:			İ	ĺ	ĺ	İ		į į		İ
Wrengart	C	High								
			December	2.0-3.5	5.9-5.9			None		None
			January	2.0-3.5	5.9-5.9			None		None
			February	2.0-3.5	5.9-5.9			None		None
			March	2.0-3.5	5.9-5.9			None		None
			April	2.0-3.5	5.9-5.9			None		None
73343:										
Captina	C	High	Ţ							
			December	1.6-2.8				None		None
			January		1.7-2.9			None		None
			February	1.6-2.8				None		None
			March		1.7-2.9			None		None
			April	1.6-2.8	1.7-2.9			None		None
			ļ					!!!		
73344:	_		1					! !		
Captina	C	High								
			December	1.6-2.8				None		None
		 	January		1.7-2.9			None		None
		 	February	1.6-2.8	1.7-2.9			None		None
		l i	March		1.7-2.9			None		None None
		 	April	1.0-2.0	11.7-2.9			None		None
3345:	[[I I	I	I I	1		, l		
Hildebrecht	 C	 High			I I					
**************************************		g	December	2.0-2.5	 2.1-2 6			None		None
		1 	January		2.1-2.6			None		None
		1 	February		2.1-2.6			None		None
		! 	March		2.1-2.6			None		None
		! 	April		2.1-2.6			None		None
		! 			,	i				
3346:		! 	İ	i	İ			;		
Hildebrecht	C	 High	i	i	İ	i		; ;		
			December	2.0-2.5	2.1-2.6			None		None
		! 	January		2.1-2.6			None		None
		! 	February		2.1-2.6			None		None
		! 	March		2.1-2.6			None		None
		! 	April		2.1-2.6			None		None
		! !				1				1

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

				Water	table		Ponding		Floo	ding
Map symbol and soil name	Hydro- logic group	Surface runoff	Month 	Upper limit	Lower limit	Surface water depth	Duration	Frequency 	Duration	Frequency
	İ		İ	Ft	Ft	Ft		İ		İ
	į į		İ	İ	ĺ	ĺ				
4644:										
Deible	D	Low								
			December		1.5-3.0			None		None
			January		1.5-3.0			None		None
			February	0.0-1.0				None		None
			March		1.5-3.0			None		None
	!!		April	0.0-1.0	1.5-3.0			None		None
			ļ							
4646:		36. 37	-							
Cornwall	c	Medium				 				
			December	1.5-3.0				None None		None None
			January	1.5-3.0						
			February	1.5-3.0				None		None
			March April	1.5-3.0	2.0-3.5			None None		None None
			Aprii	1.5-3.0	2.0-3.5 	 		None		None
4648:			-		 	 				
Aslinger	c	Medium			l I	 				I I
nsiiigei		Median	December	1.5-2.5	 2 5-3 0	 		None		None
			January	1.5-2.5				None		None
			February	1.5-2.5				None		None
	i i		March	1.5-2.5				None		None
	i i		April	1.5-2.5				None		None
	i i									
4649:	i i		i	İ	İ	i		İ		İ
Aslinger	ci	Medium	į	i	İ	i i		İ		İ
-	i i		December	1.5-2.5	2.5-3.0	i i		None		None
	i i		January	1.5-2.5	2.5-3.0			None		None
	i i		February	1.5-2.5	2.5-3.0			None		None
	į į		March	1.5-2.5	2.5-3.0			None		None
			April	1.5-2.5	2.5-3.0			None		None
Waben	B	Medium								
			Jan-Dec					None		None
4679:										
Higdon	C	Medium								
			November					None	Very brief	Rare
			December	1.5-1.7				None	Very brief	Rare
			January	1.5-1.7				None	Very brief	Rare
	ļ ļ		February	1.5-1.7				None	Very brief	Rare
	ļ ļ		March	1.5-1.7				None	Very brief	Rare
	!!		April	1.5-1.7				None	Very brief	Rare
	!!		May					None	Very brief	Rare
	!!		June					None	Very brief	Very rar
			July					None	Very brief	Very rar
			August					None	Very brief	Very rar
			September					None	Very brief	Very rar
	1		October					None	Very brief	Very rar

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

				Water	table	<u> </u>	Ponding		Floor	ding
Map symbol	Hydro-	Surface	Month	Upper	Lower	Surface	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
and soil name	logic	runoff		limit	limit	water				
	group	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	depth		<u> </u>		
				Ft	Ft	Ft				
				!						
1680:				ļ						
Moniteau	C/D	Medium		ļ						
			November					None	Very brief	Rare
			December	0.0-1.0				None	Very brief	Rare
			January	0.0-1.0				None	Very brief	Rare
			February	0.0-1.0	1			None	Very brief	Rare
			March	0.0-1.0				None	Very brief	Rare
			April	0.0-1.0	1			None	Very brief	Rare
			May					None	Very brief	Rare
			June					None	Very brief	Very rar
			July					None	Very brief	Very rar
			August					None	Very brief	Very rar
			September					None	Very brief	Very rar
			October					None	Very brief	Very rar
			!	!		<u> </u>		!	!	
4685:			!	!		<u> </u>		!	!	
Auxvasse	D	Very high	!	!		<u> </u>		!	!	
			January		5.9-6.3			None		None
			February		5.9-6.3			None		None
			March		5.9-6.3			None		None
			April		5.9-6.3			None		None
			May		5.9-6.3			None		None
			November		5.9-6.3			None		None
			December	1.0-2.0	5.9-6.3			None		None
5379:										
Kaintuck	В	Very low								
			November					None	Very brief	Frequen
			December					None	Very brief	Frequen
			January					None	Very brief	Frequen
			February					None	Very brief	Frequen
			March					None	Very brief	Frequen
			April					None	Very brief	Frequen
			May					None	Very brief	Occasion
			June					None	Very brief	Rare
			July					None	Very brief	Rare
			August					None	Very brief	Rare
			September					None	Very brief	Rare
			October					None	Very brief	Occasion
5381:										
Bearthicket	В	Low								
			November					None	Very brief	Rare
			December			i i		None	Very brief	Rare
			January			i i		None	Very brief	Rare
			February			i i		None	Very brief	Rare
			March			i i		None	Very brief	Rare
			April		i	i i		None	Very brief	Rare
			May	j		i i		None	Very brief	Rare
	1		June	j	i	i i		None	Very brief	Very ran
	1			i	i	i i		None	Very brief	Very rar
			July						AGLA DITEL	very rar
		 	July August			i i		None	Very brief	-
		 - 		!	!	 				Very rar Very rar

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

	I	I .	1	!	table	<u> </u>	Ponding		Floo	
Map symbol and soil name	Hydro- logic	Surface runoff	Month	Upper limit	Lower	Surface water	Duration 	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
	group	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	l	depth	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
		!	!	Ft	Ft	Ft			!	!
5395: Jamesfin										
Jamesiin	B	Low	November		 		 	None	Warr brief	 Occasional
	1	l I	December	4.0-6.0	1		 	None None	Very brief Very brief	Occasiona
		 	January	4.0-6.0			 	None	Very brief	Occasional
		 	February	4.0-6.0				None	Very brief	Occasional
			March	4.0-6.0				None	Very brief	Occasiona
			April	4.0-6.0				None	Very brief	Occasiona
	i	İ	May				i	None	Very brief	Occasiona
	İ	İ	June	j	i	j	i	None	Very brief	Rare
	İ	İ	July	j	i			None	Very brief	Rare
	į	İ	August		j			None	Very brief	Rare
			September					None	Very brief	Rare
			October					None	Very brief	Rare
5408:		!			<u> </u>	!			ļ	
Secesh	В	Low			ļ					_
			November					None	Very brief	Rare
			December					None	Very brief	Rare
			January					None	Very brief	Rare
			February					None	Very brief	Rare
			March					None	Very brief	Rare
	1	l I	April May		 		 	None None	Very brief Very brief	Rare Rare
	1	 	June				 	None	Very brief	Very rare
	1	 	July				 	None	Very brief	Very rare
		 	August					None	Very brief	Very rare
			September					None	Very brief	Very rare
		 	October		 		 	None	Very brief	Very rare
				i	İ	i	İ			
5409:	İ	İ	İ	İ	į	į	İ	İ	İ	İ
Relfe	A	Negligible		İ	ĺ	İ		į	İ	ĺ
			November					None	Very brief	Occasiona:
			December					None	Very brief	Occasional
			January					None	Very brief	Occasional
			February					None	Very brief	Occasional
			March					None	Very brief	Occasional
			April					None	Very brief	Occasional
			May					None	Very brief	Occasiona
			June					None	Very brief	Rare
		 	July					None	Very brief	Rare
		I I	August September		 		 	None None	Very brief Very brief	Rare Rare
	1	l I	October		 			None	Very brief	Rare
		 	OCTOBEL		 		 	None	very prier	Kale
5411:		 	İ		l I		! 	i i		!
7111. Tilk	A	Low		i	<u> </u>	İ			i	
	i	İ	November					None	Very brief	Rare
	i	İ	December					None	Very brief	Rare
	i	İ	January					None	Very brief	Rare
	i	İ	February					None	Very brief	Rare
			March	j	j	j	i	None	Very brief	Rare
			April	j	j	j	i	None	Very brief	Rare
			May	j	j	j	i	None	Very brief	Rare
			June	i	i	j		None	Very brief	Very rare
			July	i	i	j		None	Very brief	Very rare
			August					None	Very brief	Very rare
			September					None	Very brief	Very rare
			October					None	Very brief	Very rare
		 	October 					None	Very brief 	Ve:

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

	1	1	1	Water		<u> </u>	Ponding		Floor	
Map symbol	Hydro-		Month	Upper	Lower	Surface	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
and soil name	logic	runoff		limit	limit	water				
	group	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		depth		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
				Ft	Ft	Ft				
75416:										
Gladden	B	Very low							**************	
			November					None	Very brief	Occasional Occasional
	1	l I	December January					None None	Very brief Very brief	Occasional
		 	February					None	Very brief	Occasional
		 	March			i i		None	Very brief	Occasional
			April	i		i i		None	Very brief	Occasional
	i		May			i i		None	Very brief	Occasiona
	i	İ	June			i i		None	Very brief	Rare
	İ	İ	July	j j		i i		None	Very brief	Rare
	İ	İ	August	j i		i i		None	Very brief	Rare
	İ		September			j j		None	Very brief	Rare
			October					None	Very brief	Rare
						l İ			1	
75417:										
Relfe	A	Negligible]					[
		!	December					None	Very brief	Frequent
			January					None	Very brief	Frequent
			February					None	Very brief	Frequent
			March					None	Very brief	Frequent
			April					None	Very brief	Frequent
			May					None	Very brief	Occasional
		l I	June July					None None	Very brief	Rare Rare
	1	l I	August					None	Very brief Very brief	Rare
		 	September					None	Very brief	Rare
		 	October	i		i i		None	Very brief	Rare
		 	November			i i		None	Very brief	Occasional
						i				
Sandbur	A	Very low	İ	į i		i i		i	i	İ
	İ	į -	December	j i		j j		None	Very brief	Frequent
	İ	İ	January	j i		i i		None	Very brief	Frequent
	İ		February			j j		None	Very brief	Frequent
			March					None	Very brief	Frequent
			April					None	Very brief	Frequent
			May					None	Very brief	Occasional
			June					None	Very brief	Rare
			July					None	Very brief	Rare
			August					None	Very brief	Rare
			September					None	Very brief	Rare
			October					None	Very brief	Rare
			November					None	Very brief	Occasiona
75426:		I I	1	[[I I	
/5426: Gabriel	 B/D	Low	1					 		I
	2,5	25**	November	1.0-2.5	>6.0			None	Brief	Rare
			December	1.0-2.5				None	Brief	Rare
			January	1.0-2.5				None	Brief	Rare
	i	į	February	1.0-2.5		i i		None	Brief	Rare
	i	į	March	1.0-2.5		i i		None	Brief	Rare
	i	İ	April	1.0-2.5		i i		None	Brief	Rare
	i	İ	May	1.0-2.5		i i		None	Brief	Rare
			June	i		i i		None	Brief	Very rare
			July	j j		j j		None	Brief	Very rare
			August	j j		j j		None	Brief	Very rare
	İ		September					None	Brief	Very rare

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

			1	!	table	<u>!</u>	Ponding		Floo	
Map symbol	Hydro-	Surface	Month	Upper	Lower	Surface	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
and soil name	logic	runoff		limit	limit	water				
	group		<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>	depth		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
				Ft	Ft	Ft				
-100										
5428:		******* 1								
Tilk	A	Very low			 	 		Non e	*******	 ^
			November December		 	 		None	Very brief	Occasional Occasional
			January		 	 		None None	Very brief Very brief	Occasional
	1 1		February					None	Very brief	Occasional
			March					None	Very brief	Occasional
			April					None	Very brief	Occasional
			May					None	Very brief	Occasional
	i i		June					None	Very brief	Rare
	i i		July					None	Very brief	Rare
	i i		August					None	Very brief	Rare
	i i		September					None	Very brief	Rare
	i i		October					None	Very brief	Rare
	į į		İ	İ	İ	j		İ	İ	
Cornwall	c	High	İ	İ	İ	j		İ	İ	
	į į		December	1.4-2.7	2.0-3.5			None		None
	į į		January	1.4-2.7	2.0-3.5			None		None
			February	1.4-2.7	2.0-3.5			None		None
			March	1.4-2.7	2.0-3.5			None		None
			April	1.4-2.7	2.0-3.5			None		None
Poynor	В	Medium								
			Jan-Dec					None		None
75429:										
Tilk	A	Very low								
			November					None	Very brief	Occasional
			December					None	Very brief	Occasional
			January					None	Very brief	Occasional
			February					None	Very brief	Occasional
			March					None	Very brief	Occasional
			April		 	 		None	Very brief	Occasional
			May		 	 		None	Very brief	Occasional
			June		 	 		None None	Very brief Very brief	Rare
			July		 	 		None	Very brief	Rare
	1 1		August			 		None	Very brief	Rare
			October					None	Very brief	Rare
								None	very brier	Naie
Secesh	B	Low			l I	 			 	
	-		November			 		None	Very brief	 Rare
	j		December					None	Very brief	Rare
	j		January					None	Very brief	Rare
	j		February					None	Very brief	Rare
	į i		March					None	Very brief	Rare
	į i		April					None	Very brief	Rare
	į į		May					None	Very brief	Rare
	į i		June					None	Very brief	Very rare
	į į		July	j	i	i i		None	Very brief	Very rare
	į į		August	j	i	i i		None	Very brief	Very rare
	i i		September	j	j	j j		None	Very brief	Very rare

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

			1	Water		<u> </u>	Ponding		Floor	
Map symbol	Hydro-	Surface	Month	Upper	Lower	Surface	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
and soil name	logic	runoff		limit	limit	water				
	group		<u> </u>	ļ		depth		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
				Ft	Ft	Ft				
75420										
'5430: Wideman		Warr law						l I	 	l I
wideman	· A	Very low	November					None	 Very brief	 Occasiona
			December					None	Very brief	Occasiona
			January					None	Very brief	Occasiona
	i i		February					None	Very brief	Occasiona
	i i		March	j i				None	Very brief	Occasiona
	į į		April	j i		j		None	Very brief	Occasiona
			May					None	Very brief	Occasiona
			June					None	Very brief	Rare
			July					None	Very brief	Rare
			August					None	Very brief	Rare
			September					None	Very brief	Rare
			October					None	Very brief	Rare
75451.									 	
75451: Gladden	 - B	Low				I		 	I I	
GTGGGGII	4	TOW	November					None	 Very brief	Occasiona
			December					None	Very brief	Occasiona
			January					None	Very brief	Occasiona
	i i		February					None	Very brief	Occasiona
	i i		March	j i				None	Very brief	Occasiona
	į į		April	j i		j		None	Very brief	Occasiona
			May					None	Very brief	Occasiona
			June					None	Very brief	Rare
			July					None	Very brief	Rare
			August					None	Very brief	Rare
			September					None	Very brief	Rare
			October					None	Very brief	Rare
75467										
75467: Wilbur	 -	Low						l I	 	
WIIDUI		HOW	November					None	Brief	 Frequent
			December	1.5-2.0				None	Brief	Frequent
			January	1.5-2.0				None	Brief	Frequent
	i i		February	1.5-2.0				None	Brief	Frequent
	i i		March	1.5-2.0				None	Brief	Frequent
	i i		April	1.5-2.0	>6.0	j		None	Brief	Frequent
	j		May					None	Brief	Frequent
			June					None	Brief	Rare
			July					None	Brief	Rare
			August					None	Brief	Rare
			September					None	Brief	Rare
			October					None	Brief	Rare
75460										
75468: Elsah	 - B	Low							I I	
ETSHI	4	TOW	November					None	Brief	 Frequent
			December					None	Brief	Frequent
			January					None	Brief	Frequent
			February					None	Brief	Frequent
	j		March					None	Brief	Frequent
	į į		April					None	Brief	Frequent
	į į		May	i i				None	Brief	Frequent
	į į		June	j i		j		None	Brief	Rare
	l i		July	j j				None	Brief	Rare
			August					None	Brief	Rare
	1 1		Contombon					None	Brief	Rare
	! !		September October			!		None	Brief	Rare

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

					table	<u> </u>	Ponding		Floo	
Map symbol	Hydro-	Surface	Month	Upper	Lower	Surface	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequenc
and soil name	logic	runoff		limit	limit	water				
	group		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	depth		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
				Ft	Ft	Ft		!!!		
77000:										
Killarney	c	 High			 					
KIIIailley	-	High	December	2 0-3 0	2.5-3.5		 	None		None
			January		2.5-3.5			None		None
			February		2.5-3.5			None		None
	i i		March		2.5-3.5			None		None
	į į		April		2.5-3.5			None		None
	į į		İ	į	į	į		į į		į
Frenchmill	В	High	İ	İ	İ	İ		į į		İ
			Jan-Dec					None		None
7002:										
Delassus	C	High								
			December		2.0-3.0			None		None
			January		2.0-3.0			None		None
			February		2.0-3.0			None		None
			March		2.0-3.0			None		None
			April	1.8-2.5	2.0-3.0			None		None
7005:			l I		 					
Hassler	c	 High			 					
nassier	-	111911	December	1 8-2 5	2.0-3.0		 	None		None
			January		2.0-3.0			None		None
			February	1.8-2.5				None		None
	i i		March		2.0-3.0			None		None
	i i		April		2.0-3.0			None		None
	į į		i -	i	į	į		į į		į
Syenite	C	Very high	İ	i	į	į		į į		į
	į į		Jan-Dec					None		None
7008:										
Hassler	C	Medium								
			December	1.8-2.5				None		None
			January		2.0-3.0			None		None
			February		2.0-3.0			None		None
			March		2.0-3.0			None		None
			April	1.8-2.5	2.0-3.0			None		None
30000:			1	l I	 					
Calhoun	D	Low			 					
Carrour		20#	December	0.0-2.0	4.0-5.0			None		None
			January		4.0-5.0			None		None
	i i		February	0.0-2.0				None		None
	į i		March		4.0-5.0			None		None
	į į		April		4.0-5.0			None		None
	l i							ı i		
0001:	l i							ı İ		
Oaklimeter	C	Negligible						I İ		
			November	1.5-2.5				None		None
			December		4.0-5.0			None		None
			January		4.0-5.0			None		None
			February	1.5-2.5				None		None
			March		4.0-5.0			None		None
			April	1.5-2.5	4.0-5.0			None		None
2000:		 37==13=23=3			1					
Dubbs	B	Negligible	Jan-Dec		1			No		None
			nam-nec					None		i NOTIA

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

	 		1	!	table	<u> </u>	Ponding			ding
Map symbol and soil name	Hydro- logic	Surface runoff	Month	Upper limit	Lower limit	Surface water	Duration 	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
	group		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	depth				<u> </u>
				Ft	Ft	Ft		!		
2001										
2001:	 D	 Negligible				 	 			1
Amagon	l D	Negligible	December	0 0-1 0	4.0-5.0	 	 Very long	Frequent		None
			January		4.0-5.0		Very long	Frequent		None
		 	February		4.0-5.0		Very long	Frequent		None
			March		4.0-5.0		Very long	Frequent		None
			April		4.0-5.0		Very long	Frequent		None
	i		į -			İ				
32002:	į i		İ	İ	İ	į	İ	į i		İ
Forestdale	D	Negligible	İ	İ	İ	į	İ	į i		İ
			January	0.0-0.8	>6.0		Very long	Frequent		None
			February	0.0-0.8	>6.0		Very long	Frequent		None
			March	0.0-0.8	>6.0		Very long	Frequent		None
			April	0.0-0.8	>6.0		Very long	Frequent		None
2005:										
Malden	A	Very low								
			Jan-Dec					None		None
2006:			!	!				! !		
Bosket	В	Very low		!				! !		
			Jan-Dec					None		None
2007:				1						
Bosket	B	Low		1	 	 	 	Name	Duise	
		l I	November December			 	 	None None	Brief Brief	Occasiona Occasiona
		l I	January				 	None	Brief	Occasiona
		l I	February				 	None	Brief	Occasiona
			March				 	None	Brief	Occasiona
			April					None	Brief	Occasiona
			May					None	Brief	Occasiona
		 	June		i			None	Brief	Rare
			July	i				None	Brief	Rare
			August	i				None	Brief	Rare
	i		September	i				None	Brief	Rare
			October				i	None	Brief	Rare
	į į		İ	i	İ	į	İ	į i		İ
2009:	į į		İ	i	İ	į	İ	į i		İ
Forestdale	D	High						ı i		
	I		December	0.0-1.5	>6.0		i	None		None
			January	0.0-1.5	>6.0			None		None
			February	0.0-1.5				None		None
			March	0.0-1.5				None		None
			April	0.0-1.5	>6.0			None		None
			!					ļ I		
2010:				1		ļ		[]		
Amagon	D	Medium	1			ļ.	l	<u> </u>		
			December		4.0-5.0			None		None
			January		4.0-5.0			None		None
			February		4.0-5.0			None		None
			March		4.0-5.0			None		None
			April	0.0-2.0	4.0-5.0			None		None
2011.		 	1	1	1	 	 			
2011:		 ##	1		1	 	 			
Crowley	D	High	Dogorbow	0 5 1 5	11005	I I	 	No		
] 	December		1.0-2.5		 	None		None
] 	January		1.0-2.5		 	None		None None
		 	February March		1.0-2.5 1.0-2.5		 	None None		None None
							!	!		!
	1		April	0.5-1.5	11 0 2 5			None		None

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

Mon grade 1	TTe sell	 Cumf	Morth	:	table	C	Ponding	Emperator	Floo	
Map symbol	Hydro-	Surface	Month	Upper	Lower	Surface	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
and soil name	logic	runoff	1	limit	limit	water				
	group	l	<u> </u>	 Ft	 Ft	depth	l	1		1
	l I	 	I I	FC	FC	Ft				I I
6000:		 	1	1	 					
Dubbs	 B	Low	I I		l I					
24225	-	20#	November		 			None	Brief	Occasional
		 	December		 			None	Brief	Occasiona
		 	January		 			None	Brief	Occasiona
		 	February		 			None	Brief	Occasiona
		! 	March		 			None	Brief	Occasiona
		! 	April		 			None	Brief	Occasiona
			May					None	Brief	Occasiona
	İ		June					None	Brief	Rare
	İ		July					None	Brief	Rare
	İ	<u> </u>	August					None	Brief	Rare
	İ	<u> </u>	September					None	Brief	Rare
	i	İ	October					None	Brief	Rare
	į		İ	İ	İ	į		į		İ
36001:										1
Calhoun	D	Low								1
			November					None	Brief	Occasional
			December	0.0-2.0	4.0-5.0	i		None	Brief	Occasiona
			January	0.0-2.0	4.0-5.0			None	Brief	Occasional
			February	0.0-2.0	4.0-5.0			None	Brief	Occasional
			March	0.0-2.0	4.0-5.0			None	Brief	Occasional
			April	0.0-2.0	4.0-5.0			None	Brief	Occasional
			May					None	Brief	Occasional
			June					None	Brief	Rare
			July					None	Brief	Rare
			August					None	Brief	Rare
			September					None	Brief	Rare
			October					None	Brief	Rare
						!				!
6002:						!				!
Falaya	D	Negligible								
			November					None	Brief	Occasional
			December	1.0-2.0	1			None	Brief	Occasional
			January	1.0-2.0				None	Brief	Occasional
			February	1.0-2.0				None	Brief	Occasional
			March	1.0-2.0				None	Brief	Occasional
			April	1.0-2.0				None	Brief	Occasional
			May					None	Brief	Occasional
			June					None	Brief	Rare
		 	July					None	Brief	Rare
		 	August					None	Brief	Rare
		 	September					None	Brief	Rare
	l I	l i	October					None	Brief	Rare
6003:	 	 	1	1	I I	1				I I
Amagon	 D	 Medium	1	1	I I					1
AmicagOII	ען	Meditum	November	 	 	 	 	None	Brief	Occasional
		 	December	1.0-2.0	1		 	None	Brief	Occasional
		 	January	1.0-2.0				None	Brief	Occasional
		1 	February	1.0-2.0			 	None	Brief	Occasional
	 	 	March	1.0-2.0			 	None	Brief	Occasiona
		 	April	1.0-2.0	1		 	None	Brief	Occasiona
		 	May				 	None	Brief	Occasiona
		1 	June		 		 	None	Brief	Rare
		 	July		 		 	None	Brief	Rare
		 	August		 		 	None	Brief	Rare
		 	September		 		 	None	Brief	Rare
		 	October		 		 	None	Brief	Rare
	i .	I	CCCODET					140116	DITEL	Kare

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

				Water	table		Ponding	·	Floo	ding
Map symbol	Hydro-	Surface	Month	Upper	Lower	Surface	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
and soil name	logic	runoff		limit	limit	water				
	group					depth				
				Ft	Ft	Ft				
86004:	!!!							!!!		
Forestdale	D	High		!!!						
			November					None	Brief	Occasional
	!!!		December	0.0-1.5				None	Brief	Occasional
			January	0.0-1.5				None	Brief	Occasional
			February	0.0-1.5				None	Brief	Occasional
			March	0.0-1.5				None	Brief	Occasional
			April	0.0-1.5	>6.0			None	Brief	Occasional
			May					None	Brief	Occasional
			June					None	Brief	Rare
			July					None	Brief	Rare
			August					None	Brief	Rare
	į į		September	j j				None	Brief	Rare
	į į		October	j j		i i		None	Brief	Rare
90000:										
	! _ !		1					! !		
Memphis	B	Medium						!!!		
			Jan-Dec					None		None
90001:										1
Memphis	B	Medium	i	i i				i		i i
Memphis	-	Medium	Jan-Dec					None		None
			oan-bec					None		None
99001.			i							I I
Water										
Mater			-							1
99003.			-							1
Miscellaneous water			ļ							I I
Miscellaneous water										l I
99007.										1
Dam .			-							1
Dam										1
99015:	i i		i	i i				i i		i
Udorthents.			i	i i		i i		i i		i
Water.			-							
nacer.			1			1				1

Table 21.--Soil Features

(See text for definitions of terms used in this table. Absence of an entry indicates that the feature is not a concern or that data were not estimated.)

Map symbol		Restric	tive layer		 Potential	Risk of corrosion		
and soil name		Depth			for	Uncoated		
	Kind	to top	Thickness	Hardness	frost action	steel	Concrete	
		In	In					
60033: Wrengart	 Dense material	20-40	5-35	Noncemented	Moderate	 Moderate	Moderate	
	!		!			ļ		
60046: Minnith	 			 	 Moderate	 Moderate	 Moderate	
60053: Winfield	 			 	 High	 High 	 Moderate	
60054:								
Minnith					Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	
60055:	 			 	I I	 		
Winfield					High	Moderate	Moderate	
66000:	 		1	 		 		
Moniteau					High	 High	High	
CC054								
66054: Wakeland				 	 High	 High	Low	
	İ	İ	İ	İ	i	İ	İ	
66055:	 				 			
Haymond				 	High 	Low 	Low	
73055:	İ	İ	İ	İ	j	İ	İ	
Alred		14-40		Noncemented	Moderate	Moderate	High	
	contrasting textural			 		 		
	stratification			 				
Rueter	 			 	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	
73100:				 				
Wrengart	Dense material	20-40	5-35	Noncemented	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	
73101:	 		1	 		 		
Wrengart	Dense material	20-40	5-35	Noncemented	Moderate	Moderate	High	
73139: Poynor	Strongly	14-40		 Noncemented	Moderate	 High	 High	
10/1101	contrasting							
	textural							
	stratification			 		 		
Clarksville					Moderate	 Moderate	High	
Saholton	Fraginan	14 20	6 25	Nongomonted	Modomata	 Wich	 High	
Scholten	Fragipan 	14-30	6-35	Noncemented	Moderate	High 	High 	
73140:	į	İ	İ		į		į	
Clarksville					Moderate	Moderate	High	
Scholten	 Fragipan	16-36	6-35	Noncemented	Moderate	 High	 High	
73141:	 		1	 	I	 		
Firebaugh					 High	 High	 High	
	!				į			
73145: Crider	 			 	 High	 Moderate	Moderate	
OLIGET					1 111311	LANGELACE	1 TOUCE ALE	

Table 21.--Soil Features--Continued

	 I	Restric	tive layer			Risk of	corrosion
Map symbol and soil name	Í	Depth	<u> </u>		Potential for	Uncoated	 I
and SOII name	Kind	to top	Thickness	Hardness	frost action		Concrete
	İ	In	In	İ	İ	İ	İ
73146:	!	!	!	!	ļ.		!
Marquand				 	High	High	High
73150:	 		 	 		 	
Caneyville	Bedrock (lithic)	20-40	i	Indurated	Moderate	High	Moderate
Bucklick	 	40-60	 	 Indurated	Moderate		Moderate
Bucklick		40-60		Induraced	Moderate	High 	Moderace
73151:	j	İ	İ	j	i	İ	j
Caneyville	Bedrock (lithic)	20-40		Indurated	Moderate	High	Moderate
Gasconade	 Bedrock (lithic)	4-20	 	 Indurated	 Moderate	 High	Low
			İ		İ		
Bucklick	Bedrock (lithic)	40-60		Indurated	Moderate	High	Moderate
73156:	 		 	 	 	 	
Alred	Strongly	14-40		Noncemented	Moderate	 High	Moderate
	contrasting	!	!	!	ļ.	!	!
	textural stratification			 		 	
	Scracificación		 	 		 	
Gepp	i	j	i	i	Moderate	High	Moderate
73157:							
/315/: Captina	 Fragipan	20-36	 6-32	 Noncemented	 High	 High	 High
					İ		
73223:							
Coulstone	 		 	 	Moderate	Low	Moderate
Bender	Bedrock (lithic)	20-39	41-61	Indurated	Moderate	Low	 High
					!		
73264: Alred	Strongly	 14-40	 	 Noncemented	Moderate	 Moderate	 High
AIIed	contrasting	11-10				 	
	textural	İ			İ		ĺ
	stratification			 		 	
Wrengart			 		 High	 Moderate	Moderate
-	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
73265: Captina	Evacinan	20-36	 6-32	Noncemented	 Ud ab	 Triceb	 Ui ab
Сарстпа	rragipan	20-36	6-32	Noncemented	High 	High 	High
Scholten	Fragipan	20-35	6-35	Noncemented	Moderate	High	High
72266							
73266: Hildebrecht	 Fragipan	24-36	10-30	 Noncemented	 High	 High	 High
	İ	į	İ	İ	į	İ	İ
73267:	 		10.05		 		
Yelton	Fragipan 	16-28	10-25	Noncemented	High 	High 	High
Scholten	Fragipan	20-35	6-35	Noncemented	High	High	High
T0060			[ļ		
73269: Brussels	 		 	 	 Moderate	 Moderate	Low
	į	İ	İ	İ			
Gasconade	Bedrock (lithic)	4-20		Indurated	Moderate	Moderate	Low
Rock outcrop	 Bedrock (lithic)	0-4	 	 Indurated	None	 	
			İ				
73270:			ļ				
Wrengart	 			 	High 	High 	Moderate
73343:							
Captina	Fragipan	15-30	6-26	Noncemented	High	Moderate	High
			I		I	l	

Table 21.--Soil Features--Continued

Map symbol	Restrictive layer		 Potential	Risk of corrosion			
and soil name		Depth	l	l	for	Uncoated	
	Kind	to top	Thickness	Hardness	frost action	steel	Concrete
	<u>' </u>	In	In	<u>' </u>	i	<u> </u>	<u>' </u>
73344:		İ			İ	İ	
Captina	Fragipan	21-35	6-31	Noncemented	High	Moderate	High
		ĺ	ĺ		ĺ		
73345:							
Hildebrecht	Fragipan	24-36	6-24	Noncemented	Moderate	Moderate	High
73346:				_			
Hildebrecht	Fragipan	24-36	6-24	Noncemented	Moderate	Moderate	High
74644:		0.00	 				 16 - 4
Deible	-	8-22		Noncemented	High	High	Moderate
	change	l I	I I	 	l I	l I	l İ
74646:	 	 		 	l I	 	
Cornwall	 	l I	 	 	 High	 High	 Moderate
COLLINGIA	! [! 	İ	 			
74648:		! 	ì	! 	i I	! 	!
Aslinger			i		 High	 High	 High
		i İ	i	 	5	5	
74649:		İ			İ		
Aslinger	i		i		High	High	High
	İ	j	İ	İ	İ		
Waben					Moderate	Low	Moderate
74679:							
Higdon					High	Low	Moderate
					!		
74680:							
Moniteau					High	High	High
T4605							
74685:	 	 	l I	 			
Auxvasse					High	High	High
75379:	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Kaintuck	 	 			Moderate	Low	 Moderate
1.0.1.0.1.		! 		 			
75381:		İ	İ		İ	! 	
Bearthicket		i			High	Low	Low
	j	j	İ	İ	İ	İ	
75395:		ĺ			ĺ	ĺ	
Jamesfin					High	Low	Moderate
75408:							
Secesh					Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
75409:					 -	 -	
Relfe					Low	Low	Moderate
75411:] 	 	 	
/5411: Tilk	 	 	 	 	 Moderate	 Moderate	 High
111x		 	 		Moderate	Moderate	nign
75416:	 	l I	l I	 	l I	 	
Gladden			i		Moderate	Low	Moderate
		! 		 			
75417:	İ	İ	İ		İ	İ	
Relfe					Low	Low	Moderate
	İ	İ			İ		
Sandbur		i	i		Moderate	Low	Low
75426:							
Gabriel					High	High	Moderate
	[
75428:	!	!	[ļ		
Tilk					Moderate	Moderate	High
			I		l	l	

434 Soil Survey

Table 21.--Soil Features--Continued

		Restric	tive laver		 I	Rigk of	corrosion
Map symbol	Restrictive layer		Potential	Risk of corrosion			
and soil name		Depth			for	Uncoated	
	Kind	to top	Thickness	Hardness	frost action	steel	Concrete
		In	In				
75428:							
Cornwall	 	 	 	 	High	High 	Moderate
Poynor	Strongly	15-40		Noncemented	Moderate	High	High
-	contrasting	i	İ	İ	İ	i	i
	textural	ĺ	ĺ			ĺ	İ
	stratification						
75429:							
Tilk					Low	Low	High
		!					
Secesh					Moderate	Moderate	High
75430:					-	1-	1-
Wideman					Low	Low	Low
75451:	l I	l I		l I		l I	l I
/5451: Gladden	 	 	 	 	Moderate	 High	 High
Gradden			 	 	Moderate	HIGH	High
75467:	 	 	 	 			1
Wilbur	 	 	 	 	 High	Moderate	Moderate
WIIDUI		 	 	 			
75468:		i	i	 	i	i	i
Elsah	i		i		Moderate	Low	Moderate
	İ	İ	i		İ	i	i
77000:	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Killarney	Fragipan	26-34	12-48	Noncemented	Moderate	Moderate	High
Frenchmill					Moderate	Moderate	High
77002:							
Delassus	Fragipan	20-36	20-48	Noncemented	Moderate	High	High
	Bedrock (lithic)	60-80		Indurated			
77005:			 	 			
Hassler	 Podroak (lithia)	 40-60	 	 Indurated	Moderate	 High	 High
nassiei	Bedrock (IIthic)	40-00		Indulaced	Moderace	High	High
Syenite	 Redrock (lithic)	20-40	 	Indurated	Moderate	 High	 High
byanica		20 10	 				
77008:		i			İ	i	i
Hassler	Bedrock (lithic)	40-60	i	Indurated	Moderate	High	High
		i	İ			i	i
80000:	İ	į	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Calhoun					None	High	Moderate
		ĺ				ĺ	İ
80001:							
Oaklimeter					None	High	High
82000:							
Dubbs					None	Moderate	Moderate
82001:							
Amagon					None	High	High
82002:	 	I I] 	I I	I I	I I
Forestdale	 	 	l I	 	None	 III orb	Modernto
TOTES CONTE		 !	 	, 	None	High	Moderate
82005:	 	i I	! 	1 			
Malden					None	Low	Moderate
		i	İ				
82006:		İ	<u> </u>		İ	i	i
Bosket		i			None	Low	Moderate
	į	į	İ	İ	İ	i	į
	•		•	•			•

Table 21.--Soil Features--Continued

Map symbol	Restrictive layer				 Potential	Risk of corrosion	
and soil name	Kind	Depth	 Thickness	Hardness	for frost action	Uncoated	Concrete
	Kind	to top	<u> </u>	naroness	Irost action	steel	Concrete
		In	In				
82007:							
Bosket					None	Low	Moderate
82009:					l I	 	
Forestdale					None	 High	Moderate
rorestdare					None	mign	Moderate
82010:					l I	 	
Amagon			i i		None	 High	High
		i	i i				
82011:		i	i i		i	İ	
Crowley		i	i i		None	High	Moderate
-		i	i i		i	İ	i
86000:		j	į į		İ	İ	İ
Dubbs					None	Moderate	Moderate
86001:							
Calhoun					None	High	Moderate
86002:							
Falaya					None	High	Moderate
			!			!	
86003:		ļ	!!!				
Amagon					None	High	High
86004:							
Forestdale					None	 III orb	Moderate
rorestdare					None	High	Moderate
90000:						l I	
Memphis			i i		None	Moderate	Moderate
		i	i i				
90001:		i	i i			İ	
Memphis		i	i i		None	Moderate	Moderate
		j	į į		į	İ	j
99001.							
Water							
99003.							
Miscellaneous water			ļ ļ			!	1
99007.						 	
Dam						 	
99015:					l I	l I	
Udorthents.					I I	I I	1
odor cheffes.						I I	I I
Water.						I I	1

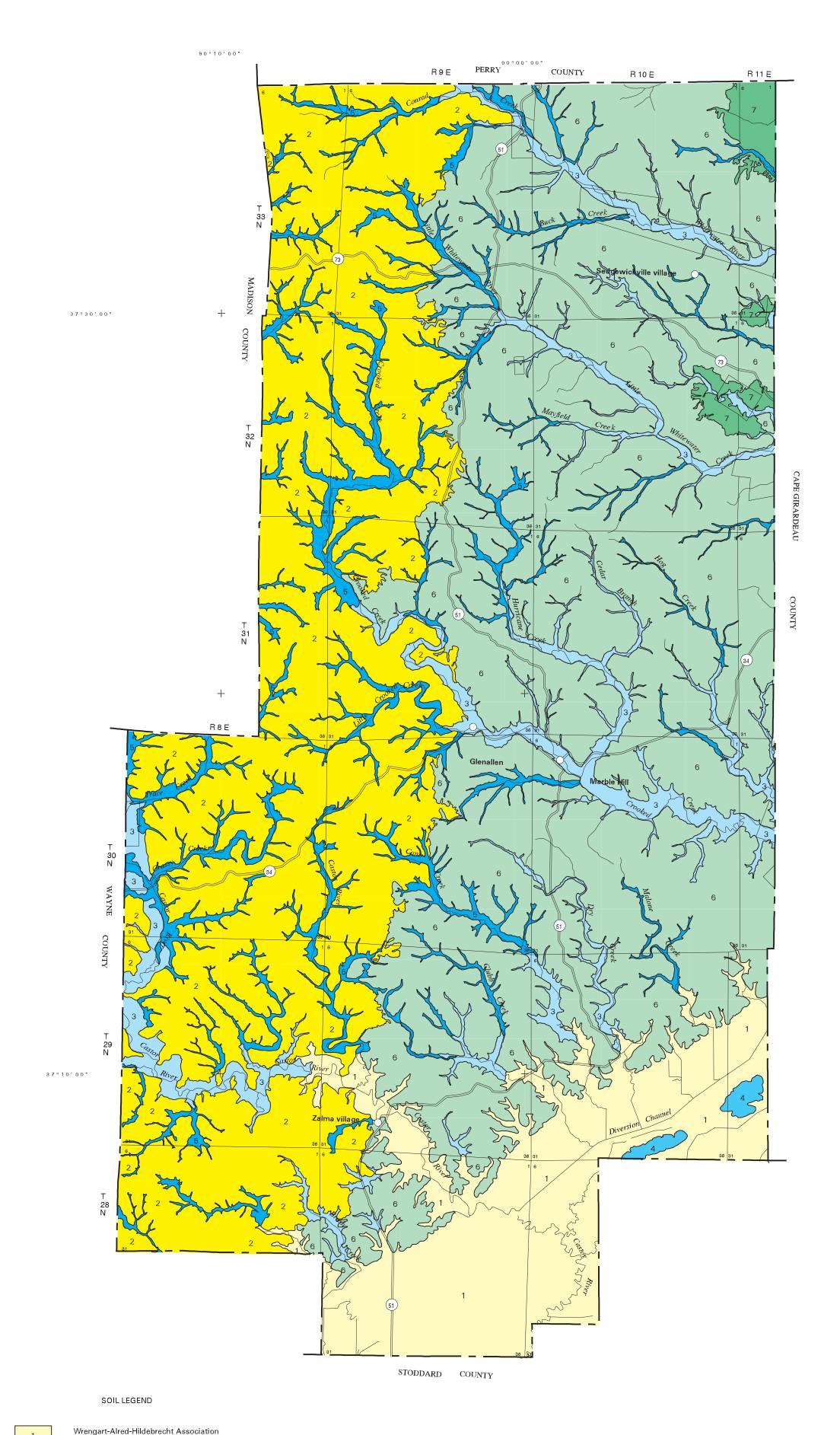
Table 22.--Classification of the Soils

(An asterisk in the first column indicates a taxadjunct to the series. See text for a description of those characteristics that are outside the range of the series.)

Soil name	Family or higher taxonomic class
Alred	 - Loamy-skeletal over clayey, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudalf
	Fine-silty, mixed, active, thermic Typic Endoaqualfs
-	Fine-loamy, mixed, active, mesic Fragiaquic Paleudults
	Fine, mixed, active, mesic Aeric Albaqualfs
	Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Ultic Hapludalfs
	Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Hapludults
	Fine-loamy, mixed, active, thermic Mollic Hapludalfs
	Clayey-skeletal, mixed, superactive, mesic Pachic Argiudolls
Bucklick	Fine, mixed, active, mesic Typic Hapludalfs
Calhoun	Fine-silty, mixed, active, thermic Typic Glossaqualfs
Caneyville	Fine, mixed, active, mesic Typic Hapludalfs
Captina	Fine-silty, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Fragiudults
larksville	Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults
ornwall	Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Fragiaquic Paleudults
Coulstone	Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults
	Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Typic Paleudalfs
	Fine, smectitic, thermic Typic Albaqualfs
eible	Fine, mixed, active, mesic Typic Albaqualfs
Delassus	Fine-loamy, mixed, active, mesic Typic Fragiudults
Oubbs	Fine-silty, mixed, active, thermic Typic Hapludalfs
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, superactive, nonacid, mesic Typic Udifluvents
alaya	Coarse-silty, mixed, acid, thermic Aeric Fluvaquents
_	Fine-loamy, mixed, active, mesic Fragiaquic Paleudults
-	Fine, smectitic, thermic Typic Endoaqualfs
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, active, mesic Typic Paleudults
	Fine-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Typic Argiaquolls
	Clayey-skeletal, mixed, superactive, mesic Lithic Hapludolls
	Very fine, mixed, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudalfs
	Coarse-loamy, siliceous, superactive, mesic Dystric Fluventic Eutrudepts
	Fine-loamy, mixed, active, mesic Oxyaquic Hapludults
	Coarse-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Dystric Fluventic Eutrudepts
=	Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Aquic Hapludalfs
-	Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Oxyaquic Fragiudalfs
	Fine-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Dystric Fluventic Eutrudepts
	Coarse-loamy, siliceous, superactive, nonacid, mesic Typic Udifluvents
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, active, mesic Typic Fragiudults
_	Mixed, thermic Typic Udipsamments
	Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Aquic Hapludults
_	Fine-silty, mixed, active, thermic Typic Hapludalfs
_	Fine-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs
	Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Typic Endoaqualfs
	Coarse-silty, mixed, active, thermic Fluvaquentic Dystrudepts
	Loamy-skeletal over clayey, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudult
-	Sandy-skeletal, siliceous, mesic Mollic Udifluvents
	Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Paleudalfs
	Coarse-loamy, siliceous, superactive, nonacid, mesic Mollic Udifluvents
	Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Fragiudults
	Fine-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Ultic Hapludalfs
	Fine-loamy, mixed, active, mesic Typic Hapludults
-	- Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Ultic Hapludalfs
	Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults
	Coarse-silty, mixed, superactive, nonacid, mesic Aeric Fluvaquents
	Sandy, siliceous, mesic Typic Udifluvents
	Coarse-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Fluvaquentic Eutrudepts
	Fine-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs
	Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic fragic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs

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SECTIONALIZED TOWNSHIP								
6	5	4	3	2	1			
7	8	9	10	11	12			
18	17	16	15	14	13			
19	20	21	22	23	24			
30	29	28	27	26	25			
31	32	33	34	35	36			

1	Wiengart-Alleu-filldebrecht Association
2	Clarksville-Captina-Scholten Association
3	Calhoun-Falaya-Forestdale Association
4	Tilk-Secesh-Cornwall Association
5	Haymond-Wakeland-Moniteau Association
6	Wrengart-Minnith Association

Memphis-Alred-Wrengart Association

Compiled 2004

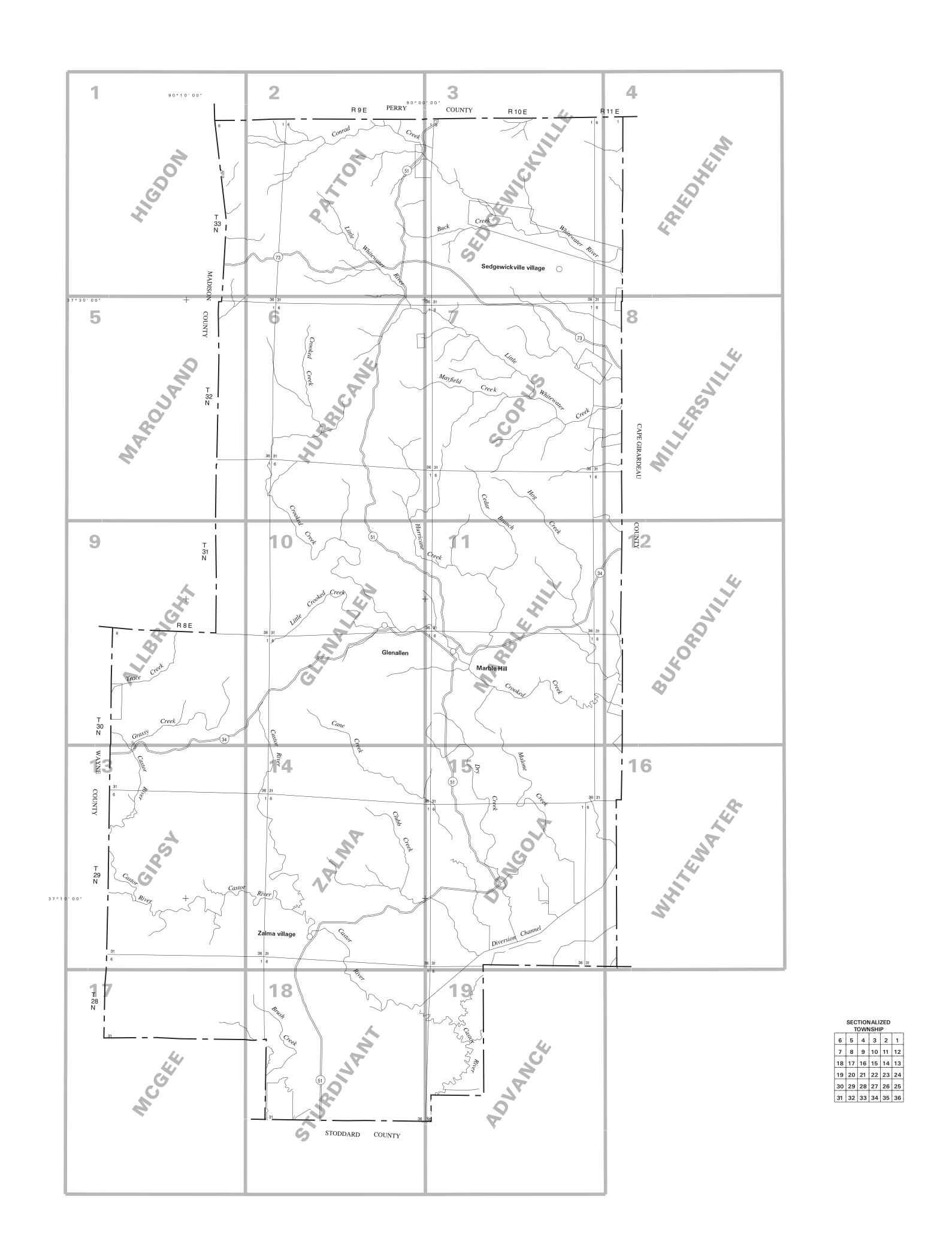
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE
in Cooperation with
MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES,
MISSOURI AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION
UNITED STATES FOREST SERVICE
MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION
BOLLINGER COUNTY SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

GENERAL SOIL MAP
BOLLINGER COUNTY,
MISSOURI

1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
KILOMETERS

SCALE = 1:140000

Each area outlined on this map consists of more than one kind of soil. The map is thus meant for general planning rather than a bas



INDEX TO MAP SHEETS BOLLINGER COUNTY, MISSOURI

State

RAILROAD

LEVEES

DAMS

Without road

Single side slope

Medium or Small

Soil Sample Site

LANDFORM FEATURES

Prominent hill or peak

wing actual feature location)

With road

County, farm or ranch

(normally not shown)

POWER TRANSMISSION LINE

PIPE LINE (normally not shown)

FENCE (normally not shown)

60033 73145

SOIL LEGEND

Map symbols consist of five digit numbers that represent individual map units. The symbols relate to the MLRA where the typical pedon resides and to the landform on which it occurs. These symbols are unique for each map unit phase and are part of the Missouri statewide soil identification legend.

NAME SYMBOL 60033 Wrengart silt loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes, eroded 60046 Minnith silt loam, 15 to 30 percent slopes Winfield silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded 60054 Minnith silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes 60055 Winfield silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes 66000 Moniteau silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded Wakeland silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded 66054 Haymond silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded 73055 Alred-Rueter complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony Wrengart silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes 73101 Wrengart silt loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes Poynor-Clarksville-Scholten complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, stony 73139 73140 Clarksville-Scholten complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes, very stony Firebaugh silt, 3 to 8 percent slopes 73141 73145 Crider silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded 73146 Marguand silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes Caneyville-Bucklick complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, rocky 73151 Canevville-Gasconade-Bucklick complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes, rocky 73156 Alred-Gepp complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, stony Captina silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes Coulstone-Bender complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, very stony 73157 73223 73264 Alred-Wrengart complex, 14 to 35 percent slopes, very stony, rocky 73265 Captina-Scholten complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes 73266 Hildebrecht silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded Yelton-Scholten complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes Brussels-Gasconade-Rock outcrop complex, 30 to 90 percent slopes, very bouldery 73267 73269 Wrengart silt loam, 9 to 14 percent slopes, eroded 73343 Captina silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded 73344 Captina silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded 73345 Hildebrecht silt loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes Hildebrecht silt loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes, eroded 73346 74644 Deible silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes 74646 Cornwall silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes 74648 Aslinger silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes 74649 Aslinger-Waben complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes 74679 Higdon silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded 74680 Moniteau silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded Auxvasse silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes 75379 Kaintuck loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded Bearthicket silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded 75381 75395 Jamesfin silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded 75408 Secesh silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded Relfe sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded Tilk very gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded Gladden loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded 75411 75416 75417 Relfe-Sandbur complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded 75426 Gabriel silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded Tilk, occasionally flooded-Cornwall-Poynor complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes Tilk-Secesh complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded 75428 75429 Wideman fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded 75451 Gladden silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded Wilbur silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded Elsah silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded Killarney-Frenchmill complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes, rubbly 75468 77000 Delassus silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes 77005 Hassler-Svenite complex, 8 to 25 percent slopes, bouldery Hassler silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony Calhoun silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes Oaklimeter silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes 80000 80001 Dubbs silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes Amagon silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, frequently ponded 82000 82001 Forestdale silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, frequently ponded 82005 Malden loamy fine sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes Bosket fine sandy loam, 1 to 5 percent slopes 82007 Bosket loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded Forestdale silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes 82009 82010 Amagon silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes Crowley silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes 82011 86000 Dubbs silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded 86001 Calhoun silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, occasionally flooded Falaya silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, occasionally flooded Amagon silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, occasionally flooded Forestdale silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes, occasionally flooded 86003 86004 90000 Memphis silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded Memphis silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, severely eroded 90001 99001

Miscellaneous water

Udorthents-Water complex

99003

99015

CONVENTIONAL AND SPECIAL SYMBOLS LEGEND

CULTURAL FEATURES BOUNDARIES MISCELLANEOUS CULTURAL FEATURES SOIL DELINEATIONS AND SYMBOLS National, state, or province Farmstead, house (omit in urban areas) County or parish Church Minor civil division School Reservation (national forest or park state forest or park) Other Religion (label) Land grant Ranger Station Located object (label) Limit of soil survey (label) and/or denied access area Tank (label) Field sheet matchline & neatline Previously Published Survey Lookout Tower OTHER BOUNDARY (label) Oil and/or Natural Gas Wells Airport, airfield χ Cemetery Estate I Windmill City/county park Lighthouse STATE COORDINATE TICK 1 890 000 FEET LAND DIVISION CORNER HYDROGRAPHIC FEATURES L _ + _ _ _ _ _ _ _ (section and land grants) GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATE TICK STREAMS TRANSPORTATION Perennial, double line Divided roads Perennial, single line Label only Other roads Intermittent Label only Trail Label only Drainage end ROAD EMBLEM & DESIGNATIONS DRAINAGE AND IRRIGATION 79 Federa

(343)		
- 💥	Double-line canal (label)	CANAL
287 410 2224 52 52 347	Perennial drainage and/or irrigation ditch Intermittent drainage and/ or irrigation ditch	Label only
	SMALL LAKES, PONDS AND RESERVOIR	S
-••-	Perennial water	•
	Miscellaneous water	0
x	Flood pool line	FLOOD POOL / LINE
	MISCELLANEOUS WATER FEATURES	
	Spring	<u>~</u>
	Well, artesian	•

Well, irrigation

3,5

G

SPECIAL SYMBOLS FOR SOIL **SURVEY AND SSURGO**

SOIL DELINEATIONS AND STINDSES	00033 5.0.10
LANDFORM FEATURES	
ESCARPMENTS	
Bedrock	TATAYATAYATAYAYAYAYAYAYAYAY
Other than bedrock	WWW.
SHORT STEEP SLOPE	
GULLY	~~~~
DEPRESSION, closed	•
SINKHOLE	♦
EXCAVATIONS	
PITS	
	\bowtie
Borrow pits Gravel pit	×
Mine or quarry	*
	Δ
LANDFILL	₩
MISCELLANEOUS SURFACE FEATURES	
Blowout	v
Clay spot	*
Gravelly spot	••
Lava flow	^_
Marsh or swamp	314
Rock outcrop (includes sandstone and sha	
Saline spot	+
Sandy spot	::
Severely eroded spot	= }) ø
Slide or slip	3)
Sodic spot	
Spoil area	Ξ
Stony spot	0
Very stony spot	00
Wet spot	Ψ

BOLLINGER COUNTY, MISSOURI HIGDON QUADRANGLE SHEET NUMBER 1 OF 19 UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE 90° 07′30″ 90°15′00″ 90°10′00″ 90°12′30″ R. 7 E. R. 8 E. 37° 37′ 30″ 37° 35′00″ 37° 35′00″ 37° 32′30″ R. 7 E. R. 8 E. 90°12′30″ 90°10′00″ 90°15′00″ This soil survey was compiled by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Base maps are orthophotographs prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1996 aerial photography. Public land survey system (PLSS) and culture information were acquired from U.S. Geological Survey. SCALE 1:24000 HIGDON, MISSOURI 2 3 1 KNOB LICK 2 WOMACK 3 PARKER LAKE 4 FREDERICKTOWN 1 0 7.5 MINUTE SERIES MILES SHEET NUMBER 1 OF 19 North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Soil map delineations extending beyond the dashed white quadrangle neatline are for reference only and are included on adjacent map sheets. Digital data are available for this quadrangle. 5 PATTON 7 8 6 CHEROKEE PASS 7 MARQUAND 8 HURRICANE QUADRANGLE LOCATION 1 0 INDEX TO ADJOINING 7.5 MAPS KILOMETERS

BOLLINGER COUNTY, MISSOURI UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PATTON QUADRANGLE SHEET NUMBER 2 OF 19 NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE 90°00′00″ 90° 07′30″ 90° 02′30″ 90° 05′00″ R. 8 E. R. 9 E. 37° 37′ 30″ 37° 37′ 30″ PERRY COUNTY 37° 35′00″ 37° 35′00″ 37° 32′30″ 90° 02′30″ 90° 00′ 00″ 90° 05′00″ This soil survey was compiled by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Base maps are orthophotographs prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1996 aerial photography. Public land survey system (PLSS) and culture information were acquired from U.S. Geological Survey. SCALE 1:24000 PATTON, MISSOURI 2 3 1 WOMACK
2 PARKER LAKE
3 PERRYVILLE WEST
4 HIGDON
5 SEDEWICKVILLE 1 0 7.5 MINUTE SERIES MILES SHEET NUMBER 2 OF 19 North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Soil map delineations extending beyond the dashed white quadrangle neatline are for reference only and are included on adjacent map sheets. Digital data are available for this quadrangle. 7 8 8 SCOPUS QUADRANGLE LOCATION INDEX TO ADJOINING 7.5 MAPS KILOMETERS

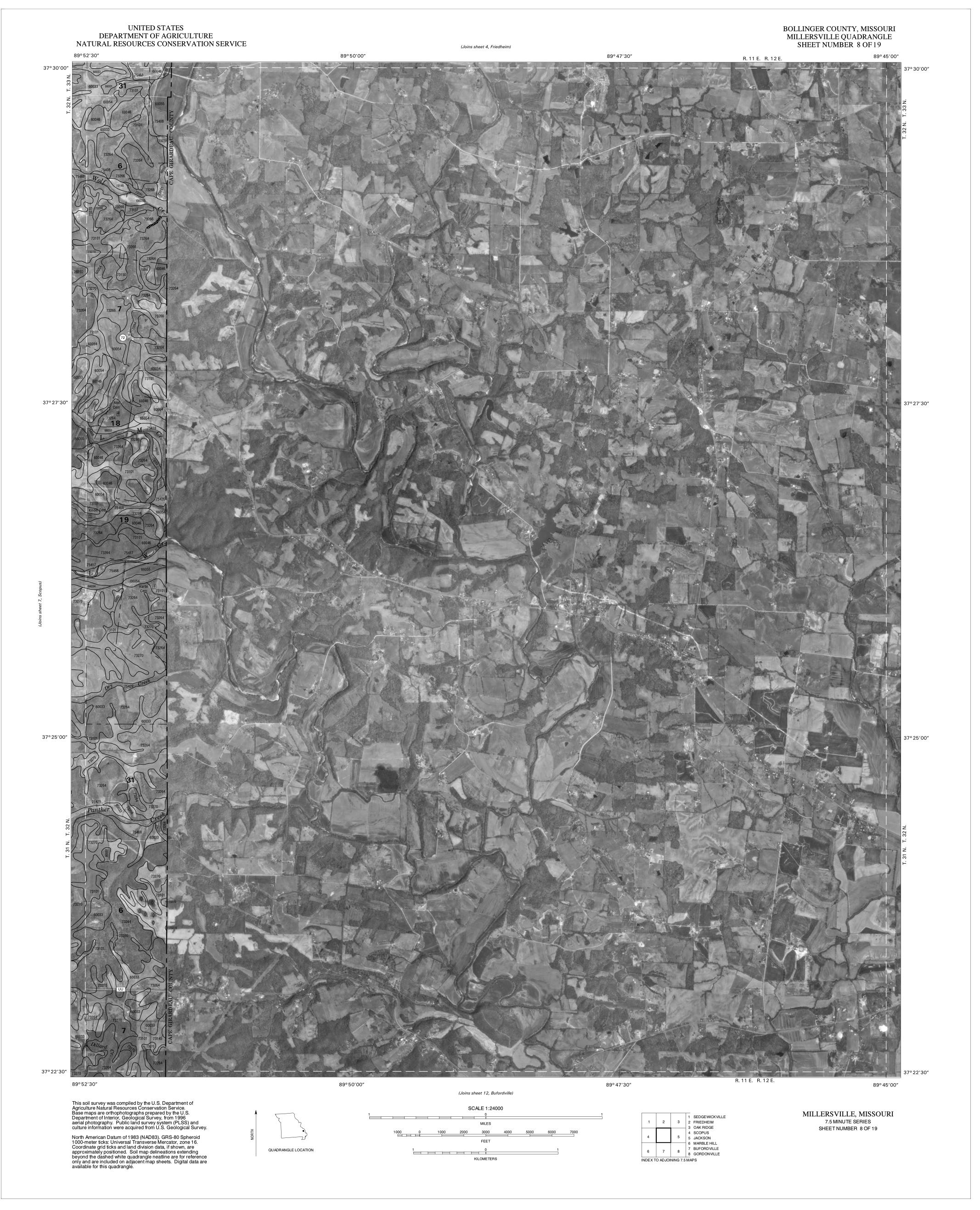
BOLLINGER COUNTY, MISSOURI SEDGEWICKVILLE QUADRANGLE SHEET NUMBER 3 OF 19 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE 90° 00′00″ 89°57′30″ 89°55′00″ 89°52′30″ R. 9 E. R. 10 E. 37° 37′30″ PERRY COUNTY 37° 35′00″ 37° 35′00″ 89°57′30″ (Joins sheet 7, Scopus) This soil survey was compiled by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Base maps are orthophotographs prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1996 aerial photography. Public land survey system (PLSS) and culture information were acquired from U.S. Geological Survey. SCALE 1:24000 SEDGEWICKVILLE, MISSOURI 1 PARKER LAKE
2 PERRYVILLE WEST
3 PERRYVILLE EAST 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 3 OF 19 4 PATTON North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 16. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Soil map delineations extending beyond the dashed white quadrangle neatline are for reference only and are included on adjacent map sheets. Digital data are available for this quadrangle. 5 FRIEDHEIM FEET 6 HURRICANE 7 SCOPUS 7 8 7 SCUPUS 8 MILLERSVILLE QUADRANGLE LOCATION 1 0 KILOMETERS INDEX TO ADJOINING 7.5 MAPS

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE BOLLINGER COUNTY, MISSOURI FRIEDHEIM QUADRANGLE SHEET NUMBER 4 OF 19 89°50′00″ 89° 47′30″ 89° 45′00″ R. 11 E. R. 12 E. 37° 37′ 30″ 37° 35′00″ 37° 35′00″ 37° 32′30″ 37° 32′30″ 89°52′30″ 89° 47′30″ This soil survey was compiled by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Base maps are orthophotographs prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1996 aerial photography. Public land survey system (PLSS) and culture information were acquired from U.S. Geological Survey. SCALE 1:24000 FRIEDHEIM, MISSOURI 1 PERRYVILLE WEST
2 PERRYVILLE EAST
3 CROSSTOWN 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 4 OF 19 4 SEDGEWICKVILLE North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 16. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Soil map delineations extending beyond the dashed white quadrangle neatline are for reference only and are included on adjacent map sheets. Digital data are available for this quadrangle. 5 OAK RIDGE FEET 7 8 6 SCOPUS 7 MILLERSVILLE 8 JACKSON QUADRANGLE LOCATION KILOMETERS INDEX TO ADJOINING 7.5 MAPS

BOLLINGER COUNTY, MISSOURI MARQUAND QUADRANGLE SHEET NUMBER 5 OF 19 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE (Joins sheet 1, Higdon) R. 7 E. R. 8 E. 90°12′30″ 90° 07′30″ 90°15′00″ 90°10′00″ 37° 30′00″ 37° 27′ 30″ 37° 27′30″ 37° 25′00″ 90°12′30″ 90°10′00″ 90° 07′30″ (Joins sheet 9, Allbright) This soil survey was compiled by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Base maps are orthophotographs prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1996 aerial photography. Public land survey system (PLSS) and culture information were acquired from U.S. Geological Survey. SCALE 1:24000 MARQUAND, MISSOURI 2 3 1 FREDERICKTOWN 2 HIGDON 3 PATTON 1 0 7.5 MINUTE SERIES MILES SHEET NUMBER 5 OF 19 4 CHEROKEE PASS 5 HURRICANE North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Soil map delineations extending beyond the dashed white quadrangle neatline are for reference only and are included on adjacent map sheets. Digital data are available for this quadrangle. 7 8 8 GLENALLEN QUADRANGLE LOCATION 1 0 INDEX TO ADJOINING 7.5 MAPS KILOMETERS

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BOLLINGER COUNTY, MISSOURI SCOPUS QUADRANGLE SHEET NUMBER 7 OF 19 **UNITED STATES** DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE (Joins sheet 3, Sedgewickville) 90° 00′ 00″ R. 9 E. R. 10 E. R. 10 E. R. 11 89° 52′30″ 89°57′30″ 89°55′00″ 37° 30′ 00″ 37° 27′ 30″ 37° 27′ 30″ 37° 25′00″ 89°57′30″ This soil survey was compiled by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Base maps are orthophotographs prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1996 aerial photography. Public land survey system (PLSS) and culture information were acquired from U.S. Geological Survey. SCALE 1:24000 SCOPUS, MISSOURI 1 PATTON 3 2 SEDGEWICKVILLE 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 7 OF 19 3 FRIEDHEIM 4 HURRICANE North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 16. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Soil map delineations extending beyond the dashed white quadrangle neatline are for reference only and are included on adjacent map sheets. Digital data are available for this quadrangle. 5 | 5 MILLERSVILLE FEET 6 GLENALLEN 8 7 MARBLE HILL 8 BUFORDVILLE QUADRANGLE LOCATION 1 0 KILOMETERS INDEX TO ADJOINING 7.5 MAPS



ALLBRIGHT QUADRANGLE SHEET NUMBER 9 OF 19 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE (Joins sheet 5, Marquand) 90°10′00″ 90° 07′30″ 90°15′00″ 90°12′30″ R. 7 E. R. 8 E. 37° 22′30″ 37° 20′ 00″ 37° 20′ 00″ 90°12′30″ 73139 90°10′00″ 90° 07′ 30″ This soil survey was compiled by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Base maps are orthophotographs prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1996 aerial photography. Public land survey system (PLSS) and culture information were acquired from U.S. Geological Survey. SCALE 1:24000 ALLBRIGHT, MISSOURI 1 CHEROKEE PASS
2 MARQUAND
3 HURRICANE
4 CASCADE
5 GLENALLEN 1 0 7.5 MINUTE SERIES MILES SHEET NUMBER 9 OF 19 North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Soil map delineations extending beyond the dashed white quadrangle neatline are for reference only and are included on adjacent map sheets. Digital data are available for this quadrangle. 7 8 8 ZALMA QUADRANGLE LOCATION INDEX TO ADJOINING 7.5 MAPS KILOMETERS

UNITED STATES

BOLLINGER COUNTY, MISSOURI

BOLLINGER COUNTY, MISSOURI GLENALLEN QUADRANGLE SHEET NUMBER 10 OF 19 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE (Joins sheet 6, Hurricane) 90° 02′30″ 90° 00′ 00″ 90° 07′ 30″ 90° 05′00″ R. 8 E. R. 9 E. 37° 22′30″ 37° 20′ 00″ 37° 20′ 00″ 90° 02′30″ 90°00′00″ This soil survey was compiled by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Base maps are orthophotographs prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1996 aerial photography. Public land survey system (PLSS) and culture information were acquired from U.S. Geological Survey. SCALE 1:24000 GLENALLEN, MISSOURI 1 MARQUAND
2 HURRICANE
3 SCOPUS
4 ALLBRIGHT
5 MARBLE HILL 1 0 7.5 MINUTE SERIES MILES SHEET NUMBER 10 OF 19 North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 16. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Soil map delineations extending beyond the dashed white quadrangle neatline are for reference only and are included on adjacent map sheets. Digital data are available for this quadrangle. 7 8 6 GIPSY 7 ZALMA 8 DONGOLA QUADRANGLE LOCATION 1 0 INDEX TO ADJOINING 7.5 MAPS KILOMETERS

BOLLINGER COUNTY, MISSOURI MARBLE HILL QUADRANGLE SHEET NUMBER 11 OF 19 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE (Joins sheet 7, Scopus) R. 10 E. R. 11 E. 89° 52′30″ 89°57′30″ 89°55′00″ R. 9 E. R. 10 E. 37° 22′30″ 37° 22′30″ 29 37° 20′ 00″ 37° 20′00″ 37°17′30″ R. 10 E. R. 11 E. 89°57′30″ 89°52′30″ 89°55′00″ (Joins sheet 15, Dongola) This soil survey was compiled by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Base maps are orthophotographs prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1996 aerial photography. Public land survey system (PLSS) and culture information were acquired from U.S. Geological Survey. SCALE 1:24000 MARBLE HILL, MISSOURI 1 HURRICANE 7.5 MINUTE SERIES 2 SCOPUS 3 MILLERSVILLE SHEET NUMBER 11 OF 19 4 GLENALLEN North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 16. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Soil map delineations extending beyond the dashed white quadrangle neatline are for reference only and are included on adjacent map sheets. Digital data are available for this quadrangle. 5 BUFORDVILLE FEET 6 ZALMA 7 DONGOLA 8 WHITEWATER QUADRANGLE LOCATION KILOMETERS INDEX TO ADJOINING 7.5 MAPS

UNITED STATES

BOLLINGER COUNTY, MISSOURI BUFORDVILLE QUADRANGLE SHEET NUMBER 12 OF 19 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE (Joins sheet 8, Millersville) 89°52′30″ 89°50′00″ 89° 47′30″ 89° 45′00″ R. 11 E. R. 12 E. 37° 22′30″ 37° 22′30″ 37° 20′00″ 37° 20′ 00″ 89°50′00″ This soil survey was compiled by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Base maps are orthophotographs prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1996 aerial photography. Public land survey system (PLSS) and culture information were acquired from U.S. Geological Survey. SCALE 1:24000 BUFORDVILLE, MISSOURI 1 SCOPUS
2 MILLERSVILLE
3 JACKSON
4 MARBLE HILL 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 12 OF 19 North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 16. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Soil map delineations extending beyond the dashed white quadrangle neatline are for reference only and are included on adjacent map sheets. Digital data are available for this quadrangle. 5 GORDONVILLE FEET 6 DONGOLA
7 WHITEWATER
8 CHAFFEE QUADRANGLE LOCATION 1 0 KILOMETERS INDEX TO ADJOINING 7.5 MAPS

UNITED STATES

BOLLINGER COUNTY, MISSOURI UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE GIPSY QUADRANGLE SHEET NUMBER 13 OF 19 NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE (Joins sheet 9, Allbright) 90°10′00″ 90° 07′30″ 90°15′00″ 90°12′30″ R. 7 E. R. 8 E. 37°15′00″ 37°12′30″ 37°12′30″ 37°10′00″ 37°10′00″ 90°10′00″ 90°12′30″ (Joins sheet 17, McGee) This soil survey was compiled by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Base maps are orthophotographs prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1996 aerial photography. Public land survey system (PLSS) and culture information were acquired from U.S. Geological Survey. SCALE 1:24000 GIPSY, MISSOURI 1 CASCADE
2 ALLBRIGHT
3 GLENALLEN
4 LOWNDES
5 ZALMA 1 0 7.5 MINUTE SERIES MILES SHEET NUMBER 13 OF 19 North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Soil map delineations extending beyond the dashed white quadrangle neatline are for reference only and are included on adjacent map sheets. Digital data are available for this quadrangle. 7 8 6 SHOOK 7 MCGEE 8 STURDIVANT QUADRANGLE LOCATION 1 0 INDEX TO ADJOINING 7.5 MAPS KILOMETERS

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UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE ZALMA QUADRANGLE SHEET NUMBER 14 OF 19 (Joins sheet 10, Glenallen) 90° 02′30″ 90°00′00″ 90° 07′ 30″ 90° 05′00″ R. 8 E. R. 9 E. 37°15′00″ 37°12′30″ 37°12′30″ 90° 02′30″ 90°00′00″ 90° 05′00″ This soil survey was compiled by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Base maps are orthophotographs prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1996 aerial photography. Public land survey system (PLSS) and culture information were acquired from U.S. Geological Survey. SCALE 1:24000 ZALMA, MISSOURI 1 ALLBRIGHT 3 2 GLENALLEN 1 0 7.5 MINUTE SERIES 3 MARBLE HILL 4 GIPSY 5 DONGOLA SHEET NUMBER 14 OF 19 North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Soil map delineations extending beyond the dashed white quadrangle neatline are for reference only and are included on adjacent map sheets. Digital data are available for this quadrangle. 7 8 6 MCGEE 7 STURDIVANT 8 ADVANCE QUADRANGLE LOCATION INDEX TO ADJOINING 7.5 MAPS KILOMETERS

BOLLINGER COUNTY, MISSOURI

BOLLINGER COUNTY, MISSOURI DONGOLA QUADRANGLE SHEET NUMBER 15 OF 19 **UNITED STATES** DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE (Joins sheet 11, Marble Hill) 90° 00′00″ R. 9 E<u>R. 10 E</u>. 89°57′30″ R. 10 E. R. 11 E. 89° 52′30″ 89°55′00″ 37°15′00″ 37°15′00″ 37°12′30″ 37°12′30″ 37°10′00″ 90° 00′ 00″ 9 E. R. 10 E. R. 10 E. R. 11 E. 89°57′30″ 89°55′00″ This soil survey was compiled by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Base maps are orthophotographs prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1996 aerial photography. Public land survey system (PLSS) and culture information were acquired from U.S. Geological Survey. SCALE 1:24000 DONGOLA, MISSOURI 1 GLENALLEN 7.5 MINUTE SERIES 2 MARBLE HILL 3 BUFORDVILLE SHEET NUMBER 15 OF 19 4 ZALMA North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 16. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Soil map delineations extending beyond the dashed white quadrangle neatline are for reference only and are included on adjacent map sheets. Digital data are available for this quadrangle. 5 WHITEWATER FEET 6 STURDIVANT 8 7 ADVANCE 8 BELL CITY QUADRANGLE LOCATION KILOMETERS INDEX TO ADJOINING 7.5 MAPS

BOLLINGER COUNTY, MISSOURI WHITEWATER QUADRANGLE SHEET NUMBER 16 OF 19 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE (Joins sheet 12, Bufordville) 89°52′30″ 89°50′00″ 89° 47′30″ 89° 45′00″ R. 11 E. R. 12 E. 37°15′00″ 37°12′30″ 37°12′30″ 37°10′00″ 37°10′00″ R. 11 E. R. 12 E. 89°50′00″ 89° 47′30″ 89° 45′00″ This soil survey was compiled by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Base maps are orthophotographs prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1996 aerial photography. Public land survey system (PLSS) and culture information were acquired from U.S. Geological Survey. SCALE 1:24000 WHITEWATER, MISSOURI 1 MARBLE HILL
2 BUFORDVILLE
3 GORDONVILLE
4 DONGOLA 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 16 OF 19 North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 16. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Soil map delineations extending beyond the dashed white quadrangle neatline are for reference only and are included on adjacent map sheets. Digital data are available for this quadrangle. 5 CHAFFEE FEET 6 ADVANCE 7 BELL CITY 8 ORAN QUADRANGLE LOCATION KILOMETERS INDEX TO ADJOINING 7.5 MAPS

UNITED STATES

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE MCGEE QUADRANGLE SHEET NUMBER 17 OF 19 NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE (Joins sheet 13, Gipsy) 90°12′30″ 90°10′00″ 90° 07′30″ 90°15′00″ R. 7 E. R. 8 E. 37° 07′30″ 37° 05′00″ 37° 05′00″ R. 8 E. R. 9 E. 90°10′00″ 90°15′00″ 90°12′30″ This soil survey was compiled by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Base maps are orthophotographs prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1996 aerial photography. Public land survey system (PLSS) and culture information were acquired from U.S. Geological Survey. SCALE 1:24000 MCGEE, MISSOURI 1 LOWNDES 1 0 3 2 GIPSY
3 ZALMA
4 SHOOK
5 STURDIVANT 7.5 MINUTE SERIES MILES SHEET NUMBER 17 OF 19 North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Soil map delineations extending beyond the dashed white quadrangle neatline are for reference only and are included on adjacent map sheets. Digital data are available for this quadrangle. 6 WAPPAPELLO 7 PUXICO 8 ACORN RIDGE QUADRANGLE LOCATION INDEX TO ADJOINING 7.5 MAPS KILOMETERS

BOLLINGER COUNTY, MISSOURI

STURDIVANT QUADRANGLE SHEET NUMBER 18 OF 19 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE (Joins sheet 14, Zalma) 90° 02′30″ 90° 00′ 00″ 90° 07′ 30″ 90° 05′00″ R. 8 E. R. 9 E. 37° 07′30″ 37° 07′30″ 13 37° 05′00″ DUCK CREEK STATE 37° 05′00″ WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT AREA 21 23 24 37° 02′30″ STODDARD COUNTY R. 9 E. R. 10 E. 90° 02′30″ 90° 00′ 00″ 90° 07′30″ 90° 05′00″ This soil survey was compiled by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Base maps are orthophotographs prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1996 aerial photography. Public land survey system (PLSS) and culture information were acquired from U.S. Geological Survey. SCALE 1:24000 STURDIVANT, MISSOURI 1 GIPSY 3 2 ZALMA 7.5 MINUTE SERIES MILES 3 DONGOLA SHEET NUMBER 18 OF 19 4 MCGEE North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Soil map delineations extending beyond the dashed white quadrangle neatline are for reference only and are included on adjacent map sheets. Digital data are available for this quadrangle. 5 5 ADVANCE 6 PUXICO 7 ACORN RIDGE 8 BLOOMFIELD QUADRANGLE LOCATION INDEX TO ADJOINING 7.5 MAPS KILOMETERS

UNITED STATES

BOLLINGER COUNTY, MISSOURI

BOLLINGER COUNTY, MISSOURI ADVANCE QUADRANGLE SHEET NUMBER 19 OF 19 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE (Joins sheet 15, Dongola) 90° 00′ 00″ R. 9 E. R. 10 E. 89°57′30″ 89°55′00″ 89°52′30″ R. 10 E. R. 11 E. 37° 07′30″ 37° 07′30″ 13 37° 05′ 00″ 37° 05′00″ 24 89°57′30″ 89°55′00″ 89°52′30″ This soil survey was compiled by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Base maps are orthophotographs prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1996 aerial photography. Public land survey system (PLSS) and culture information were acquired from U.S. Geological Survey. SCALE 1:24000 ADVANCE, MISSOURI 1 ZALMA 3 2 DONGOLA 7.5 MINUTE SERIES 3 WHITEWATER SHEET NUMBER 19 OF 19 4 STURDIVANT North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 16. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Soil map delineations extending beyond the dashed white quadrangle neatline are for reference only and are included on adjacent map sheets. Digital data are available for this quadrangle. 5 BELL CITY FEET 6 ACORN RIDGE 7 BLOOMFIELD 8 CLINES ISLAND QUADRANGLE LOCATION KILOMETERS INDEX TO ADJOINING 7.5 MAPS

UNITED STATES